

# **Honey Bee Colonies**

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#### **Special Note**

Data collection for July 2019 quarterly honey bee colonies has been suspended. Before deciding to suspend data collection, NASS reviewed its estimating programs against mission- and user-based criteria as well as the amount of time remaining in the fiscal year to meet its budget and program requirements while maintaining the strongest data in service to U.S. agriculture. Information about all NASS surveys and reports is available online at www.nass.usda.gov.

#### January 1 Honey Bee Colonies Up 1 Percent for Operations with Five or More Colonies

**Honey bee colonies for operations with five or more colonies** in the United States on January 1, 2019 totaled 2.67 million colonies, up 1 percent from January 1, 2018. During 2018, honey bee colonies on January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1 were 2.64 million, 2.67 million, 2.96 million, and 2.87 million colonies, respectively.

**Honey bee colonies lost for operations with five or more colonies** from January through March 2019, was 408 thousand colonies, or 15 percent. During the quarter of October through December 2018, colonies lost totaled 445 thousand colonies, or 16 percent, the highest number lost of any quarter in 2018. The quarter in 2018 with the lowest number of colonies lost was April through June, with 355 thousand colonies lost, or 13 percent.

Honey bee colonies added for operations with five or more colonies from January through March 2019 was 248 thousand colonies. During the quarter of April through June 2018, 676 thousand colonies were added, the highest number of honey bee colonies added for any quarter of 2018. The quarter of October through December 2018 added 220 thousand colonies, the least number of honey bee colonies added for any quarter of 2018.

Honey bee colonies renovated for operations with five or more colonies from January through March 2019 was 180 thousand colonies, or 7 percent. The quarter in 2018 with the highest number of colonies renovated was April through June with 740 thousand colonies renovated, or 28 percent. The quarter in 2018 with the lowest number of colonies renovated was October through December 2018, with 155 thousand, or 5 percent. Renovated colonies are those that were requeened or received new honey bees through a nuc or package.

#### Varroa Mites Top Colony Stressor for Operations with Five or More Colonies

**Varroa mites were the number one stressor for operations with five or more colonies** during all quarters of 2018. The quarter of April through June 2018 had the highest percentage of colonies reported to be affected by varroa mites at 56.4 percent. The percent of colonies reported to be affected by varroa mites during January through March 2019 were 45.6 percent.

Colonies Lost with Colony Collapse Disorder Symptoms Down 26 Percent for Operations with Five or More Colonies

Honey bee colonies lost with Colony Collapse Disorder symptoms on operations with five or more colonies was 59.9 thousand colonies from January through March 2019. This is a 26 percent decrease from the same quarter of 2018.

## **Contents**

Colonies, Maximum, Lost, Percent Lost, Added, Renovated, and Percent Renovated with Five or More Colonies  – States and United States: January 1, 2018 and January-March 2018	3
Colonies, Maximum, Lost, Percent Lost, Added, Renovated, and Percent Renovated with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: April 1, 2018 and April-June 2018	4
Colonies, Maximum, Lost, Percent Lost, Added, Renovated, and Percent Renovated with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: July 1, 2018 and July-September 2018	5
Colonies, Maximum, Lost, Percent Lost, Added, Renovated, and Percent Renovated with Five or More Colonies  – States and United States: October 1, 2018 and October-December 2018	6
Colonies, Maximum, Lost, Percent Lost, Added, Renovated, and Percent Renovated with Five or More Colonies  – States and United States: January 1, 2019 and January-March 2019	7
Colony Health Stressors with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: January-March 2018	8
Colony Health Stressors with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: April-June 2018	9
Colony Health Stressors with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: July-September 2018	10
Colony Health Stressors with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: October-December 2018	11
Colony Health Stressors with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: January-March 2019	12
Colonies Lost with Colony Collapse Disorder Symptoms with Five or More Colonies – United States: Quarterly January-December 2018 and 2019	13
Statistical Methodology	14
Terms and Definitions of Honey Bee Colony Estimates	15
Information Contacts	16

# Colonies, Maximum, Lost, Percent Lost, Added, Renovated, and Percent Renovated with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: January 1, 2018 and January-March 2018

	January 1			Januar	y-March		
State	colonies	Maximum colonies <sup>1</sup>	Lost colonies	Percent lost <sup>2</sup>	Added colonies	Renovated colonies <sup>3</sup>	Percent renovated <sup>4</sup>
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(percent)	(number)	(number)	(percent)
Alabama	7,500	7,500	820	11	1,200	1,500	20
Arizona	25,000	26,000	6,000	23	810	230	1
Arkansas	22,000	22,000	7,500	34	540	810	4
California	1,150,000	1,540,000	215,000	14	205,000	133,000	9
Colorado	13,000	21,000	4,900	23	1,400	190	1
Connecticut	2,900	2,900	140	5	220	330	11
Florida	245,000	255,000	39,000	15	57,000	38,000	15
Seorgia	134,000	139,000	25,000	18	29,000	39,000	28
ławaii	17,000	17,000	1,600	9	1,200	5,000	29
daho	164,000	168,000	22,000	13	2,500	2,600	2
Ilinois	10,500	10,500	2,400	23	1,000	630	6
ndiana	7,000	8,000	1,000	13	300	30	(Z)
owa	41,000	44,000	2,100	5	270	110	(Z)
Cansas	3,700	3,700	950	26	370	410	11
Centucky	5,500	5,500	1,200	22	760	20	(Z
ouisiana	50,000	52,000	3,600	7	4,100	320	` 1
/laine	1,900	1,900	410	22	20	30	2
Maryland	8,000	8,000	1,600	20	400	190	2
lassachusetts	3,700	3,700	1,000	27	240	290	8
/lichigan	16,500	37,000	7,000	19	4,000	3,900	11
linnesota	39,000	62,000	3,900	6	8,000	2,900	5
/lississippi	19,000	32,000	2,000	6	28,000	5,500	17
lissouri	8,000	8,000	1,400	18	1,400	50	(Z)
Nontana	35,000	60,000	140	(Z)	840	-	
lebraska	6,500	14,000	430	3	-	-	
lew Jersey	6,500	6,500	730	11	180	190	3
lew Mexico	7,500	7,500	3,900	52	180	-	
lew York	26,000	26,000	3,700	14	400	170	1
lorth Carolina	18,500	18,500	4,200	23	2,400	260	1
North Dakota	66,000	101,000	3,200	3	2,600	10	(Z)
Ohio	12,000	14,000	4,500	32	300	580	4
Oklahoma	17,000	18,000	3,700	21	890	240	1
Oregon	81,000	89,000	4,800	5	16,500	3,900	4
Pennsylvania	14,500	15,000	3,300	22	1,200	670	4
South Carolina	13,500	14,500	1,800	12	1,900	2,800	19
outh Dakota	23,000	29,000	390	1	250	90	(Z <u>)</u>
ennessee	10,000	10,000	3,400	34	540	470	5
exas	205,000	290,000	32,000	11	124,000	42,000	14
Itah ermont	7,500 5,500	17,000 5,500	620 810	4 15	490 20	50	(Z
/irginia	7,000	7,000	2,100	30	540	160	2
Vashington	44,000	90,000	4,600	5	7,000	870	1
Vest Virginia	4,700	8,500	2,500	29	330	60	1
Visconsin	21,000	29,000	4,600	16	2,800	1,600	6
Vyoming	5,500	9,000	220	2	70	-	
Other States 5	3,820	7,020	1,870	27	160	40	1
United States	2,635,220	(X)	438,030	17	511,320	289,200	11

<sup>-</sup> Represents zero.

<sup>(</sup>X) Not applicable.

<sup>(</sup>Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> January 1 colonies plus all colonies moved into that state during the quarter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by maximum colonies except for the United States, where percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by the January 1 colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Defined as any surviving colony that was requeened or received new honey bees through nuc or package.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by maximum colonies except for the United States, where percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by the January 1 colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes data for States not published in this table.

# Colonies, Maximum, Lost, Percent Lost, Added, Renovated, and Percent Renovated with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: April 1, 2018 and April-June 2018

	April 1			April	-June		
State	colonies	Maximum colonies <sup>1</sup>	Lost colonies	Percent lost <sup>2</sup>	Added colonies	Renovated colonies <sup>3</sup>	Percent renovated <sup>4</sup>
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(percent)	(number)	(number)	(percent)
Alabama	7,000	8,500	650	8	1,700	710	8
Arizona	19,000	19,500	2,600	13	14,000	2,100	11
Arkansas	14,500	16,000	2,000	13	13,000	1,900	12
California	1,130,000	1,200,000	110,000	9	172,000	255,000	21
Colorado	16,500	27,000	3,000	11	12,500	4,700	17
Connecticut	3,600	3,600	120	3	340	170	5
lorida	250,000	275,000	56,000	20	49,000	68,000	25
Seorgia	131,000	137,000	18,000	13	35,000	16,000	12
Hawaii	16,500	16,500	380	2	330	3,100	19
daho	59,000	94,000	6,500	7	14,500	29,000	31
Ilinois	10,000	10,500	2,300	22	5,000	2,900	28
ndiana	8,000	9,500	1,800	19	4,000	730	8
owa	45,000	47,000	4,300	9	15,500	4,800	10
Cansas	3,900	3,900	300	8	3,500	2,100	54
Centucky	5,500	6,000	910	15	1,500	560	9
ouisiana	48,000	48,000	1,400	3	4,900	4,000	3
faine	2,200	23,000	3,100	13	430	790	3
Maryland	7,000	8,000	370	5	2,400	1,200	15
lassachusetts	3,500	8,000	260	3	910	350	4
lichigan	37,000	70,000	7,500	11	23,000	8,500	12
linnesota	69,000	116,000	8,500	7	42,000	25,000	22
lississippi	50,000	50,000	3,400	7	4,000	7,000	14
issouri	7,000	7,000	390	6	2,100	800	11
ontana	50,000	176,000	5,500	3	17,000	22,000	13
ebraska	10,500	46,000	2,100	5	4,000	900	2
ew Jersey	4,400	15,000	270	2	1,300	170	,
ew Mexico	1,900	4,300	50	1	1,700	450	10
ew York	20,000	42,000	2,700	6	11,000	2,400	6
lorth Carolina	16,000	17,500	2,500	14	4,100	800	.5
lorth Dakota	74,000	460,000	23,000	5	23,000	64,000	14
hio	11,000 15,500	13,000 15,500	1,500 1,700	12 11	9,000 10,500	2,100 6,500	16 42
	· ·	· ·	· ·	3	-	·	22
regon	41,000 15,500	107,000 19,500	3,400	6	17,500	24,000 1,600	22
ennsylvaniaouth Carolina	· ·	,	1,100	9	6,000	·	
	14,000	14,000	1,300		2,600	4,000	29
outh Dakota	10,000 8,000	169,000 8,000	17,000	10 15	12,500 3,800	65,000 1,300	38
ennessee			1,200	12			16
exas	305,000	315,000	38,000	7	79,000	71,000	23 16
tah ermont	14,500 5,500	26,000 6,500	1,900 520	8	9,500 2,600	4,100 140	2
irginia	5,000	6,000	500	8	2,600	700	12
Vashington	55,000	122,000	7,500	6	15,500	19,000	16
Vest Virginia	7,000	7,000	570	8	2,300	550	8
Visconsin	26,000	56,000	6,500	12	12,000	7,000	13
Vyoming	8,500	28,000	2,300	8	5,500	2,200	8
Other States 5	4,380	8,670	380	4	1,750	1,030	12
Jnited States	2,665,880	(X)	355,270	13	676,360	740,350	28

<sup>(</sup>X) Not applicable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> April 1 colonies plus all colonies moved into that state during the quarter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by maximum colonies except for the United States, where percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by the April 1 colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Defined as any surviving colony that was requeened or received new honey bees through nuc or package.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by maximum colonies except for the United States, where percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by the April 1 colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes data for States not published in this table.

# Colonies, Maximum, Lost, Percent Lost, Added, Renovated, and Percent Renovated with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: July 1, 2018 and July-September 2018

	lulu 4			July-Se	ptember		
State	July 1 colonies	Maximum colonies 1	Lost colonies	Percent lost <sup>2</sup>	Added colonies	Renovated colonies <sup>3</sup>	Percent Renovated <sup>4</sup>
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(percent)	(number)	(number)	(percent)
Alabama	8,500	8,500	1,700	20	1,600	1,300	15
Arizona	31,000	31,000	8,000	26	3,200	3,100	10
Arkansas	29,000	29,000	2,300	8	2,600	840	3
California	590,000	700,000	73,000	10	63,000	141,000	20
Colorado	34,000	35,000	5,000	14	1,500	5,000	14
Connecticut	3,200	3,200	130	4	80	310	10
Florida	197,000	220,000	30,000	14	53,000	40,000	18
Georgia	134,000	138,000	17,000	12	27,000	33,000	24
HawaiiIdaho	16,500 82,000	16,500 101,000	1,800 14,000	11 14	1,700 15,000	3,000 21,000	18 21
idano	02,000	101,000	14,000	14	13,000	21,000	21
Illinois	11,000	11,000	660	6	700	420	4
Indiana	11,500	11,500	990	9	520	1,200	10
lowa	56,000	57,000	3,600	6	1,200	990	2
Kansas	6,000	6,000	950	16	300	180	3
Kentucky	6,500	7,000	840	12	300	660	9
Louisiana	53,000 12,500	53,000 12,500	1,900 890	4 7	1,600 60	2,300	4
Maine Maryland	7,500	7,500	360	5	580	170 680	9
Massachusetts	8,000	10,000	2,200	22	850 850	730	7
Michigan	88,000	88,000	8,000	9	3,000	22,000	25
		33,333	3,555		3,333	,000	
Minnesota	121,000	127,000	29,000	23	1,600	6,500	5
Mississippi	16,500	16,500	2,900	18	110	650	4
Missouri	10,000	10,000	540	5	260	410	4
Montana	145,000	153,000	18,500	12	3,100	22,000	14
Nebraska	52,000	54,000	6,500	12	8,500	5,000	9
New Jersey	14,000	14,000	320	2	250	220	2
New Mexico New York	6,000 55,000	7,000 56,000	1,200 3,900	17 7	3,800 3,600	1,000 3,700	14 7
North Carolina	18,000	18,000	2,200	12	2,600	2,000	11
North Dakota	455,000	490,000	59,000	12	23,000	14,500	3
Ttorar Banola	100,000	100,000			20,000	1 1,000	· ·
Ohio	16,000	16,000	1,300	8	1,300	2,100	13
Oklahoma	2,100	2,100	370	18	20	10	(Z)
Oregon	116,000	117,000	13,000	11	3,000	49,000	42
Pennsylvania	20,000	21,000	860	4	2,900	2,300	11
South Carolina	9,500 168,000	11,500 197,000	1,400 22,000	12 11	670 8,000	1,100 6,500	10 3
Tennessee	9,000	9,000	900	10	540	1,000	11
Texas	112,000	124,000	7,500	6	7,500	9,500	8
Utah	30,000	30,000	4,400	15	970	1,400	5
Vermont	7,000	7,000	90	1	1,200	80	1
Virginia	7,500	7,500	610	8	1,000	990	13
Washington	76,000	84,000	12,000	14	7,000	3,600	4
West Virginia	7,500	8,000	520	7	170	1,200	15
Wisconsin	61,000	69,000	10,000	14	2,400	3,800	6
Wyoming	33,000	34,000	3,900	11	1,800	3,900	11
Other States 5	6,490	9,990	890	9	480	440	4
United States	2,958,790	(X)	377,120	13	263,560	420,780	14
(X) Not applicable	,,	` /	, •	,	/	-,	

<sup>(</sup>X) Not applicable.

<sup>(</sup>Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> July 1 colonies plus all colonies moved into that state during the quarter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by maximum colonies except for the United States, where percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by the July 1 colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Defined as any surviving colony that was requeened or received new honey bees through nuc or package.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by maximum colonies except for the United States, where percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by the July 1 colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes data for States not published in this table.

# Colonies, Maximum, Lost, Percent Lost, Added, Renovated, and Percent Renovated with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: October 1, 2018 and October-December 2018

	Octob = 1.4			October-	December		
State	October 1 colonies	Maximum colonies 1	Lost colonies	Percent lost <sup>2</sup>	Added colonies	Renovated colonies <sup>3</sup>	Percent renovated <sup>4</sup>
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(percent)	(number)	(number)	(percent)
Alabama	6,500	6,500	830	13	210	1,300	20
Arizona	26,000	27,000	5,000	19	2,200	330	1
Arkansas	30,000	31,000	6,000	19	110	230	1
California	680,000	1,200,000	170,000	14	86,000	46,000	4
Colorado	30,000	30,000	3,500	12	370	10	(Z)
Connecticut	3,500	3,500	220	6	-	60	2
Florida	240,000	290,000	43,000	15	53,000	20.000	7
Georgia	148,000	164,000	19,500	12	6,500	49,000	30
Hawaii	16,000	16,000	940	6	1,700	6,000	38
Idaho	99,000	159,000	15,000	9	9,000	910	1
Illinois	12,000	12,000	1,400	12	600	350	3
Indiana	9,000	9,000	3,300	37	40	1,200	13
lowa	21,000	21,000	4,200	20	630	80	(Z)
Kansas	5,500	5,500	1,000	18	420	10	(Z)
Kentucky	7,000	7,000	2,000	29	60	430	6
Louisiana	50,000	52,000	2,600	5	130	200	(Z)
Maine	12,000	12,000	1,400	12	210	880	7
Maryland	7,000	9,000	690	8	60	90	1
Massachusetts	4,900	4,900	650	13	110	320	7
Michigan	77,000	77,000	6,000	8	3,900	1,800	2
Minnesota	84,000	86,000	11,500	13	2,500	590	1
Mississippi	14,500	25,000	2,000	8	330	50	(Z)
Missouri	10,000	10,000	880	9	170	150	ĺ ź
Montana	98,000	102,000	5,500	5	3,100	500	(Z)
Nebraska	45,000	45,000	5,000	11	7,000	840	`ź
New Jersey	15,500	15,500	1,300	8	30	80	1
New Mexico	8,000	8,000	3,000	38	50	-	-
New York	53,000	53,000	4,400	8	1,000	1,500	3
North Carolina	16,000	16,000	2,700	17	250	300	2
North Dakota	430,000	435,000	29,000	7	7,500	1,500	(Z)
Ohio	15,500	15,500	2,100	14	170	450	3
Oklahoma	2,200	57,000	2,500	4	60	20	(Z)
Oregon	89,000	101,000	13,000	13	10,500	12,000	12
Pennsylvania	21,000	21,000	4,000	19	270	1,500	7
South Carolina	10,000	12,500	1,500	12	770	790	6
South Dakota	140,000	140,000	21,000	15	2,000	430	(Z)
Tennessee	8,000	8,500	1,900	22	30	370	4
Texas	116,000	260,000	17,000	7	11,000	70	(Z)
Utah	27,000	27,000	3,400	13	180	400	1
Vermont	6,500	6,500	170	3	10	20	(Z)
Virginia	7,000	7,000	1,100	16	80	1,300	19
Washington	75,000	81,000	11,000	14	5,500	1,400	2
West Virginia	7,000	7,000	1,200	17	50	70	1
Wisconsin	48,000	48,000	8,500	18	1,600	530	1
Wyoming	30,000	32,000	2,700	8	220	-	-
Other States 5	8,370	8,670	1,150	13	20	500	6
United States	2,868,970	(X)	444,730	16	219,640	154,560	5

<sup>-</sup> Represents zero.

<sup>(</sup>X) Not applicable.

<sup>(</sup>Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

October 1 colonies plus all colonies moved into that state during the quarter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by maximum colonies except for the United States, where percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by the October 1 colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Defined as any surviving colony that was requeened or received new honey bees through nuc or package.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by maximum colonies except for the United States, where percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by the October 1 colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes data for States not published in this table.

# Colonies, Maximum, Lost, Percent Lost, Added, Renovated, and Percent Renovated with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: January 1, 2019 and January-March 2019

	1		· · ·	Januar	y-March		
State	January 1 colonies	Maximum colonies 1	Lost colonies	Percent lost <sup>2</sup>	Added colonies	Renovated colonies <sup>3</sup>	Percent renovated <sup>4</sup>
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(percent)	(number)	(number)	(percent)
Alabama	5,500	5,500	650	12	800	200	4
Arizona	22,000	22,000	2,500	11	430	90	(Z)
Arkansas	28,000	28,000	6,500	23	20	20	(Z)
California	1,140,000	1,580,000	235,000	15	83,000	86,000	5
Colorado	5,000	7,500	320	4	-	-	-
Connecticut	3,100	3,100	270	9	170	10	(Z)
Florida	300,000	315,000	46,000	15	41.000	16,500	5
Georgia	120,000	129,000	14,500	11	19,500	8,000	6
Hawaii	16,500	16,500	390	2	660	3,700	22
Idaho	132,000	145,000	12,500	9	4,600	1,100	1
Illinois	9.000	9,000	2,300	26	210	80	1
Indiana	6,000	6,000	710	12	440	280	5
lowa	7,500	11,500	1,600	14	170	140	1
Kansas	4,500	4,500	1,500	33	370	110	2
Kentucky	3,700	4,400	890	20	60	30	1
Louisiana	49,000	51,000	3,500	7	9,000	16,000	31
Maine	7,000	7,000	470	7	10	30	(Z)
Maryland	8,000	8,000	2,300	29	30	10	(Z)
Massachusetts	3,800	3,800	680	18	60	20	(2)
Michigan	24,000	33,000	6,500	20	-	-	-
Minnesota	17,000	43,000	2,200	5	80	470	1
Mississippi	26,000	29,000	2,400	8	3,800	1,700	6
Missouri	8,500	8,500	1,100	13	80	60	1
Montana	37,000	68,000	3,500	5	1,700	1,900	3
Nebraska	13,500	16,500	2,500	15	- 1,700	- 1,000	-
New Jersey	6,000	6,000	310	5	130	60	1
New Mexico	4,800	4,800	170	4	-	-	· <u>-</u>
New York	24,000	24,000	3,400	14	110	80	(Z)
North Carolina	10,500	14,500	1,700	12	750	890	6
North Dakota	92,000	102,000	1,100	1	-	1,300	1
Ohio	10,500	12,500	3,500	28	1,700	440	4
Oklahoma	21,000	55,000	50	(Z)	20	-	-
Oregon	89,000	95,000	7,500	8	8,000	1,800	2
Pennsylvania	15,000	15,000	2,900	19	370	320	2
South Carolina	12,000	13,000	690	5	2,000	340	3
South Dakota	18,500	18,500	1,100	6	, <u>-</u>	-	-
Tennessee	6,000	7,000	1,500	21	240	320	5
Texas	260,000	330,000	17,000	5	61,000	35,000	11
Utah	8,500	11,000	1,800	16	900	-	-
Vermont	6,500	6,500	260	4	50	-	-
Virginia	5,500	5,500	1,100	20	80	110	2
Washington	51,000	75,000	7,000	9	5,500	2,200	3
West Virginia	5,000	7,000	1,300	19	20	60	1
Wisconsin	16,500	17,000	3,700	22	580	100	1
Wyoming	6,500	9,500	250	3	-	-	-
Other States 5	6,070	6,070	590	10	70	30	(Z)
United States	2,671,470	(X)	407,700	15	247,710	179,500	7

<sup>-</sup> Represents zero.

<sup>(</sup>X) Not applicable.

<sup>(</sup>Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> January 1 colonies plus all colonies moved into that state during the quarter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by maximum colonies except for the United States, where percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by the January 1 colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Defined as any surviving colony that was requeened or received new honey bees through nuc or package.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by maximum colonies except for the United States, where percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by the January 1 colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes data for States not published in this table.

### Colony Health Stressors with Five or More Colonies - States and United States: January-March 2018

State	Varroa mites	Other pests and parasites <sup>1</sup>	Diseases <sup>2</sup>	Pesticides	Other <sup>3</sup>	Unknown
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	29.2	30.2	1.9	14.9	8.6	4.5
Arizona	36.3	4.3	4.6	15.3	7.9	4.2
Arkansas	21.1	9.6	1.0	23.0	4.6	13.9
California	41.3	11.3	4.8	11.5	8.0	4.9
Colorado	31.7	0.8	3.8	0.5	13.7	2.4
Connecticut	14.5	0.7	-	0.8	7.7	3.5
Florida	31.7	15.3	4.5	9.2	5.5	16.0
Georgia	39.6	18.7	0.9	14.8	27.1	2.1
Hawaii	83.0	84.5	0.1		0.1	(Z)
Idaho	28.3	5.7	0.8	3.4	3.4	0.4
Illinois	25.7	11.2	3.6	3.5	10.4	10.9
Indiana	33.4	8.3	3.0	0.5	9.9	3.7
lowa	5.3	1.1	0.3	0.6	0.6	1.4
Kansas	63.0	20.3	1.0	4.3	27.9	9.1
Kentucky	43.0	29.6	0.9	11.0	8.0	5.9
Louisiana	4.9	0.7	0.2	0.7	4.5	1.6
Maine	23.6	0.6	0.2	-	5.2	7.4
Maryland	18.2	5.6	4.4	1.5	14.3	3.1
Massachusetts	19.6	1.1	0.8	0.8	9.6	7.4
Michigan	21.4	3.5	0.7	7.4	12.0	5.9
Minnesota	2.0	0.7	1.9	0.6	1.1	1.6
Mississippi	7.0	4.8	(Z)	0.6	2.4	34.4
Missouri	86.0	77.8	0.3	3.5	26.5	23.9
Montana	28.9	(Z)	(Z)	26.1	0.1	0.1
Nebraska	4.5	1.6	-	2.8	1.7	0.9
New Jersey	14.9	1.9	-	0.4	3.8	0.8
New Mexico	42.8	0.5	<del>-</del>	1.3	9.4	0.5
New York	25.3	11.9	1.4	1.9	8.0	6.0
North Carolina	29.7	10.2	0.3	0.3	13.4	8.0
North Dakota	1.4	0.1	1.1	-	0.8	-
Ohio Oklahoma	39.6 24.1	10.0 8.5	6.5 3.2	3.2 0.1	15.8	11.6 2.0
	36.0	0.7	1.2	6.7	3.1 3.7	
Oregon	34.4					1.0 9.9
PennsylvaniaSouth Carolina	29.3	5.6 15.5	3.3 0.7	9.3 2.6	5.9	3.0
					13.5	
South Dakota	4.4	0.1	(Z)	(Z)	0.5	0.1
Tennessee	29.2	20.4	2.3	3.0	13.2	19.7
Texas	21.5	10.1	4.8	0.2	1.7	10.3
Utah Vermont	18.7 17.0	1.2	0.1 0.3	0.6	0.1 2.0	0.5 0.8
Virginia	26.0	11.3	0.3	3.9	7.7	16.3
Washington	8.5	0.9	1.0	1.9	0.4	0.4
West Virginia	15.0	8.0	2.0	3.4	20.8	4.9
Wisconsin	14.1	3.7	1.2	1.5	3.6	3.7
Wyoming	0.8	0.3	0.1	-	1.9	0.9
Other States 4	20.7	0.4	0.1	-	1.9	1.1
United States	40.7	12.7	4.3	10.3	8.7	7.1

<sup>-</sup> Represents zero.

<sup>(</sup>Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

1 Tracheal mites, nosema, hive beetle, wax moths, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes American and European foulbrood, chalkbrood, stonebrood, paralysis (acute and chronic), kashmir, deformed wing, sacbrood, IAPV, Lake

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes weather, starvation, insufficient forage, queen failure, hive damage/destroyed, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes data for States not published in this table.

### Colony Health Stressors with Five or More Colonies - States and United States: April-June 2018

State	Varroa mites	Other pests and parasites <sup>1</sup>	Diseases <sup>2</sup>	Pesticides	Other <sup>3</sup>	Unknown
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	25.2	27.3	1.3	14.4	9.4	2.1
Arizona	73.8	7.2	32.8	0.8	14.3	4.1
Arkansas	30.9	12.8	0.7	2.2	17.0	13.2
California	41.5	10.2	11.1	13.7	9.0	5.0
Colorado	41.7	(Z)	12.7	3.6	4.2	0.5
Connecticut	11.1	0.9	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.4
Florida	45.3	27.5	9.6	15.5	10.1	21.1
Georgia	53.0	25.9	13.8	14.8	31.4	10.1
Hawaii	88.3	91.9	0.4	-	0.8	0.2
Idaho	51.6	3.7	3.0	18.5	4.1	4.4
Illinois	13.7	7.8	6.7	6.6	9.9	2.4
Indiana	78.0	3.5	0.4	4.5	1.3	1.1
lowa	12.7	9.3	0.9	7.9	8.4	0.3
Kansas	42.8	31.6	1.3	24.9	2.1	1.6
Kentucky	40.9	20.2	0.6	1.0	4.1	5.9
Louisiana	8.1	5.9	0.2	0.8	1.2	1.3
Maine	1.4	0.8	0.2	1.3	0.5	(Z)
Maryland	11.8	3.4	0.8	0.3	4.4	0.4
		1.1	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.1
Massachusetts	6.3					
Michigan	75.4	18.6	10.8	11.7	12.7	9.8
Minnesota	12.9	9.3	7.2	6.0	8.0	20.7
Mississippi	44.6	26.2	-	0.2	3.5	2.2
Missouri	11.8	13.2	0.8	1.5	8.3	2.6
Montana	42.9	4.7	3.3	1.7	0.9	1.2
Nebraska	5.0	1.4	1.4	4.2	9.0	5.5
New Jersey	16.5	3.3	(Z)	0.1	3.4	0.1
New Mexico	0.3	0.1	0.3	-	0.2	1.0
New York	39.6	20.0	15.0	6.6	16.7	3.7
North Carolina	9.7	2.6	0.5	2.4	14.6	0.8
North Dakota	34.8	7.9	4.9	4.7	4.9	4.3
NOTHI Dakota	34.6	7.9	4.9	4.7	4.9	4.3
Ohio	38.8	30.7	1.7	2.7	21.6	1.5
Oklahoma	60.2	10.9	9.6	26.7	12.4	0.1
Oregon	46.1	3.5	8.1	6.6	15.6	0.2
Pennsylvania	31.3	16.0	2.2	2.0	1.6	1.9
South Carolina	14.2	3.5	0.7	1.6	10.0	3.0
South Dakota	55.1	40.4	7.3	3.8	37.5	(Z)
Tennessee	30.0	22.9	3.0	3.4	6.2	2.5
Texas	26.5	17.7	8.1	4.5	8.5	14.6
Utah	43.5	3.7	2.0	1.7	1.4	1.9
Vermont	21.8	1.5	0.7	16.7	1.8	0.1
Virginia	22.7	18.8	3.2	1.3	23.1	1.5
Washington	55.9	9.4	7.6	7.6	7.1	0.6
West Virginia	13.8	7.5	0.9	2.9	13.6	7.9
Wisconsin	32.1	16.9	18.3	27.1	29.5	0.8
Wyoming	9.6	0.1	2.1	2.1	2.7	3.7
Other States <sup>4</sup>	19.8	0.9	0.9	(Z)	3.5	0.2
United States	56.4	19.4	11.6	13.3	14.7	9.3

<sup>-</sup> Represents zero.

<sup>(</sup>Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

1 Tracheal mites, nosema, hive beetle, wax moths, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes American and European foulbrood, chalkbrood, stonebrood, paralysis (acute and chronic), kashmir, deformed wing, sacbrood, IAPV, Lake

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes weather, starvation, insufficient forage, queen failure, hive damage/destroyed, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes data for States not published in this table.

### Colony Health Stressors with Five or More Colonies - States and United States: July-September 2018

State	Varroa mites	Other pests and parasites <sup>1</sup>	Diseases <sup>2</sup>	Pesticides	Other <sup>3</sup>	Unknown
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	77.5	69.4	0.7	14.6	7.8	6.8
Arizona	52.5	2.3	4.5	3.8	15.0	27.6
Arkansas	29.9	7.8	0.1	17.6	0.5	0.6
California	57.3	6.6	4.5	17.8	12.0	3.6
Colorado	72.6	16.6	5.6	2.9	8.5	4.5
Connecticut	13.0	-	-	1.4	2.5	1.2
Florida	35.0	20.5	4.2	7.6	14.3	9.8
Georgia	49.8	20.4	2.4	27.7	6.0	7.2
Hawaii	88.3	89.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	_
Idaho	83.6	5.4	14.6	26.5	13.8	5.7
Illinois	21.2	10.6	2.1	5.1	1.5	7.0
Indiana	29.5	12.2	1.4	20.6	5.0	0.5
lowa	29.9	9.8	8.5	0.4	1.9	0.4
Kansas	76.8	51.1	6.6	8.0	23.7	7.9
Kentucky	47.1	26.5	1.6	1.5	4.5	7.6
Louisiana	31.3	29.9	0.2	1.7	1.0	1.6
Maine	37.0	1.0	1.1		3.5	0.5
Maryland	11.7	6.0	0.3	0.6	1.1	3.8
Massachusetts	75.9	11.2	10.7	10.1	1.1	10.3
Michigan	92.4	13.8	1.1	23.8	19.5	18.6
Wildingari	92.4	13.0	1.1	23.0	19.5	10.0
Minnesota	44.5	12.4	6.0	28.4	9.3	8.1
Mississippi	25.2	8.6	(Z)	0.5	7.5	7.2
Missouri	18.2	16.9	1.2	1.2	7.5	1.1
Montana	43.8	18.5	18.0	6.8	21.8	2.7
Nebraska	24.1	3.2	5.9	6.5	4.3	4.0
New Jersey	12.3	5.1	0.2	0.1	1.0	0.4
New Mexico	-	-	-	12.3	0.4	0.2
New York	40.7	20.6	18.6	24.4	22.9	10.2
North Carolina	66.0	17.9	11.4	8.4	11.4	3.1
North Dakota	52.6	11.5	9.6	10.4	10.9	1.2
Ohio	58.9	40.9	2.6	1.3	11.9	1.2
Oklahoma	59.6	51.1	0.1	23.5	17.2	23.4
Oregon	57.2	2.8	7.0	45.1	10.7	0.8
Pennsylvania	23.5	8.1	1.9	1.6	1.7	2.6
South Carolina	76.8	53.4	0.7	32.4	7.6	0.9
South Dakota	54.7	32.9	3.3	8.5	45.0	1.6
Tennessee	70.6	53.2	0.7	13.2	5.6	2.1
Texas	18.8	4.4	0.4	6.2	2.8	0.9
Utah	34.0	15.5	0.1	0.2	1.0	0.7
Vermont	29.3	4.9	4.3	24.1	0.3	-
Virginia	39.0	28.5	2.6	7.7	11.6	1.7
Washington	7.1	0.6	0.6	2.7	9.9	2.8
West Virginia	57.0	52.6	0.3	0.3	6.8	2.1
Wisconsin	54.4	32.7	2.6	19.5	6.1	4.3
Wyoming	35.4	2.8	2.2	9.0	3.3	4.0
Other States <sup>4</sup>	22.8	2.4	1.3	2.9	4.9	0.7
United States	53.8	15.2	6.4	15.7	13.9	4.7

<sup>-</sup> Represents zero.

<sup>(</sup>Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

1 Tracheal mites, nosema, hive beetle, wax moths, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes American and European foulbrood, chalkbrood, stonebrood, paralysis (acute and chronic), kashmir, deformed wing, sacbrood, IAPV, Lake

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes weather, starvation, insufficient forage, queen failure, hive damage/destroyed, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes data for States not published in this table.

### Colony Health Stressors with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: October-December 2018

State State	Varroa mites	Other pests and parasites <sup>1</sup>	Diseases <sup>2</sup>	Pesticides	Other <sup>3</sup>	Unknown
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	20.6	20.5	1.3	1.5	3.4	7.5
Arizona	20.6	8.3	3.1	(Z)	7.1	3.0
Arkansas	82.8	7.1	-	73.5	5.3	2.2
California	44.1	16.6	9.8	11.6	9.3	7.1
Colorado	73.2	5.9	1.0	(Z)	6.1	1.2
Connecticut	12.5	3.6	2.3	0.9	4.2	2.3
Florida	46.7	22.4	9.0	14.1	8.0	6.7
Georgia	41.4	17.4	9.2	6.9	5.6	7.8
Hawaii	70.5	83.3	(Z)	-	0.1	-
Idaho	64.9	47.4	9.6	15.9	7.0	4.5
Illinois	27.2	13.1	2.4	2.8	6.9	5.7
Indiana	51.3	21.3	23.8	64.6	35.4	2.3
lowa	55.1	27.2	8.9	31.6	29.4	5.6
Kansas	62.0	31.3	26.0	43.7	1.6	26.4
Kentucky	57.1	41.9	1.2	6.8	5.5	4.3
Louisiana	16.6	6.7	0.3	5.9	1.0	1.7
Maine	9.3	5.1	(Z)		1.2	0.1
Maryland	16.6	5.3	0.3	1.2	4.9	1.7
Massachusetts	33.2	9.2	8.1	9.4	3.4	5.3
Michigan	52.0	31.2	15.6	15.1	2.4	6.6
Minnesota	28.4	5.2	4.2	7.9	3.8	2.4
Mississippi	26.5	6.7	0.2	0.5	3.0	4.5
Missouri	37.0	10.0	1.1	2.3	1.9	4.1
Montana	40.7	13.0	5.6	17.5	2.9	(Z)
Nebraska	3.0	0.7	0.7	0.3	2.9	1.0
New Jersey	14.0	3.2	0.1	- 0.4	5.4	0.3
New Mexico	81.3	0.8	3.7	0.1	8.0	1.2 0.7
New York North Carolina	26.0 53.0	4.5	7.8 3.8	2.4 2.0	7.8 11.1	5.2
	29.5	10.4 9.4	8.1		4.3	4.6
North Dakota	29.5	9.4	0.1	10.6	4.3	4.0
Ohio	29.3	5.8	0.1	8.1	2.4	9.9
Oklahoma	13.1	0.4	(Z)	-	(Z)	0.3
Oregon	44.1	4.6	16.0	14.8	0.9	0.2
Pennsylvania	26.9	10.7	6.7	13.0	7.8	5.4
South Carolina	32.2	16.1	0.3	1.4	1.3	5.5
South Dakota	12.8	1.3	7.0	1.6	2.1	2.5
Tennessee	49.8	20.8	1.9	11.4	9.1	5.1
Texas	18.6	18.5	5.5	3.0	6.2	3.7
Utah	48.0	9.8	5.5	8.0	6.5	4.9
Vermont	6.2	1.3	-	-	0.8	0.7
Virginia	57.1	38.4	12.1	13.1	5.8	2.8
Washington	34.5	0.5	11.7	4.9	3.3	1.3
West Virginia	29.5	15.2	0.6	7.2	4.2	6.8
Wisconsin	29.9	28.3	1.5	24.5	7.6	5.2
Wyoming	43.9	7.9	2.6	6.8	1.0	1.4
Other States <sup>4</sup>	12.7	0.2	0.2	5.4	1.5	5.4
United States	50.5	20.3	10.4	13.8	8.4	6.5

<sup>-</sup> Represents zero.

<sup>(</sup>Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

1 Tracheal mites, nosema, hive beetle, wax moths, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes American and European foulbrood, chalkbrood, stonebrood, paralysis (acute and chronic), kashmir, deformed wing, sacbrood, IAPV, Lake

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes weather, starvation, insufficient forage, queen failure, hive damage/destroyed, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes data for States not published in this table.

### Colony Health Stressors with Five or More Colonies - States and United States: January-March 2019

State	Varroa mites	Other pests and parasites <sup>1</sup>	Diseases <sup>2</sup>	Pesticides	Other <sup>3</sup>	Unknown
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	27.2	22.7	1.8	0.3	3.1	9.0
Arizona	25.8	7.9	6.5	16.2	8.4	0.2
Arkansas	19.5	1.5	3.3	55.3	0.7	2.9
California	43.5	13.4	6.4	12.3	8.7	5.6
Colorado	11.2	0.3	-	-	2.5	0.6
Connecticut	10.1	1.3	_	_	3.6	1.7
Florida	46.9	24.8	5.5	22.9	7.4	5.5
Georgia	69.6	17.8	7.4	9.6	10.6	4.9
Hawaii	72.1	64.9	0.1	0.7	2.9	7.5
Idaho	24.5	8.0	8.0	9.2	8.6	(Z)
					0.0	(-/
Illinois	33.3	14.7	3.1	0.7	15.5	10.1
Indiana	15.6	8.8	2.6	5.5	7.1	1.7
lowa	34.8	1.7	0.6	0.3	7.7	3.5
Kansas	102.0	7.8	2.5	12.2	21.6	4.0
Kentucky	21.6	12.9	0.1	5.3	10.7	4.6
Louisiana	57.8	1.3	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.7
Maine	2.3	0.1	-	=	1.4	0.8
Maryland	12.6	5.1	0.2	(Z)	10.1	2.4
Massachusetts	10.3	-	-	4.3	6.3	0.9
Michigan	18.2	5.8	1.5	0.2	12.2	0.7
Minnesota	1.3	0.2	1.9		2.0	0.8
			-	40.4		
Mississippi	14.6	71.0	64.8	48.4	1.9	5.5
Missouri	5.4	2.3	1.9	0.5	5.4	3.2
Montana	15.1	(Z)	-	0.8	0.8	1.1
Nebraska	32.3	1.3	32.0	0.8	2.2	0.1
New Jersey	15.3	4.4	-	=	3.5	0.6
New Mexico	3.5	1.1	0.6		1.4	0.3
New York	10.6	2.5	1.7	1.7	7.7	9.0
North Carolina	16.4	2.0	0.2	0.7	2.2	3.4
North Dakota	6.9	-	-	6.5	0.4	1.3
Ohio	49.3	9.9	11.1	1.1	6.7	3.1
Oklahoma	7.7	0.3	-	-	(Z)	(Z)
Oregon	18.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	2.7	Ò.5
Pennsylvania	15.3	4.6	3.7	4.0	7.5	9.5
South Carolina	18.5	14.5	(Z)	1.7	12.4	1.0
South Dakota	0.8	(Z)	( <u>-</u> )	2.5	0.8	2.2
Tennessee	62.8	23.6	5.1	0.9	7.7	7.1
Texas	26.1	6.5	5.3	8.3	6.9	3.0
Utah	22.9	0.5	0.1	0.5	0.3	8.8
Vermont	6.2	0.1	2.4	-	0.3	1.2
Virginia	16.6	12.8	0.8	0.3	3.9	9.3
Washington	22.3	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.2
West Virginia	10.3	3.2	1.1	0.2	5.0	1.3
Wisconsin	15.9	3.2	0.7	1.1	13.8	5.0
Wyoming	0.7	-	0.1	-	0.5	2.3
Other States 4	6.9	1.8	0.3	-	2.1	1.6
United States	45.6	14.8	7.1	13.6	9.0	5.2

<sup>-</sup> Represents zero.

<sup>(</sup>Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

1 Tracheal mites, nosema, hive beetle, wax moths, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes American and European foulbrood, chalkbrood, stonebrood, paralysis (acute and chronic), kashmir, deformed wing, sacbrood, IAPV, Lake

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes weather, starvation, insufficient forage, queen failure, hive damage/destroyed, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes data for States not published in this table.

### Colonies Lost with Colony Collapse Disorder Symptoms with Five or More Colonies – United States: Quarterly January-December 2018 and 2019

[Loss reported that met all of the following criteria: 1) Little to no build-up of dead bees in the hive or at the hive entrance 2) Rapid loss of adult honey bee population despite the presence of queen, capped brood, and food reserves 3) Absence or delayed robbing of the food reserves 4) Loss not attributable to varroa or nosema loads. Blank cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Year	January- March	April- June	July- September	October- December
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
2018 2019	81,140 59,940	49,030	78,270	122,240

#### Statistical Methodology

**Survey Procedures:** Data for operations with honey bee colonies are collected quarterly from a stratified sample of operations that responded as having five or more honey bee colonies on the *Bee and Honey Inquiry* and from the NASS list frame. NASS Regional Field Offices maintain a list of all known operations with honey bees and use known sources of producers to update their lists. All operations are mailed a questionnaire and given adequate time to respond by mail or electronic data reporting (EDR). Those that do not respond by mail or EDR are telephoned or possibly enumerated in person.

**Estimation Procedures:** Estimates were prepared by the Agricultural Statistics Board after reviewing recommendations and analysis submitted by each Regional Field Office. All data were analyzed for unusual values. Data from each operation were compared to their own past operating profile and to trends from similar operations. Data for missing operations were estimated based on similar operations or historical data. National and State survey data were reviewed for reasonableness with each other and estimates from the previous quarters using a balance sheet.

**Revision Policy:** The previous year's estimates are subject to revision when current year's estimates are made. Revisions are the result of late reports or corrected data.

**Reliability:** Since all operations with honey bees are not included in the sample, survey estimates are subject to sampling variability. Survey results are also subject to non-sampling errors such as omissions, duplication, and mistakes in reporting, recording, and processing the data. While these errors cannot be measured directly, they are minimized through strict quality controls in the data collection process and a careful review of all reported data for consistency and reasonableness.

#### **Terms and Definitions of Honey Bee Colony Estimates**

**Added colonies:** A new or replacement, surviving colony that was either created or purchased whole by an operation.

**Colony**: A hive containing a queen honey bee and attendant worker bees and/or drone bees.

Colony Collapse Disorder (CCD) criteria: Colonies reported as being lost due to CCD must have fully met four criteria: 1) Little to no build-up of dead bees in the hive or at the hive entrance 2) Rapid loss of adult honey bee population despite the presence of queen, capped brood, and food reserves 3) Absence or delayed robbing of the food reserves 4) Loss not attributable to varroa or nosema loads. Colonies lost due to CCD were collected on a quarterly basis for operations with five or more colonies. Colonies lost due to CCD on operations with less than five colonies were collected annually and for the year as a whole.

**Lost colony**: A completely failed colony, loss of most workers, and possibly the queen. Colony is no longer viable. Sometimes referred to as a dead out.

**Maximum colonies:** Refers to the sum of colonies in a state on the first of the quarter plus all those moved into the state during that period. Maximum colonies is considered the base number from which a data user can do further analysis. It does not include the colonies that were added, lost, or renovated in the state. Colonies are counted in every state they were in during the quarter; therefore, a national level maximum number of colonies cannot be calculated due to duplication.

**Nuc**: A smaller sized hive box with reduced numbers of bees and brood, usually containing a queen; used for expansion of the apiary operation or renovating an existing colony.

**Package**: A shipping container with several pounds of honey bees that may or may not include a queen; used for expansion of the apiary operation or renovating an existing colony.

**Percent lost**: The state-level percentage of colonies lost is the number of colonies lost in that state divided by the maximum colonies for that state. The national level percentage of colonies lost is the total number of all colonies lost in the United States divided by the number of colonies on the first of the quarter.

**Percent renovated**: The state-level percentage of colonies renovated is the number of colonies renovated in that state divided by the maximum colonies for that state. The national level percentage of colonies renovated is the total number of all colonies renovated in the United States divided by the number of colonies on the first of the quarter.

**Renovated colony**: An existing colony that was requeened or received a nuc or package.

**Stressors**: State level colony health stressors for operations with five or more colonies are the percent of the maximum colonies reported to be affected, by quarter. The national level colony stressors is the summed number for the United States divided by the number of colonies on the first of the quarter.

#### **Information Contacts**

Listed below are the commodity specialists in the Livestock Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. E-mail inquiries may be sent to nass@nass.usda.gov

Travis Averill, Chief, Livestock Branch	(202) 720-3570
Town Down Hard Doubles and Specialty Comment it is Seeding	(202) (00, 2222
Tony Dorn, Head, Poultry and Specialty Commodities Section	
Holly Brenize – Poultry Slaughter	(202) 720-0585
Alissa Cowell-Mytar – Cold Storage, Capacity of Refrigerated Warehouses	(202) 720-4751
Liana Cuffman - Catfish and Trout, Egg Products, Mink, Census of Aquaculture	(202) 720-8784
Adam Peters – Broiler Hatchery, Chicken Hatchery	(202) 690-3237
Kim Linonis – Layers, Eggs	(202) 690-3676
Fatema Haque – Turkey Hatchery, Turkeys Raised	(202) 720-3244
Vacant – Cost of Pollination, Honey, Honey Bee Colonies	(202) 720-6147

#### **Access to NASS Reports**

For your convenience, you may access NASS reports and products the following ways:

- All reports are available electronically, at no cost, on the NASS web site: <a href="www.nass.usda.gov">www.nass.usda.gov</a>
- ➤ Both national and state specific reports are available via a free e-mail subscription. To set-up this free subscription, visit <a href="www.nass.usda.gov">www.nass.usda.gov</a> and click on "National" or "State" in upper right corner above "search" box to create an account and select the reports you would like to receive.
- Cornell's Mann Library has launched a new website housing NASS's and other agency's archived reports. The new website, <a href="https://usda.library.cornell.edu">https://usda.library.cornell.edu</a>. All email subscriptions containing reports will be sent from the new website, <a href="https://usda.library.cornell.edu">https://usda.library.cornell.edu</a>. To continue receiving the reports via email, you will have to go to the new website, create a new account and re-subscribe to the reports. If you need instructions to set up an account or subscribe, they are located at: <a href="https://usda.library.cornell.edu/help">https://usda.library.cornell.edu/help</a>. You should whitelist <a href="motifications@usda-esmis.library.cornell.edu">notifications@usda-esmis.library.cornell.edu</a> in your email client to avoid the emails going into spam/junk folders.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@usda.gov.

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