1.1

P(A,B,C,D,E,F) = P(A)P(B(A,F)P(C(B))P(D(C))P(E)P(F)

1.2

- a. All B 4-D A, B independent F Because P(BIA,F) + P(B) 4-0 Value of B depends on value of A
- b. All F so A, F independent T Become PLA, F) = PLA) PLF) 40 nodes A, F (40 excesponding r.v.) are not related to each other
- C. All CISB, ES 4-> A, C judependent given B and E T = ALCIBUALCIÉ

T because T fince E is under an anything

once B fixed

> Alle

Formally

A II C | B, E > P(A, C | B, E) = P(A, C, B, E) = P(A) P(C | B) P(B | A) P(E)

P(B, E) P(B | B) P(B | A) P(E)

- PLA) PLCIB) Sto Factorizes

In noor words: Fixed the voz in the middle, no one gives a sit about the voz on the other side of the fixed one P(DIB)

d FILDIB 40 P(F, DIB) = P(F, D, B) = P(F) P(D, B)

e. BILDIC 40 P(B,DIC) =
$$\frac{P(B,D,C)}{P(C)} = \frac{P(DC)[P(CB)]P(B)}{P(C)} \frac{P(B)}{P(B)} \frac{P(B)}{P(B)}$$

= $\frac{P(DC)[P(B)]P(B)}{P(B)}$

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= $\frac{P(DC)[P(CB)]P(B)}{P(B)}$

2.1