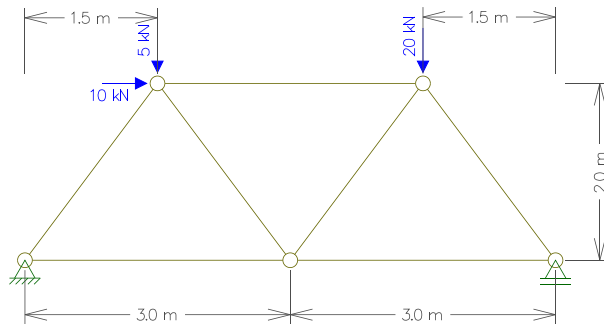


# Exemplos MEF2Dframe

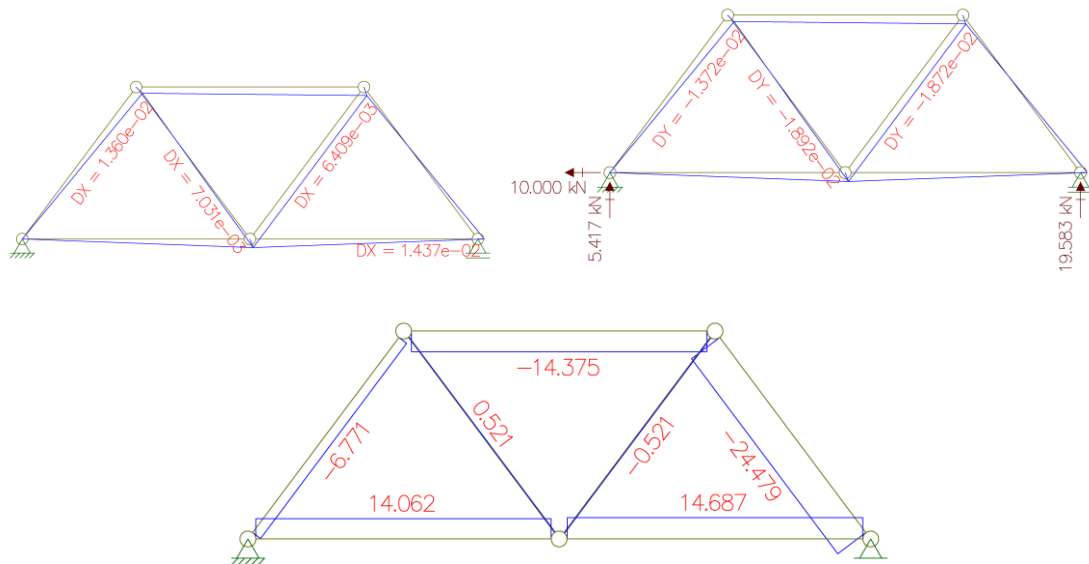
## 1) Exemplo1: Análise estática de treliça



$$E = 2 \times 10^8 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$A = 3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$$

### Resultados Ftool:



### Arquivo Exemplo1.mef:

Arquivo de entrada de geometria

Nodes

0 0

3 0

6 0

1.5 2

4.5 2

end

Elements

0 0 1

0 1 2

0 0 3

0 3 1

```
0 1 4
0 4 2
0 3 4
end
```

### Arquivo Exemplo1.loa:

Arquivo de entrada de carregamento

Dados Analise  
truss estatica

Material  
0 3e-5 2.e8 0  
end

C Contorno  
0 0 0.  
0 1 0.  
2 1 0.  
end

F nodais  
3 10. -5. 0.  
4 0. -20. 0.  
end

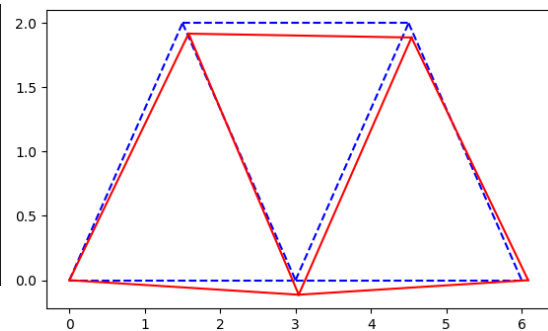
F elementares  
end

Apoios elasticos  
end

### Resultados MEF2Dframe:

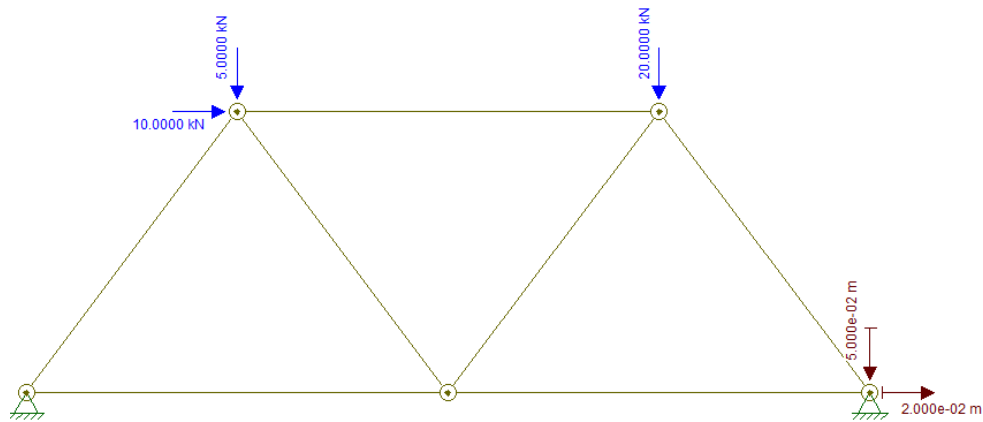
```
Deslocamentos: [ 0.          0.          0.00703125 -0.01891927  0.014375    0.
 0.01359664 -0.01372396  0.00640914 -0.01872396]
Reacoes de apoio: [-10.          5.41666667  19.58333333]
```

```
Esforços internos nodais: [Ni, Nj]
Elemento 0: [14.0625 14.0625]
Elemento 1: [14.6875 14.6875]
Elemento 2: [-6.77083333 -6.77083333]
Elemento 3: [0.52083333 0.52083333]
Elemento 4: [-0.52083333 -0.52083333]
Elemento 5: [-24.47916667 -24.47916667]
Elemento 6: [-14.375 -14.375]
```

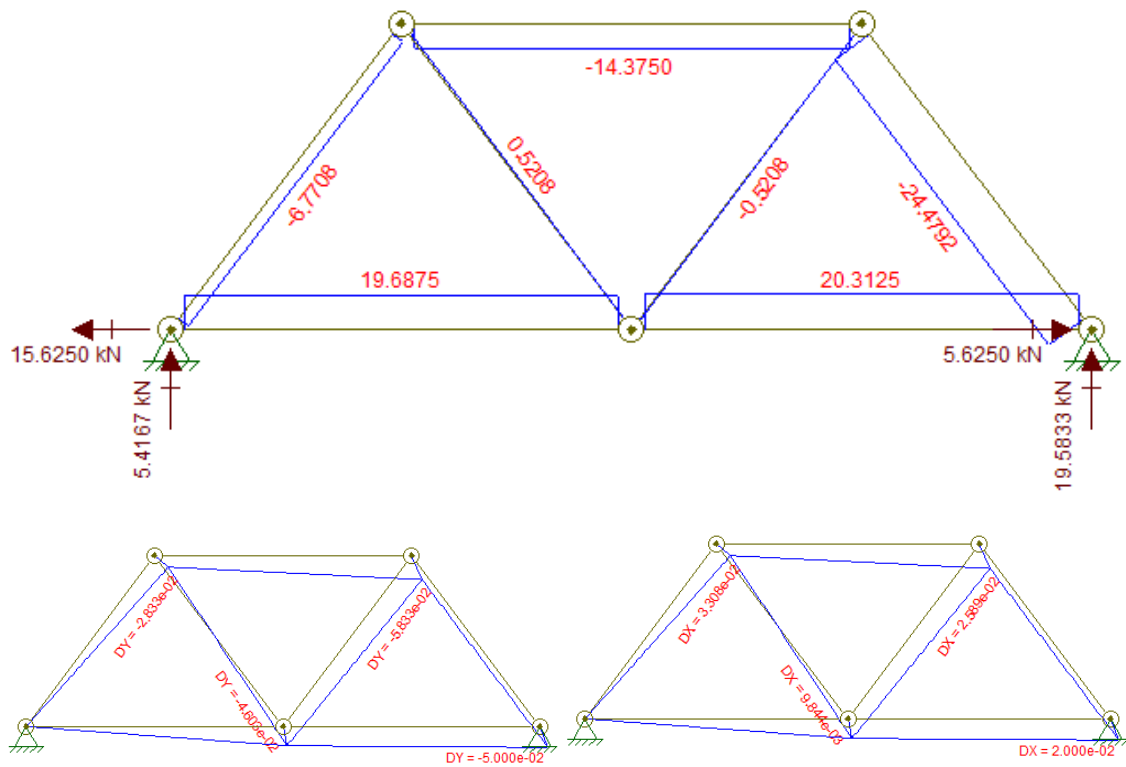


## 2) Exemplo2: Análise estática de treliça com recalque de apoio

Mesma geometria e carregamento do Exemplo1, mas com o apoio da direita transformado em articulado fixo com 2 recalques.



**Resultados Ftool:**



**Arquivo Exemplo2.mef:**

Idêntico ao Exemplo1.mef

### Arquivo Exemplo2.loa:

Arquivo de entrada de carregamento

Dados Analise  
truss estatica

Material  
0 3e-5 2.e8 0  
end

C Contorno  
0 0 0.  
0 1 0.  
2 0 2e-2  
2 1 -5e-2  
end

F nodais  
3 10. -5. 0.  
4 0. -20. 0.  
end

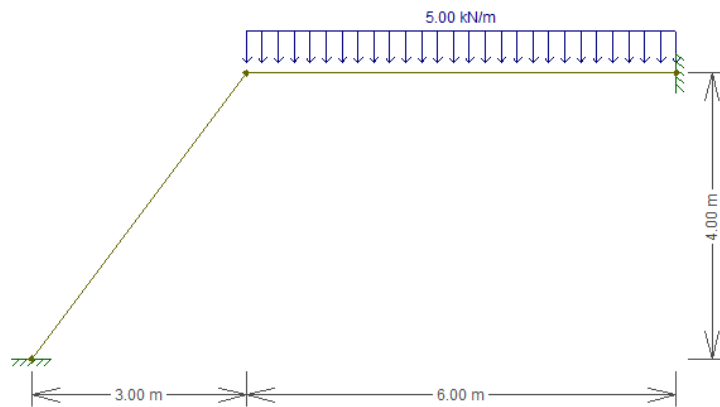
F elementares  
end

Apoios elasticos  
end

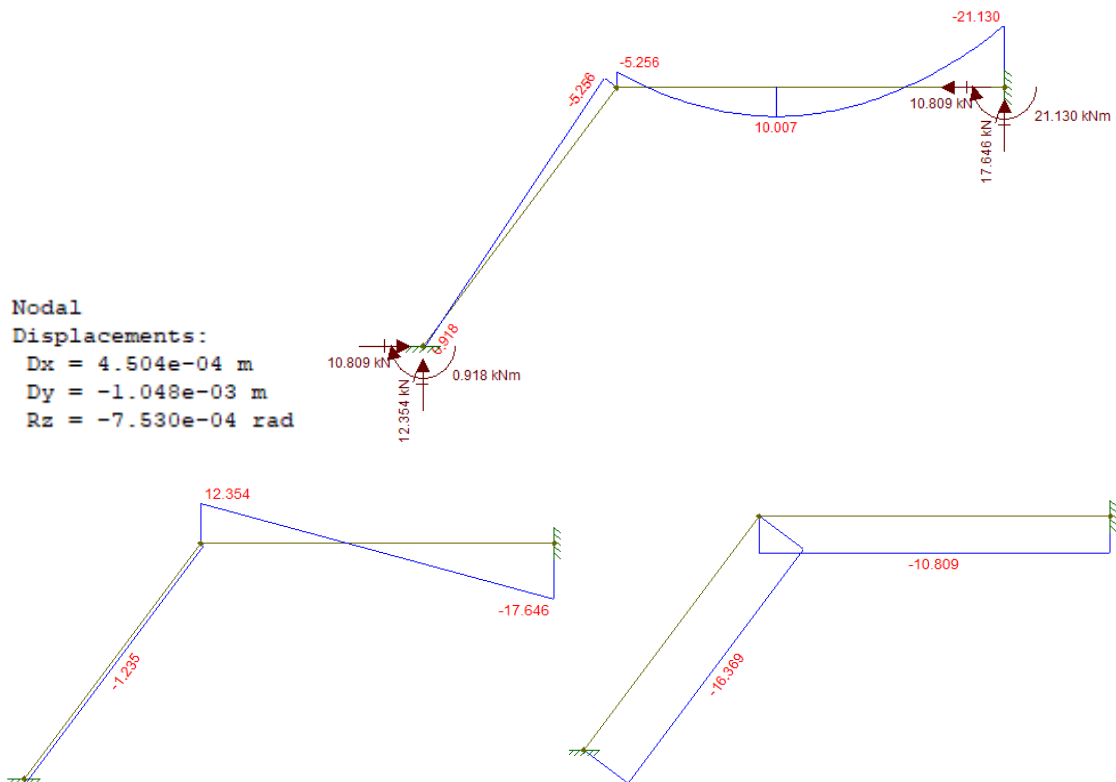
### Resultados MEF2Dframe:

```
Deslocamentos: [ 0.          0.          0.00984375 -0.04602865  0.02          -0.05
 0.03307581 -0.02833333  0.02588831 -0.05833333]
Reacoes de apoio: [-15.625          5.41666667  5.625          19.58333333]
Esforços internos nodais: [Ni,  Nj]
Elemento 0: [19.6875 19.6875]
Elemento 1: [20.3125 20.3125]
Elemento 2: [-6.77083333 -6.77083333]
Elemento 3: [0.52083333 0.52083333]
Elemento 4: [-0.52083333 -0.52083333]
Elemento 5: [-24.47916667 -24.47916667]
Elemento 6: [-14.375 -14.375]
```

### 3) Exemplo3: Análise estática de pórtico



#### Resultados Ftool:



#### Arquivo Exemplo3.mef:

Arquivo de entrada de geometria

Nodes

0 0

3 4

9 4

end

Elements

0 0 1

0 1 2

end

### Arquivo Exemplo3.loa:

Arquivo de entrada de carregamento

Dados Analise

frame estatica

Material

1 1.2e-2 1.2e7 1.2e-3

end

C Contorno

0 0 0.

0 1 0.

0 2 0.

2 0 0.

2 1 0.

2 2 0.

end

F nodais

end

F Elementares

1 0 -5. -5.

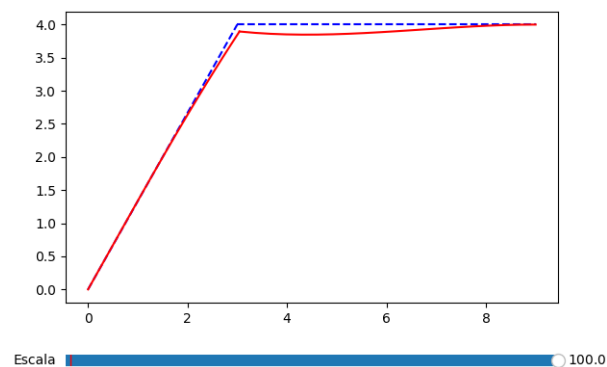
end

Apoios elasticos

end

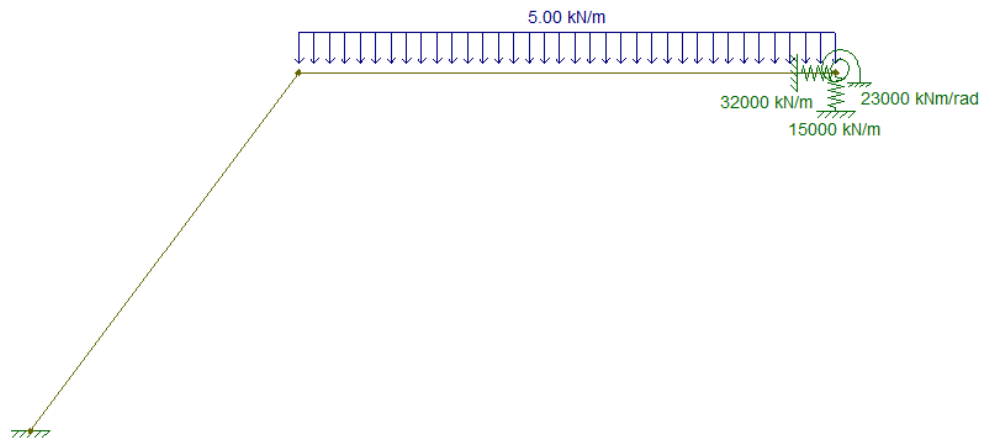
### Resultados MEF2Dframe:

```
Deslocamentos: [ 0.      0.      0.      0.00045038 -0.00104824 -0.00075299
 0.      0.      0.      ]
Reacoes de apoio: [ 10.80915655 12.35424007 -0.91835269 -10.80915655 17.64575993
-21.13011287]
Esforços internos nodais: [Ni, Qi, Mi, Nj, Qj, Mj]
Elemento 0: [-16.36888599 -1.2347812  0.91835269 -16.36888599 -1.2347812
-5.25555329]
Elemento 1: [-10.80915655 12.35424007 -5.25555329 -10.80915655 -17.64575993
-21.13011287]
```

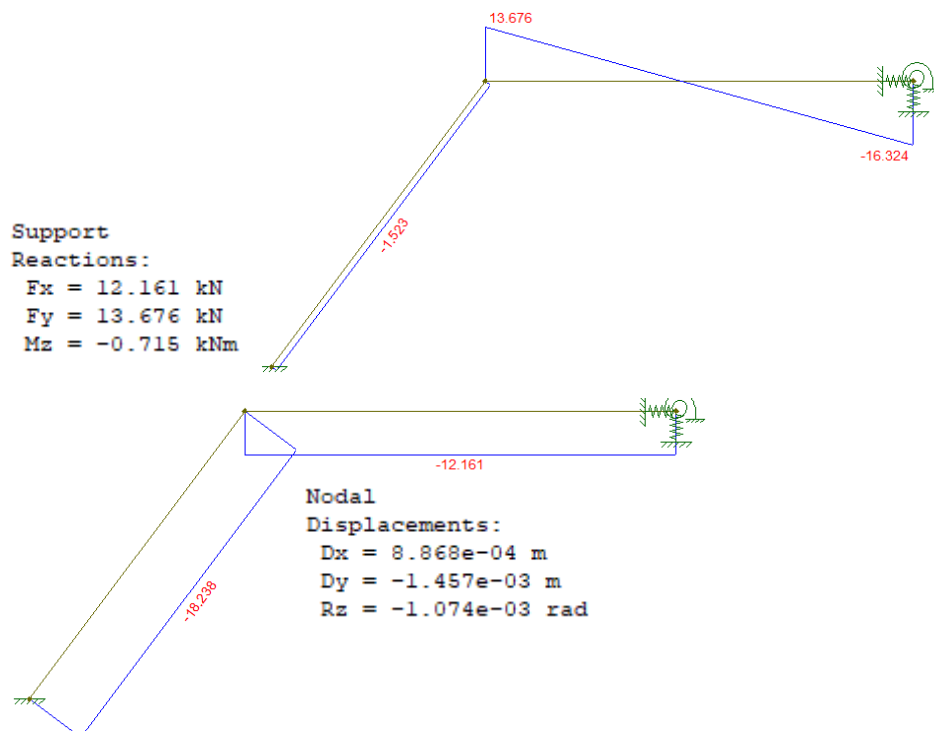
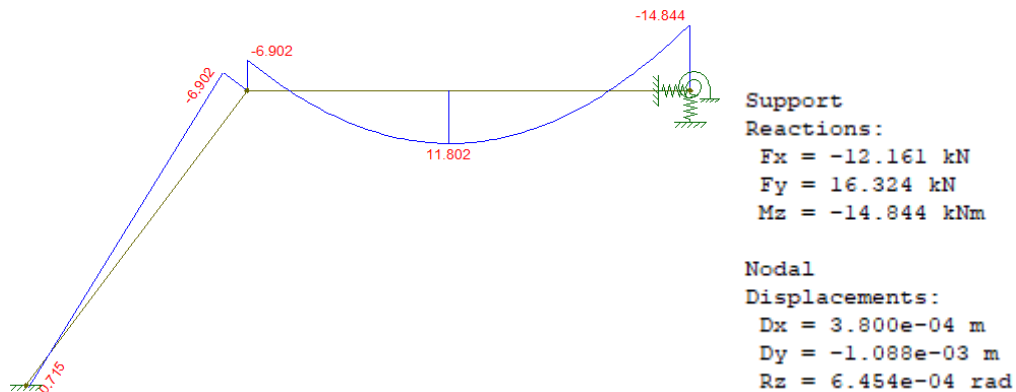


#### 4) Exemplo4: Análise estática de pórtico com apoio elástico

Mesma geometria e carregamento do Exemplo3, mas com o apoio da direita transformado em apoio elástico.



#### Resultados Ftool:



### Arquivo Exemplo4.mef:

Idêntico ao Exemplo3.mef

### Arquivo Exemplo4.loa:

Arquivo de entrada de carregamento

Dados Analise  
frame estatica

Material  
1 1.2e-2 1.2e7 1.2e-3  
end

C Contorno  
0 0 0.  
0 1 0.  
0 2 0.  
end

F nodais  
end

F Elementares  
1 0 -5. -5.  
end

Apoios elasticos  
2 32000 15000 23000  
end

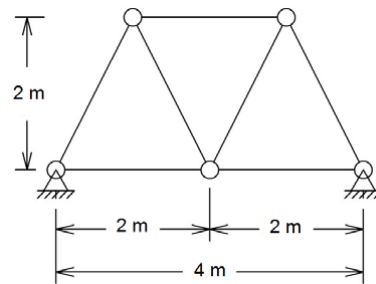
### Resultados MEF2Dframe:

```
Deslocamentos: [ 0.          0.          0.          0.00088677 -0.00145665 -0.00107415
 0.00038004 -0.00108825  0.0006454 ]
Reacoes de apoio: [12.16140748 13.67628448 -0.71484155]
Esforços internos nodais: [Ni, Qi, Mi, Nj, Qj, Mj]
Elemento 0: [-18.23787208 -1.5233553  0.71484155 -18.23787208 -1.5233553
-6.90193494]
Elemento 1: [-12.16140748 13.67628448 -6.90193494 -12.16140748 -16.32371552
-14.84422805]
```



### 5) Exemplo5: Análise modal de treliça

Área da seção transversal  $A = 0,001 \text{ m}^2$ ,  
 massa específica  $\rho = 8000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  e módulo  
 de elasticidade  $E = 2,1 \times 10^{11} \text{ N/m}^2$



#### Resultados Arndt (2009):

	MEF (7e) $n_{gl}^{(a)} = 6$	MC <sup>(b)</sup> (7e 1c) $n_{gl} = 13$	MC <sup>(b)</sup> (7e 2c) $n_{gl} = 20$	MC (7e 5c) $n_{gl} = 41$	MEFG (7e) $n_l = 1, \beta_1 = \pi$ $n_{gl} = 34$	MEFG Adap. <sup>(c)</sup> (7e 3i) $1 \times 6gl + 2 \times 34gl$
$i$	$\omega_i \text{ (rad/s)}$	$\omega_i \text{ (rad/s)}$	$\omega_i \text{ (rad/s)}$	$\omega_i \text{ (rad/s)}$	$\omega_i \text{ (rad/s)}$	$\omega_i \text{ (rad/s)}$
1	1683,521413	1648,516148	1648,258910	1647,811939	1647,785439	1647,784428
2	1776,278483	1741,661466	1741,319206	1740,868779	1740,840343	1740,839797
3	3341,375203	3119,123132	3113,835167	3111,525066	3111,326191	3111,322715
4	5174,353866	4600,595156	4567,688849	4562,562379	4561,819768	4561,817307
5	5678,184561	4870,575795	4829,702095	4824,125665	4823,253509	4823,248678
6	8315,400602	7380,832845	7379,960217	7379,515018	7379,482416	7379,482322

#### Arquivo Exemplo5.mef:

Arquivo de entrada de geometria

Nodes

```
0 0
1 2
2 0
3 2
4 0
end
```

Elements

```
0 0 1
0 0 2
0 1 2
0 1 3
0 2 3
0 2 4
0 3 4
end
```

#### Arquivo Exemplo5.loa:

Arquivo de entrada de carregamento

Dados Analise

truss modal

```
Material
8000 0.001 2.1e11 0
end
```

```
C Contorno
0 0 0.
0 1 0.
4 0 0.
4 1 0.
end
```

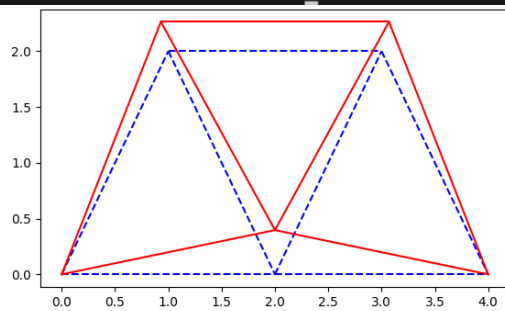
```
F nodais
end
```

```
F elementares
end
```

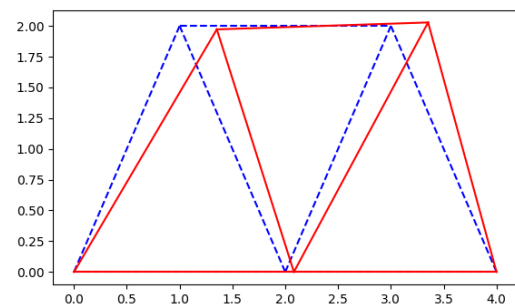
```
Apoios elasticos
end
```

### Resultados MEF2Dframe:

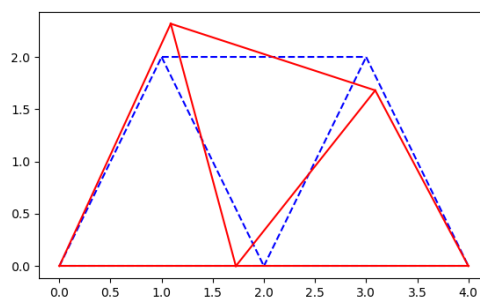
```
Frequências: [1683.52141299 1776.27848685 3341.37520503 5174.35386537 5678.18455758
8315.40059884]
Modo 0: [-3.47926351e-02 1.31716901e-01 -1.49978055e-16 1.98195515e-01
3.47926351e-02 1.31716901e-01]
Modo 1: [ 2.12054834e-01 -1.69384176e-02 4.92478553e-02 7.31958426e-16
2.12054834e-01 1.69384176e-02]
Modo 2: [ 4.79451551e-02 1.71813628e-01 -1.47719353e-01 1.03224906e-16
4.79451551e-02 -1.71813628e-01]
Modo 3: [-3.37582124e-02 1.54378632e-01 2.33635895e-01 1.12608989e-16
-3.37582124e-02 -1.54378632e-01]
Modo 4: [-1.62374038e-01 -1.74791659e-01 -2.15774879e-16 1.80893949e-01
1.62374038e-01 -1.74791659e-01]
Modo 5: [-2.80280410e-01 1.11958504e-01 3.09632113e-17 -2.37590380e-01
2.80280410e-01 1.11958504e-01]
```



Modo 0

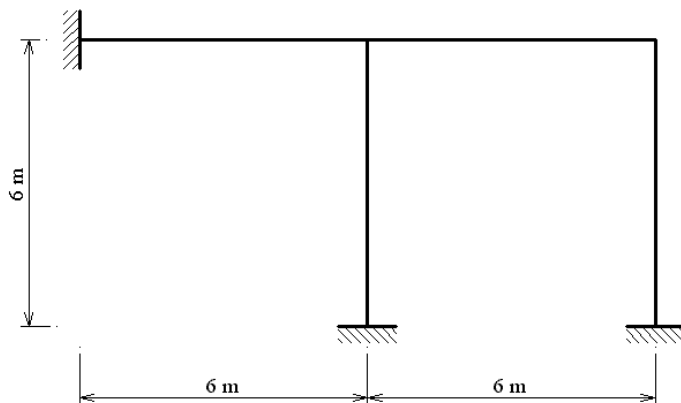


Modo 1



Modo 2

## 6) Exemplo6: Análise modal de pórtico



Área da seção transversal  $A = 0,1 \text{ m}^2$ ,  
momento de inércia  $I = 1 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}^4$ ,  
massa específica  $\rho = 7800 \text{ kg/m}^3$  e  
módulo de elasticidade  $E = 1 \times 10^8 \text{ N/m}^2$ .

### Resultados Arndt (2009):

	MEF (4e) ngl = 6	MEF (40e) ngl = 114	MC (4e 14c) ngl = 62	MC (4e 30c) ngl = 126	MEFG Adap. (4e 3i) 1x 6gl + 2x 54gl
$i$	$\omega_i$ (rad/s)	$\omega_i$ (rad/s)	$\omega_i$ (rad/s)	$\omega_i$ (rad/s)	$\omega_i$ (rad/s)
1	12,412232	11,792155	11,791295	11,791255	11,791251
2	14,304731	12,299299	12,298978	12,298965	12,298964
3	19,197774	15,837412	15,836681	15,836628	15,836624
4	26,070176	20,123625	20,121807	20,121732	20,121724
5	31,037720	21,703787	21,700282	21,700112	21,700096
6	41,495314	25,290751	25,282759	25,282180	25,282132

### Arquivo Exemplo6.mef:

Arquivo de entrada de geometria

Nodes

0 0

6 0

12 0

6 -6

12 -6

end

Elements

0 0 1

0 1 2

0 1 3

0 2 4

end

### Arquivo Exemplo6.loa:

Arquivo de entrada de carregamento

Dados Analise

frame modal

```
Material
7800 0.1 1.e8 1.e-2
end
```

```
C Contorno
0 0 0.
0 1 0.
0 2 0.
3 0 0.
3 1 0.
3 2 0.
4 0 0.
4 1 0.
4 2 0.
end
```

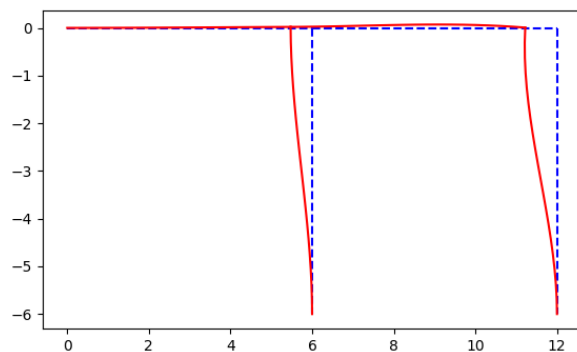
```
F nodais
end
```

```
F elementares
end
```

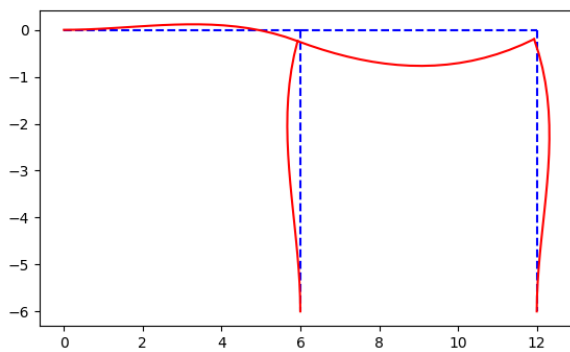
```
Apoios elasticos
end
```

### Resultados MEF2Dframe:

```
Frequências: [12.41223173 14.30473147 19.19777373 26.07017564 31.03771979 41.49531415]
Modo 0: [-8.17443685e-03  3.21436798e-04  5.59639853e-05 -1.20812269e-02
 1.03481221e-04 -1.02033466e-03]
Modo 1: [-0.00143897 -0.00491385 -0.00645132 -0.00141246 -0.00405732  0.0085526 ]
Modo 2: [ 8.11942092e-05  1.22773771e-02 -6.85434032e-03  1.38324991e-03
-9.38322751e-04  1.44402715e-03]
Modo 3: [-0.00176596 -0.0034228 -0.00627562  0.00230978  0.0173688  0.00321678]
Modo 4: [ 0.00772969 -0.00460966 -0.01154718  0.0018427 -0.00470845 -0.0170942 ]
Modo 5: [-0.01031815 -0.00224206  0.0004401  0.01671454 -0.00843288 -0.01482881]
```

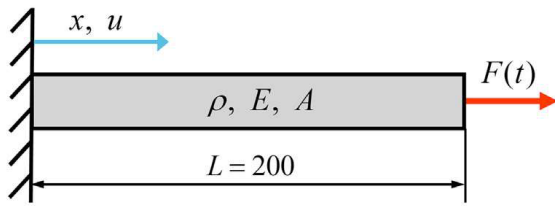


Modo 0



Modo 1

## 7) Exemplo7: Análise transiente de barra



Área da seção transversal  $A = 1$ , massa específica  $\rho = 0,00073$  e módulo de elasticidade  $E = 3 \times 10^7$ . Força constante (patamar) de 10000. Sem amortecimento.

### Resultados de Kwon, Bathe, Noh (2020):

Referência: KWON, Sun-Beom; BATHE, Klaus-Jürgen; NOH, Gunwoo. An analysis of implicit time integration schemes for wave propagations. **Computers & Structures**, v. 230, 2020, p. 106188.

Resultados para o nó central ( $x = 100$ ) utilizando 1000 elementos finitos de 2 nós e matrizes de massa agrupada e consistente.

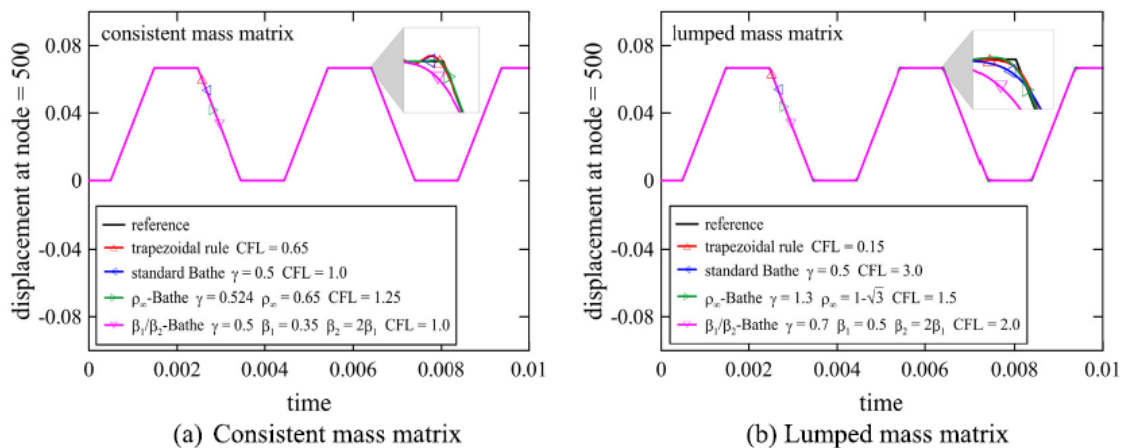


Fig. 13. Time history of displacements at the center of the bar using various Bathe time integration schemes and trapezoidal rule.

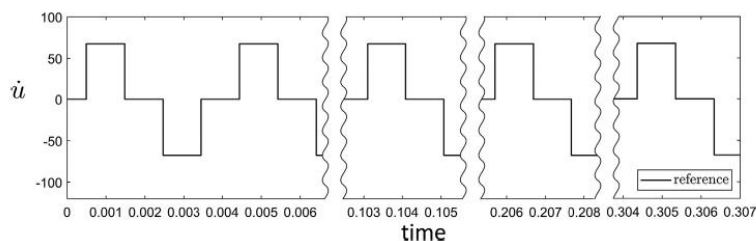


Fig. 12. A clamped bar excited by a step load, and the exact velocity at the center,  $x = 100$ . Young's modulus  $E = 3 \times 10^7$ , mass density  $\rho = 0.00073$ , cross-sectional area  $A = 1$ , length  $L = 200$  [36]. The receiver is located at the center.

Arquivo Exemplo7.mef: (malha com 20 elementos)

Arquivo de entrada de geometria (linha livre para acrescentar comentários)

Nodes

0 0

10 0

20 0

30 0  
40 0  
50 0  
60 0  
70 0  
80 0  
90 0  
100 0  
110 0  
120 0  
130 0  
140 0  
150 0  
160 0  
170 0  
180 0  
190 0  
200 0  
end

Elements

0 0 1  
0 1 2  
0 2 3  
0 3 4  
0 4 5  
0 5 6  
0 6 7  
0 7 8  
0 8 9  
0 9 10  
0 10 11  
0 11 12  
0 12 13  
0 13 14  
0 14 15  
0 15 16  
0 16 17  
0 17 18  
0 18 19  
0 19 20  
end

**Arquivo Exemplo7.loa:** (Método de Newton Aceleração Linear com  $\Delta t = 9,88 \cdot 10^{-7}$  e  $T = 0,015$ )

Arquivo de entrada de carregamento (linha livre para comentários)

Dados Analise

truss transiente NAL 0 hav 0 9.88e-7 0.015

Material

0.00073 1. 30.e6 0.

end

C Contorno

0 0 0.

0 1 0.

1 1 0.

2 1 0.

3 1 0.

4 1 0.

5 1 0.

6 1 0.

7 1 0.

8 1 0.

9 1 0.

10 1 0.

11 1 0.

12 1 0.

13 1 0.

14 1 0.

15 1 0.

16 1 0.

17 1 0.

18 1 0.

19 1 0.

20 1 0.

end

F nodais

20 10000. 0. 0.

end

F Elementares

end

Apoios elasticos

end

# os blocos abaixo só precisam estar presente na análise transiente

C inicial desloc

0 0. 0. 0.

1 0. 0. 0.

2 0. 0. 0.

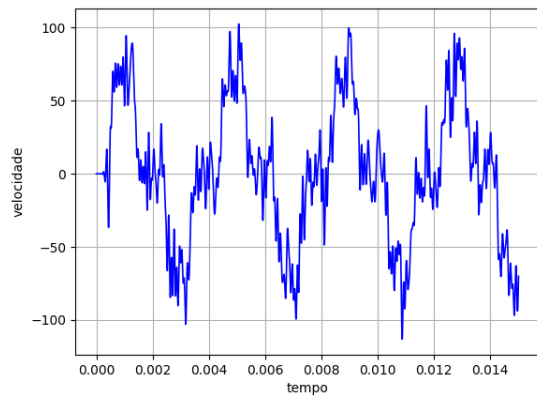
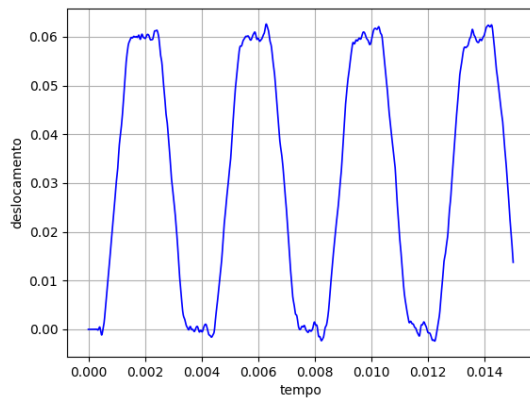
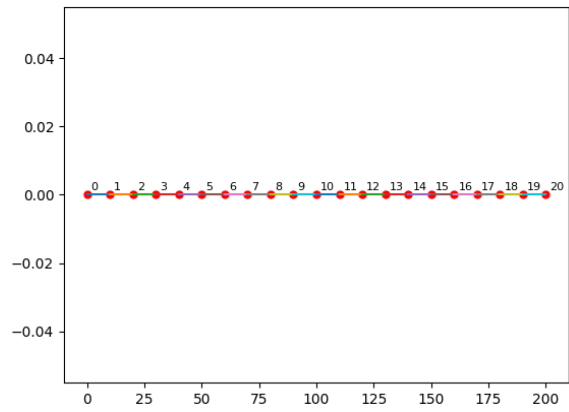
30.0.0.  
40.0.0.  
50.0.0.  
60.0.0.  
70.0.0.  
80.0.0.  
90.0.0.  
100.0.0.  
110.0.0.  
120.0.0.  
130.0.0.  
140.0.0.  
150.0.0.  
160.0.0.  
170.0.0.  
180.0.0.  
190.0.0.  
200.0.0.  
end

C inicial vel  
00.0.0.  
10.0.0.  
20.0.0.  
30.0.0.  
40.0.0.  
50.0.0.  
60.0.0.  
70.0.0.  
80.0.0.  
90.0.0.  
100.0.0.  
110.0.0.  
120.0.0.  
130.0.0.  
140.0.0.  
150.0.0.  
160.0.0.  
170.0.0.  
180.0.0.  
190.0.0.  
200.0.0.  
end



### Resultados MEF2Dframe:

Resultados obtidos para o nó central,  
Método de Newmark Aceleração Linear,  
com 20 elementos de 2 nós e matriz de  
massa consistente:



Resultados obtidos para o nó central, Método de Newmark Aceleração Constante, com  
1000 elementos de 2 nós e matriz de massa consistente:

