

PROBLEM 1a

$$P[3,4](x) = \frac{a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3}{1 + b_1x + b_2x^2 + b_3x^3 + b_4x^4}$$

$$(a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3)(1 + b_1x + b_2x^2 + b_3x^3 + b_4x^4) = e^x$$

$$\begin{aligned} & a_0 + (a_0b_1 + a_1)x + (a_0b_2 + a_1b_1 + a_2)x^2 + (a_0b_3 + a_1b_2 + a_2b_1 + a_3)x^3 \\ & + (a_0b_4 + a_1b_3 + a_2b_2 + a_3b_1)x^4 + (a_1b_4 + a_2b_3 + a_3b_2)x^5 \\ & + (a_2b_4 + a_3b_3)x^6 + a_3b_4x^7 \\ & = 1 + x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{24}x^4 + \frac{1}{120}x^5 + \frac{1}{720}x^6 + \frac{1}{5040}x^7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} a_0 &= 1 \\ a_0b_1 + a_1 &= 1 \\ a_0b_2 + a_1b_1 + a_2 &= \frac{1}{2} \\ a_0b_3 + a_1b_2 + a_2b_1 + a_3 &= \frac{1}{6} \\ a_0b_4 + a_1b_3 + a_2b_2 + a_3b_1 &= \frac{1}{24} \\ a_1b_4 + a_2b_3 + a_3b_2 &= \frac{1}{120} \\ a_2b_4 + a_3b_3 &= \frac{1}{720} \\ a_3b_4 &= \frac{1}{5040} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a_0 = 1 \\ a_1 = \frac{3}{7} \\ a_2 = \frac{1}{14} \\ a_3 = \frac{1}{210} \\ b_1 = \frac{-4}{7} \\ b_2 = \frac{1}{7} \\ b_3 = \frac{-2}{105} \\ b_4 = \frac{1}{840} \end{cases}$$

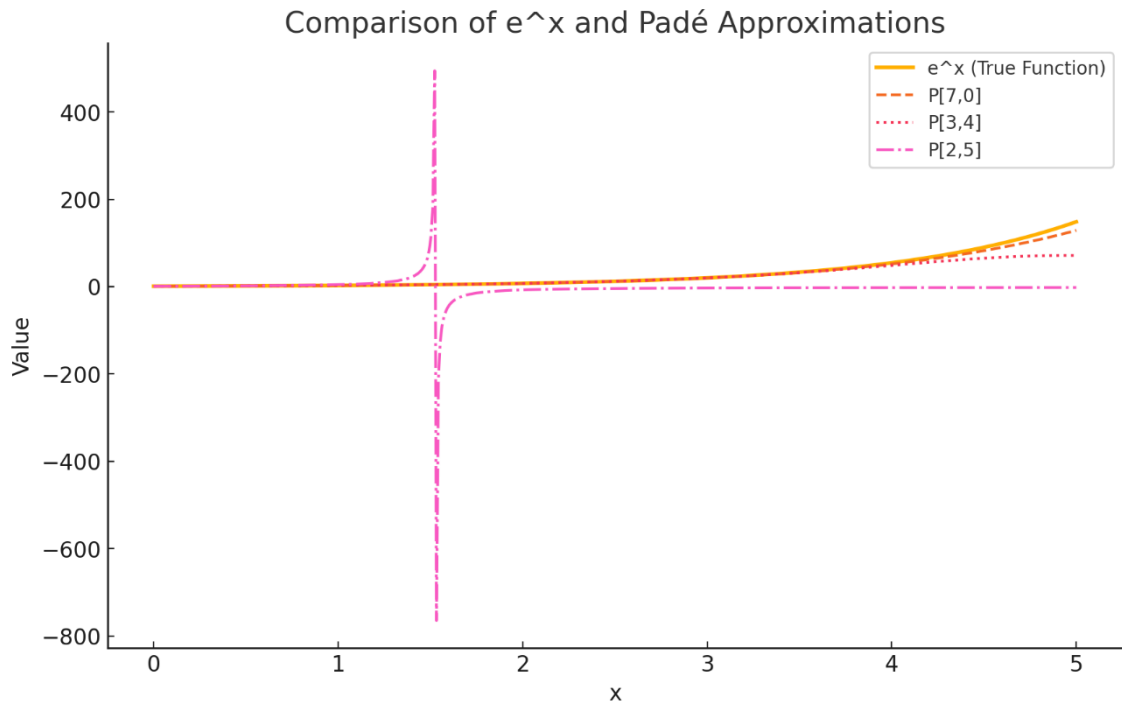
$$P[2,5](x) = \frac{a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2}{1 + b_1x + b_2x^2 + b_3x^3 + b_4x^4 + b_5x^5}$$

$$(a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2)(1 + b_1x + b_2x^2 + b_3x^3 + b_4x^4 + b_5x^5) = e^x$$

$$\begin{aligned} & a_0 + (a_0b_1 + a_1)x + (a_0b_2 + a_1b_1 + a_2)x^2 + (a_0b_3 + a_1b_2 + a_2b_1)x^3 \\ & + (a_0b_4 + a_1b_3 + a_2b_2)x^4 + (a_0b_5 + a_1b_4 + a_2b_3)x^5 + (a_1b_5 + a_2b_4)x^6 \\ & + a_2b_5x^7 = 1 + x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{24}x^4 + \frac{1}{120}x^5 + \frac{1}{720}x^6 + \frac{1}{5040}x^7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} a_0 &= 1 \\ a_0b_1 + a_1 &= 1 \\ a_0b_2 + a_1b_1 + a_2 &= \frac{1}{2} \\ a_0b_3 + a_1b_2 + a_2b_1 &= \frac{1}{6} \\ a_0b_4 + a_1b_3 + a_2b_2 &= \frac{1}{24} \\ a_0b_5 + a_1b_4 + a_2b_3 &= \frac{1}{120} \\ a_1b_5 + a_2b_4 &= \frac{1}{720} \\ a_2b_5 &= \frac{1}{5040} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a_0 = 1 \\ a_1 = \frac{2}{7} \\ a_2 = \frac{1}{42} \\ b_1 = \frac{-5}{7} \\ b_2 = \frac{5}{21} \\ b_3 = \frac{-1}{21} \\ b_4 = \frac{1}{168} \\ b_5 = \frac{-1}{2520} \end{cases}$$

| x | Error P[0,7] | Error P[3,4] | Error P[2,5] |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 0.5 | 1.0254536642e-07 | 4.9025365989e-09 | 0.27156995830143 |
| 1 | 2.7860205077e-05 | 2.25856657154e-06 | 1.93062858316323 |
| 2 | 0.00810371797827 | 0.00195932473710 | 14.8890560989306 |
| 5 | 19.79411148352898 | 77.0285437179610 | 150.594977284395 |



PROBLEM 2

| k | x_k | $f(x_k)$ | $f[x_k, x_{k+1}]$ | $f[x_k, x_{k+1}, x_{k+2}]$ | $f[x_k, x_{k+1}, x_{k+2}, x_{k+3}]$ |
|-----|-------|----------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0 | 4 | 1 | 1 | $3/8$ | $1/12$ |
| 1 | 6 | 3 | $5/2$ | $7/8$ | |
| 2 | 8 | 8 | 6 | | |
| 3 | 10 | 20 | | | |

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(x) &= f(x_0) + f[x_0, x_1](x - x_0) + f[x_0, x_1, x_2](x - x_0)(x - x_1) \\
 &\quad + f[x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3](x - x_0)(x - x_1)(x - x_2) \\
 &= 1 + (x - 4) + \frac{3}{8}(x - 4)(x - 6) + \frac{1}{12}(x - 4)(x - 6)(x - 8) \\
 &= \frac{1}{24}(2x^3 - 27x^2 + 142x + 240)
 \end{aligned}$$