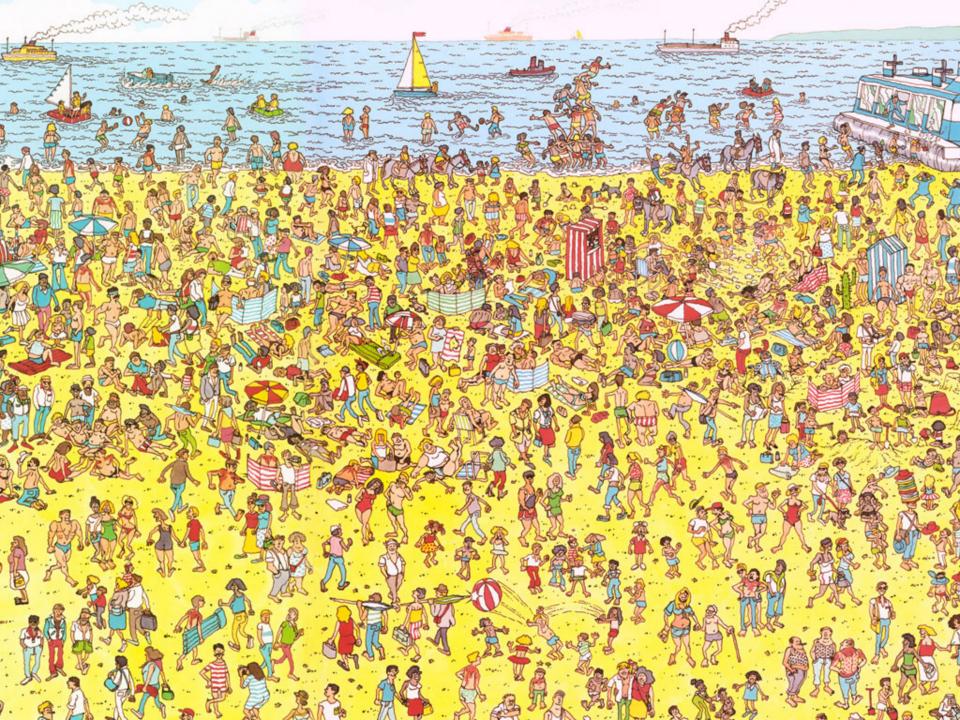
PSYC305L

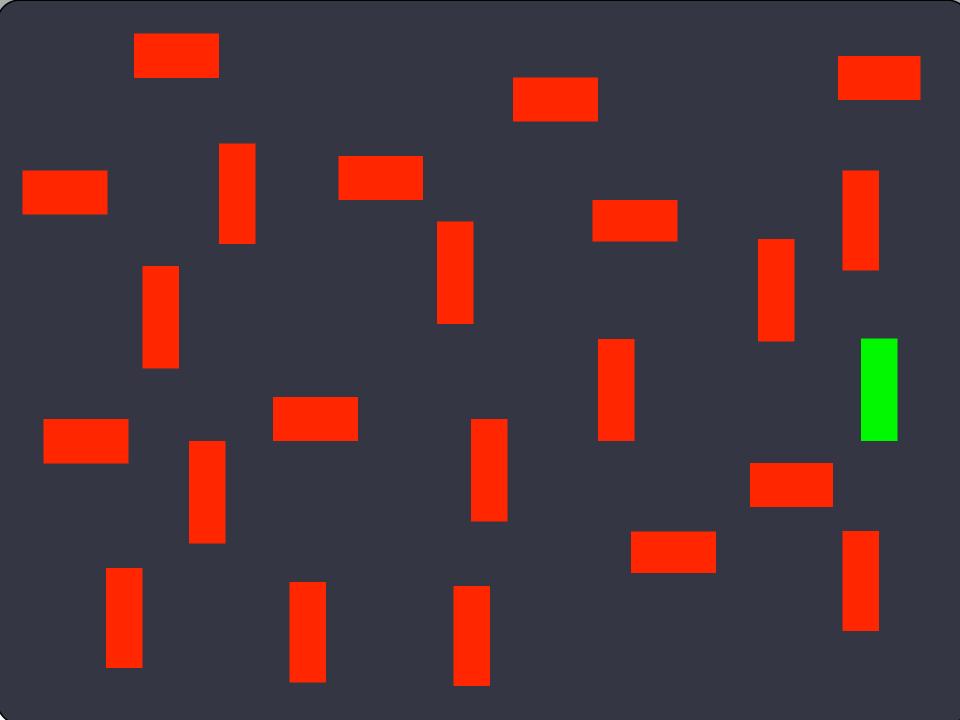
Attention
Introduction section
Reflection paper 2 & Lab 2

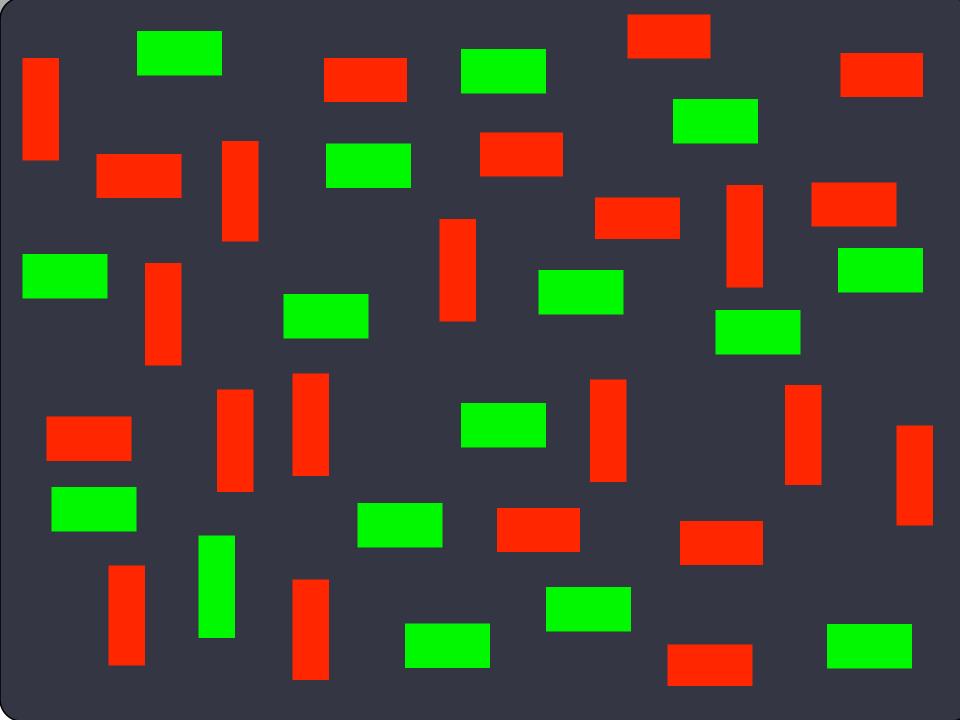
Features



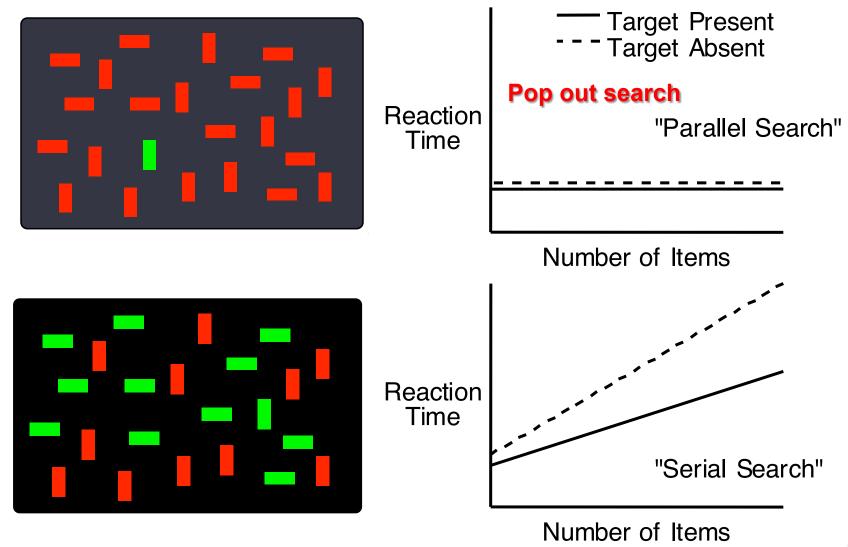
Low level features: color, lines, simple shapes, etc.





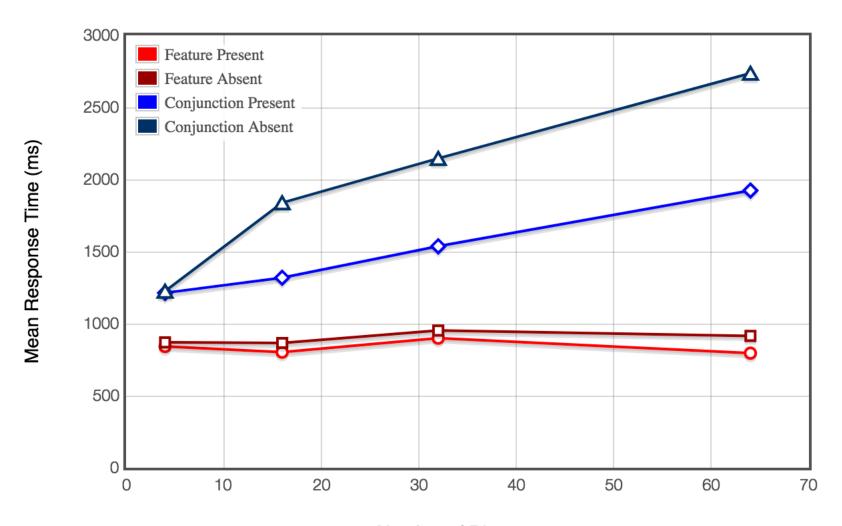


Typical Search Results



Laboratory version: Press one button for targetpresent and a different button for target-absent

Your results

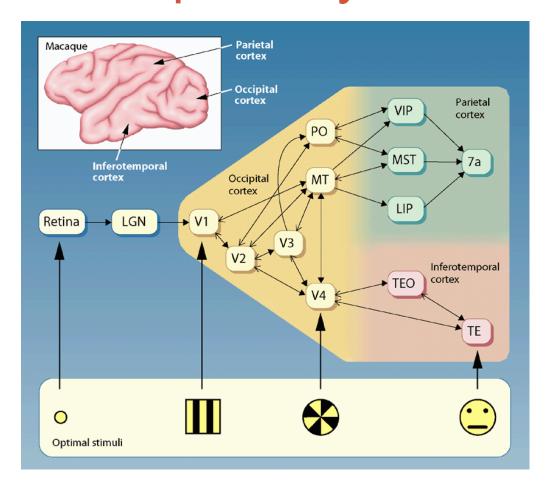


Number of Distractors

Think, pair, share

Why is conjunction search serial, and feature search is parallel? Feel free to look up anything you want online to answer the question.

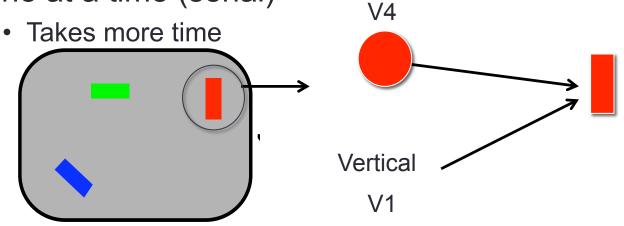
Visual pathway



Features are split up into different brain regions.

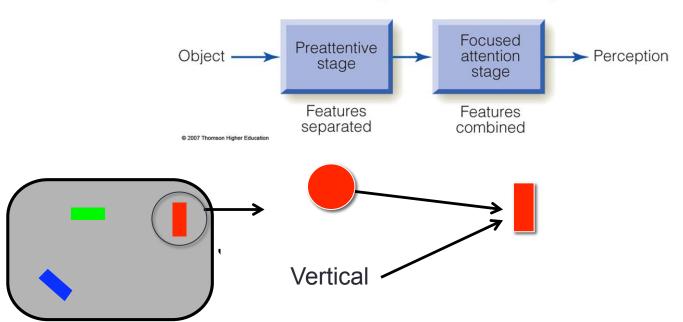
Why is conjunction search slower?

- Feature integration theory
 - Attention is needed to integrate features
 - Feature search you do not have to attend to each stimulus
 - Conjunction search you have to attend to each stimulus one at a time (serial)



- Feature integration theory
 - Preattentive stage features are not bound together
 - 'Free floating', separate maps...
 - Attentive stage features are bound together
 - 'Localized', one object file

Feature integration theory



Writing an introduction section

- We will be writing Labs as if we were the first to do the experiment!
- Introduction should build up to your hypothesis
 - First, determine what your hypothesis is
 - This is usually done before the experiment is run, based on previous literature
 - Find literature that will answer why you believe your hypothesis
 - Start broad, then get more specific

Introduction section

- Three primary sections
 - Hook
 - Find a way to hook your reader so they are interested in reading on
 - This is typically something that states how important the function is
 - Literature review to support your hypothesis
 - The largest section
 - Start broad general definitions and background
 - Then get more specific once everything is defined, narrow your search to only papers that relate to your hypothesis
 - Hypothesis
 - Briefly review your literature review and state your hypothesis
 - Briefly talk about why your experiment will test your hypothesis