Table 4: BigGAN architecture for 128×128 images. ch represents the channel width multiplier in each network from Table 1. $z \in \mathbb{R}^{120} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, I)$
Embed(y) \in \mathbb{R}^{128} RGB image $x \in \mathbb{R}^{128 \times 128 \times 3}$ ResBlock down $ch \rightarrow 2ch$ Linear $(20 + 128) \rightarrow 4 \times 4 \times 16ch$ Non-Local Block (64×64) ResBlock up $16ch \rightarrow 16ch$ ResBlock down $2ch \rightarrow 4ch$ ResBlock up $16ch \rightarrow 8ch$ ResBlock down $4ch \rightarrow 8ch$ ResBlock up $8ch \rightarrow 4ch$ ResBlock down $8ch \rightarrow 16ch$ ResBlock up $4ch \rightarrow 2ch$ ResBlock down $16ch \rightarrow 16ch$ Non-Local Block (64×64) ResBlock $16ch \rightarrow 16ch$ ResBlock up $2ch \rightarrow ch$ ReLU, Global sum pooling BN, ReLU, 3×3 Conv $ch \rightarrow 3$ $\text{Embed}(y) \cdot \boldsymbol{h} + (\text{linear} \rightarrow 1)$ Tanh (b) Discriminator (a) Generator