

How to design, build and maintain an AWR Repository

John Hallas UKOUG – Tech 2013

Agenda

- What is AWR data?
- Why do you need a repository
- >AWR, business processes, UNIX data
- How to size and build
- How to maintain and feed data in
- > Problems we have hit
- Real world examples

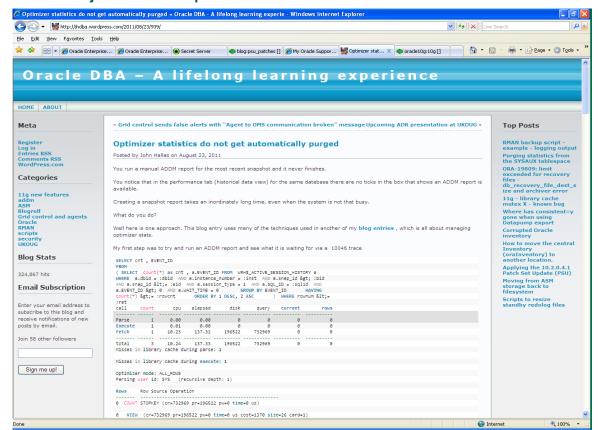






Introduction

- >Who am I?
 - > John Hallas Morrisons Supermarkets PLC
 - DBA Team Core Team Leader
 - ➢ Blog: Oracle DBA A Lifelong Learning Experience
 - >www.jhdba.wordpress.com





Which data and how much space do you need

- Contains all AWR (and ASH, ADDM) snapshots for the designated period WRH\$ and WRM\$ tables
- Need to decide how long to keep it
- Retail organisation 400 days Easter to Easter
- Server requirements -does not need much CPU = write once read few times
- Plenty of disk space needed could be tier 3
- Compression reduces disk requirements
- ➤ How can you sell it saving of space on production systems issues with AWR snapshots accumulating cost neutral



Sizing

- Look at each current system and get a feel for usage.
- Use @?/rdbms/admin/awrinfo.sql section 2

```
***********
(2) Size estimates for AWR snapshots - Data Warehouse on Exadata retention 45 days (8 node
 RAC on 11.2.0.3)
********
 Estimates based on 60 mins snapshot INTERVAL:
                                        419.5 MB (17,897 K/snap * 24 snaps/day)
    AWR size/day
    AWR size/wk
                                      2,936.2 MB (size per day * 7) per instance
                                      5,872.4 MB (size per day * 7) per database
    AWR size/wk
 Estimates based on 24 snaps in past 24 hours:
    AWR size/day
                                        419.5 MB (17,897 K/snap and 24 snaps in past 24
 hours)
                                      2,936.2 MB (size per day * 7) per instance
    AWR size/wk
    AWR size/wk
                                      5,872.4 MB (size per day * 7) per database
```



Sizing for source databases

- Look at each current system and get a feel for usage.
- Use @?/rdbms/admin/awrinfo.sql section 3

Space usage by AWR components (per database) Data Warehouse on Exadata retention 45 days

COMPONENT	MB	% AWR	KB_PER_SNAP	MB_PER_DAY	MB_PER_WEEK	TABLE%	:	INDEX%
FIXED	2,480.4	33.8	6,048	141.7	992.2	53%	:	47%
SQLPLAN	1,685.0	23.0	4,108	96.3	674.0	73%	:	27%
EVENTS	496.1	6.8	1,209	28.3	198.4	47%	:	53%
ASH	195.5	2.7	477	11.2	78.2	83%	:	17%
SQL	48.4	0.7	118	2.8	19.4	78%	:	22%
SPACE	42.7	0.6	104	2.4	17.1	63%	:	37%
SQLTEXT	9.4	0.1	23	0.5	3.8	95%	:	5%
RAC	9.1	0.1	22	0.5	3.6	60%	:	40%
SQLBIND	6.0	0.1	15	0.3	2.4	50%	:	50%

wrh\$sql_plan - multi-table joins - big complex plans

fixed - (segments/tablespace and file information



How big is the repository

SYS@AWRPRD1A SQL>select table_name from dba_tables where tablespace_name = 'SQLPLAN_TS';

 ${\tt TABLE_NAME}$

WRH\$_SQLTEXT

WRH\$_SQL_PLAN

	Size	Used	Free	Frags	Max	Free
Tablespace	(Mb)	(Mb)	(Mb)	(#)	(Mb)	(응)
UNDOTBS1	32768	91	32677	21	3968.00	99.7
SQLPLAN_TS	21440	16663	4777	226	1599.00	22.3
CAPACITY	133120	107115	26005	9	3968.00	19.5
USERS	2770	2637	133	2	132.25	4.8
SYSAUX	435776	420430	15346	246	3968.00	3.5
SYSTEM	3230	3195	35	23	8.00	1.1
TEMP	0	0	0	0	.00	.0
sum	629104	550131	78973			



AWR repository ~650Gb currently

```
List of DBIds can be picked up by running awrrpti or from wrm$wrcontrol table
Set lines 180
column instt num heading "Inst Num" format 99999;
column instt name heading "Instance" format a12;
column dbb name heading "DB Name" format a12;
column dbbid heading "DB Id" format a12 just c;
column host heading "Host" format a42;
prompt Instances in this Workload Repository schema
select distinct
      (case when cd.dbid = wr.dbid and
               cd.name = wr.db name and
               ci.instance number = wr.instance number and
               ci.instance name = wr.instance name
               ci.host name = wr.host name
           then '* '
           else ' '
       end) || wr.dbid dbbid
    , wr.instance number instt num
    , wr.db name dbb name
    , wr.instance name instt name
    , wr.host name host
 from dba hist database instance wr, v$database cd, v$instance ci;
```

64 dbids currently (183 in total) RAC, standby switching

Steps to create the repository

- Normal database no fancy options bar partitioning possibly (must be as current as the latest version in use as source use 11.2.0.3 if possible because that solves a lot of issues around duplicate keys (MERGE INTO rather than INSERT APPEND)
- Disable snapshots
- Create an AWRREP user
- ➤ Preferred to make SYSAUX a bigfile t/s we move 2 tables in WRH\$_SQLTEXT and WRH\$_SQL_PLAN easier to reorganise the table objects then
- The issue of the direct load tables (which is still the majority 105 tables vs 20 with merge) is something that will need to be addressed at Morrisons now that the housekeeping procedures are in place, old snapshots are deleted on a weekly basis, but new data is loaded above the HWM for each extract. This will mean that the non-partitioned tables will need to be reorganised on a regular basis. This will become more of an issue as the number of sources that have data over 400 days increases



AWRREP user on the repository

repository owner privileges

```
CREATE USER "AWRREP" PROFILE "M APPS PROFILE" IDENTIFIED BY "****** DEFAULT TABLESPACE "USERS" TEMPORARY
TABLESPACE "TEMP" ACCOUNT UNLOCK
GRANT ALTER ANY INDEX TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ANY TABLE TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER USER TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ANALYZE ANY TO "AWRREP"
GRANT CREATE ANY INDEX TO "AWRREP"
GRANT CREATE ANY TABLE TO "AWRREP"
GRANT CREATE PROCEDURE TO "AWRREP"
GRANT CREATE USER TO "AWRREP"
GRANT DEBUG ANY PROCEDURE TO "AWRREP"
GRANT DEBUG CONNECT SESSION TO "AWRREP"
GRANT DELETE ANY TABLE TO "AWRREP"
GRANT DROP USER TO "AWRREP"
GRANT SELECT ANY TABLE TO "AWRREP"
GRANT UNLIMITED TABLESPACE TO "AWRREP"
GRANT READ ON DIRECTORY "SYS". "DATA PUMP DIR" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT WRITE ON DIRECTORY "SYS"."DATA PUMP DIR" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT SELECT ON "SYS". "DBA INDEXES" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT SELECT ON "SYS". "DBA TABLES" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT SELECT ON "SYS"."DBA USERS" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT EXECUTE ON "SYS". "DBMS DATAPUMP" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT EXECUTE ON "SYS"."DBMS INDEX UTL" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT EXECUTE ON "SYS"."DBMS LOB" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT EXECUTE ON "SYS"."DBMS STATS" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT EXECUTE ON "SYS"."DBMS SWRF INTERNAL" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT EXECUTE ON "SYS". "DBMS WORKLOAD REPOSITORY" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT EXECUTE ON "SYS"."UTL FILE" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT SELECT ON "SYS"."V_$DATABASE" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ ACTIVE SESSION HISTORY" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$_DB_CACHE_ADVICE" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ DLM MISC" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ EVENT HISTOGRAM" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ FILESTATXS" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS". "WRH$ INST CACHE TRANSFER" TO "AWRREP"
```

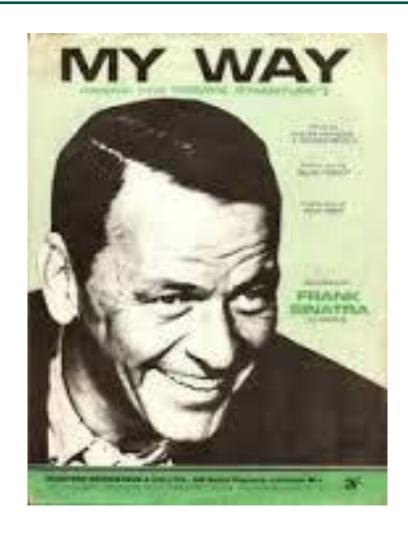
AWRREP user on the repository

repository owner privileges contd

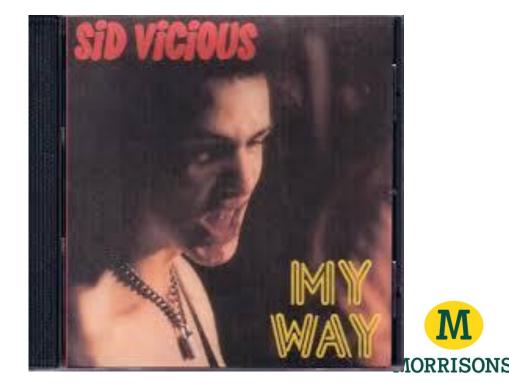
```
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS". "WRH$ INTERCONNECT PINGS" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ LATCH" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS". "WRH$ LATCH CHILDREN" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ LATCH MISSES SUMMARY" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ LATCH PARENT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ OSSTAT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ PARAMETER" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS". "WRH$ ROWCACHE SUMMARY" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ SEG STAT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ SERVICE STAT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$_SERVICE_WAIT_CLASS" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ SGASTAT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ SQLSTAT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS". "WRH$ SQLTEXT" TO "AWRREP" WITH GRANT OPTION
GRANT DEBUG ON "SYS"."WRH$ SQLTEXT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT DELETE ON "SYS"."WRH$ SQLTEXT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT FLASHBACK ON "SYS"."WRH$ SQLTEXT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT INDEX ON "SYS"."WRH$ SQLTEXT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT INSERT ON "SYS"."WRH$_SQLTEXT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ON COMMIT REFRESH ON "SYS". "WRH$ SQLTEXT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT QUERY REWRITE ON "SYS"."WRH$_SQLTEXT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT REFERENCES ON "SYS"."WRH$ SQLTEXT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT SELECT ON "SYS"."WRH$ SQLTEXT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT UPDATE ON "SYS"."WRH$ SQLTEXT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS". "WRH$ SQL PLAN" TO "AWRREP" WITH GRANT OPTION
GRANT DELETE ON "SYS"."WRH$ SQL PLAN" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ SYSSTAT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ SYSTEM EVENT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ SYS TIME MODEL" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ TABLESPACE STAT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT ALTER ON "SYS"."WRH$ WAITSTAT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT SELECT ON "SYS"."WRM$ SNAPSHOT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT "CONNECT" TO "AWRREP"
GRANT "SELECT CATALOG ROLE" TO "AWRREP"
```



My Way



But as it is Oracle I thought this version might be better
At least I mention a SID



Extract and load overview

The extract is a scheduled job (daily or weekly, depending on the database) which runs under the user AWRREP on the source database and calls awrexpr_process.run_awr_extract.

The extract uses an Oracle API (dbms_swrf_internal) to extract the data. This package uses datapump to export AWR data. The extract then uses dbms_file_transfer to transfer the file generated to the target database: AWRPRD1A.

On a daily basis, a scheduled job runs on the Repository database under the user AWRREP, to load the data into the Repository: awrimpr_process.run_load

A KEY PRINCIPAL

Find the latest extracted snapshot (from the local control table)

Get the latest dba_snapshot_id and you have the begin and end dates

If there is no last extracted snapshot then limit the number retrieved - reduce overhead!! Use the WRM\$_SNAPSHOT view and the AWRREP tables



How to create a feed into the repository 1

Need a user to send the data from source to repository

```
CREATE USER AWRREP;

ALTER USER AWRREP PROFILE M_APPS_PROFILE;

GRANT CREATE SESSION TO AWRREP;

GRANT UNLIMITED TABLESPACE TO AWRREP;

GRANT SELECT ON SYS.DBA_HIST_SNAPSHOT TO AWRREP;

GRANT EXECUTE ON SYS.DBMS_FILE_TRANSFER TO AWRREP;

GRANT EXECUTE ON SYS.DBMS_SWRF_INTERNAL TO AWRREP;

GRANT SELECT ON SYS.USER$ TO AWRREP;

GRANT EXECUTE ON SYS.UTL_FILE TO AWRREP;

GRANT SELECT ON SYS.V_$DATABASE TO AWRREP;

GRANT SELECT_CATALOG_ROLE TO AWRREP;

GRANT CREATE PROCEDURE TO AWRREP; -- drop afterwards
```

Add tnsnames entry to the repository on the source server



How to create a feed into the repository 2a

Control the extract

```
CREATE TABLE AWRREP.AWREXTR_EXTRACT_PARMS

( KEY VARCHAR2(32),
    VALUE VARCHAR2(256)
);

CREATE TABLE AWRREP.AWREXTR_EXTRACT_RUNS

( UPLOAD_ID NUMBER,
    EXTRACT_DATE DATE,
    BEGIN_SNAP NUMBER,
    END_SNAP NUMBER,
    FILE_NAME VARCHAR2(100),
    LOAD_STATUS VARCHAR2(1)
)

TABLESPACE USERS;
```



How to create a feed into the repository 2b

Keep a log of what happened

```
CREATE TABLE AWRREP.RUN_LOG

( DBID VARCHAR2(32),
   TSTAMP TIMESTAMP DEFAULT SYSTIMESTAMP,
   LOG_LEVEL VARCHAR2(10),
   LOG_TEXT VARCHAR2(128)
) TABLESPACE USERS;

CREATE INDEX AWRREP.RUN_LOG_IX1
   ON AWRREP.RUN_LOG(DBID, TSTAMP)
   TABLESPACE USERS;
```



Monitoring the feed

- I Initialisation SOURCE/TARGET
- T transfer is in process SOURCE/TARGET
- R File has been transferred and ready to be loaded SOURCE/TARGET
- P Processing (load data into target tables) TARGET
- C Complete data has been loaded into target TARGET
- F Failure SOURCE/TARGET



How to create a feed into the repository 2c

```
actual code for the extract and transfer package
   awrexpr process.perform awr extract;
The heart of the routine. Makes a call to
   sys.dbms swrf internal.set awr dbid(-2);
   sys.dbms swrf internal.awr extract(dmpfile => dmp file,
                            dmpdir => dmp dir,
                            bid => begining snap,
                            eid => ending snap,
                            dbid => db id);
   sys.dbms swrf internal.clear awr dbid;
```



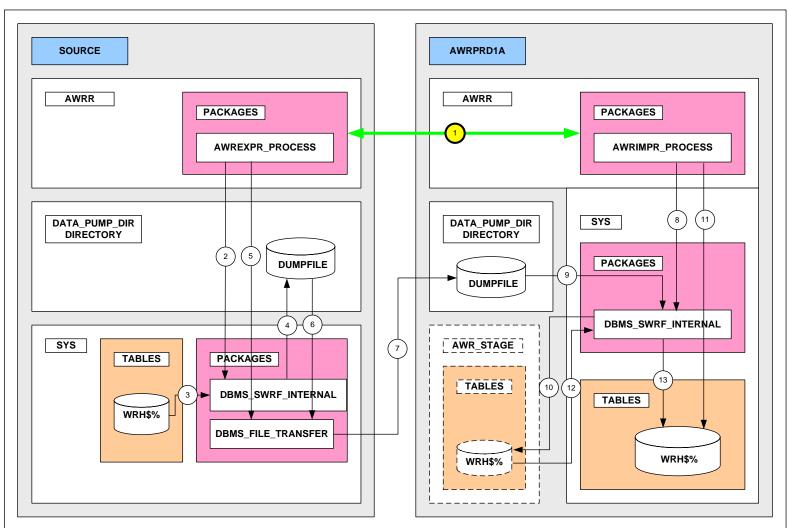
Create a scheduled job on source

- Create a scheduled job on the source database to run weekly.
- Agree a good time

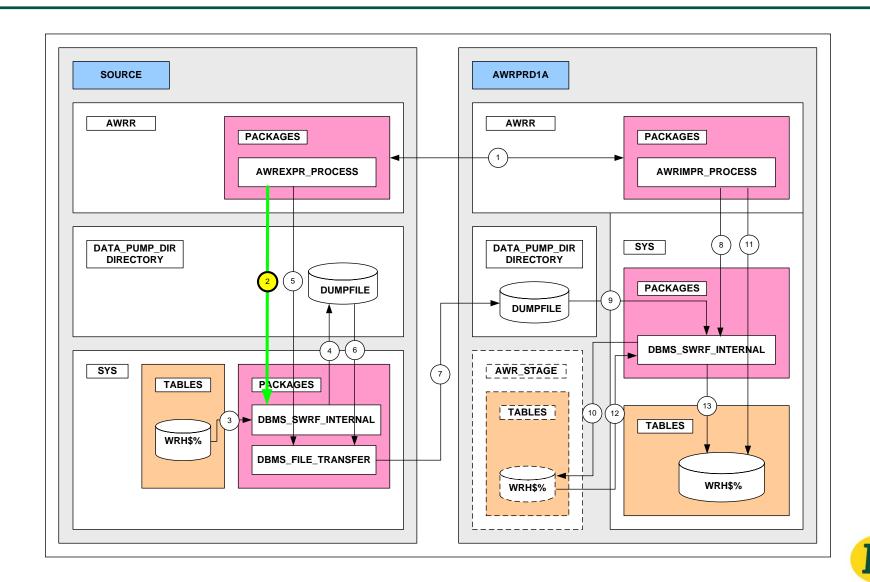
```
    BEGIN

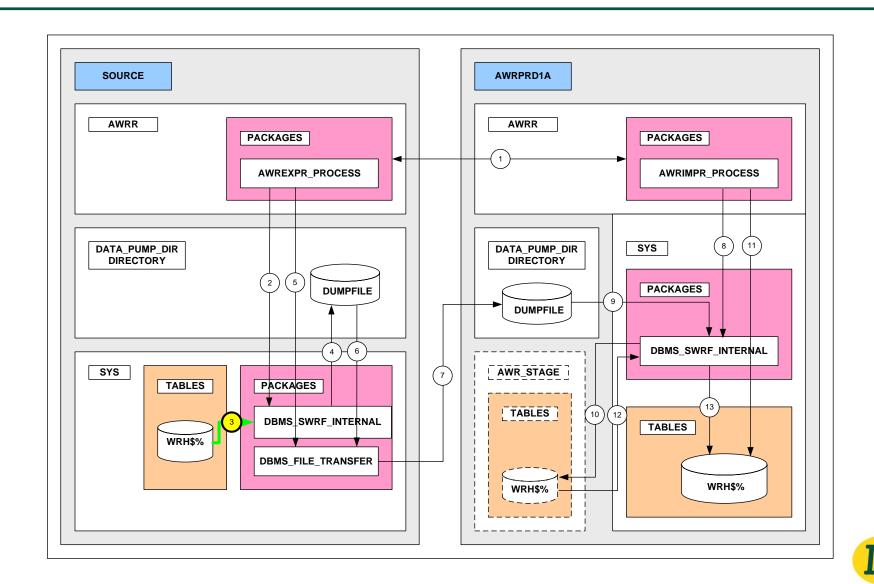
 sys.dbms scheduler.create job(
 job name => '"AWRREP"."AWR EXPORT JOB"',
 job type => 'PLSQL BLOCK',
 job action => 'begin
 awrexpr process.run awr extract;
 end;',
 repeat interval => 'FREQ=WEEKLY;BYDAY=SUN;BYHOUR=1;BYMINUTE=0',
 start date => to timestamp tz('2013-05-19 Europe/London', 'YYYY-MM-DD TZR'),
 job class => '"DEFAULT JOB CLASS"',
 comments => 'AWR Export Job',
 auto drop => FALSE,
 enabled => FALSE);
 sys.dbms scheduler.set attribute( name => '"AWRREP"."AWR EXTRACT"', attribute => 'rais
 e events', value => dbms scheduler.job failed);
 sys.dbms scheduler.set attribute( name => '"AWRREP"."AWR EXTRACT"', attribute => 'logg
 ing level', value => DBMS SCHEDULER.LOGGING OFF);
 sys.dbms scheduler.set attribute( name => '"AWRREP"."AWR EXTRACT"', attribute => 'job
 weight', value => 1);
 sys.dbms scheduler.enable( '"AWRREP"."AWR EXTRACT"' );
 END;
```

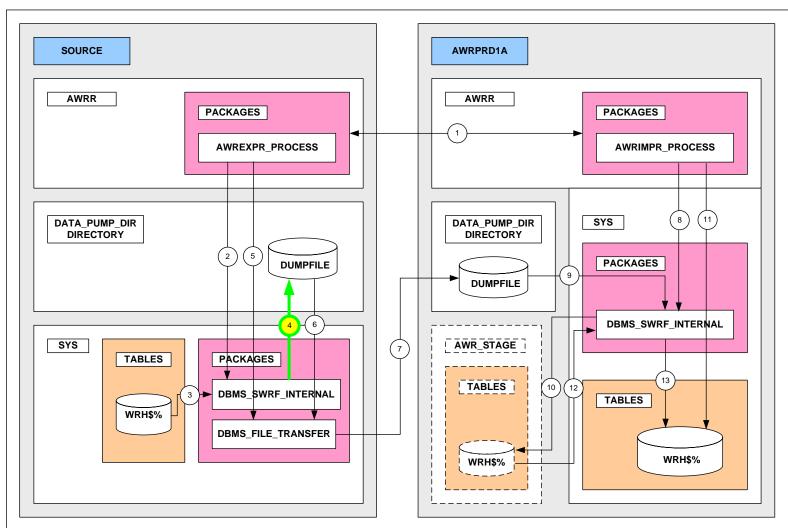




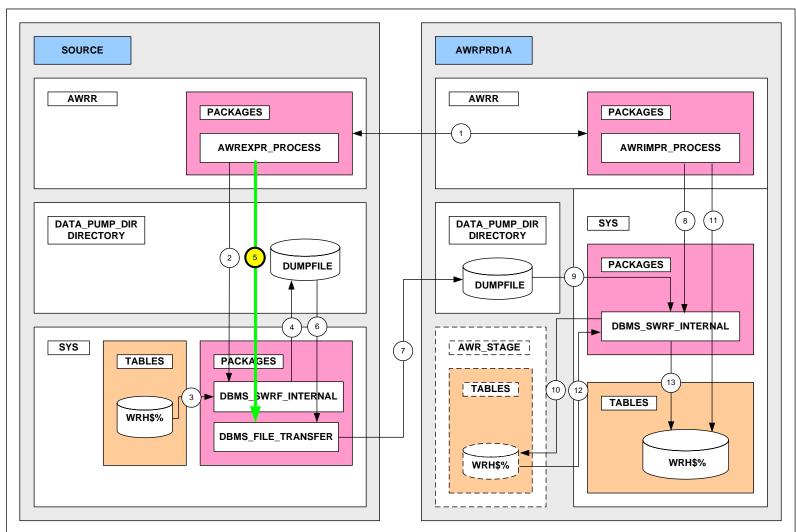




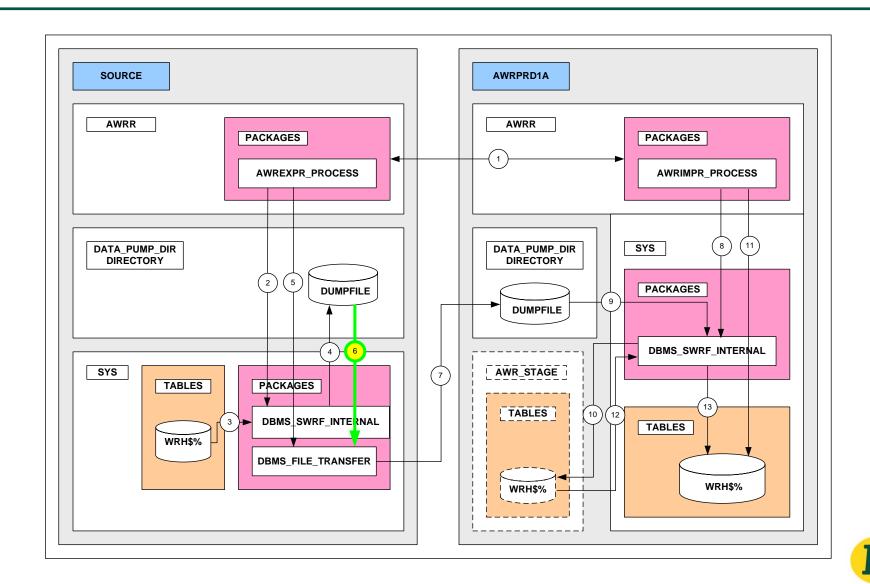


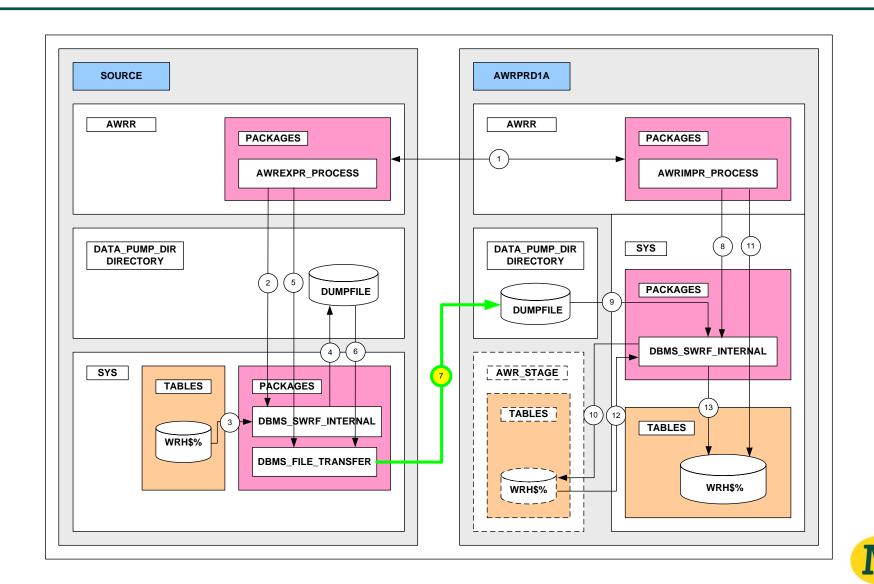


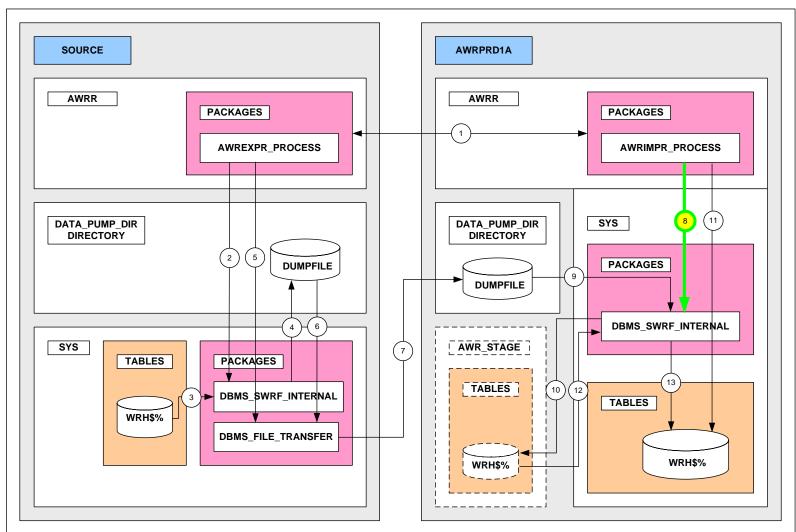




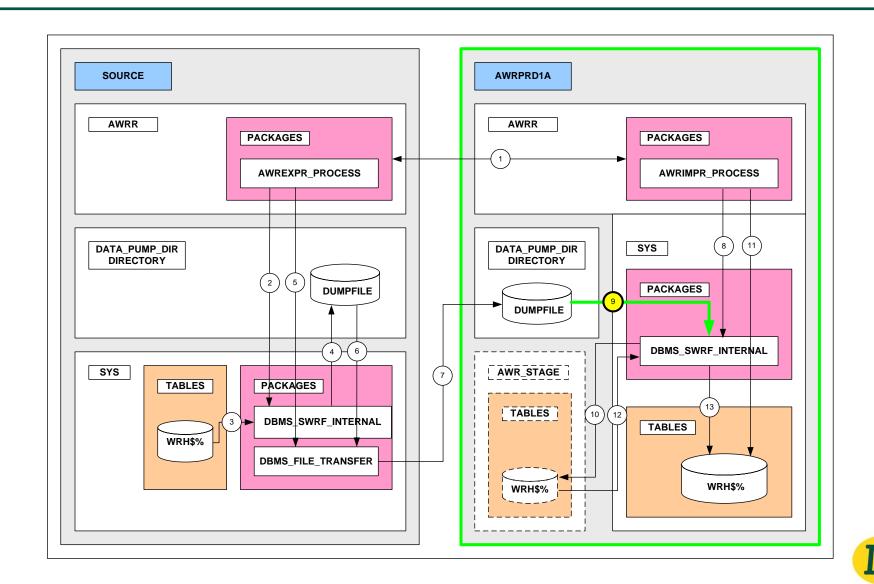


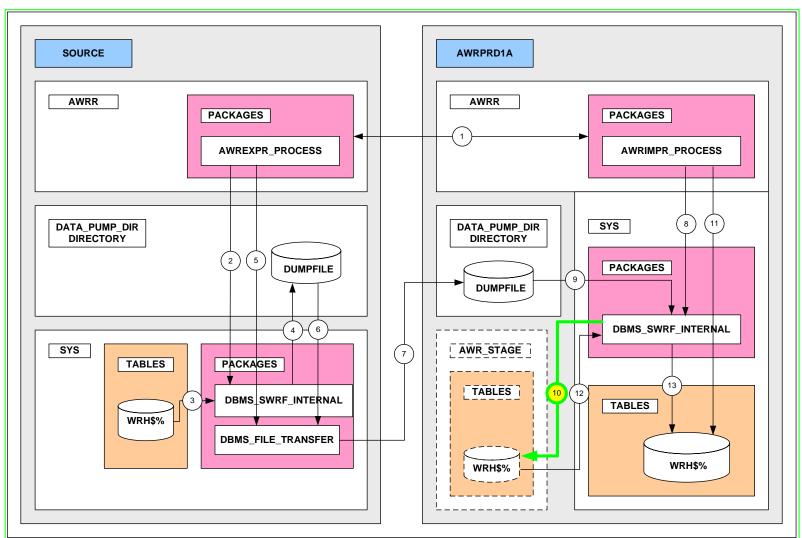




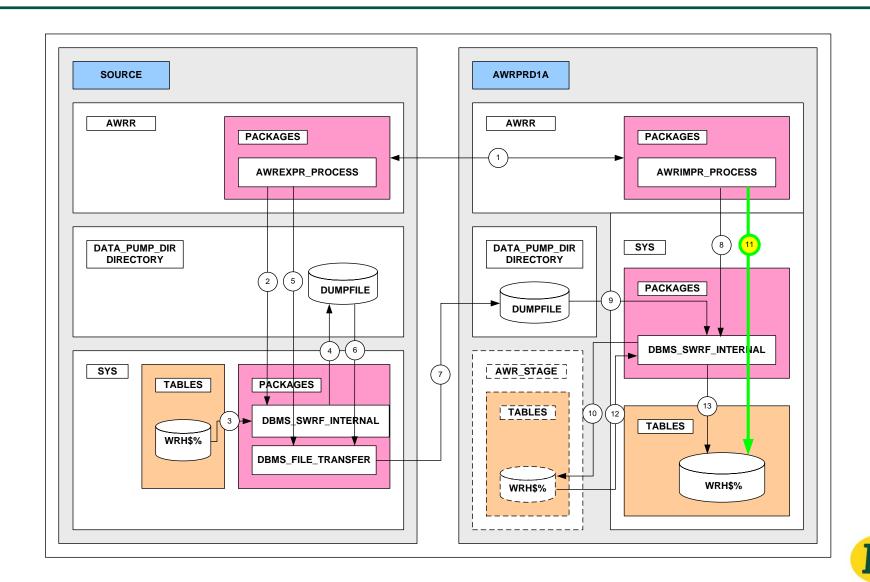


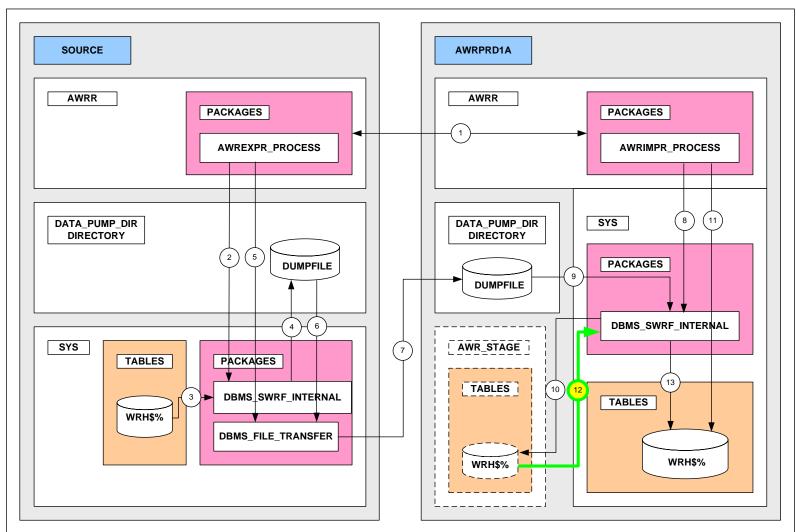




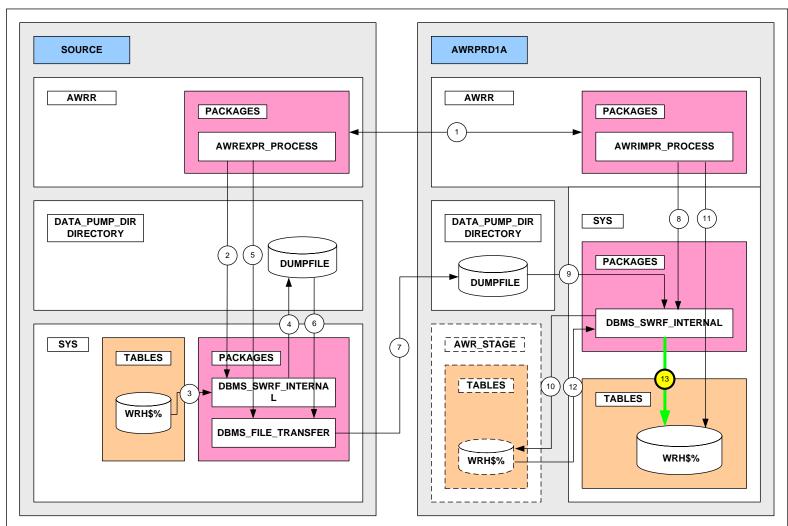














Steps we have completed

- Performance Testing results create a schema, capture all PT run data (AWR etc) and store
- Capture Capacity (business process) data from all production systems
- Stores and retains daily extract of transactional, batch, and OLTP data for purpose of capacity and reporting
- Provide the ability to chart, compare and present capacity data
- Provide the ability to measure prod actual against performance test
- Provide comparable measures between releases
- Provide tooling to present and analyse data
- Capturing UNIX resource usage, CPU, Memory, disk etc....
- We might need to investigate partitioning of the AWR tables



Current – examples - AWR

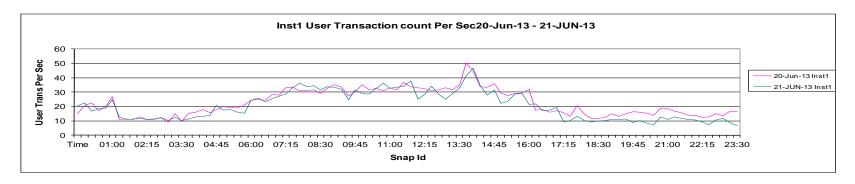
View top SQL for any period retained in AWR - highlights any issues

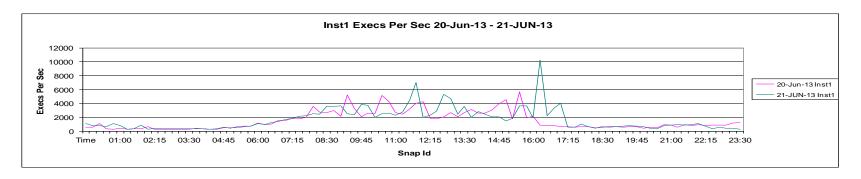
Top SQL by CPU Time 21-Jun-2013					
Instanc e	Ra nk	SQL_ID	Module	cpu_time (secs)	
1	1	crab2g2zzrc9b	JDBC Thin Client	22704.7	
1	2	85gad38y8bvv3	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	22064.3	
1	3	54tzhmhcs8nkh	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	21942	
1	4	4vyrtmsstrn9v	XXWMMINVONHANDSTOCK	20943.7	
1	5	ct25z5rpfyht4	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	11436.5	
1	6	d5kqafyftwpjd	e:CE:frm:CEXCABMR	8936.8	
1	7	c92uxxwhs2sbz	JDBC Thin Client	6113	
1	8	39rzvsfbz9jaj	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	5681.9	
1	9	114064tys579d	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	5667.1	
1	10	77pbkcg8jcn41	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	5655.9	
2	1	crab2g2zzrc9b	JDBC Thin Client	22807.8	
2	2	85gad38y8bvv3	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	21303.3	
2	3	54tzhmhcs8nkh	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	21186.5	
2	4	ct25z5rpfyht4	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	10939.6	
2	5	c92uxxwhs2sbz	JDBC Thin Client	5819.8	
2	6	39rzvsfbz9jaj	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	5452.2	
2	7	an16u85vdrmz2	e:SQLAP:frm:APXINWKB	5431.2	
2	8	114064tys579d	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	5430.2	
2	9	77pbkcg8jcn41	po.contract.server.PoxSysVariableAM	5426.8	
2	10	0avruyx7w9c13	FAS400	5242.3	



Current – examples - AWR

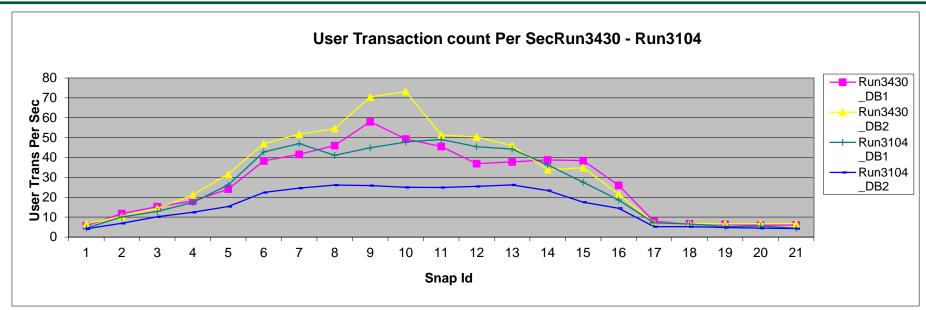
Comparing Transaction count by day... from AWR data

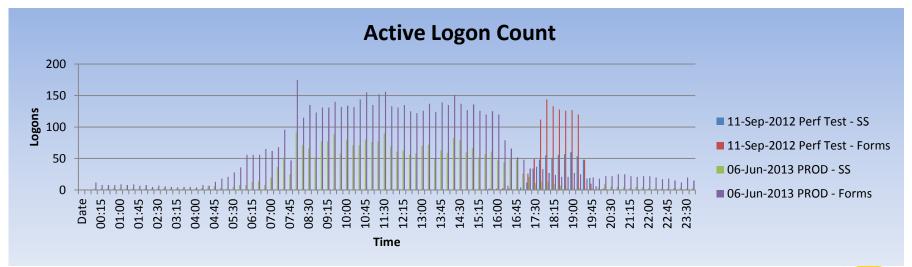




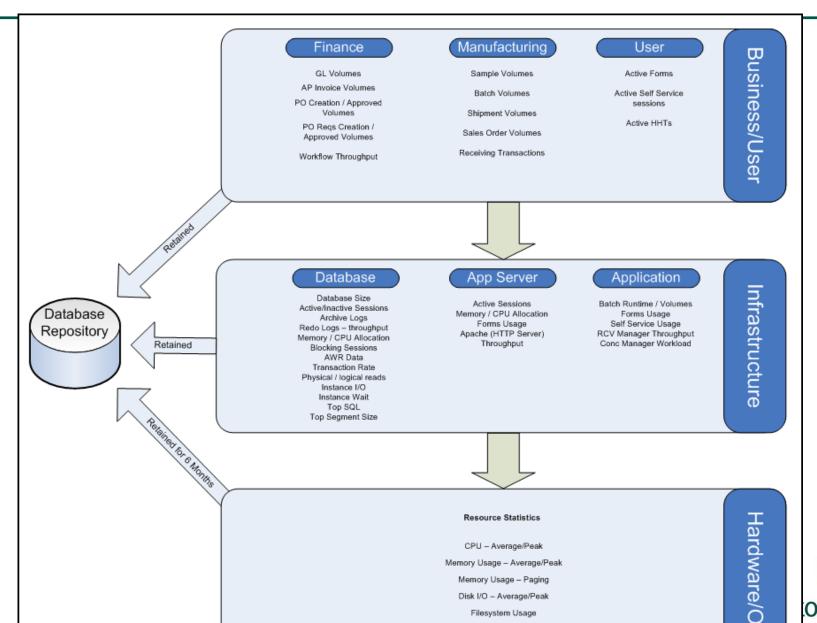


Current examples – performance testing analysis - AWR





Three Tier Data Collection Model

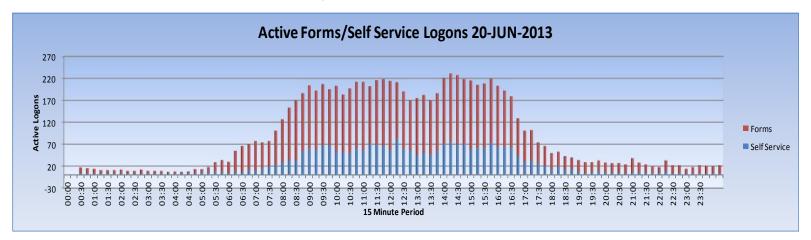


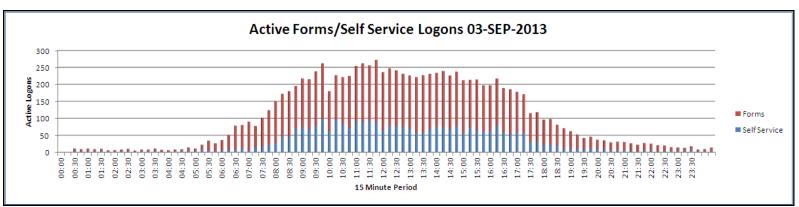
Machaniele



Current – examples – Application (OEM – UDMs)

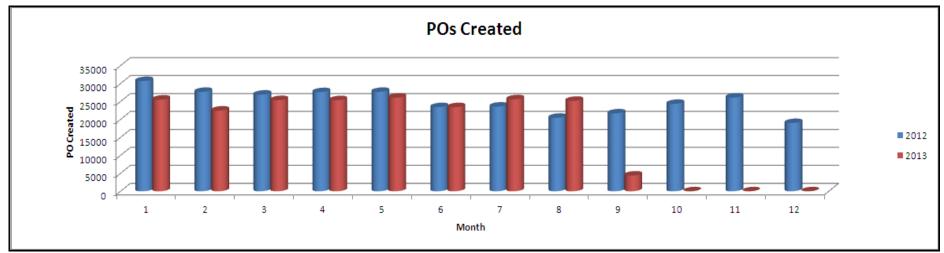
Capture and measure OLTP user logon activity







Current – examples – Application (OEM – UDMs)

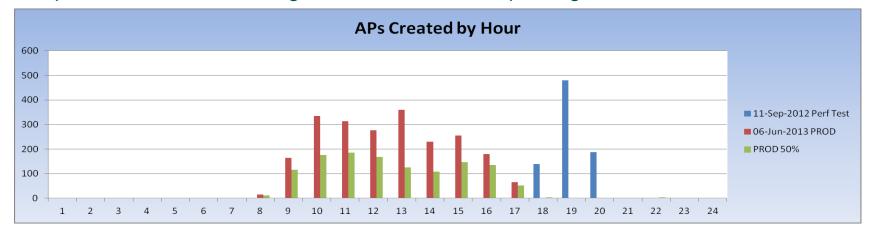


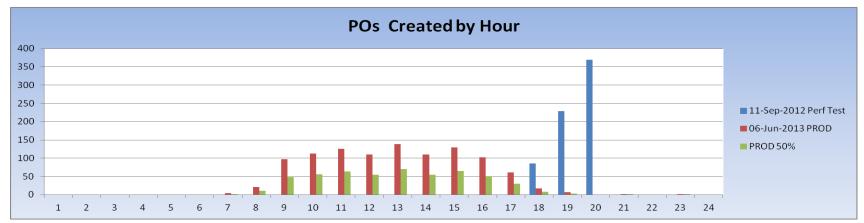




Current – examples – Application (OEM – UDMs)

Capture Performance testing transactions and compare against Production actuals...







Capturing unix data from OEM

```
Get the target guid -
select target guid , target name, host name, target type from mgmt targets
where host name like '%peb%' and target type='host'
use target guid and dates in the below query:
 select * from (
      select target name
      , collection timestamp , to char(collection timestamp, 'HH24:MI'), rank() over ( order by
  collection timestamp) PERIOD5MIN
      , cpu util , cpu user , cpu sys, memfreePct, memUsedPct, freeMem, freeSwap, usedSwap, cpuLoad
      from (select target name, collection timestamp
               ,sum(decode(metric column, 'cpuUtil', value,0)) CPU Util
               ,sum(decode(metric column, 'cpuUser', value,0)) CPU User
               ,sum(decode(metric column, 'cpuKernel', value,0)) CPU SYS
               ,sum(decode(metric column, 'cpuLoad', value,0)) cpuLoad
               , sum (decode (metric column, 'memfreePct', value,0)) memfreePct
               , sum (decode (metric column, 'memUsedPct', value,0)) memUsedPct
               ,sum(decode(metric column, 'freeMem', value,0)) freeMem
               ,sum(decode(metric column, 'freeSwap', value,0)) freeSwap
               ,sum(decode(metric column, 'usedSwap', value,0)) usedSwap
               from mgmt$metric details a
               where a.target guid= '2D43ADB039AFBED6DE98EE960B58FC28'
               and collection timestamp between to date('03-JUL-2013 00:00', 'DD-MON-YYYY HH24:MI')
                                                to date('04-JUL-2013 00:00', 'DD-MON-YYYY HH24:MI')
                                        and
               and metric name like 'Load'
               and metric column in ('cpuUtil', 'cpuUser', 'cpuKernel', 'cpuLoad', 'memfreePct', 'memUsedPct',
              'freeSwap', 'usedSwap')
  'freeMem',
               group by target name, collection timestamp order by 2))
```

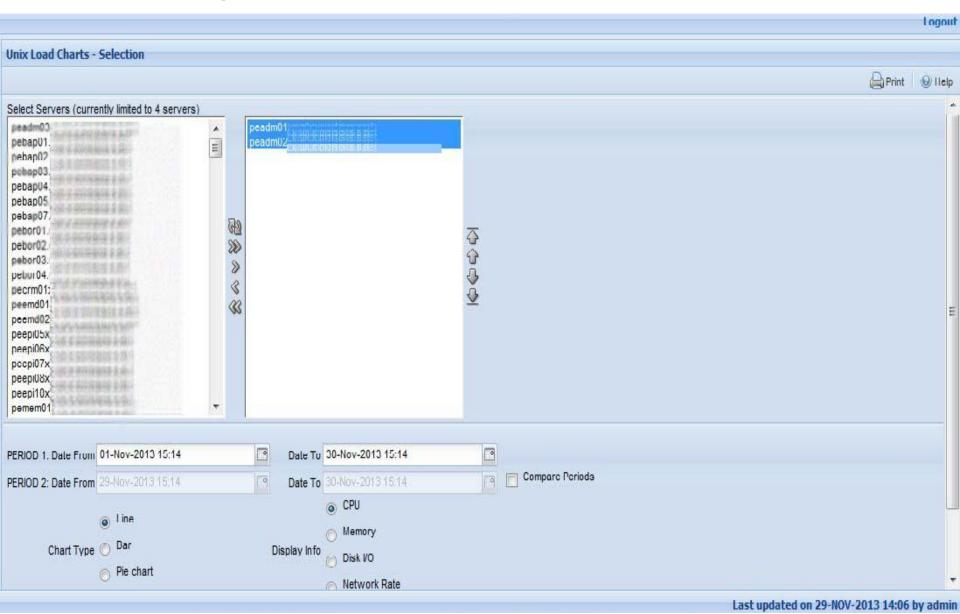
MORRISONS

Default OEM Repository Purging Policies

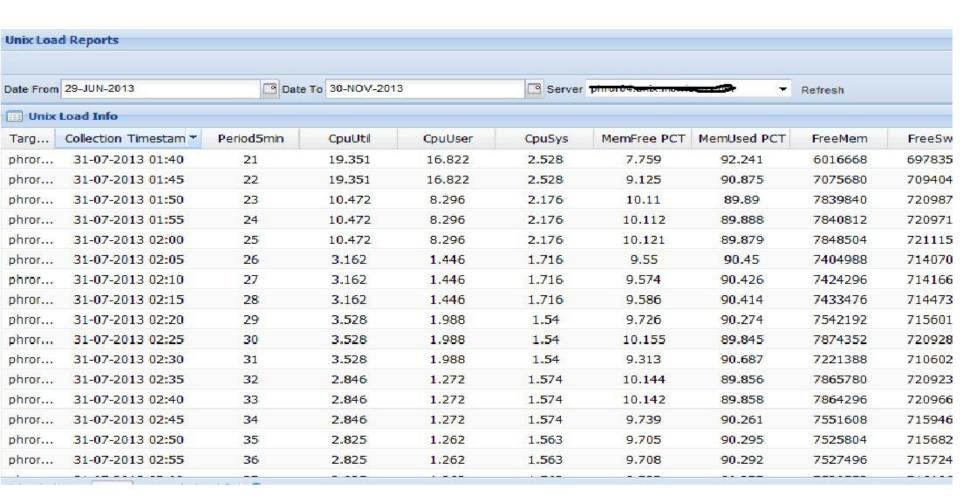
Aggregate Level Retention Time Raw metric data	7 days
Hourly aggregated metric data	31 days
Daily aggregated metric data	~365 days



OEM usage

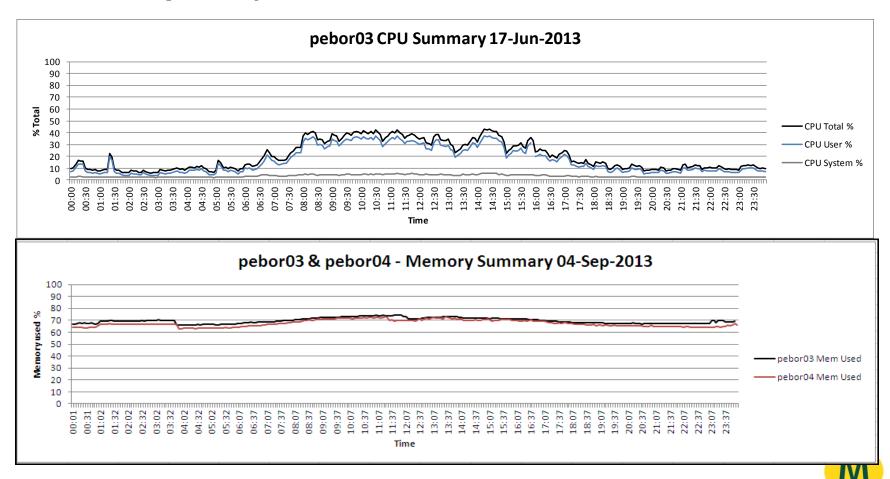


OEM usage



OEM now

Future intention is to capture and retain UNIX resource data for long term reporting. Also to overlay charting for ease of extract



MORRISONS

Problems we have had

- ➤ Oracle SCN issue good blog at http://www.orainternals.com/2012/01/20/scn-what-why-and-how/ how the SCN can jump -the AWR extract process is effectively resynching all of the scns across all prod databases.
- Random drop out of the dbms_file_transfer process on HPUX hard to track
- The data_pump_dir area on one server can be mounted with the incorrect options not really an oracle issue
- Might want to go to one central area for all files mounted across all systems security – NOW AGREED
- Loss of snapshots initially not a problem
- Indexing need to specify on what you might query on

```
CREATE INDEX sys. WRH$_ACTIVE_SESSION_HISTORY2

ON sys. WRH$_ACTIVE_SESSION_HISTORY (dbid, sql_id, sample_time)

COMPRESS 2;
```

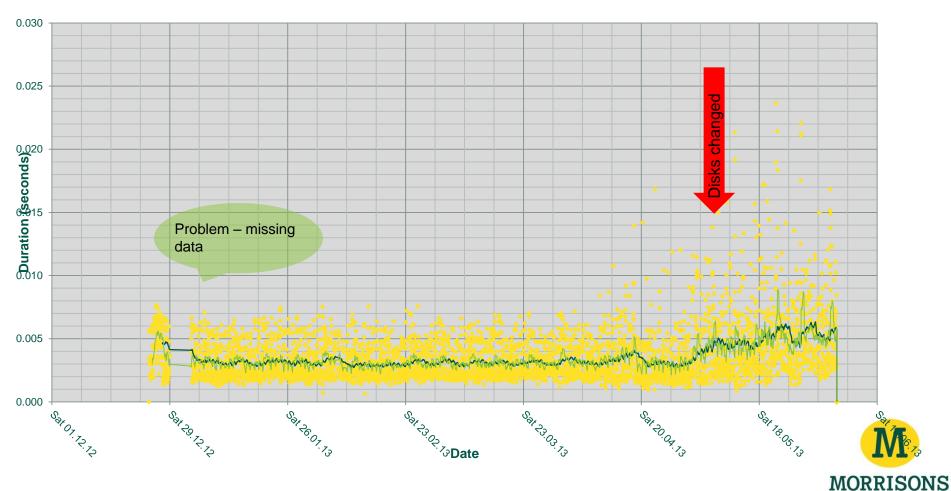


Real World examples

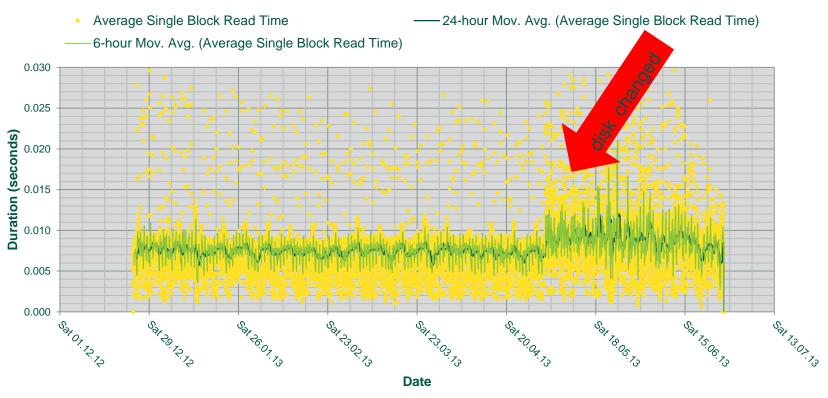
Average Single Block Read Time

Average Single Block Read Time

- —— 24-hour Mov. Avg. (Average Single Block Read Time)
- ——6-hour Mov. Avg. (Average Single Block Read Time)



Average Single Block Read Time





Migration to dedicated array

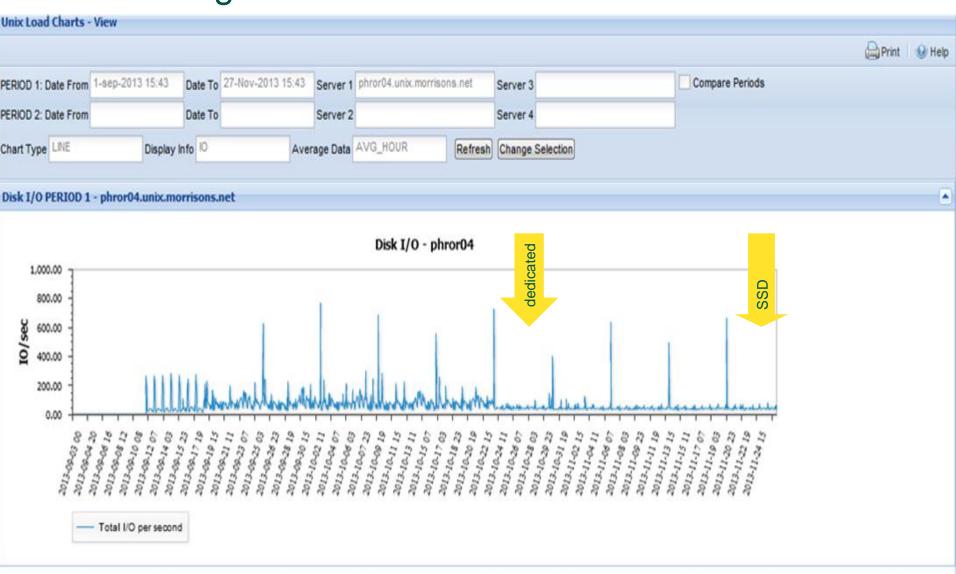
Average Single Block Read Time

Average Single Block Read Time
 ——24-hour Mov. Avg. (Average Single Block Read Time)
 ——6-hour Mov. Avg. (Average Single Block Read Time)





OEM usage



Standard deviation script – slower/ faster

sQL_ID	EXECS	AVG_ETIME_BEFORE	AVG_ETIME_AFTER	NORM_STDDEV	RESULT
b9wdngtzbgc35	3	0.10	0.39	2.0078	Slower
12a2xbmwn5v6z	2	0.67	0.15	2.4628	Faster
7g732rx16j8jc	2	0.12	0.02	2.7280	Faster
6ajkhukk78nsr	42	0.09	0.47	2.8520	Slower
bwsz40d3hc8q7	3	0.51	0.10	2.9133	Faster
6hwjmjgrpsuaa	2	1.17	0.19	3.5473	Faster
1swfv5ub781u9	5	0.04	0.27	4.0006	Slower
6b838v5tfawb2	9	1.37	0.18	4.8256	Faster
5zruc4v6y32f9	8	362.62	43.39	5.2017	Faster
acc988uzvjmmt	3	9.10	0.97	5.9364	Faster
aj49v4fg8v5y0	5	0.03	0.34	6.5912	Slower
9q7k9nbpvk8pv	180	0.03	0.41	8.3757	Slower
2xucgknahj256	2	0.26	5.22	13.5279	Slower
4rcrxkvaqt37f	3	0.00	0.15	20.3349	Slower
lk5c5twx2xr01	13	0.00	0.86	395.2906	Slower

http://www.oracle-guy.com/scripts/whats_changed.sql



Compare period on period

665gdvw5t370	277	274	.03	.37	1133.33	Slower
94g5mzt64mvwx	72791	99197	.01	.11	1000	Slower
2x793wtkjngz	17	209	.03	.3	900	Slower
xgkk1qvpuu4h	360	346	2.06	20.17	879.13	Slower
Of21whx3uwnd	75	250	.05	.29	480	Slower
Svg5jjvpcdzh9	64367	66106	.03	.1	233.33	Slower
:1a40y4t02dmr	149	39	.06	.19	216.67	Slower
t371cqv6f422	1	1	92.74	235.78	154.24	Slower
fy1c7x7hpkty5	1	1	92.74	235.77	154.23	Slower
d3dvb5uavkay	14059	16035	.04	.08	100	Slower
19txv5k2cvkus	250	191	1.6	2.52	57.5	Slower



Real world examples and usage

- Tracking growth in no of stores and volumes shopping basket sales
- Comparing 16 distribution sites to see if same problems exist on both disk I/O, access times
- Investigate long-term disk I/O metrics (SBR, MBR, is log_file_sync getting worse)

- The reports can be generated using the standard scripts, but this requires the user to have an oracle client installed (SQL Developer will do) or run from the database server.
- Can also run reports using procedure calls e.g.
 select output from table(dbms_workload_repository.awr_report_text(583324766,1,3000,3001));
 select output from table(dbms_workload_repository.awr_report_html(583324766,1,3000,3001));
 the html spews out raw html so needs to be saved in a file and opened in a browser and the hyperlinks don't work but the format is more readable



More Information

- Blog: www.jhdba.wordpress.com
- Email: john.hallas@morrisonsplc.co.uk
- Tel: 07876 790540

AnytanksYious?

