

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework for *i*ntegrated and *x*-cutting analysis

7-10 Sep 2020

Energy Program, International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis (IIASA), Austria

The MESSAGE_{ix} workshop team, Sep 2020



Behnam Zakeri



Paul Kishimoto



Oliver Fricko



Francesco Lovat



Muhammad Awais

Energy Program, International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis (IIASA), Austria

MESSAGE_{ix} workshop

Agenda for the week

- **Day 1:** Introduction to the MESSAGE_{ix} framework
 - ⇒ Discuss practice of modeling & model development.
 - ⇒ Learn terminology: model, framework, platform, etc.
 - ⇒ Understand the different components of MESSAGE_{ix} and their capabilities.
 - ⇒ Resolving issues of installation (if needed).
- **Days 2:** MESSAGE_{ix} as an optimization model
- Describing the main objective of the mathematical model
- A technology-based, bottom-up modeling logic
- Use of basic model framework capabilities, using a rudimentary example.

MESSAGE_{ix} modeling workshop (2)

Agenda for the week

- **Day 3:** Energy modeling using MESSAGE_{ix}
 - ⇒ Main modelling parameters and input data of a MESSAGE_{ix} model
 - ⇒ Walk through some simple, complete energy models from the MESSAGE_{ix} tutorials.
 - ⇒ Adding energy policy constraints to a MESSAGE_{ix} model
- **Day 4:**
 - ⇒ Post-processing or “reporting”: calculations based on model outputs.
 - ⇒ Good research, modeling, and software development practices.
 - ⇒ Continuous integration

Today's agenda

- Examples of MESSAGE_{ix} applications.
- Breakout discussion: modeling and model development.
- Detailed tour of the MESSAGE_{ix} “ecosystem” of tools, including terminology.
- Installing the software (preparation for Sessions 2–4).

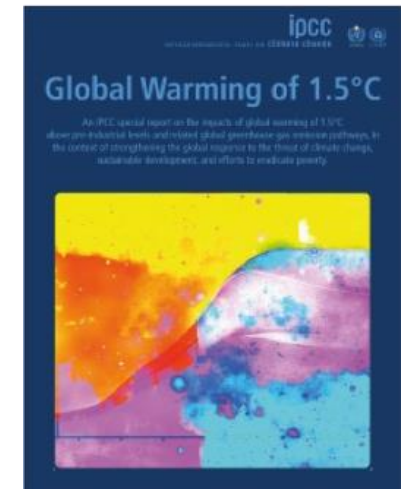
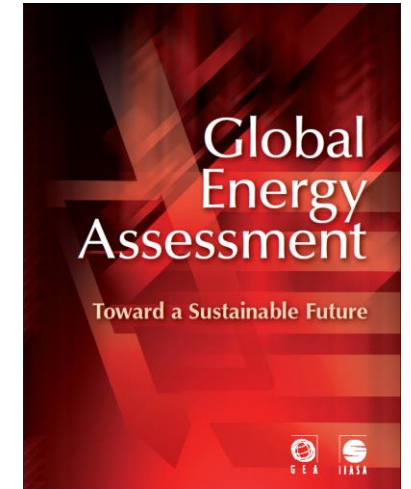
Ground rules

- Questions are welcome and valid.
 - ⇒ Raise your hand (using Zoom features).
 - ⇒ Ask in chat: “Everyone”, or to a colleague with “ (IIASA)” in their name.
 - ⇒ Follow-up via e-mail.
- Respect for diversity of participants, their level of knowledge, and their time.

The MESSAGE model at IIASA

IIASA and MESSAGE are at the center of global energy policy assessment

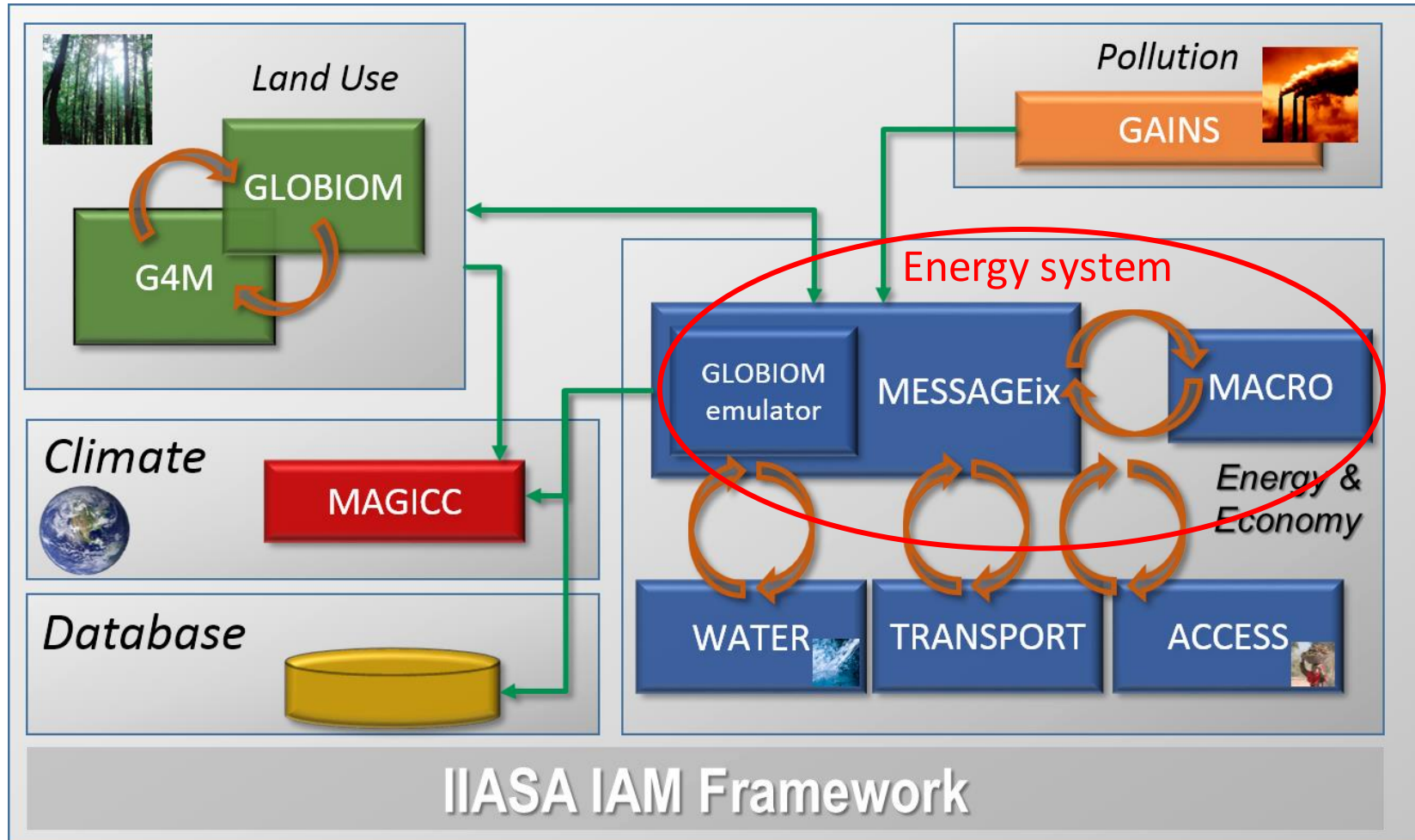
- Since 1980s used for assessing sustainable development and energy/climate policies at national, regional and global scales.
- MESSAGE: a systems engineering, long-term planning optimization model.
- MESSAGE widely in use in other organizations like IAEA and member countries.
- In 2018, transformed to an open-source modelling framework: **MESSAGEix**
- Relying on the state-of-the-art and powerful data management infrastructure
- Building a community of developers, transparency and knowledge sharing
- Sample publications:
 - ⇒ *A low energy demand scenario for meeting the 1.5 °C target and sustainable development goals without negative emission technologies.* Grubler et al., Nature Energy (2018)
 - ⇒ *Energy investment needs for fulfilling the Paris Agreement and achieving the SDGs.* McCollum et al., Nature Energy (2018)



<http://www.ipcc.ch/report/sr15/>

IIASA's Integrated Assessment Model (IAM)

MESSAGE_{ix} as an energy system model is at the core



MESSAGE_{ix} example projects 1: Global Electricity Interconnector

What is the impact on renewable energy integration?

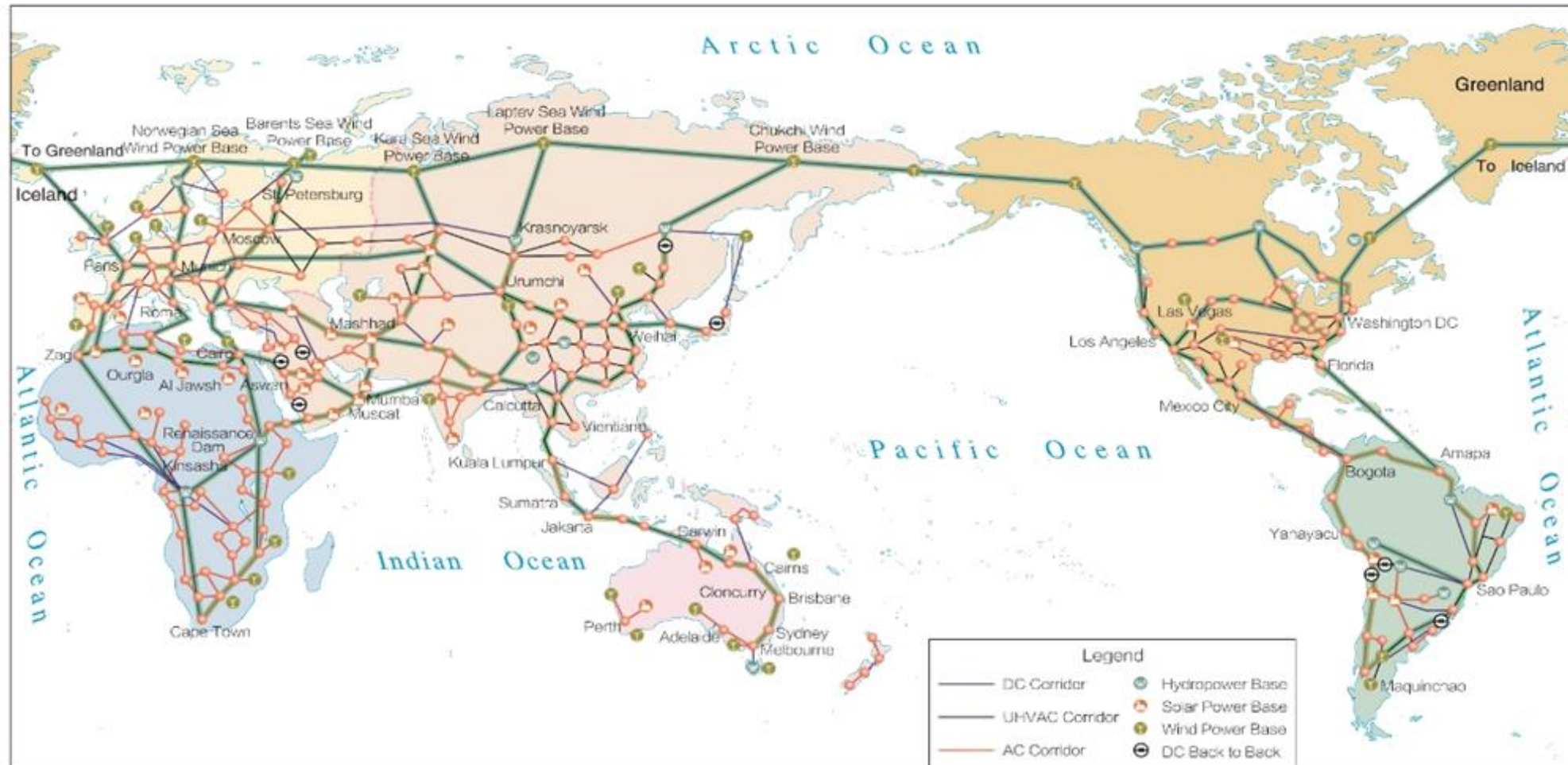


Image: GEIDCO

MESSAGE_{ix} example projects 2: Regional energy transition

Central Asia: conflict between energy and water demand

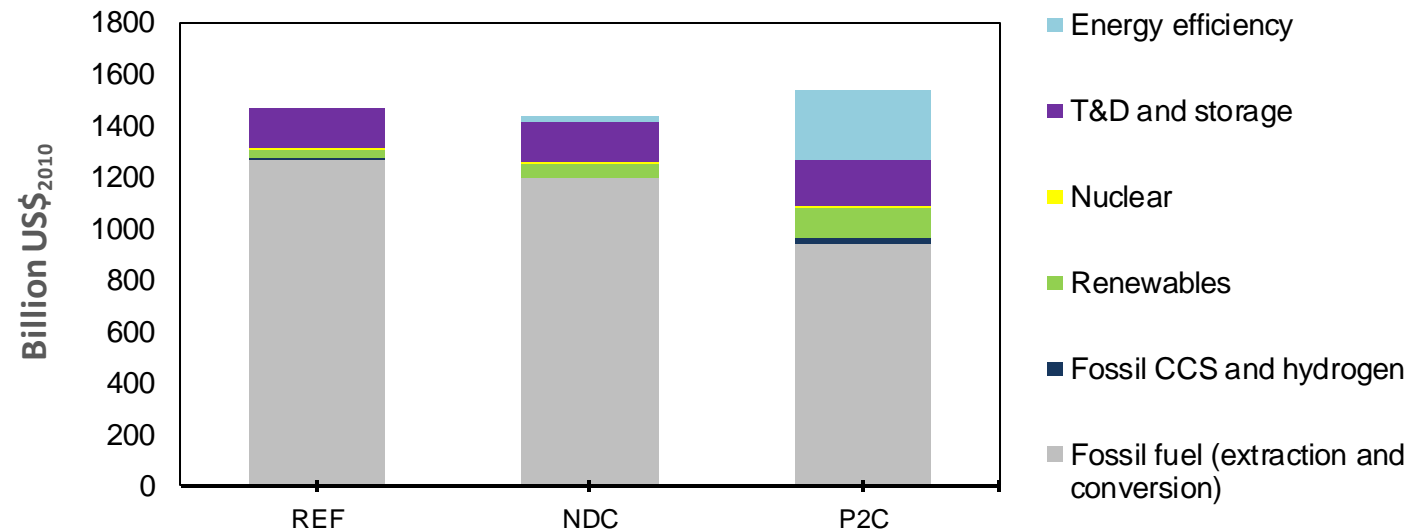
Modelling of hydropower storage solutions and sub-annual timeslices

- Impact of gas demand in China on gas exports from the region
- Coal and gas demand in a 2-degree world
- Role of renewables in the region
- Assessment of investment needs



image: moneyweek.com

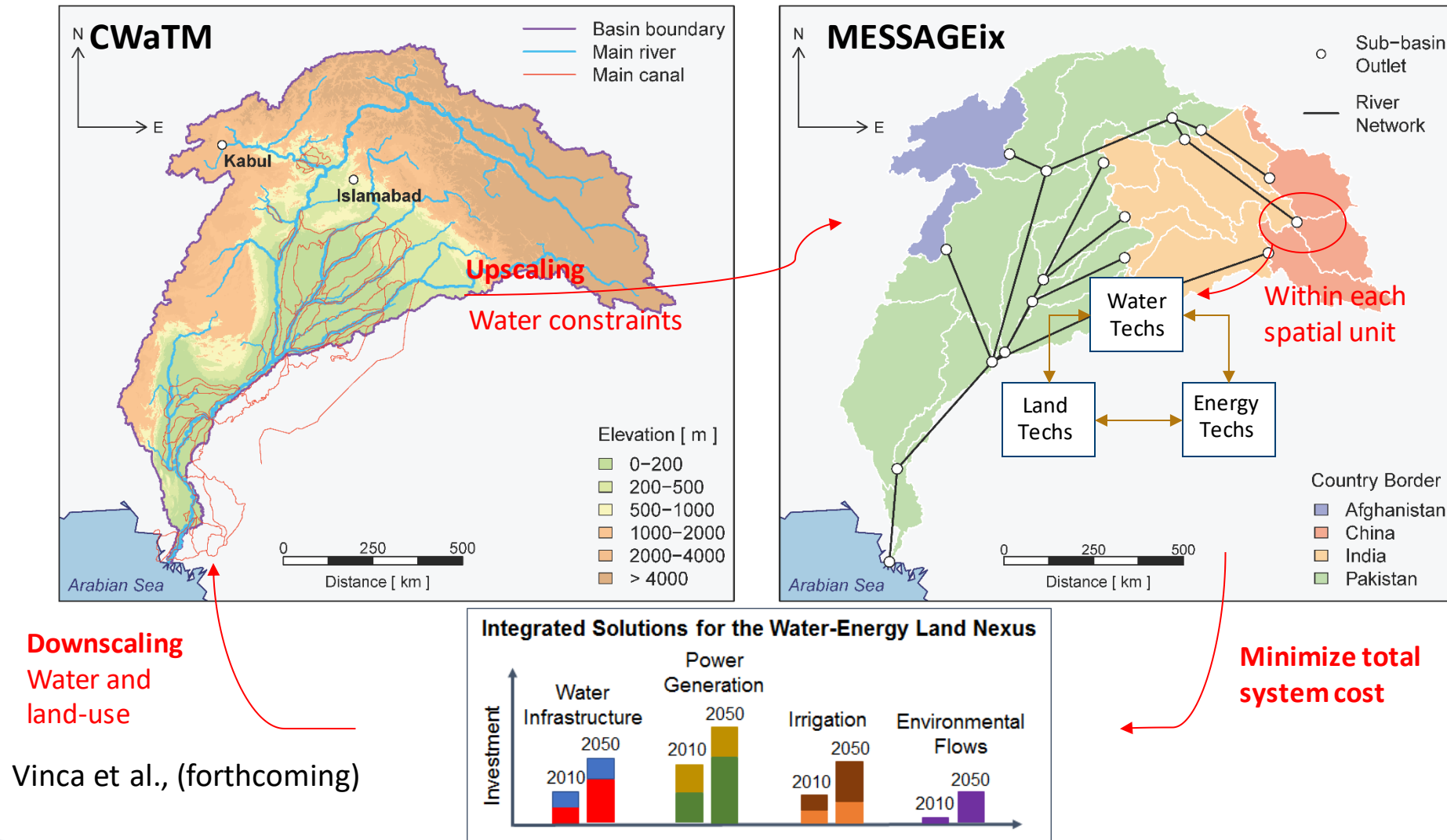
Investment needs in Central Asia (2020-2050)



REF: reference scenario, NDC: nationally determined contributions, P2C: 2-degree

MESSAGE_{ix} example projects 3: NEST model framework

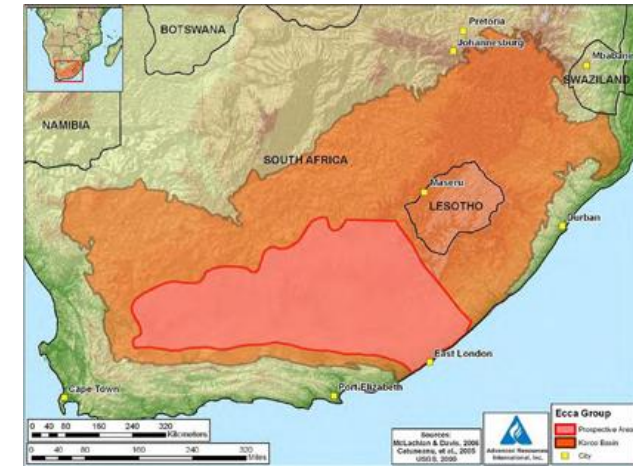
Transboundary analysis of water-energy-land use (Indus Basin)



MESSAGE_{ix} example projects 4: South Africa (MESSAGE-ZA)

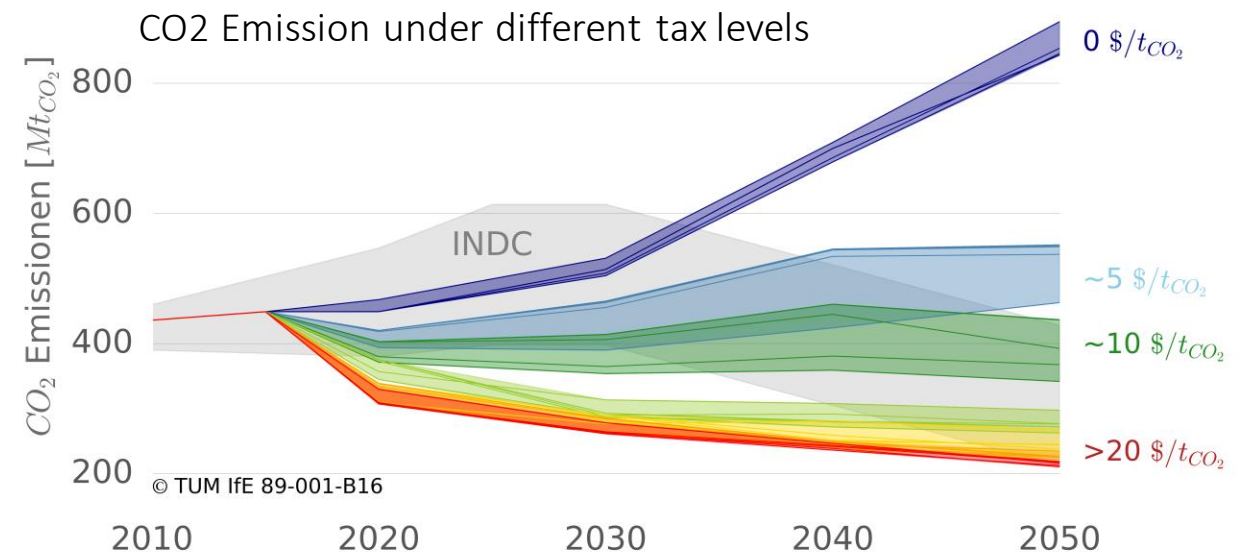
Shale gas in South Africa

- South Africa beyond shale gas to meet NDC pledges
- Gas can function as a transition fuel from a coal to renewables
- Methane emissions from shale gas production need to be managed to avoid climate effects of gas usage
- Water scarcity might be an obstacle to shale gas use



Source: EIA - World Shale Gas Resources (April 2011)

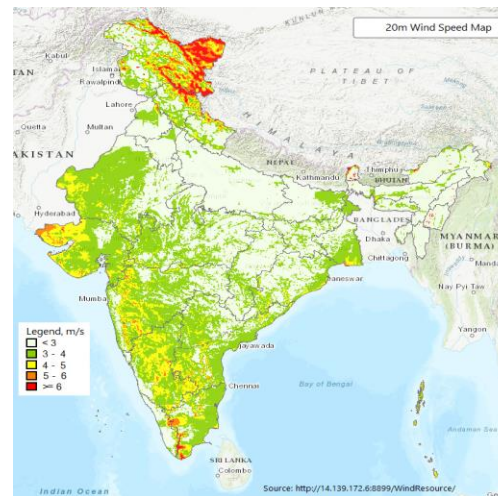
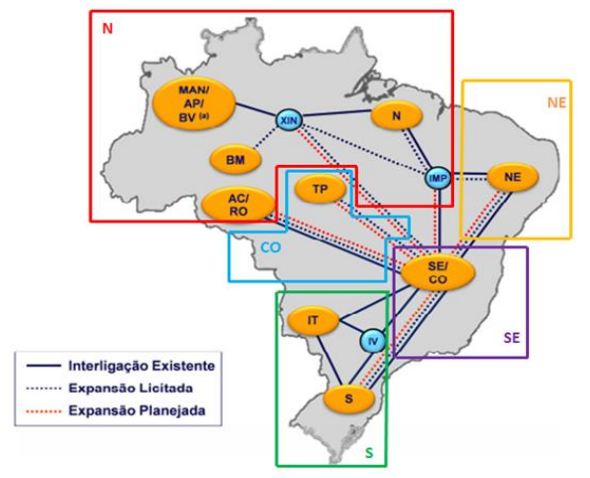
Orthofer, C., Huppmann, D. and Krey, V., 2019.
 South Africa After Paris—Fracking Its Way to the NDCs?.
 Frontiers in Energy Research, 7, pp.art-20.



MESSAGE_{ix} example projects: others

National Policies and International Agreements

- Role of Brazilian Amazon on country's NDC
- Energy demand in India and vulnerability assessment
- Co-developing water-energy-land modeling tools with the Indian government
- Role of gas exploration in energy security of Israel



The remainder of today's session

What to expect?

- Learn about capabilities and organization of the MESSAGE_{ix} framework.
- Learn about the installation and location of the installed packages.
- Be able to find the relevant source for more information about the framework.

Requirements for working on MESSAGE_{ix}

- Knowledge on data analysis and mathematical modeling.
- Good knowledge of at least one programming language.
- Patience, motivation, and curiosity.

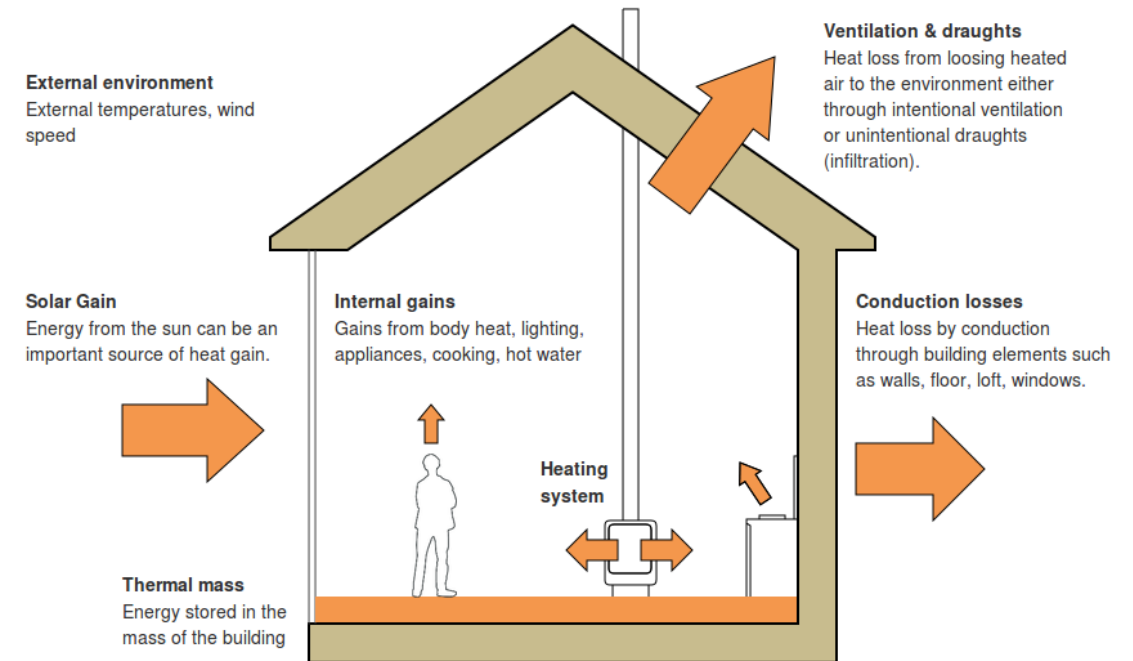


Modeling and Model Development

What's a good model like?

- We use models to represent and investigate a phenomenon in real world or hypothetically
- Examples: building model, forestry model, energy and climate models etc.

- Elements of modeling work:
 - Structural relations (equations)
 - Data
 - States of the system (scenarios and simulation)
 - etc.



openenergymonitor.org

Question

What are the features of a good modeling tool?

What is the best practice in model development?

Everyone:

- Think about your experiences in the past and your expectations from this workshop
- List **three items** that are important to you **(2 min)**

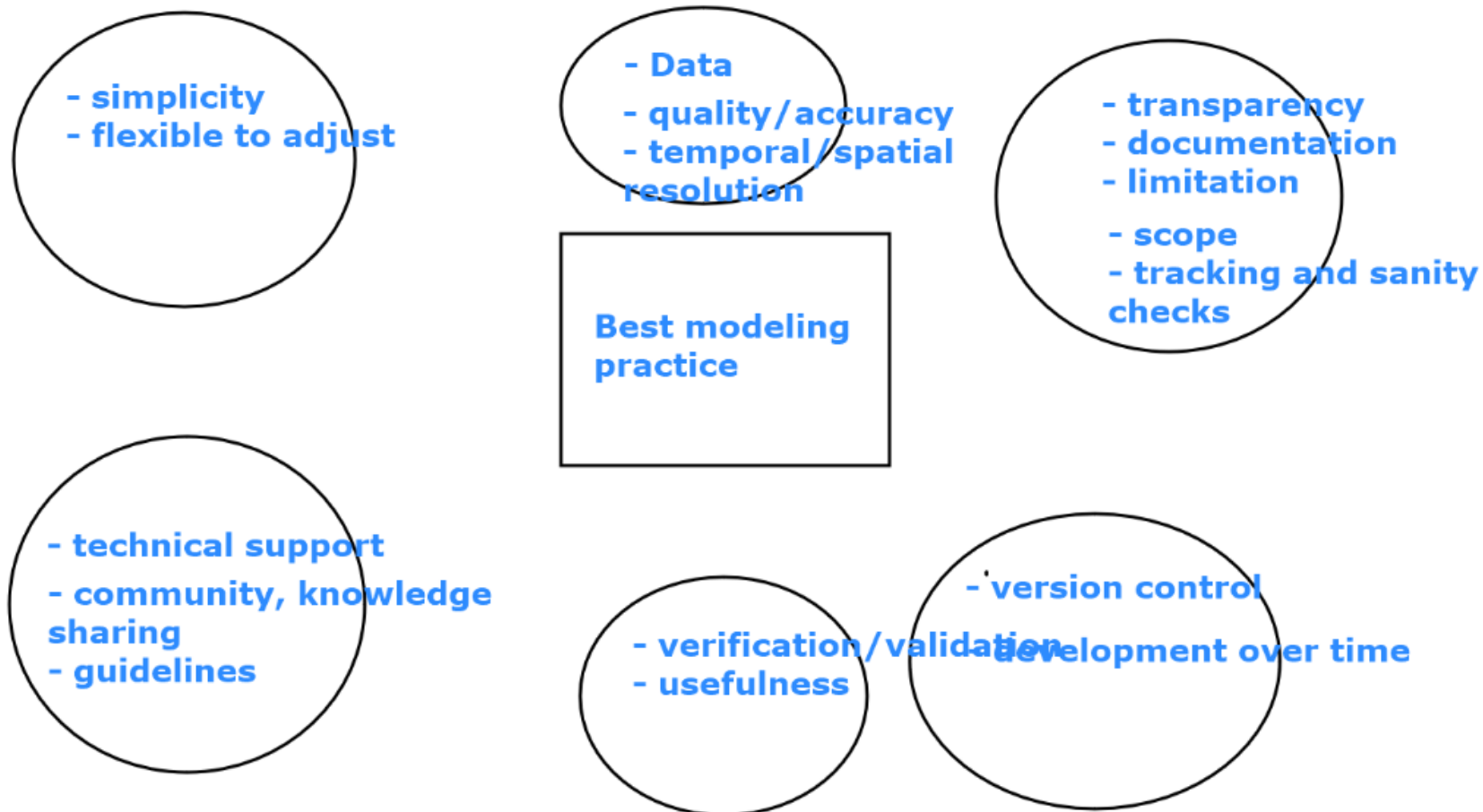
Group work (8 min):

- You will be grouped in parallel breakout sessions
- Possibly turn on your video, introduce yourself to each other
- **Discuss your views on the questions**

Question

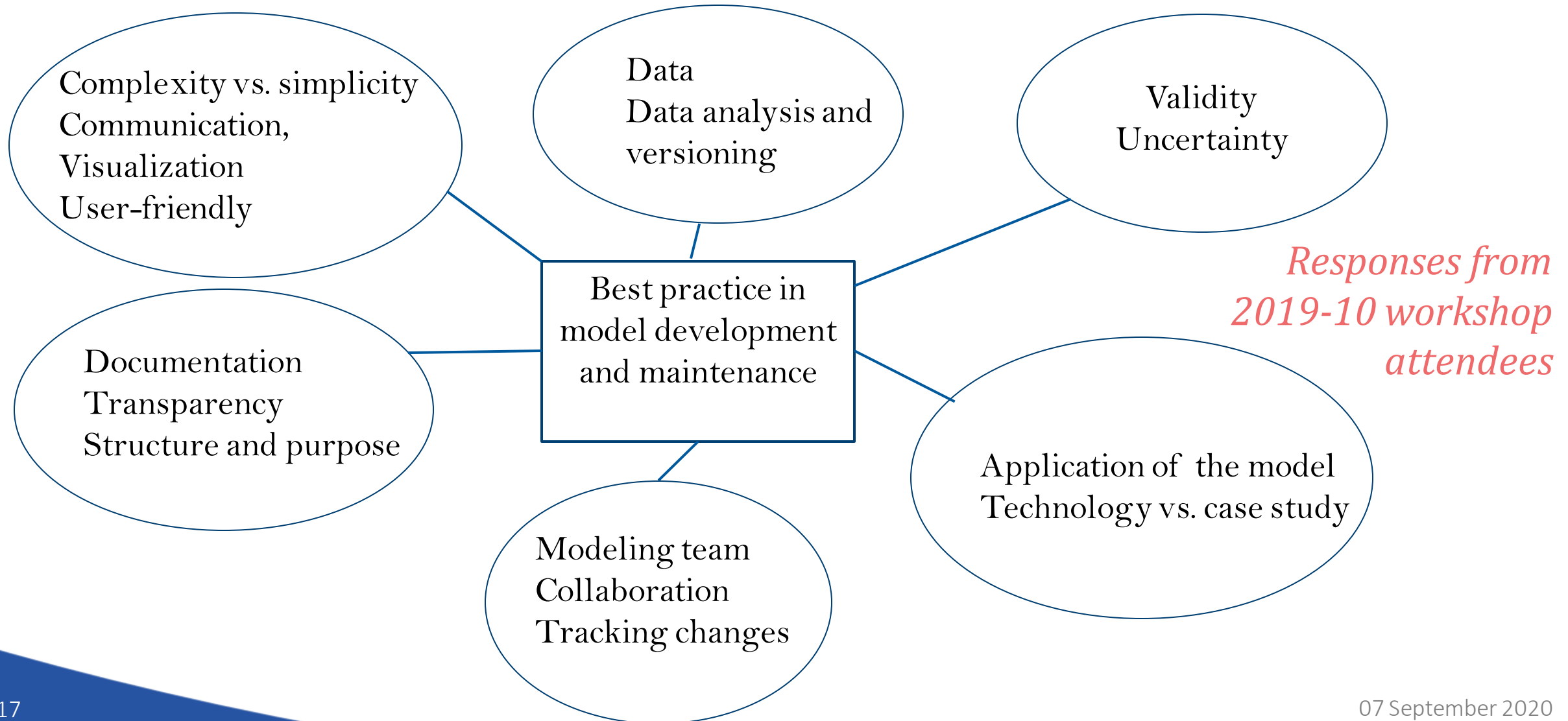
What are the features of a good modeling tool?

What is the best practice in model development?



Modeling and Model Development (2)

Discussion in group: what do we expect from a good model?



The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: Goals and Vision

Aim and vision of the framework as a whole

Goal: Developing a platform for streamlined modeling

- ⇒ using state-of-the-art tools for **data processing**,
- ⇒ building versatile & powerful **mathematical models**,
- ⇒ applying best practice of **collaborative research**

Vision:

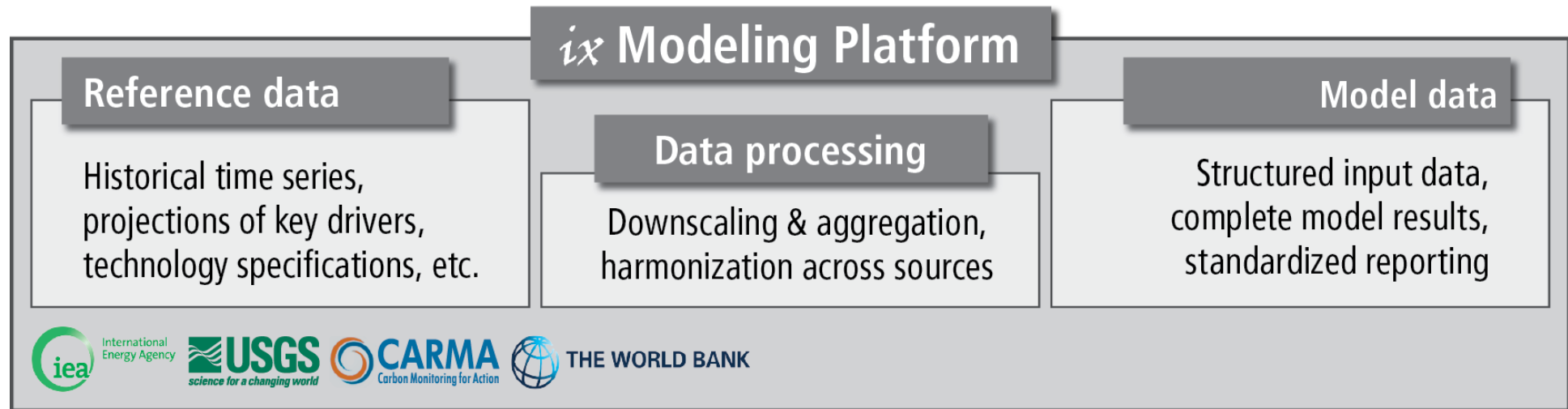
- integration of models & scientific analysis between different disciplines
- highest level of transparency and scientific reproducibility for a wide audience
- flexibility: across **spatial and temporal** levels of disaggregation

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework consists of a variety of different pieces

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: 1. Data management in *ixmp*

*A central data management system (the *ix* modeling platform, *ixmp*)*

- An **open** platform for *i*ntegrated and *x*-cutting analysis of energy, climate, the environment, and sustainable development.



ixmp, *ix* modeling platform or simply “**platform**” will be used interchangeably

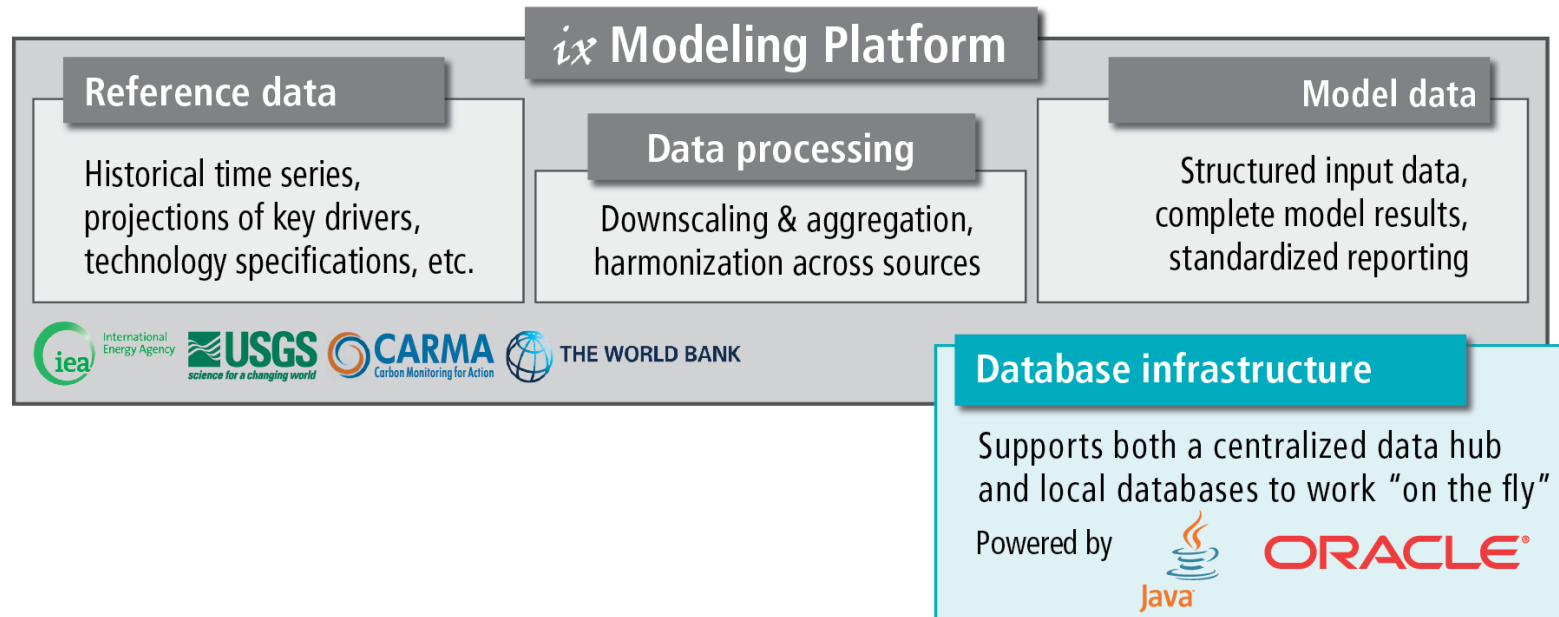
The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: 2. Database backend

Supported by a high-performance database architecture

The platform (*ixmp*)...

... is based on a Java interface as gateway to the data

... supports both an **ORACLE database backend** for high-performance, collaborative modeling and **local, file-based databases** for getting started or working “on the fly”



The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: 3. Integration with GAMS

Connected to high-performance numerical programming

MESSAGE_{ix} in an **Integrated Assessment Model** (IAM). Its mathematical formulation is in GAMS, a versatile software for mathematical programming & optimization.

⇒ MESSAGE_{ix} is the first model fully integrated with the **ix** modeling platform (*ixmp*)

Suite of mathematical models

MESSAGE_{ix} & MACRO

Versatile spatial systems-economic model

- ✓ Perfect-foresight or recursive-dynamic approach
- ✓ Easy to add new features & extensions
- ✓ Flexible spatial & temporal detail



G A M S

Water–land integration

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: 4. Documentation

Implementing tools for comprehensive documentation

The framework ensures transparency and intelligibility through “auto-documentation” of all codes & packages on readthedocs.com

- ⇒ Documentation of all scientific programming packages using **Sphinx**
- ⇒ Documentation of the mathematical equations generated automatically from **L^AT_EX** mark-up in the GAMS code


 **Read the Docs**

```

***
* Technology section
* -----
*
* Technical and engineering constraints
* ~~~~~
*
* Equation CAPACITY_CONSTRAINT
* ~~~~~
* This constraint ensures that the actual activity of a technology at a node/time cannot exceed available (maintained)
* capacity summed over all vintages, including the technology capacity factor :math:`capacity\_factor_{n,t,y,t}`.
*
* .. math::
* \sum_m ACT_{n,t,y^V,y,m,h}
* \leq duration^H_{n,t,y^V,y,h} \cdot capacity\_factor_{n,t,y^V,y,h} \cdot CAP_{n,t,y^V,y}
* \quad t \in T^{INV}
*
* where :math:`T^{INV}` is the set of all technologies
* for which investment decisions and capacity constraints are relevant.
***
CAPACITY_CONSTRAINT(node,inv_tec,vintage,year,time)$( map_tec_time(node,inv_tec,year,time)
AND map_tec_lifetime(node,inv_tec,vintage,year) )..
sum(mode$( map_tec_act(node,inv_tec,year,mode,time) ), ACT(node,inv_tec,vintage,year,mode,time) )
=I= duration_time(time) * capacity_factor(node,inv_tec,vintage,year,time) * CAP(node,inv_tec,vintage,year) ;

```




International Institute for
Applied Systems Analysis
www.iiasa.ac.at
master

Search docs

Installation
Tutorials
MESSAGEix framework overview
Python & R API

Mathematical specification

Sets and mappings definition
Parameter definition

Mathematical formulation (core model)

Notation declaration
Objective function
Regional system cost accounting function
Resource and commodity section

Technology section

Technical and engineering constraints

Constraints representing renewable integration

Constraints for add-on

Read the Docs

v: master

Equation STOCKS_BALANCE

This constraint ensures the inter-temporal balance of commodity stocks. The parameter $commodity_stock_{n,c,t}$ can be used to model exogenous additions to the stock

$$STOCK_{n,c,t,y} + commodity_stock_{n,c,t,y} = duration_period_y \cdot \sum_h STOCK_CHG_{n,c,t,y,h} + STOCK_{n,c,t,y+1}$$

Technology section

Technical and engineering constraints

The first set of constraints concern technologies that have explicit investment decisions and where installed/maintained capacity is relevant for operational decisions. The set where $T^{INV} \subseteq T$ is the set of all these technologies.

Equation CAPACITY_CONSTRAINT

This constraint ensures that the actual activity of a technology at a node cannot exceed available (maintained) capacity summed over all vintages, including the technology capacity factor $capacity_factor_{n,t,y,t}$.

$$\sum_m ACT_{n,t,y^V,y,m,h} \leq duration_time_h \cdot capacity_factor_{n,t,y^V,y,h} \cdot CAP_{n,t,y^V,y} \quad \forall t \in T^{INV}$$

Equation CAPACITY_MAINTENANCE_HIST

The following three constraints implement technology capacity maintenance over time to allow early retirement. The optimization problem determines the optimal timing of retirement, when fixed operation-and-maintenance costs exceed the benefit in the objective function.

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: 5. Scientific programming

Interfaces to scientific programming for advanced users

Python and R Application Programming Interfaces (APIs)

Scientific programming API

Seamless integration with powerful, open and flexible scientific programming languages

- ✓ Efficient implementation of workflows
- ✓ Standardized interface for data processing



The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: 6. Collaborative research

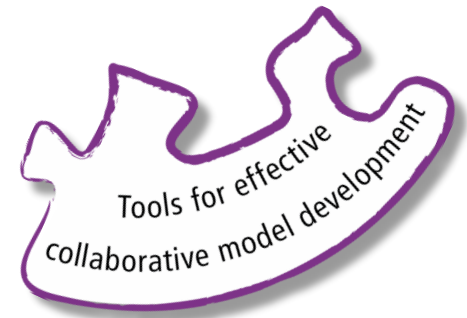
Geared towards best-practice in collaborative research

The modeling framework facilitates collaborative model development through comprehensive **version control** of data, model codes and scripts.

All contents of both MESSAGE_{ix} and *ix*mp are **open-source** and online as GitHub repositories:

https://github.com/iiasa/message_ix

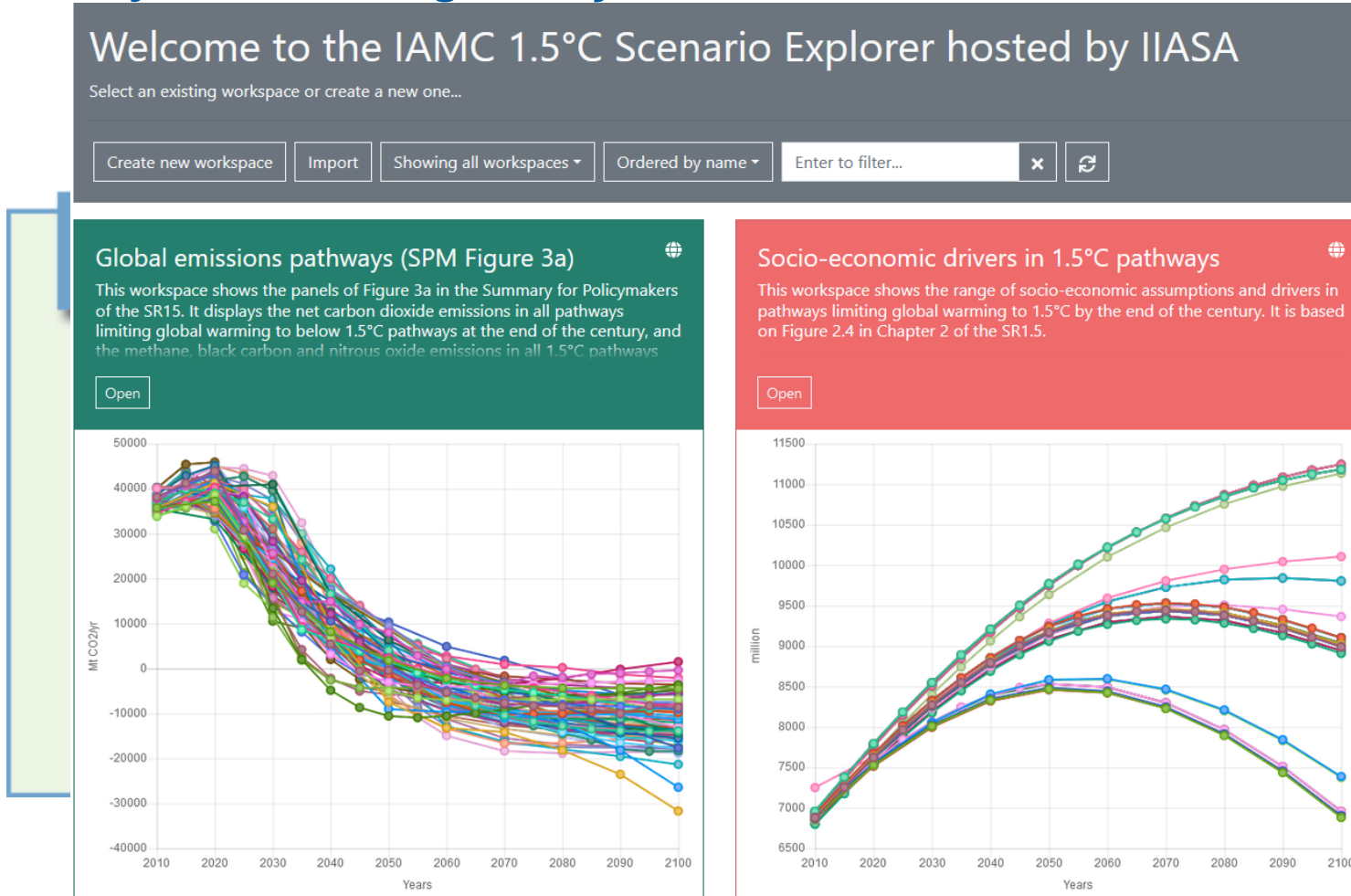
<https://github.com/iiasa/ixmp/>



In the last session of this workshop (Session IV) there will be more explanation on how to collaborate through GitHub.

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: 7. Interactive web user interface

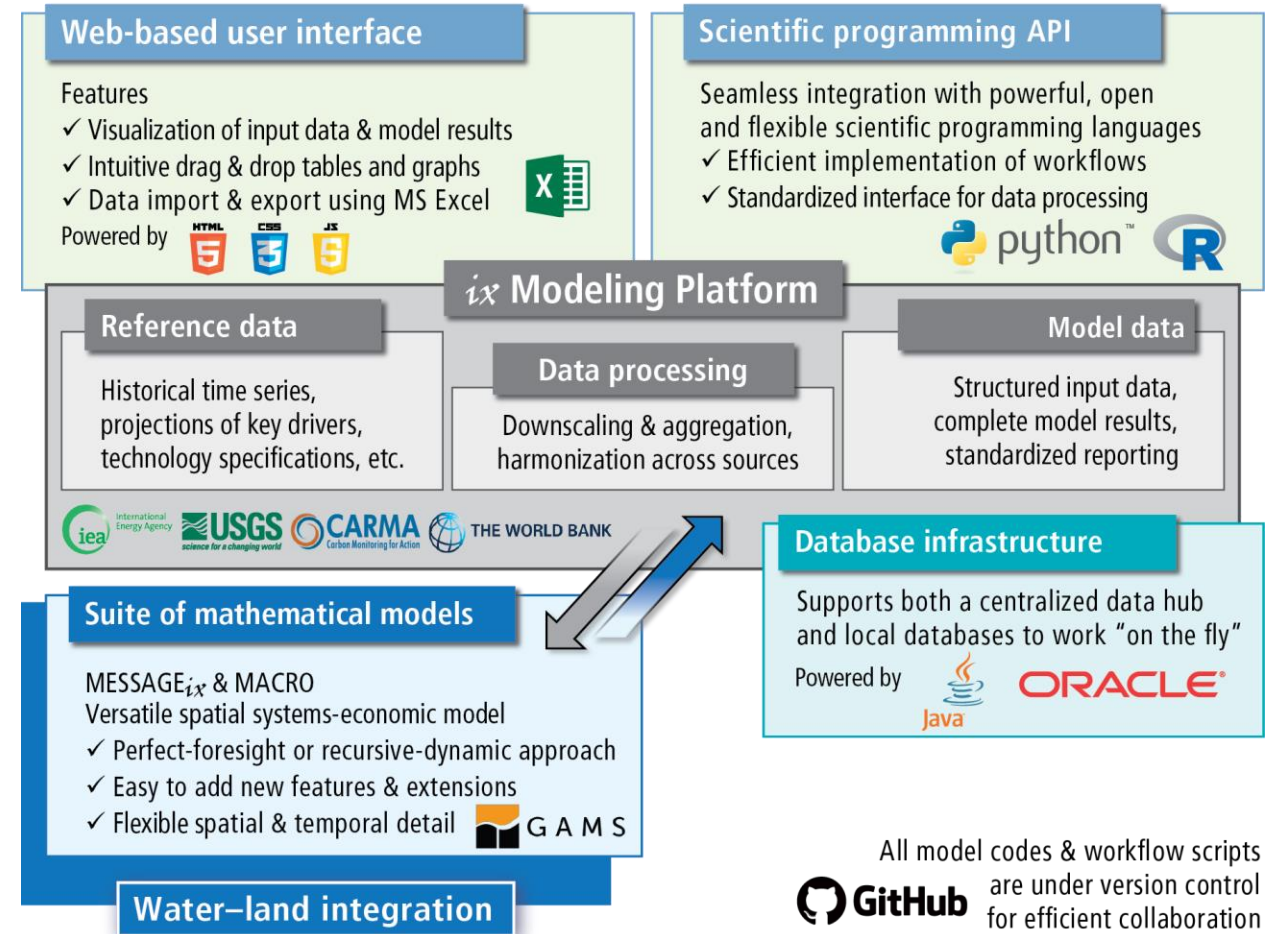
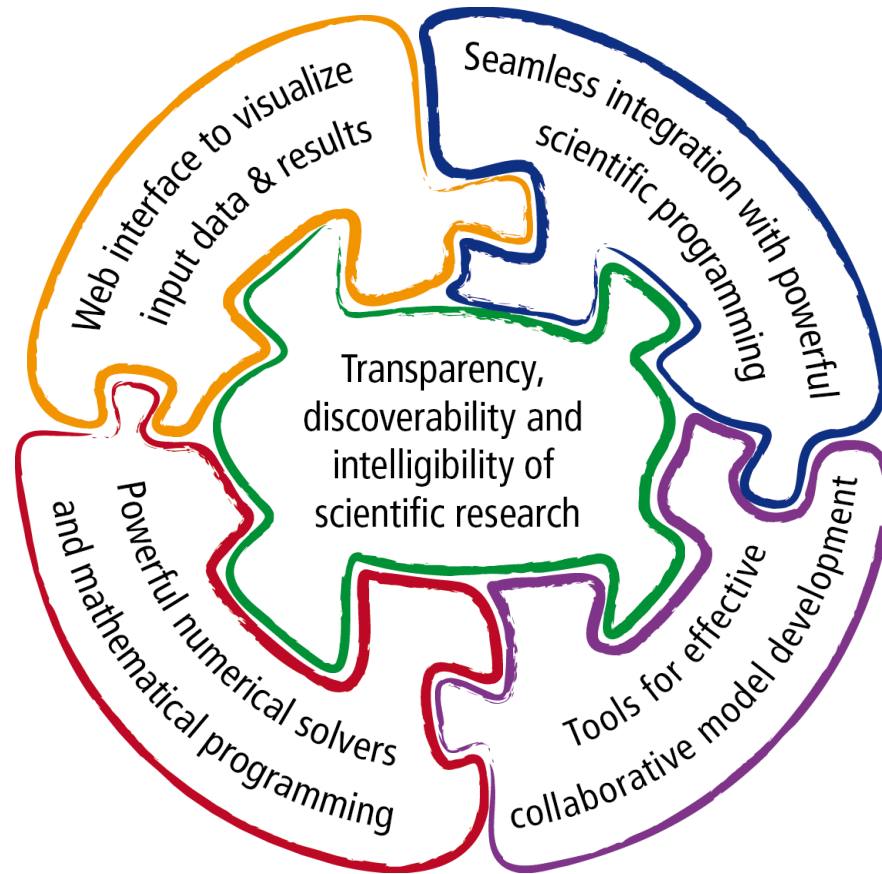
An intuitive gateway to modeling data for researchers and a wider audience




The Scenario Explorer allows for the re-use of scenario data by other research communities

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: Overview

Facilitating transparency and reproducibility of research



All model codes & workflow scripts are under version control for efficient collaboration

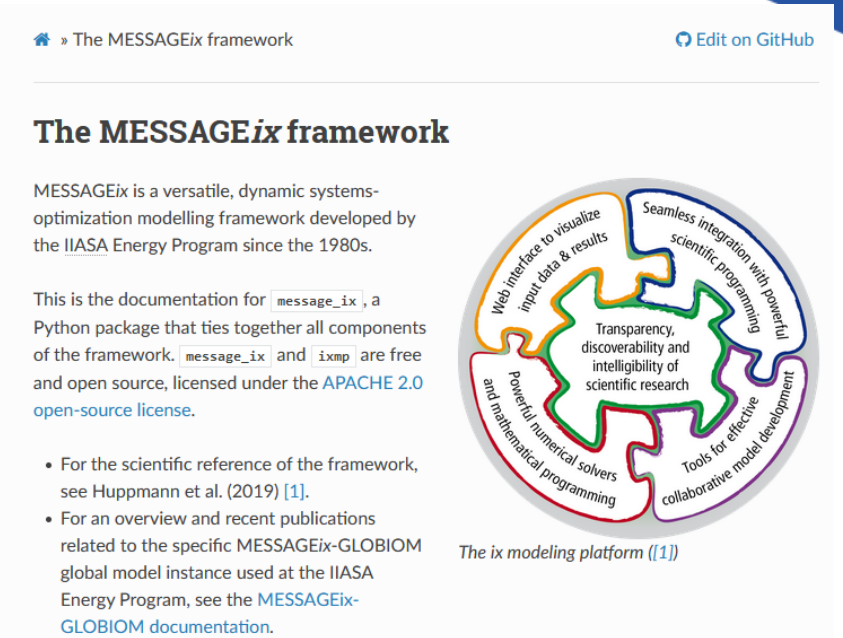
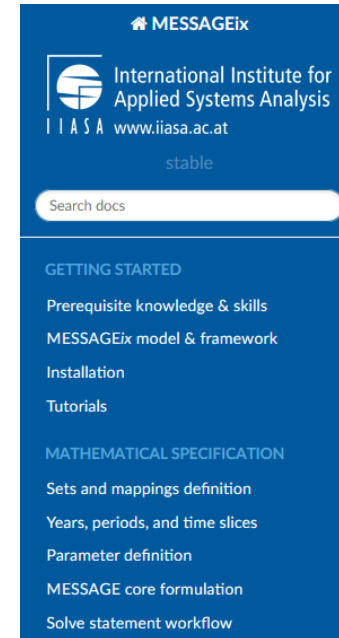
 **GitHub**

Key features of the *ix* modeling platform (*ixmp*)

(Huppmann et al. 2019)

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: Main sources of information

- Main page in ReadTheDocs:
⇒ <https://docs.messageix.org/en/stable/>
- Open-source GitHub repository:
⇒ https://github.com/iiasa/message_ix
(contribution guide)
- Files for the tutorials:
https://github.com/iiasa/message_ix/tree/master/tutorial



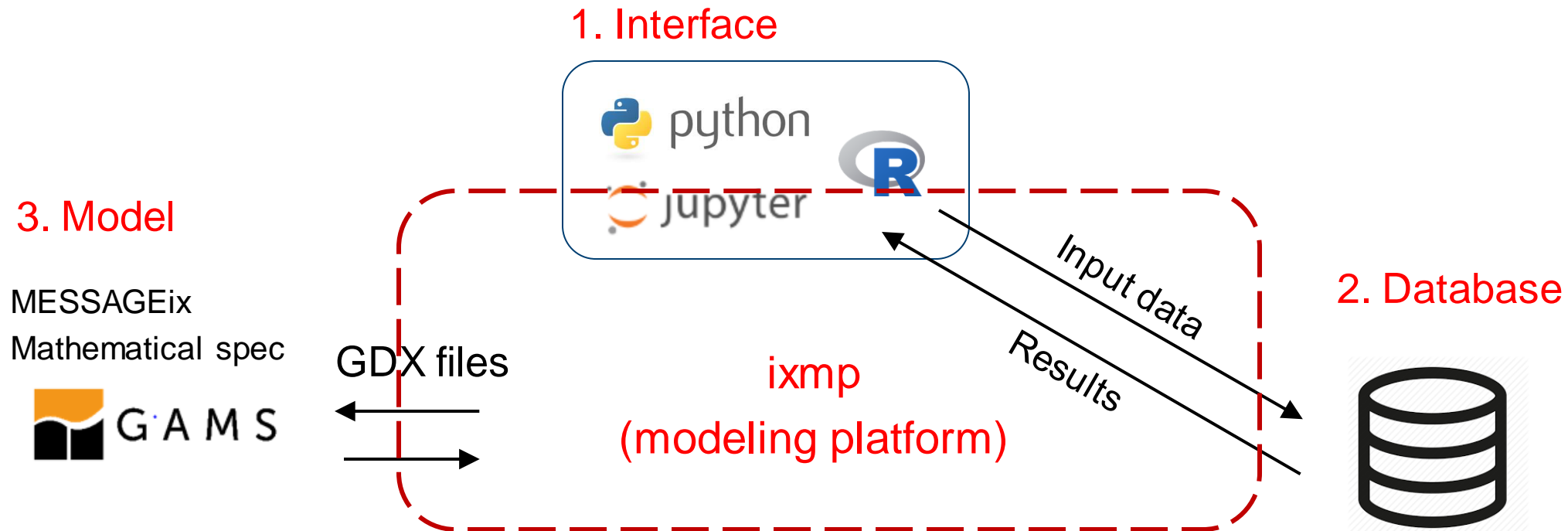
For more detailed information on **ixmp**:

- Main page in ReadTheDocs:
⇒ <https://docs.messageix.org/projects/ixmp/en/stable/>
- Open-source GitHub repository:
⇒ <https://github.com/iiasa/ixmp/>

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: Simplistic workflow of modeling

Flexible and high-performance processes

- Interface a **central place** for creating, loading, or working with a scenario
- Data can be modified through the interface or other input files (e.g., Excel)
- Model data and results: loaded from database, model GDX files, etc.



The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: Prerequisites

MESSAGE_{ix} & ixmp, encapsulated as two Python packages

message_ix
ixmp



The workshop is designed to be accessible for participants with different backgrounds and levels of experience with the modeling. However, there are some pre-requisite knowledge and skills, including:

- Elementary computer programming (preferably in the Python or R language);
⇒ especially, basic knowledge of **pandas**, a Python package for data analysis ([pandas tutorials](#))
- Fundamental concepts of mathematical modeling, optimization, and linear programming;
- Energy systems (e.g., energy supply, energy conversion technologies, and demand sectors and their linkages)
⇒ also energy levels and techno-economic parameters

For a complete list, plus links to learning resources, see “[Pre-requisite knowledge & skills](#)” in the documentation

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: Installation

Two types of installation

1. Install MESSAGE_{ix} through Anaconda

- You only want to use the public release ([latest version](#) is v3.1.0; ~every 6 months).
- You don't aim to contribute to the code on GitHub.
- Still possible to develop code and a model specific to your research needs.

Basic usage	Advanced usage
Install the released version of <code>message_ix</code> .	Install the development version (source code).
Use a laptop/desktop computer.	Use cloud computing/HPC servers.
Store data on your local machine.	Store data in a shared database.
Run/modify the tutorial notebooks .	Build large models from scratch.
	Collaborate on MESSAGEix-GLOBIOM.
Use the mathematical formulation as-is.	Modify the MESSAGE equations.
Use the <code>message_ix</code> Python/R code.	Contribute or request new features .

2. Install through the source (advanced users, developers)

- You want to test and review the latest features (i.e., since the latest public release).
- You want to contribute to the code.
- You want to (learn to) participate in collaborative code development.

Link to installation page in ReadTheDocs: <https://docs.messageix.org/en/stable/install.html>

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: Installation (2)

Installation through Anaconda. A checklist

1. Install the required software

- Anaconda (add to PATH environment variable)
- GAMS (add to PATH environment variable)



2. Install MESSAGE_{ix}

- Open *Anaconda Prompt* window, and type:

```
$ conda config --prepend channels conda-forge
```

```
$ conda create -n my-env
```

```
$ conda activate my-env
```

```
$ conda install message-ix
```

```
$ conda install conda_nb
```

message_{ix} & message-ix:

- The actual name of the package installed is [message ix](#)
- message-ix is a command-line program used to install and run tasks from [message ix](#)

3. Download tutorials (examples for learning the model)

```
$ message-ix dl /path/for/folder_for_tutorials
```

The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: After installation

Check installation. What is where?

1. Check that installation was successful

- Verify that the version installed corresponds to the [latest release](#) by running the following commands on the command line:

```
$ message-ix show-versions
```

- If an error occurs, this may mean that an older version has been installed and should be updated

```
$ conda list message-ix
```

2. ixmp & message_ix Python packages

- Locate your Anaconda (python) library and navigate to *site-packages* (good to pin this path)

- You can open windows command line and type:

```
$ where conda
```

- Then, navigate to *site-packages* (C:\...\Anaconda3\envs\my-env\Lib\site-packages)

- You should be able to see two packages **ixmp** and **message_ix**

3. Mathematical model folder

- **Model/** folder is by default under **message_ix/** folder

- **Model/** folder can be changed to a new folder (optional)

Open an *Anaconda Prompt* window, and type:

```
$ message-ix copy-model /path/for/GAMS/files
```


The MESSAGE_{ix} modeling framework: Mathematical formulation

Everything is at your disposal!

Looking into the GAMS files

- Locate your “model” folder (for example, `C:\...\message_ix\message_ix\model`)
- Create a GAMS project there to work with the files more easily (optional)
- **MESSAGE formulation** in (`C:\...\model\MESSAGE`): for example look at `model_core.gms`
- **Input data** in (`C:\...\model\data`): GDX files
- **Output results** in (`C:\...\model\output`): GDX files

				1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100	2110
193	addon_up	Par	6	6,822														
163	aei	Par	3	726														
44	balance_equality	Set	2	0														
106	bound_activity_lo	Par	5	8,053														
105	bound_activity_up	Par	5	11,845														
136	bound_emission	Par	4	0														
82	bound_extraction_up	Par	4	88														
102	bound_new_capacity_lo	Par	3	150														
101	bound_new_capacity_up	Par	3	4,098														
104	bound_total_capacity_lo	Par	3	0														
103	bound_total_capacity_up	Par	3	0														
85	capacity_factor	Par	5	116,559														
42	cat_addon	Set	2	29														
32	cat_emission	Set	2	16														
29	cat_node	Set	2	11														
33	cat_relation	Set	2	0														
	bio_istig	M1	year	cogeneration_heat				0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
	bio_istig_ccs										0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
	bio_ppl					0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
				scrubber_CO2_bio		0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
	cement_CO2			scrubber_CO2_cement	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.25	0.23	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18
	coal_adv			cogeneration_heat					0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
		lignite							0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
	coal_adv_ccs	M1							0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
		lignite							0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
	coal_ppl	M1				0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
				scrubber_CO2_coal		0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67
		lignite		cogeneration_heat		0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
				scrubber_CO2_coal		0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67
	coal_ppl_u	M1		cogeneration_heat	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15						
		lignite			0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15						

Thank you very much for your attention!

Francesco Lovat

Research Assistant – Energy

International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis (IIASA)

Laxenburg, Austria

lovat@iiasa.ac.at

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