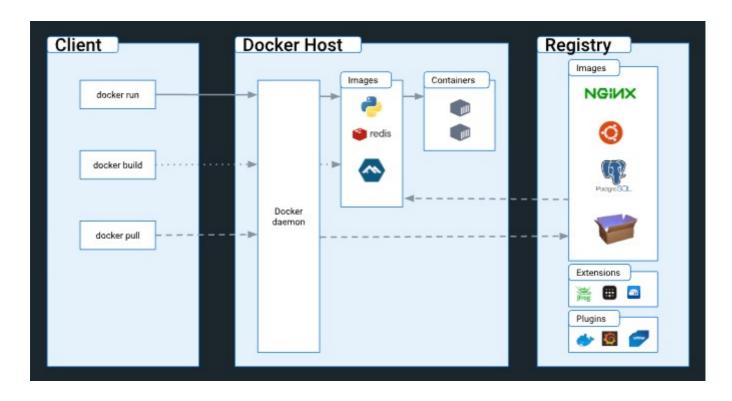


LEARNING DOCKER



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Summary

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About Project

This project aims to help students or professionals to learn the main concepts of Docker

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Getting Started

 $_{\parallel}\text{To}$ get a local copy up and running follow these simple example steps.

Prerequisites



List things you need to use the software and how to install them.

git Virtual Box and extension Vagrant

Installation

Clone the repo

git clone https://github.com/marcossilvestrini/learning-docker.git

Usage

Use this repository for get learning about Docker exam

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Roadmap

- Create repository
- Create github action for automation tasks
- Create examples about docker containers
- Create examples about docker images

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Docker Engine work with namespaces(PID,NET,IPC,MNT,UTS) and cgroups.

```
# Get a version of docker
docker --version
```

Docker Containers

```
# list containers
docker container ls
```

```
# list containers id
docker container ls -aq
docker ps -aq
# list containers virtual size
docker container ls -s
# create containers
docker container create -it ubuntu
# run container
docker run hello-world
# run container iterative
docker run -it <image_name> bash
# execute command in container
docker exec -it <container_id_or_name> <command>
# connect to docker container
docker container attach <CONTAINER ID>
# run container with name
docker run -it --name ubuntu01 ubuntu bash
# create container with specified network
docker run -it --name ubuntu01 --network skynet ubuntu bash
# create container with network host
docker run -it --name ubuntu01 --network host ubuntu bash
# start containers
docker container start ubuntu
# stop pause containers
docker stop <container_id_or_name>
docker stop -t=0 <container_id_or_name>
# Stop all containers
docker stop $(docker container ls -q)
# Pause\Unpause containers
docker pause <container_id_or_name>
docker unpause <container_id_or_name>
# delete container
docker rm <container_id_or_name> --force
# delete all containers
docker container rm $(docker container ls -aq) --force
```

forwarding port

docker run -d -P <container_id_or_name>

```
__docker run -d -p 8080:80 <container_id_or_name>
   # show map ports
   docker port <container_id_or_name>
   # inspect container
   docker inspect <container_id_or_name>
   # show container resources usage information
   docker container stat
   docker container stats <container_id_or_name>
   # show process in execution in container
   docker container top <container_id_or_name>
   # show container logs
   docker container logs <container_id_or_name>
   docker container logs -f <container_id_or_name>
   # set limit of memory for container
   docker container run -it -m 512M --name testmemory debian
   docker container run -it --name testmemory2 --memory 1G debian
   # set limit of cpu for container
   docker container run -it --cpus=0.5 --name testcpu nginx
   # update ram|cpu resource in container
   docker container update -m 2048 testmemory
   docker container update --cpus=3 testcpu
   # get infos memory and cpu
   docker inspect <container_id_or_name> | grep -i cpu
   docker inspect <container_id_or_name> | grep -i mem
```

(back to docker containers)

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Docker Images

```
# pull image
docker pull <image_name>

# show local images images
docker images

# show details of images
docker inspect <image_id>

# show details of images layers
docker history <image_id>
```

```
# remove docker images
docker rmi <image_id> --force

# remove all docker images
docker rmi $(docker images -aq) --force

# commit changes in container
## install and customize your container after...then:
docker commit -m "my container" CONTAINERID
docker tag IMAGEID marcossilvestrini/apache_2:1.0
```



Docker Build

Build a docker image

```
# first, create your Dockerfile with your app

# Example Dockerfile
FROM debian
RUN /bin/echo "HELLO DOCKER"

# then create a docker image.
cd <path_of_your_dockerfile>
docker build -t <dockerhub_username/image_name:tag>

# publish your image in docker hub
docker push <dockerhub_username/image_name:tag>
```

(back to docker images)

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Docker Volumes

```
# list docker volumes
docker volume ls

# inspect docker volumes
docker volume inspect <volume_name>

# find docker volumes
docker volume inspect --format '{{ .Mountpoint }}' <volume_name>

# create docker volume
docker volume create <volume_name>
```

```
# delete docker volume
Light
docker volume rm <volume_name>
   # delete all docker volume if not in user]
   docker volume prune
   # create container with docker bind mounts
   docker run -d --mount type=bind, source=/myfolder-volume, target=/app <image_name_or_i</pre>
   # mount volumes
   docker run -it -d -v <path_local_for_data>:<path_container_for_data> <image_name_or_</pre>
   docker run -d -v <volume_name>:/app <image_name_or_id>
   # mount file
   docker container run -ti --mount type=bind,src=<path_local_for_data/file>,dst=<path_</pre>
   # share container volumes
   ## create container volume
   docker container create -v /data --name dbdata centos
   ## create containers
   docker run -d -p 5432:5432 --name pgsql1 --volumes-from dbdata \
       -e POSTGRESQL_USER=docker -e POSTGRESQL_PASS=docker \
       -e POSTGRESQL_DB=docker kamui/postgresql
   docker run -d -p 5433:5432 --name pgsql2 --volumes-from dbdata \
      -e POSTGRESQL_USER=docker -e POSTGRESQL_PASS=docker \
      -e POSTGRESQL_DB=docker kamui/postgresql
   ## find volume
   docker inspect dbdata | grep -i Source
   ## list containers data of shared volume
   sudo ls /var/lib/docker/volumes/<volume_id>/_data
   # create backups of shared volume
   docker run -ti --volumes-from dbdata -v $(pwd):/backup debian tar -cvf /backup/backu
```

(back to docker volumes)

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Docker Network

```
# list networks
docker network list

# inspect docker network
docker network inspect <network_name>
# create docker network bridge
```

```
docker network create --drive bridge <network_name>
    # delete docker network
    docker network rm <network_name>
```



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Docker Compose

```
# list containers|services
docker-compose ps
docker-compose -f configs/docker/apps/app-silvestrini/docker-compose.yaml ps
# create containers|services
docker-compose up
docker-compose up -d
docker-compose -f configs/docker/apps/app-silvestrini/docker-compose.yaml up
```

(back to docker composed)

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Docker Stack

```
# create stack|services
docker stack deploy -c docker-compose.yml first
# list stacks|services
docker stack ls
# view stack services
docker stack services first
# view detailed stack|services | all containers
docker stack ps first
# remove stack|services
docker stack rm <stack_service_name>
```

(back to docker stack)

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Docker Swarm

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $\mathbb{L}$ ight & \# \begin{tabular}{ll} $L$ ight & manager \\ \end{tabular}
   docker swarm init --advertise-addr 192.168.0140:2377
   # get swarm token
   MANAGER_TOKEN=$(docker swarm join-token manager -q)
   WORKER_TOKEN=$(docker swarm join-token worker -q)
   # join server in docker swarm
   docker swarm join --token $MANAGER_TOKEN 192.168.0.140:2377
   # promote node worker to manager
   docker node promote debian-server02
   # list swarm nodes
   docker nodes 1s
   # inspect nodes
   docker node inspect <node_name>
   # leave node
   docker swarm leave --force
   # delete node
   docker node rm debian-server01
   # list services
   docker service ps
   docker service ps webserver
   # create service
   docker service create --name webserver --replicas 5 -p 8080:80 nginx
   docker service create --name webserver --replicas 5 -p 8080:80 --mount type=volume,s
   # inspect service
   docker service inspect webserver
   # scale service
    docker service scale webserver=10
```

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Docker Secrets

```
# create secret
echo 'mypassword' | docker secret create my_password -
docker secret create my_secret2 my_secret.txt
# list secrets
docker secret ls
```

```
Light
    # inspect secrets
    docker secret inspect my_secret2

# delete secrets
    docker secret rm my_secret2

# create service with secrets
    docker service create --name web --detach=false --secret my_password nginx
```



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Contributing

Contributions are what make the open source community such an amazing place to learn, inspire, and create. Any contributions you make are **greatly appreciated**.

If you have a suggestion that would make this better, please fork the repo and create a pull request. You can also simply open an issue with the tag "enhancement". Don't forget to give the project a star! Thanks again!

- 1. Fork the Project
- 2. Create your Feature Branch (git checkout -b feature/AmazingFeature)
- 3. Commit your Changes (git commit -m 'Add some AmazingFeature')
- 4. Push to the Branch (git push origin feature/AmazingFeature)
- 5. Open a Pull Request

License

• This project is licensed under the MIT License * see the LICENSE.md file for details

Contact

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X Follow @mrsilvestrini

Project Link: https://github.com/marcossilvestrini/learning-docker

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Acknowledgments

Lightocker Website

- Docker Overview
- Convert Command in Dockerfile
- Deploy Docker Register
- Record Terminal



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