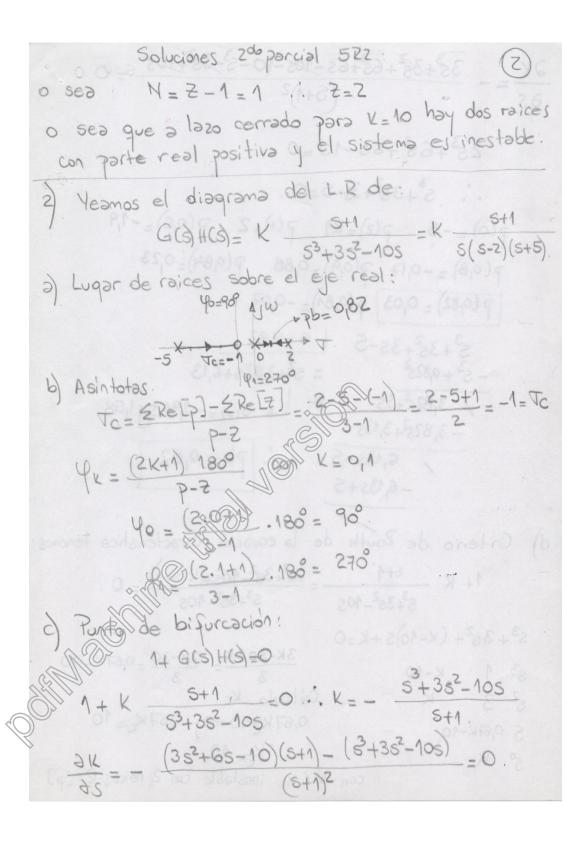
03/11/09. Soluciones 200 parcial 5RZ G(s)H(s) = $10 \frac{5+1}{5^3+35^2-105} = 10 \frac{5+1}{5(5^2+35)}$ Aplicamos Myquist.

a) analisis de baja frecuencia Lim G(s) H(s) = Lim 10 5 (-10) = con s=jw Lim G(jw) H(jw) = Lim 1 www -jw wj 00 b) analisis de alta frecuencia:

Lim G(s) H(s) = $\lim_{s\to\infty} 10 \frac{1}{s+1} = \lim_{s\to\infty} 10 \frac{1}{s^{3}}$ S + ∞ $-13\omega^{2} - \omega^{4} + (\omega^{3} + 10\omega)^{2}$ (G(jw)+(jw) = 10 9w4+ (w3+10w)2

G(jw) H(jw) =
$$10$$
 $\frac{-\omega^2(\omega^2+13)-j2\omega(\omega^2+5)}{9\omega^4+(\omega^2+10\omega)^2}$

Para valores positivos de ω no se anula la parte real, por lo tanto no hay cortes al eje imaginario. La parte imaginario si se anula por lo tanto hay cortes al eje real $2\omega(\omega^2-5)=0$.: $\omega^2=5$ $\omega=\sqrt{5}=2/24$ rad sop $2\omega=5$ $2\omega=\sqrt{5}=2/24$ rad sop $2\omega=5$ $2\omega=5$ rad sop $2\omega=5$ rad so



$$\frac{3K}{3S} = -\frac{3S^{2} + 3S^{2} + 6S^{2} + 6S - 10S - 10 - S^{2} - 3S^{2} + 10S}{(S+1)^{2}} = 0$$

$$2S^{3} + 6S^{2} + 6S - 10 = 0$$

$$\therefore S^{3} + 3S^{2} + 3S - 5 = 0$$

$$P(0) = -5 \qquad P(2) = 21 \qquad P(1) = 2 \qquad P(0,6) = -1,9$$

$$P(0,8) = -0,17 \qquad P(0,9) = 0,86 \qquad P(0,84) = 0,23$$

$$P(0,82) = 0,03 \qquad P(0,81) = -0,07$$

$$S^{3} + 3S^{2} + 3S - 5 \qquad S^{2} - 0,82$$

$$-S^{3} + 0,82S^{2} \qquad = S^{2} + 3,82S + 6,13$$

$$7 \quad 3,82S^{2} + 3,13S \qquad S^{2} = -1,91 \pm 1,158$$

$$-3,82S^{2} + 3,13S \qquad P^{2} = -1,91 \pm 1,158$$

$$-3,82S^{2} + 3,13S \qquad P^{2} = -1,91 \pm 1,158$$

$$-3,82S^{2} + 3,13S \qquad P^{2} = -1,91 \pm 1,158$$

$$-6,13S + 5 \qquad P^{2} = 0,82$$

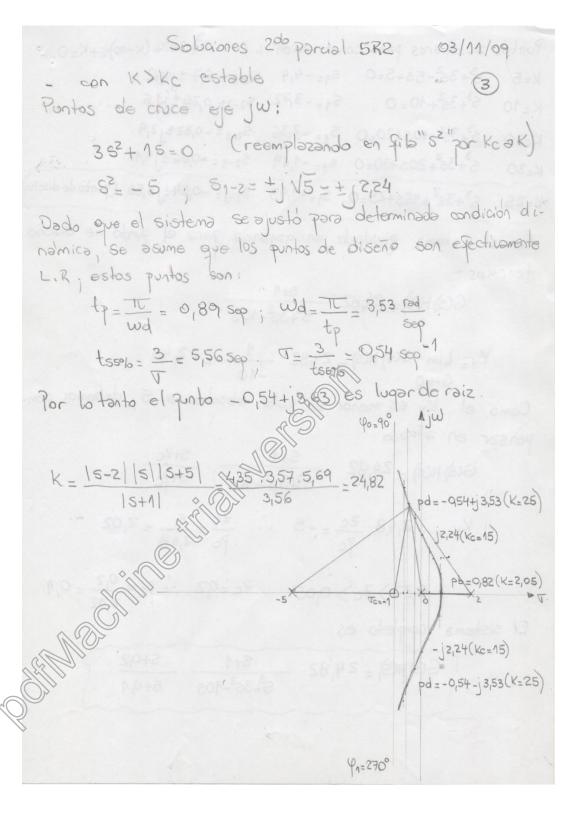
$$-6,13S + 6 \qquad P^{2} = 0,83$$

$$-3,82S + 3,13S + 6 \qquad P^{2} = 0,83$$

$$-3,82S + 3,13S + 6 \qquad P^{2} = 0,83$$

$$-3,82S + 3,13S + 6 \qquad P^{2} = 0,83$$

$$-3,82S + 3,13S + 6 \qquad P^{2$$



Puntos auxiliares para construcción LR. 5+352+(K-10)5+K=0. K=5 3+352-55+5=0. S1=-4,4 S2-3=017+10182 K=10 $S^3+3S^2+10=0$, $S_1=-3,72$ $S_{2-3}=0,36+j1,6$. K=20 $S_{+}^{3}+3S_{+}^{2}+10S+20=0$ $S_{1}=-2,36$ $S_{2-3}=-0,32+j2,9$. K=30 $S_{+}^{3}+3S_{+}^{2}+20S+30=0$ $S_{1}=-1,69$ $S_{2-3}=-0,66+j4,17$ K=25 S3+352+155+25=0. S1=-1,93 S2-3=-0,54+j3,56 (punto de diseño) Con el sistema ajustado en ganancia para el punto de diseño tenemos: $G(s) H(s) = 24.82 \frac{s+1}{s^3+3s^2-10s}$ Como el Ky es menor en vala Obsoluto a 5, debemos com-pensar en atraso: pensar en atraso G(s) H(s) = 24,82 (5+1) 5+7c 5+7c 5+7c $K_{Y} = -\frac{3}{248} \frac{1}{82} = -5$ $\frac{2c}{Pc} = \frac{5}{2/48} = \frac{7}{2/92} = 0.1$ School completo es: $Gc = 0.7 \cdot \frac{7}{Pc} = \frac{0.7}{2/92} = 0.1$ $Gc = 0.7 \cdot \frac{7}{Pc} = \frac{0.7}{2/92} = 0.1$ $Gc = 0.7 \cdot \frac{7}{Pc} = \frac{0.7}{2/92} = 0.1$