

$$f \sim g \iff \exists k \in \mathbb{N} : (\forall n \geq k \implies f(n) = g(n))$$

$$A = \{f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}\}$$

è RIF? si

$$f \sim f \iff f(n) = f(n)$$

è SIM? si

$$f \sim g \iff f(n) = g(n)$$

$$g \sim f \iff g(n) = f(n)$$

TRANS?

$$f \sim g \wedge g \sim z \iff f(n) = g(n) \wedge g(n) = z(n)$$

$$f(n) - g(n) = 0 \quad g(n) - z(n) = 0$$

$$f(n) - g(n) + g(n) - z(n) = 0$$

$$f(n) = z(n)$$

$$f \sim z$$

$$\mathbb{R} \quad x \sim y \iff x - y \in \mathbb{Z} = \{0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots\}$$

$$[1] = \{y \in \mathbb{Z} : 1 \sim y\} \iff \{y \in \mathbb{Z} : 1 - y \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

$$\mathbb{R}/\sim = \{[1]\} = \{\mathbb{Z}\}$$

$$E = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

$$x \sim y \iff 5 \mid 2x + 3y$$

è RIF

$$x \sim x \iff 5 \mid 2x + 3x$$

è SIM

$$x \sim y \iff 5 \mid 2x + 3y$$

$$y \sim x \iff 5 \mid 2y + 3x$$

INS QVO

$[1] \rightarrow$ tutti gli el in rel[1]

è TRANS? si

$$x \sim y \wedge y \sim z \iff 5 \mid 2x + 3y \wedge 5 \mid 2y + 3z$$

$$5 \mid 2x + 3y + 2y + 3z$$

$$5 \mid 2x + 5y + 3z$$

poiché $5 \mid 5y$, allora $5 \mid 2x + 3z$

$$(a,b) \sim (c,d)$$

$$a + d = b + c$$

$$a - b = c - d$$

$$\mathbb{Z}^{\textcircled{2}} / \sim = \{[a, 0] : a \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

$$a - 0 = c - d$$

$$a = \underbrace{c - d}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{cost} = a$$



