

# MKS SERVO42D/57D\_RS485 V1.0.6 USER MANUAL

	MKS SERVO42D/57D_RS485 Manual Release				
manual	discription	firmware	date		
V1.0.0	First release	V1.0.0	Mar-2023		
	1.Added SR_OPEN, SR_CLOSE control mode.				
	2.lt can set any working current.				
V1.0.1	3.Redefined speed and acceleration for serial Mode.	V1.0.1	Apr 2022		
V1.0.1	4. Add the "92" command , It can set the current position	V1.U.1	Apr-2023		
	to 0 point.				
	5. Add the "8D" command, It can set the group address.				
	1.Add long data package.				
	2.Support for Modbus-RTU communication protocol.				
V1.0.2	3.Slave does not answer if broadcast address or group	V1.0.2	May-2023		
	address or long data package is used.				
	4. OUT_1 port output stall indication.				
	1. Add the "9A" command, It can set the parameter of				
	0_Mode.		Jul-2023		
	2. Add the "8F" command, It can locked the key.				
V1.0.3	3. Add the "34" command, It can read the IO Ports status.	V1.0.3			
	4. the number of slave addresses can be set by menu is				
	change to 16.				
	5. add left and right endstop limit function.				
	1. Added menu or command (9BH) to set holding current				
	percentage function.				
V1.0.4	2. Added absolute motion by pulses(FEH).	V1.0.4	Sep-2023		
V 1.0.4	3. Modify the 8CH command and add the option of active.	V 1.0.4			
	4. Add emergency stop command(F7H).				
	5. Add limit port remap command (9EH).				
	1. Support no limit switch for "go home" function.				
	2. Added menu options: "Hm_Mode" and "Hm_Ma".				
V1.0.5	3. Add the "94" command.	V1.0.5	May-2024		
	4. Fix the bug of command "F4H" and "F5H".	V1.U.J	1VIay-2024		
	5. The command"F5H"supports real-time data update.				
	6. Add the restart motor command(41H).				
	1. Add the "46H,47H,48H" command to read/write all				
V1.0.6	parameters.	V1.0.6 Sep-202			
	2. Add the "35H" command to read RAW data of encoder.				

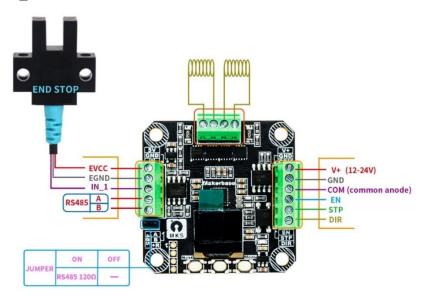


3. Add the "9DH"command , En triggers single-turn zero	
return and position error protection function.	
4. It can release the protection status by En.	
5. Add the "36H" command to write the IO port.	

## Part1. Feature

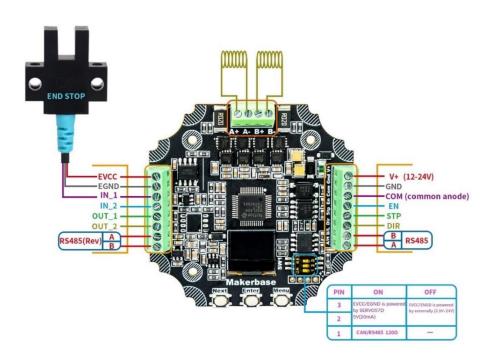
## 1.1 Interface

1. SERVO42D\_RS485 Interface



Note: EVCC/EGND is powered by SERVO42D 5V(20mA)

2. SERVO57D\_RS485 Interface





## 1.2 Key Operation

Key	Function
Next	move down
Enter	Confirm
Menu	Enter/exit parameter setting menu

#### 3. How to View parameter

Press the "Menu" key to Enter the Menu press the "Next" key to move to the sub-option press the "Enter" key, then it show the value.

#### 4. How to setting Parameter:

Press the "Menu" key to Enter the Menu press the "Next" key to move to sub-option press the "Enter" key, it show the value. press the "Next" key to move to the value press the "Enter" key to set the value.

## 1.3 Parameter description

- 1.  $0.0^{\circ}$  the angle of the motor shaft. (unit degree). (Note: It calculated based on the read encoder value, dynamically displayed)
- 2. 0.00err the err of the motor shaft angle.
- 3. 0clk the pulses have been received.



#### 1.4 Work mode

	Work Mode		MAX RPM	Work Current
OPEN	PEN pulse interface CR_OPEN 400RPM		Fix, the work current is Ma	
OPEN	serial interface	SR_OPEN	400KP1VI	FIX, THE WORK CUITERT IS IVIA
CLOSE	pulse interface	CR_CLOSE	1500RPM	Fix, the work current is Ma
CLOSE	serial interface	SR_CLSOE	TOURPIN	Fix, the work current is ivia
vFOC	pulse interface	CR_vFOC	3000RPM	self-adaption, the Max current
VFOC	serial interface	SR_vFOC	SUUURPIVI	is Ma

Notel: The default work mode is CR\_vFOC.

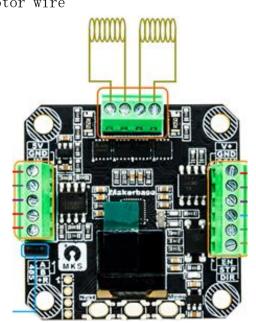
Note2: It can work without encoder in "OPEN" work mode.



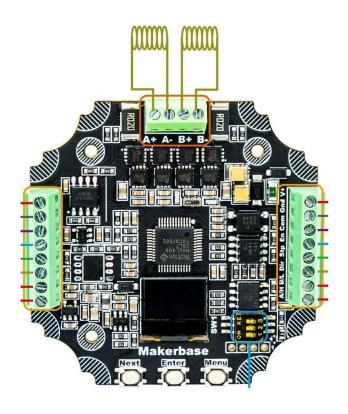
## Part2. Wire

## 2.1 Motor wire

Note: The motor internal resistance should be less than 10 ohms. 1.  $SERVO42D_RS485$  motor wire

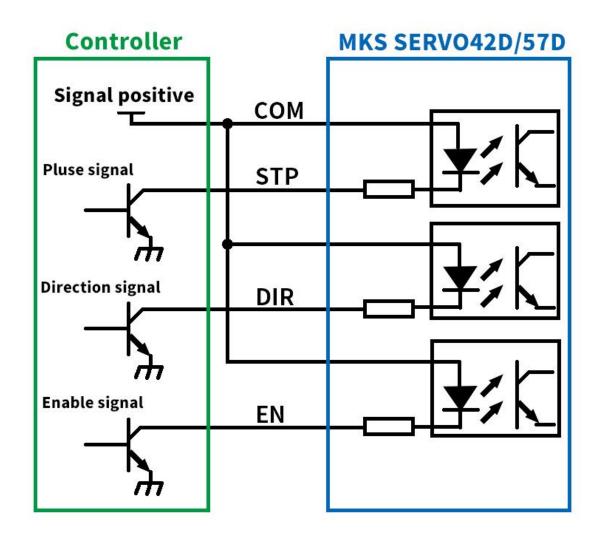


## 2. SERVO57D\_RS485 motor wire





## 2.2 Pulse interface wire



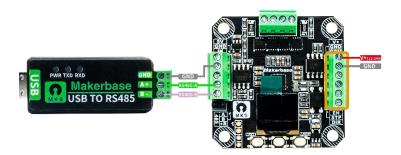
Note: if the (STP/DIR/EN) signal high level is 3.3V, the COM must be 3.3V if the (STP/DIR/EN) signal high level is 5.0V, the COM must be 5.0V and so on.



## 2.3 RS485 wire

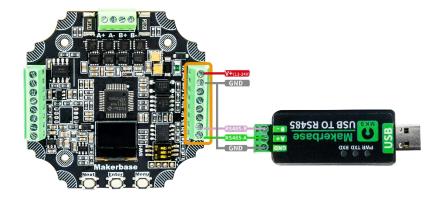
Note: Tip: In order to reduce bus interference, the host-gnd and the motor-gnd must connected togeter, and RS485 signals are transmitted using shielded twisted pairs.

1. SERVO42D RS485 Single-slave



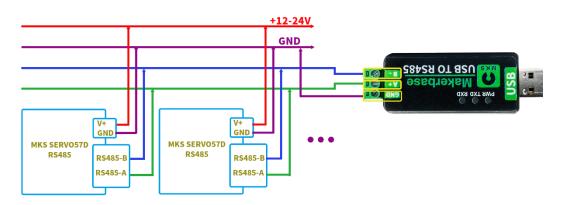
Note: Single slave communication does not need  $120\Omega$  Terminal.

## 2. SERVO57D\_RS485 Single-slave



Note: Single slave communication does not need  $120\Omega$  Terminal.

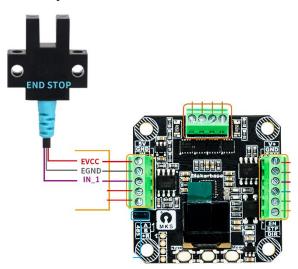
## 3. Multiple-slave





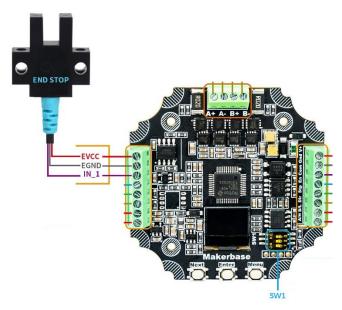
## 2.4 End stop wire

1. SERVO42D\_CAN end stop wire



Note: EVCC/EGND is powered by SERVO42D 5V(20mA)

2. SERVO57D\_CAN end stop wire



	SW1				
PIN	ON	OFF			
3	EVCC/EGND is powered	EVCC/EGND is powered by externally			
2	by SERVO57D 5V(20mA)	power.(3.3V-24V)			
1	RS485 120Ω Terminal	NULL			

Note: The mechanical switch only needs to be connected the "EGND,  $IN_1$ ", and the SW1 pin2 must be in the ON state.



## 2.5 IO Port Description

PORT	Function	57D	42D
IN_1	home or left-limit	√	√
IN_2	right-limit	√	Χ
OUT_1	stall indication: 0-protected; 1-unprotected	√	Χ
OUT_2	reserved	√	Χ

Note: After enabling the limit remapping function, IN\_1 maps to En, IN 2 maps to Dir.

## 2.6 EndStop-limit Description

- 1. The EndStop-limit function needs to be turned on:

  (Menu -> EndLimit or serial command "90")
- 2. When first time to using the limit function or changing the limit parameters, it is necessary to go home;

(Menu -> GoHome or serial command "91")

- 3. After the left-endstop is triggered, the motor will no longer run to the left;
- 4. After the right-endstop is triggered, the motor will no longer run to the right; (only for 57D)
- 5. Limit remapping function can be turned on (serial mode only)

  Left limit -> En port

Right limit -> Dir port

The Com port must be connected to the corresponding high level



## Part3. Menu description

1. CAL: Calibrate the motor.

2. Mode: Work mode selection.

CR\_OPEN: pulse interface Open mode, the motor run without encoder

CR\_CLOSE: pulse interface Close mode, the motor run with encoder.

CR\_vFOC: pulse interface FOC mode, the motor run with encoder.

 $SR\_OPEN$ : serial interface Open mode, the motor run without encoder

SR\_CLOSE: serial interface Close mode, the motor run with encoder.

SR vFOC: serial interface FOC mode, the motor run with encoder.

(Default: CR vFOC)

	Mode		MAX RPM	Work Current
OPEN	pulse interface	CR_OPEN	400RPM	Fix, the work current is Ma
OPEN	serial interface	SR_OPEN	400KP1VI	FIX, THE WORK CUITERLYS MA
CLOSE	pulse interface	CR_CLOSE	1500RPM	Fix, the work current is Ma
CLOSE	serial interface	SR_CLSOE	ISOURPIVI	FIX, THE WORK CUITERLYS MA
vFOC	pulse interface	CR_vFOC	3000RPM	self-adaption, the Max current is
VFOC	serial interface	SR_vFOC	SUUURPIVI	Ma

Note: CR\_CLOSE is better than CR\_vFOC for 3D printing.

3. Ma : Set the working current.

SERVO42D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000(mA) (default 1600mA)

SERV057D: 0, 400, 800..., 5200 (mA) (default 3200mA)

SERVO28D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000 (mA) (default 600mA)

SERVO35D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000 (mA) (default 800mA)

Other Current such as 123mA need to be set by serial command .It will be added to the last options.

4. HoldMa: Set holding current percentage.

10%, 20%, ....., 90%

(Default: 50%, the holding current at half the working current)

Note: Only for OPEN mode and CLOSE mode, vFOC mode is invalid.

5. MStep: Set subdivisions.

Supports subdivision from 1 to 256.

(Default: 16)

subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, and 256 can be set by Menu.

Other subdivisions such as 67 subdivisions need to be set by serial command. It will be added to the last options.



6. En : Set the effective level of EN pin.

H: High level is valid.

L: Low level is effective.

Hold: the driver board is always enabled.

(Default: L)

7. Dir: Set the positive direction of motor rotation.

CW: Clockwise rotation is positive

CCW: Counterclockwise rotation is positive

(Default: CW)

Note: onldy for pulse interface, the direction of serial interface is set by command.

8. AutoSDD: Set auto turn off the OLED screen.

Disable: disable auto turn off the OLED

Enable: enable auto turn off the OLED

(Default: Disable)

If set to Enable, the screen will automatically turn off after about 15 seconds, and any button can wake up the screen again.

9. Protect: Set the motor shaft locked-rotor protection function.

Disable: disable protection Enable: enable protection

(Default: Disable)

After this option is enabled, the protection will be triggered when it is detected to be locked-rotor, and the motor will be release

Note: After the stall protection is activated, there are three ways to release it:

- 1. Press the Enter button to release the stall protection;
- 2. Use the serial port command (3D) to release the stall protection;
- 3. In the pulse interface mode, the En signal is invalid (not locking the shaft), and the stall protection can be released.
- 10. MPlyer: Set internal 256 subdivision.

(Default: Enable)

Note: After this option is Enabled, it automatically enable internal 256 subdivision, it can reduce the vibration and noise when the motor at low speed.

11. UartBaud: Set the baud rate of serial.

9600/19200/25000/38400/57600/115200/256000.

(Default: 38400)



12. UartAddr: Set the the slave address of seria.

01

•••

15

16

(Default: 01)

Note: The addresses greater than 16 need to be set by serial command. After it is set, it will be added to this option.

13. UartRSP: Choose whether the slave respond in speed/positon mode.

Disable: disable respond Enable: enable respond

(Default: Enable)

Note: If disable respond, It can query the running status of the motor by command "F1".

14. Mb RTU: Choose whether to use MODBUS-RTU communication protocol.

Disable: disable MODBUS-RTU communication protocol enable: enable MODBUS-RTU communication protocol

(Default: Disable)

15. O\_Mode: The motor will go back to zero when power on.

Disable: do not go back to zero.

DirMode: go back to zero with direction of CW or CCW (the

direction is set in O Dir menu).

NearMode: go back to zero with minimum angle.

(Default: Disable)

16. Set 0: Set the zero point for go back when power on.

(O\_Mode must not be Disable)

17. **O Speed**: Set the speed of go back to zero point.

0: slowest.

. . .

4: fastest.

18. O Dir: Set the direction of go back to zero point.

CW: Clockwise.

CCW : Counterclockwise.

(Default: CW)

19. Hm Trig: Set the effective level of the end stop.

Low: Low level is effective

High: High level is valid

(Default: Low)



20. Hm\_Dir: Set the direction of go home.

CW: Clockwise rotation is positive

CCW: Counterclockwise rotation is positive

(Default: CW)

21. Hm\_Speed: Set the speed (RPM) of go home.

30

60

90

120

150

180

Other speed such as 600(RPM) need to be set by serial command. It will be added to the last options.

22. Hm Mode: Set the method of go home.

Limited: used Limit switch for go home (default)

noLimit: no Limit switch for go home

When "noLimit" for go home, the motor will runs with a fixed torque (Hm\_Ma setting) until it stops when it encounters an obstacle, and then runs in reverse for a certain distance (94H command setting) and then stops. The stopping point is the zero point.

23. Hm Ma: Set the current of "noLimit" go home.

SERVO42D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000 (mA) (default 800mA)

SERVO57D: 0, 400, 800..., 5200(mA) (default 400mA)

SERVO28D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000 (mA) (default 200mA)

SERVO35D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000 (mA) (default 200mA)

Note: The "Hm\_Ma" is only valid during "noLimit" go home operation. It should be set to a smaller current as much as possible to avoid damaging the motor.

24. EndLimit: Set the endstop-limit function.

Disable: disable endstop-limit Enable: enable endstop-limit

(Default: Disable)

Notel: When first time to using the limit function or changing the limit parameters, it is necessary to go home;

(Menu -> GoHome or serial command "91")

Note 2: When EndLimit=Enable, when the motor goHome touches the left limit switch, the motor will unlocked the shaft.

If you want to locked the axis after goHome, you should set EndLimit=Disable.



25. GoHome: Go home

Notel: It need an "end stop". The motor will keep running until it hits the limit switch.

Note2: If the limit switch is already closed, the motor will rotate in the opposite direction to homeDir until the limit switch is opened, and then go home.

26. Restore: Reload the default parameters.

After restored the default parameters, it needs to Calibrate the motor.

Note: Press the "Next" key first, then power on, it can quickly restore the default parameters.

- 27. About: Show version parameters.
- 28. Exit : Exit the parameter setting menu.



#### Part4. Serial data format

Note: For MODBUS-RTU protocol commands, see Part 8.

Downlink package(PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Head Slave addr Function Data Check code					
FA	addr	code		CRC		
	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function Data Check code						
FB	addr	code		CRC		

- 1. Downlink package Head is "FA", uplink package Head is "FB".
- 2. The slave address (addr) range is  $00^{255}$ . (default is 01).
  - 00 is the broadcast address;
  - 01~10 can be set in the UartAddr option of the display menu; greater than 10 need to be set by serial commands.
- 3. The function code (code) executes the corresponding command. for example, 0x80 executes the calibration command.
- 4. The Check code is CHECKSUM 8bit For example: command "FA 01 80 00 CRC" CRC = (0xFA + 0x01 + 0x80 + 0x00) & 0xFF = 0x17B & 0xFF = 0x7B
- 5. When the host computer sends a command, the timing between the bytes of a single command (FA... CRC) must be continuous, and there must not be more than one byte delay, otherwise multiple idle line will be detected and the motor may fail to receive the command.

Note: Slave does not answer if broadcast address is used.



## Part5. Serial command description

Notel: Please set the serial slave address first. (default:01)

The default address for the following chapters is 01.

Note2: For MODBUS-RTU protocol commands, see Part 8.

#### 5.1 Read parameter command

#### 1. command1 : FA 01 30 CRC

read the encoder value (carry).

	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB	01	30	carry	value	CRC		
ГБ	01	30	int32_t	uint16_t	CRC		

carry: the carry vaule of the encoder.

value: the current vaule of the encoder. (range 0°0x3FFF)

When value is greater than 0x3FFF, carry +=1.

When Value is less than 0, carry -=1.

For example:

If the current carry value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CCW, the carry value (+0x4000) is 0x13FF0.

If the current carry|value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CW, the carry|value (-0x4000) is 0xFFFFFFFFFFF.

Note: The encoder value is updated regardless of whether the motor is enabled or not.

#### 2. Command2: FA 01 31 CRC

read the encoder value (addition).

	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Head Slave addr Function value CRC					
FB	FB 01 31 (int48_t) CRC					

After one turn clockwise, the value += 0x4000;

After one turn CCW, the value -= 0x4000;

#### For example:

If the current value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CCW, the value (+0x4000) is 0x7FF0.

If the current value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CW, the value (-0x4000) is 0xFFFFFFFFF0.



## 3. Command3: FA 01 32 CRC

Read the real-time speed of the motor. (RPM)

	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Head Slave addr Function value CRC					
FB	FB         01         31         speed(int16_t)         CRC					

Note: if it run CCW, the speed > 0 (RPM)

if it run CW, the speed < 0 (RPM)

#### 4. Command4: FA 01 33 CRC

Read the number of pulses received.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Head Slave addr Function Data CRC					
FB	FB 01 33 pulses(int32_t) CRC					

#### 5. Command5 : FA 01 34 CRC

read the IO Ports status.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	34	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status							
bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
reserved			OUT_2	OUT_1	IN_2	IN_1	

Note: After enabling the limit remapping function, IN\_1 maps to En, IN\_2 maps to Dir.

#### 6. Command6: FA 01 35 CRC

read the RAW encoder value (addition).

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function value CRC					
FB 01 35 (int48_t) CRC					

After one turn clockwise, the value += 0x4000;

After one turn CCW, the value -= 0x4000;

#### For example:

If the current value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CCW, the value (+0x4000) is 0x7FF0.

If the current value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CW, the value (-0x4000) is 0xFFFFFFFFF0.



## 7. Command7: FA 01 39 CRC

read the error of the motor shaft angle.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC					
FB 01 39 error(int32_t) CRC					

The error is the difference between the angle you want to control minus the real-time angle of the motor, 0~51200 corresponds to

for example, when the angle error is  $1^{\circ}$ , the return error is 51200/360= 142.222, and so on.

#### 8. Command8: FA 01 3A CRC

read the En pins status.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	3A	enable(uint8_t)	CRC	

enable =1 Enabled

enable = 0 Disabled

#### 9. Command9: FA 01 3B CRC

Read the go back to zero status when power on.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB 01 3B status(uint8_t) CRC					

status =0 going to zero.

status =1 go back to zero success.

status =2 go back to zero fail.

#### 10. Command10 : FA 01 3D CRC

Release the motor shaft locked-rotor protection state.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	3D	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 release success.

status =0 release fail.

#### 11. Command11: FA 01 3E CRC

Read the motor shaft protection state.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	3E	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 protected.

status =0 no protected.



## 5.2 Set parameters command

#### 1. Calibrate the encoder

(Same as the "Cal" option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FA	01	80	00	CRC	

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB 01 80 status(uint8_t) CRC					

status = 0 Calibrating ···.

status =1 Calibrated success.

status =2 Calibrating fail.

Note: The motor must be unloaded.

#### 2. Set the work mode

(Same as the  ${\it "Mode"}$  option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FA 01 82 mode (0~5) CRC					

 $\overline{\text{mode}} = 0$  CR\_OPEN

 $mode = 1 CR_CLOSE$ 

 $mode = 2 CR_vFOC$ 

mode = 3SR\_OPEN

mode = 4SR\_CLOSE

mode = 5SR vFOC

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB 01 82 status(uint8_t) CRC					

status =1 Set success.

	Mode		MAX RPM	Work Current	
OPEN	pulse interface	CR_OPEN	400RPM	Fix, the work current is the <b>Ma</b>	
OPEN	serial interface	SR_OPEN	400KPIVI	FIX, the work current is the <b>ivia</b>	
CLOSE	pulse interface CR_CLOSE		1500RPM	Fix, the work current is the <b>Ma</b>	
CLOSE	serial interface	SR_CLSOE	TOURPIN	Fix, the work current is the <b>ivid</b>	
vFOC	pulse interface	CR_vFOC	3000RPM	self-adaption, the Max current is	
VFOC	serial interface	SR_vFOC	SUUUKPIVI	the <b>Ma</b>	



#### 3. Set the working current

(Same as the "Ma" option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)				
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC
FA	01	83	Current(uint16_t)	CRC

Note: the new current will show in the screen of Ma option.

SERVO42D/28D/35D: Maximum Current =3000mA

SERVO57D: Maximum Current =5200mA

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)				
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC
FB	01	83	status(uint8_t)	CRC

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

## 4. Set the holding current percentage

(Same as the "HoldMa" option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)				
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC
FA	01	9B	holdMa(01~08)	CRC

hold = 0010%.

hold = 0120%.

hold = 0890%.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	9B	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

Note: Only for OPEN mode and CLOSE mode, vFOC mode is invalid.

#### 5. Set subdivision

(Same as the "MStep" option on screen)

	<u> </u>					
Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC		
FA	01	84	micstep(00~FF)	CRC		

Note: the new micstep will show in the screen of MStep option.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)				
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC
FB	01	84	status(uint8_t)	CRC

status =1 Set success.



#### 6. Set the active of the En pin

(Same as the "En" option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)				
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC
FA	01	85	enable(00~02)	CRC

enable = 00 active low (L)

enable = 01 active high (H)

enable = 02 active always (Hold)

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	85	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

#### 7. Set the direction of motor rotation

(Same as the "Dir" option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)				
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC
FA	01	86	dir(00~01)	CRC

dir = 00 CW

dir = 01 CCW

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)				
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC
FB	01	86	status(uint8_t)	CRC

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

#### 8. Set auto turn off the screen function

(Same as the "AutoSDD" option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)				
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC
FA	01	87	enable(00~01)	CRC

enable = 01 enabled

enable = 00 disabled

If set to Enable, the screen will automatically turn off after about 15 seconds, and any button can wake up the screen again.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	87	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 Set success.



#### 9. Set the motor shaft locked-rotor protection function

(Same as the "Protect" option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)				
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC
FA	01	88	enable(00~01)	CRC

enable = 01 enabled protection

enable = 00 disabled protection

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	88	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

Note: After the stall protection is activated, there are three ways to release it:

- 1. Press the Enter button to release the stall protection;
- 2. Use the serial port command (3D) to release the stall protection;
- 3. In the pulse interface mode, the En signal is invalid (not locking the shaft), and the stall protection can be released.

## 10. Set the subdivision interpolation function

(Same as the "Mplyer" option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FA	01	89	enable(00~01)	CRC	

enable = 01 enabled interpolation function.

enable = 00 disabled interpolation function.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	89	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 Set success.



#### 11. Set the baud rate

(Same as the "UartBaud" option on screen)

	Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave add	Function	Data	CRC		
FA	01	8A	baud(01~07)	CRC		
baud =	01 9	600.				
baud =	02 1	9200.				
baud =	03 2	5000.				
baud =	04 3	8400.				
baud = 05		7600.				
baud =	06 1	15200.				
baud =	07 2	56000.				

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	8A	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

#### 12. Set the slave address

(Same as the "UautAddr" option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FA	01	8B	addr(00~FF)	CRC	

Notel: the new address will show in the screen of UartAddr option.

Note2: 0 is the broadcast address

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	8B	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 Set success.



#### 13. Set the slave respond and active

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	Data	CRC	
FA	01	8C	respon(00~01)	active(00-01)	CRC	

enabled respond (default) respon = 01

respon = 00disabled respond

enabled active (default) active = 01

active = 00disabled active

Note: If disable respond, It can query the running status of the motor by command "F1".

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	8C	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

The difference between respond and active

Take position control mode 1 as an example:

Host sends FA 01 FD 02 80 02 00 00 FA 00 76

- a. In no response mode (respon =0, active = xx)
  - The slave does not return any information.
- b. In the mode of not actively initiating data (respon =1, active =0) Slave returns immediately Position control starts 01 or fails 00.
- c. In default mode (respon =1, active =1) Slave returns immediately Position control starts 01 or fails 00. Return 02 or 03 after the motor finishes running or touches the limit stop.

#### 14. Set MODBUS-RTU communication protocol

(Same as the "MB RTU" option on screen)

	*** ***** **** **** **** **** **** **** ****						
Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC			
FA	01	8E	enable(00~01)	CRC			

enable = 01 enabled Modbus-RTU

enable = 00disabled Modbus-RTU

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB 01 8E status(uint8_t) CRC						

status =1 Set success.



#### 15. Set the key lock or unlock

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FA 01 8F enable(00~01) CRC						

enable = 01 lock the key

enable = 00 unlock the key

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB	01	8F	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

#### 16. Set the group address

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC		
FA	01	8D	addr(01~FF)	CRC		

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB	01	8D	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

For example, there are 6 motors with the settings address:

	Broadcast addr	Slave addr	Group addr
motor 1	0	1	0x50
motor 2	0	2	0x50
motor 3	0	3	0x50
motor 4	0	4	0x51
motor 5	0	5	0x51
motor 6	0	6	0x51

send FA 01 FD 01 2C 64 00 00 0C 80 15, motor 1 will rotate a turn send FA 00 FD 01 2C 64 00 00 0C 80 14, motor1-6 will rotate a turn send FA 50 FD 01 2C 64 00 00 0C 80 64, motor1-3 will rotate a turn send FA 51 FD 01 2C 64 00 00 0C 80 65, motor4-6 will rotate a turn

Note: Slave does not answer if group address is used.



#### 5.3 Write IO port command

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)											
Head	Slave addr	Function	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	CRC
FA	1	36	OUT2_mask OUT1_mask		OUT2	OUT1	(	)	CRC		

OUT2 mask 0: Do not write to OUT 2 IO port(default)

1: Write OUT\_2 value to OUT\_2 IO port

2: OUT\_2 IO port value remains unchanged

OUT1\_mask 0: Do not write to OUT\_1 IO port (default)

1: Write OUT\_1 value to OUT\_1 IO port

2: OUT\_1 IO port value remains unchanged

 $OUT_2$  OUT\_2 port write value (0/1)

OUT 1 OUT 1 port write value (0/1)

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB 01 36 status(uint8_t) CRC						

status =1 write success.

status =0 write fail.

#### 5.4 Set Home command

#### 1. Set the parameter of home

(Same as the "HmTrig, HmDir, HmSpeed, EndLimit" option on screen)

	Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
byte1 byte2 byte3 byte 4 byte 5 byte 6-7 byte 8 byte 9							byte 9		
Head	Slave addr	Function	level	dir	speed	enable	Check		
FA	01	90	HmTrig	HmDir	HmSpeed	EndLimit	CRC		

HmTrig the effective level of the end stop

0: Low 1: High

HmDir the direction of go home

0: CW 1: CCW

HmSpeed the speed of go home

 $0^{\sim}3000 \text{ (RPM)}$ 

EndLimit

0: disable endstop-limit1: enable endstop-limit

Note: The speed description can be found in Chapter 6.1.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB 01 90 status(uint8_t) CRC						



status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

Notel: When first time to using the "EndLimit" function or changing the limit parameters, it is necessary to go home;

(Menu -> GoHome or serial command "91")

Note 2: When EndLimit=1, when the motor goHome touches the left limit switch, the motor will unlocked the shaft.

If you want to locked the axis after goHome, you should set EndLimit=0.

#### 2. Go home

(Same as the "GoHome" option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC		
FA	01	91	NULL	CRC		

Note: If the limit switch is already closed, the motor will rotate in the opposite direction to homeDir until the limit switch is opened, and then go home.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB 01 91 status(uint8_t) CRC						

status =0 go home fail.

status =1 go home start.

status =2 go home sucess.

#### 3. Set Currnet Axis to zero

It can set the current Axis to Zero. Just as "GoHome" without run the motor.

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FA	01	92	NULL	CRC	

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC					
FB	01	92	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =0 set fail.

status =1 set success.



## 4. Set the parameter of "noLimit" go home

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
byte1	byte2	byte 3 byte 4-7 byte 8 byte 9-10 byte 11				byte 11	
Head	Slave addr	Function	Reverse Angle	hm-Mode	Hm_ma	Check	
FA	01	94	retValue	mode	ma	CRC	

mode 0: used Limit switch for go home

1: no Limit switch for go home

the current of "noLimit" go home ma

retValue: 0~0xFFFFFFF

for example:

retValue = 0x4000 (it will return 360 degree)

retValue = 0x2000 (it will return 180 degree) (default)

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC					
FB	01	94	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =0 set fail.

status =1 set success.

Notel: Reference the menu of "Hm\_Mode" and "Hm\_Ma".

Note2: Reference the Command 90/91.



#### 5. Set limit port remap

(only for serial control mode)

The 28/35/42D motor has only a left limit port. In serial control mode, limit port remapping can be enabled to add a right limit port.

For the 57D motor, limit port remapping can also be enabled if required to facilitate wiring.

Left limit -> En port

Right limit -> Dir port

The Com port must be connected to the corresponding high level.

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function Data			CRC		
FA	01	9E	enable(00~01)	CRC	

enable = 01 enable remap limit port

enable = 00 disable remap limit port

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC					
FB 01 9E status(uint8_t) CRC					

status =1 Set success.



## 5.5 Set 0\_Mode command

In O\_Mode, the motor can automatically return to the O point position when power on. The maximum angle is 359 degrees.

## 1. Set the parameter of O\_Mode

(Same as the " $0\_Mode$ 、Set 0、 $0\_Speed$ 、 $0\_Dir$ " option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
byte1	1 byte2 byte3 byte 4 byte 5 byte 6 byte 7 byte 8					byte 8		
Head	Slave addr	Function	0_Mode	Set 0	0_Speed	0_Dir	Check	
FA	01	9A	mode	enable	speed	dir	CRC	

mode:

0: Disable do not go back to zero

1: DirMode go back to zero with direction

2: NearMode go back to zero with minimum angle

enable:

0: clean zero

1: set zero

2: not modify the zero

speed:

 $0 \sim 4$  (0:slowest 4:fastest)

dir:

0: CW

1: CCW

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC				CRC	
FB	01	9A	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =0 set fail.

status =1 set success.



## 5.6 Restore the default parameter

(Same as the "Restore" option on screen)

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC				CRC	
FA	01	3F	NULL	CRC	

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	3F	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 restore success.

status =0 restore fail.

Notel: After restored the parameters, It will reboot again, and need to calibrate the motor.

Note2: Press the "Next" key, and power on the motor, the default parameter will be restored.

#### 5.7 Restart the motor

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC					
FA	CRC				

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	41	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 restart success.

status =0 restart fail.



#### 5.8 Long Data Package

Long data packets, that is, a packet of data contains up to 5 commands, and the slave judges which command to execute based on the address.

Long data packets format:

Head		0xFC					
	byte 1	byte 2		byte 10			
command 1	slaveAddr1	code			10 byte		
command 2	slaveAddr 2	code			10 byte		
command 3	slaveAddr 3	code			10 byte		
command 4	slaveAddr 4	code			10 byte		
command 5	slaveAddr 5	code			10 byte		
checksum		1 byte					

#### Note:

- 1. The length of the long data packet is 52 bytes in total.
- 2. The length of each command X is 10 bytes, when it is less than 10 bytes, add 0 to supplement.
- 3.Command X is the corresponding ordinary command, remove the frame header (FA) and checksum.
- 4.If the slave addresses of command X and command Y (X<Y) are the same, only command X is executed.
- 5. Slave does not answer.

For example, sending the following long data packet can control 5 motors to perform different actions (16 subdivisions)

```
01 F6 00 32 0A 00 00 00 00 00
02 F6 80 64 20 00 00 00 00 00
03 FD 01 2C 02 00 04 E2 00 00
04 F4 02 58 64 00 19 00 00 00
05 F5 04 B0 C8 00 0C 80 00 00
11

[2023-04-30 22:40:55.899]# SEND HEX>
FC 01 F6 00 32 0A 00 00 00 00 02 F6 80 64 20 00 00 00 00 03 FD 01 2C 02
00 04 E2 00 00 04 F4 02 58 64 00 19 00 00 00 05 F5 04 B0 C8 00 0C 80 00 01
```

```
Motor 1 rotates forward continuously in speed mode (speed=0x32, acc=0x0A)
```

Motor 4 rotates forward 100 times in position mode 2 (speed=0x258, acc=0x64)

Motor 5 runs to coordinate 0xC8000 in position mode 3 (speed=0x4B0, acc=0xC8)

Motor 2 reverses continuously in speed mode (speed=0x64, acc=0x20)

Motor 3 rotates forward 100 times in position mode 1 (speed=0x12C, acc=0x02)



# 5.9 Read/Write all parameters commands

#### 1. Write all configuration parameters

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function Byte4~Byte37 CRC					
FA 01 46			parameters	CRC	

Note: The parameters are shown in the table below.

	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function Data CF					CRC	
	FB 01 46			status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 write success.

status =0 write fail.

## 2. Read all configuration parameters

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Head Slave addr Function				
FA	01	42			

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function parameters				CRC	
FB	01	47	Byte4~Byte37	CRC	

Notel: The parameters are shown in the table below.

Note2: If read failed, it return FB 01 47 FF 42

	Write commands (46)						
byte	Frame	Single cmd	default(HEX)				
1	FA						
2	01						
3	46						
4	Mode	82	2				
5	Work current	83	C/6/3/2				
6	Work current	03	80 / 40 / 20 / 58				
7	Hold current	9B	4				
8	Subdivision	84	10				
9	En	85	0				
10	Dir	86	0				
11	AutoSDD	87	0				
12	Protect	88	0				

Rea	Read commands (47)				
byte	Frame				
1	FB				
2	01				
3	47				
4	Mode				
5	Work current				
6	Work current				
7	Hold current				
8	Subdivision				
9	En				
10	Dir				
11	AutoSDD				
12	Protect				



13	Mplyer	89	1	13	Mplyer
14	Baud rate	8A	4	14	Baud rate
15	Slave address	8B	1	15	Slave address
16	Group address	8D	0	16	Group address
17	Dogwood	8C	1	17	Dogwand
18	Respond	0C	1	18	Respond
19	MODBUS	8E	0	19	MODBUS
20	Key lock	8F	0	20	Key lock
21	HmTrig		0	21	HmTrig
22	HmDir		0	22	HmDir
23	Umcnood	90	0	23	Umchaad
24	- HmSpeed		3C	24	HmSpeed
25	EndLimit		0	25	EndLimit
26			0	26	
27	- retValue		0	27	retValue
28	retvalue	20	28	Tetvalue	
29		94	0	29	
30	Hm-mode		0	30	Hm-mode
31	- Hm_ma		3/1/0/0	31	· Hm_ma
32	ПП_Ша		20 / 90 / C8 / C8	32	HIII_IIId
33	remap	9E	0	33	remap
34	0_Mode		0	34	0_Mode
35	Set 0	9A	0	35	Reserve (FF)
36	0_Speed	9A	2	36	0_Speed
37	0_Dir		1	37	0_Dir
38	CRC			38	CRC

Note: xx/xx/xx corresponds to 57D/42D/35D/28D

## 3. Read all status parameters

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)				
Head	CRC			
FA	01	48	43	

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head Slave addr Function parameters CF				CRC	
FB 01 48			Byte4~Byte30	CRC	

Notel: The parameters are shown in the table below.

Note2: If read failed, it return FB 01 48 FF 43



	Read status commands (48)							
Bytes	Frame	Single commad						
1	FB							
2	1							
3	48							
4	motor status	F1						
5								
6								
7	encoder	31						
8	value	21						
9								
10								
11	anood	32						
12	speed	32						
13								
14	pulses 3	33						
15		33						
16								
17	IO status	34						
18								
19								
20	RAW encoder	35						
21	value	30						
22								
23								
24								
25	error	39						
26	C1101	33						
27								
28	En status	3A						
29	0_status	3B						
30	Protect status	3E						
31	CRC							

# 5.10 En triggers single-turn zero return and position error protection function

1. En-triggered single-turn zeroing function description:

In pulse control mode, after setting the power-on single-turn zeroing function and turning on the En-triggered zeroing function, the motor will no



longer automatically return to zero when powered on, but will be triggered to return to zero through the 200ms width pulse signal of the En signal line.

#### 2. Position error protection description:

Position error protection and stall protection can be turned on or off separately. They monitor the motor independently. When any protection condition is triggered, the motor can be started to protect it.

The triggering condition of position error protection is: within x time, if the motor position error is greater than y, the protection is started. (x, y can be set)

Note: When the stall protection is triggered, the screen displays "Wrong..."

When the position error protection is triggered, the screen displays
"Wrong2..."

The instructions are as follows:

byte1	byte 2	byte 3		byte 4		byte	byte	byte9
Dyter	Dyle 2	byte 3	b7-b2	b1	b0	5-6	7-8	Dytes
hood	Slave	Func	roconio	En	protect	timos	orrore	CRC
head	addr	tion	reserve	triggers	protect	times	errors	CRC
FA	addr	9DH	0	g0Enable	Enble	Tim	Errors	CRC

gOEnable O: Disable En trigger return to zero function (default value)

1: Enable En trigger return to zero function

Note: When enabled, the motor automatically returns to zero position in a single turn after detecting the En enable signal pulse of about 200ms. It will no longer automatically return to zero position in a single turn when powered on.

Enble 0: Disable position error protection (default value)

1: Enable position error protection

Tim: uint16\_t Set the error statistics time length

Note: 1 Tim unit is approximately equal to 15ms

Errors: uint16\_t Set the number of startup protection errors Note: When Errors = 28000, the motor is misaligned by 360 degrees

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC	
FB	01	9D	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 write success.

status =0 write fail.



## Part6. Run the motor by serial command

Notel: This chapter needs to set the working mode to serial mode.

(SR\_OPEN/SR\_CLOSE/SR\_VFOC)

Note2: For MODBUS-RTU protocol commands, see Part 8.

## 6.1 Description the parameters of speed and acceleration

#### 1. speed

The speed parameter ranges from 0 to 3000. The larger the value, the faster the motor rotates.

When speed = 0, the motor stops rotating.

The maximum speed of the control mode is as follows:

	Control n	Max speed				
Open mede	Pulse interface	CR_OPEN	400(RPM)			
Open mode	Serial interface	SR_OPEN	400(RPIVI)			
Close mode	Pulse interface	CR_CLOSE	1500(RPM)			
Close mode	Serial interface	SR_CLSOE				
FOC mode	Pulse interface	CR_vFOC	3000(RPM)			
FOC Mode	Serial interface	SR_vFOC	3000(RPIVI)			

If the set speed is greater than the maximum speed of the control mode, the motor runs at the maximum speed of the control mode.

Note: The speed value is calibrated based on 16/32/64 subdivisions, and the speeds of other subdivisions need to be calculated based on 16 subdivisions.

For example, setting speed=1200

At 8 subdivisions, the speed is 2400 (RPM)

At 16/32/64 subdivisions, the speed is 1200 (RPM)

At 128 subdivisions, the speed is 150 (RPM)



### 2. acceleration

The value of the acceleration (acc) ranges from 0 to 255. The larger the value, the faster the motor accelerates/decelerates.

If acc=0, the motor runs without acceleration or deceleration, and runs directly at the set speed.

### 1 accelerates

Suppose at time t1, the current speed is 
$$V_{t1}$$
 ( $V_{t1}$  < speed) at time t2, the current speed is  $V_{t2}$  t2 - t1 = (256-acc) \* 50 (uS)

The relationship between the current speed  $V_{\rm ti}\text{,}$  acc, and speed is as follows:

$$V_{t2} = V_{t1} + 1 (V_{t2} \le speed)$$

For example: acc = 236, speed = 3000

T(ms)	speed (RPM)		
0	0		
1	1		
2	2		
3	3		

T(ms)	speed (RPM)	
2998	2998	
2999	2999	
3000	3000	

#### 2 decelerates

Suppose at time t1, the current speed is 
$$V_{t1}$$
 ( $V_{t1}$  > speed) at time t2, the current speed is  $V_{t2}$  t2 - t1 = (256-acc) \* 50 (uS)

The relationship between the current speed  $V_{\rm ti}$ , acc, and speed is as follows:

$$V_{t2} = V_{t1} - 1$$
  $(V_{t2} >= speed)$ 



## 6.2 Query/Enable the motor command

### 1. Query the motor status

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC		
FA	01	F1	_	CRC		

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB	01	F1	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status = 0query fail.

status = 1motor stop

status = 2motor speed up

status = 3motor speed down

status = 4motor full speed

status = 5motor is homing

status = 5motor is Cal…

### 2. Enable the motor

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FA	01	F3	en (00~01)	CRC		

en = 00disable.

en = 01enable.

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB 01 F3			status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status = 1 set success.

status = 0 set fail.



# 6.3 Emergency stop the motor

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Slave addr	Function	Data	CRC		
FA	01	F7	_	CRC		

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB	01	F7	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status = 0stop fail.

status = 1stop success.

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a good idea to stop the motor immediately!

## 6.4 About Multiple Motors Control

- 1. Broadcast address, all motors execute the same command.
- 2. Group address, group A motors execute command a, group B motors execute command b.
  - 3. Long data packets, motors can execute different commands.



### 6.5 Speed mode command

In speed mode, the motor can be run with a fixed acceleration and speed.

### 1. Run the motor in speed mode

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
BYTE1	BYTE2	BYTE3	BYTE3 BYTE4 BYTE5 BYTE6 BYTE7					BYTE7
Head	Slave addr	Function	dir	Rev	speed		acc	CRC
ΕΛ	addr	F6	b7	b6-b4	b3-b0	b7-b0	200	CRC
FA addr		го	dir		S	speed	acc	CRC

Byte 4: The highest bit indicates the direction, the lower 4 bits and byte 5 together indicate the speed

Byte 5: The lower 4 bits of byte 5 and byte 4 together indicate speed  $\,$ 

The parameter description is as follows:

addr: slave address, the value range is 0-255

dir: the value range is 0/1 (CCW/CW)

speed: the speed, the value range is 0-3000

acc: the acceleration, the value range is 0-255

for example:

Send "FA 01 F6 01 40 02 34",

the motor rotates forward at acc=2, speed=320RPM

Send "FA 01 F6 81 40 02 B4",

the motor reverses at acc=2, speed=320RPM

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Head Slave addr Function Data CRC					
FB 01 F6		status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status = 1 run success.

status = 0 run fail.



#### 2. Stop the motor in speed mode

Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
BYTE1	BYTE2	BYTE3	BYTE4 BYTE5 [			BYTE6	BYTE7	
Head	Slave addr	Function	dir	Rev	speed		acc	CRC
FA	addr	F6	b7	b6-b4	b3-b0	b7-b0	200	CRC
FA addr	ГО	0	0		0	acc	CRC	

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc  $\neq$  0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

① Deceleration and stop the motor slowly (acc  $\neq$  0) for example:

Send FA 01 F6 00 00 02 F3

Stop the motor with deceleration acc=2

2 Immediate stop command (acc = 0)

for example:

Send FA 01 F6 00 00 00 F1

Stop the motor immediately

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a good idea to stop the motor immediately!

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB	01	F6	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status = 0 stop the motor fail.

status = 1 start to stop the motor.

status = 2 stop the motor success.



## 3. Save/Clean the parameter in speed mode

	Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FA	FA 01 FF state CRC						

state = C8 Save. state = CA Clean.

	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC								
FB	FB 01 FF status(uint8_t) CRC							

status = 1 start.
status = 0 fail.
status = 2 success.

Note: The motor can rotates clockwise or counterclockwise at a constant speed when powered on.



### 6.6 Position model: relative motion by pulses

In the position control mode, the motor can be run to the specified position with the set acceleration and speed.

#### 1. Run the motor in position model

	Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)									
BYTE1 BYTE2 BYTE3 BYTE4 BYTE5 BYTE6 BYTE7-10 BYTE5									BYTE11	
Head	Slave addr	Function	dir	dir Rev speed		eed	acc	pulses	CRC	
ΕΛ	addr	ED	b7	b6-b4	b3-b0	b7-b0	200	pulsos	CRC	
FA addr		FD	dir		sp	eed	acc	pulses	CRC	

Byte 4: The highest bit indicates the direction, the lower 4 bits and byte 5 together indicate the speed

Byte 5: The lower 4 bits of byte 5 and byte 4 together indicate speed

The parameter description is as follows:

addr: slave address, the value range is 0-255

dir: the value range is 0/1 (CCW/CW)

speed: the speed, the value range is 0-3000 (RPM) acc: the acceleration, the value range is 0-255

pulses: the motor run steps, the value range is 0 - 0xFFFFFFFF

for example:

Send FA 01 FD 01 40 02 00 00 FA 00 35,

the motor rotates 20 times in the forward direction with acc=2, speed=320RPM (16 subdivisions);

Send FA 01 FD 81 40 02 00 00 FA 00 b5,

the motor rotates 20 times in the reverse direction with acc=2, speed=320RPM (16 subdivisions);

	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC								
FB	FB 01 FD status(uint8_t) CRC							

status = 0 run fail.

status = 1 run starting....

status = 2 run complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



#### 2. Stop the motor in position model

	Downlink package (PC → SERVO42D/57D)									
BYTE1 BYTE2 BYTE3 BYTE4 BYTE5 BYTE6 BYTE7-10 BYTE11									BYTE11	
Head	Slave addr	Function	dir	dir Rev speed			acc	pulses	CRC	
FA	addr	FD	b7	b6-b4 b3-b0 b7-b0		200	0	CRC		
ГА	auui	FD	0	0 0 0			acc	U	CRC	

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc  $\neq$  0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

① Deceleration and stop the motor slowly (acc  $\neq$  0) for example:

Send FA 01 FD 00 00 02 00 00 00 00 FA Stop the motor with deceleration acc=2

② Immediate stop command (acc = 0) for example: Send FA 01 FD 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 F8 Stop the motor immediately

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a good idea to stop the motor immediately!

	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC								
FB	FB 01 FD status(uint8_t) CRC							

status = 0 stop the motor fail.

status = 1 stop the motor starting....

status = 2 stop the motor complete.



### 6.7 Position mode2: absolute motion by pulses

In the position control mode2, the motor can be run to the specified pulses position with the set acceleration and speed.

#### 1. Run the motor in position mode2

byte1	byte2	byte3	byte 4-5	byte 6	byte 7-10	byte 11
Head	Slave addr	Function	speed	acc	absolute axis	Check
FA	addr	FE	speed	acc	absPulses	CRC

The parameter description is as follows:

speed: the speed, the value range is 0-3000(RPM)

acc: the acceleration, the value range is 0-255

absPulses: the absolute pulses, int32\_t

#### For example:

If the current axis is any value

Send FA 01 FE 02 58 02 00 00 40 00 95

The motor will move to 0x4000 (speed = 600 (RPM), acc =2)

After move the pulses is 0x4000.

If the current axis is any value

Send FA 01 FE 02 58 02 FF FF CO 00 13

The motor will move to -0x4000 (speed = 600 (RPM), acc =2)

After move the pulses is -0x4000.

	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC							
FB	FB 01 FE status(uint8_t) CRC						

status = 0 run fail.

status = 1 run starting....

status = 2 run complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



#### 2. Stop the motor in position mode2

byte1	byte2	byte3	byte 4-5	byte 6	byte 7-10	byte 11
Head	Slave addr	Function	speed	acc	absPulses	Check
FA	addr	FE	0	acc	0	CRC

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc  $\neq$  0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

① Deceleration and stop the motor slowly (acc  $\neq$  0) for example:

Send FA 01 FE 00 00 04 00 00 00 00 FD Stop the motor with deceleration acc=4

② Immediate stop command (acc = 0) for example: Send FA 01 FE 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 F9 Stop the motor immediately

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a goog idea to stop the motor immediately!

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC								
FB	FB 01 FE status(uint8 t) CRC							

status = 0 stop fail.

status = 1 stop starting....

status = 2 stop complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



### 6.8 Position mode3: relative motion by axis

In the position control mode3, the motor can be run to the specified axis with the set acceleration and speed.

Notel: the axis is the encoder value (addition). It can be read by command "31".

### 1. Run the motor in position mode2

byte1	byte2	byte3	byte 4-5	byte 6	byte 7-10	byte 11
Head	Slave addr	Function	speed	acc	Relative axis	Check
FA	addr	F4	speed	acc	relAxis	CRC

The parameter description is as follows:

speed: the speed, the value range is 0-3000 (RPM) acc: the acceleration, the value range is 0-255

relAxis: the relative axis, int32\_t

For example:

If the current axis is 0x8000. (read by code "31")

Send FA 01 F4 02 58 02 00 00 40 00 8B

The motor will relative move 0x4000 (speed = 600 (RPM), acc =2) After move the axis is 0xC000. (0x8000+0x4000=0xC000)

If the current axis is 0x8000. (read by code "31") Send FA 01 F4 02 58 02 FF FF C0 00 03

The motor will relative move -0x4000 (speed = 600 (RPM), acc =2) After move the axis is 0x4000. (0x8000-0x4000=0x4000)

	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head	Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB	FB 01 F4 status(uint8_t) CRC						

status = 0 run fail.

status = 1 run starting....

status = 2 run complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



#### 2. Stop the motor in position mode3

byte1	byte2	byte3	byte 4-5	byte 6	byte 7-10	byte 11
Head	Slave addr	Function	speed	acc	Relative axis	Check
FA	addr	F4	0	acc	0	CRC

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc  $\neq$  0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

① Deceleration and stop the motor slowly (acc  $\neq$  0) for example:

Send FA 01 F4 00 00 04 00 00 00 00 F3 Stop the motor with deceleration acc=4

② Immediate stop command (acc = 0) for example: Send FA 01 F4 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 EF Stop the motor immediately

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a good idea to stop the motor immediately!

	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC							
FB	01	F4	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status = 0 stop fail.

status = 1 stop starting....

status = 2 stop complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



### 6.9 Position mode4: absolute motion by axis

In the position control mode4, the motor can be run to the specified axis with the set acceleration and speed.

Notel: the axis is the encoder value (addition). It can be read by command "31".

Note2: Support real-time updates of speed and coordinates, that is, new commands can be issued to change speed and coordinates when the previous command is running

### 1. Run the motor in position mode4

byte1	byte2	byte3	byte 4-5	byte 6	byte 7-10	byte 11
Head	Slave addr	Function	speed	acc	absolute axis	Check
FA	addr	F5	speed	acc	absAxis	CRC

The parameter description is as follows:

speed: the speed, the value range is 0-3000 (RPM) acc: the acceleration, the value range is 0-255

relAxis: the absolute axis, int32 t

For example:

If the current axis is any value Send FA 01 F5 02 58 02 00 00 40 00 8C

The motor will move to 0x4000 (speed = 600(RPM), acc =2)

After move the axis is 0x4000.

If the current axis is any value

Send FA 01 F5 02 58 02 FF FF C0 00 0A

The motor will move to -0x4000 (speed = 600 (RPM), acc =2)

After move the axis is -0x4000.

	Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC							
FB	01	F5	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status = 0 run fail.

status = 1 run starting....

status = 2 run complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



#### 2. Stop the motor in position mode4

byte1	byte2	byte3	byte 4-5	byte 6	byte 7-10	byte 11
Head	Slave addr	Function	speed	acc	absolute axis	Check
FA	addr	F5	0	acc	0	CRC

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc  $\neq$  0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

① Deceleration and stop the motor slowly (acc  $\neq$  0) for example:

Send FA 01 F5 00 00 04 00 00 00 00 F4 Stop the motor with deceleration acc=4

② Immediate stop command (acc = 0) for example: Send FA 01 F5 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 F0 Stop the motor immediately

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a goog idea to stop the motor immediately!

Uplink package (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
Head Slave addr Function Data CRC						
FB	01	F5	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status = 0 stop fail.

status = 1 stop starting....

status = 2 stop complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



## Part7. Serial example

Note: For MODBUS-RTU example, see Part 8.

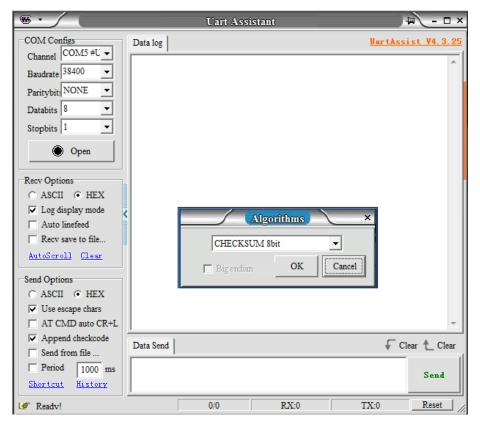
### 7.1 Config the SERVO42D/57D

- 1. Menu  $\rightarrow$  Mode  $\rightarrow$  SR vFOC.
- 2. Menu → UartBaud → 38400.
- 3. Menu → UartAddr → 01.

### 7.2 Config the Uart Assistant

- 1. Select the Channel; (such as COM5).
- 2. Select the Baudrate; (such as 38400, Must be equal to motor baudrate).
- 3. Recv Options: select "HEX".
- 4. Send Options: select "HEX".
- 5. Append checkcode: select "CHECKSUM-8".

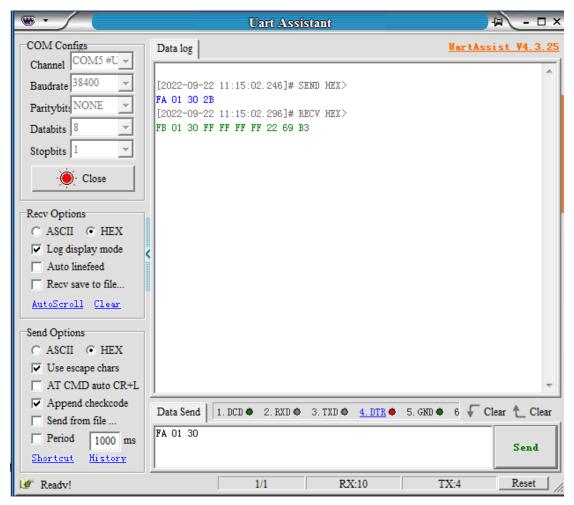
Such as below:





### 7.3 Read the encoder value

send "FA 01 30 2B"
return "FB 01 30 FF FF FF FF 22 69 B3"





### 7.4 Run the motor in speed mode

Note : Please configure the working mode to "SR\_vFOC". Menu-> Mode -> SR vFOC

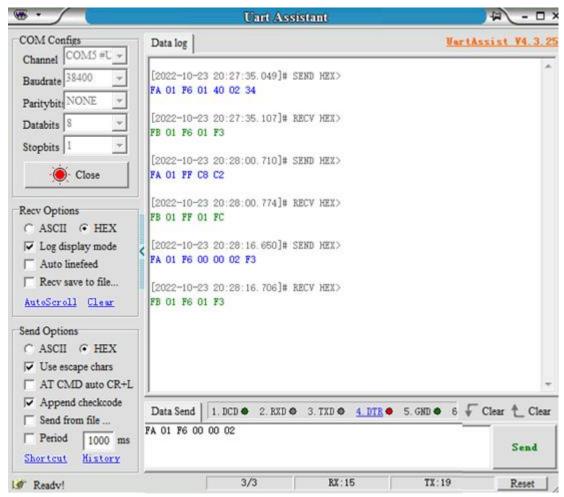
1. Send FA 01 F6 01 40 02 , the motor will rotate at "speed = 320RPM, acc=2":

Return FB 01 F6 01 F3, the motor run in speed mode successful;

- 2. Send FA 01 FF C8 to save the speed mode parameters; Return FB 01 FF 01 FC, save successful;
- 3. Send FA 01 F6 00 00 02 to stop the motor; Return FB 01 F6 01 F3, the motor stops successfully;

After power-on again, the motor will run according to the save speed mode parameters.

The example command of speed mode is shown in the following figure:



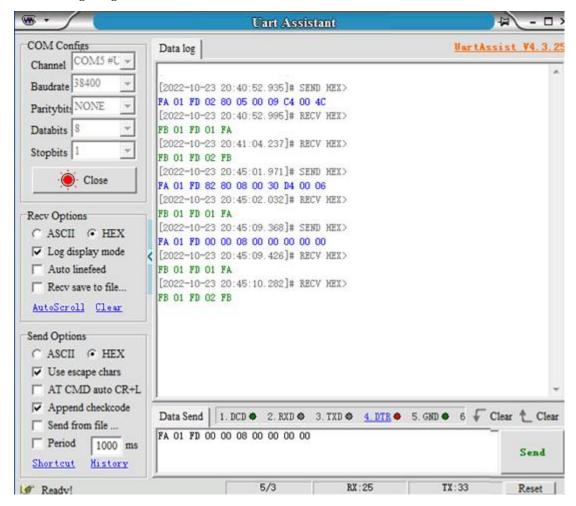


### 7.5 Run the motor in position model

Note : Please configure the working mode to "SR\_vFOC". Menu-> Mode -> SR\_vFOC

- 1. Send FA 01 FD 02 80 05 00 09 C4 00, the motor will rotate forward 200 circles (16 subdivisions) with "speed = 640RPM, acc = 5"; Return FB 01 FD 01 FA, the motor starts to run; Return FB 01 FD 02 FB, the motor is run completed;
- 2. Send FA 01 FD 82 80 08 00 30 D4 00, the motor to reverse 1000 circles with "speed = 640RPM, acc = 8" (16 subdivisions); Return FB 01 FD 01 FA, the motor starts to run; While the motor is running: Send FA 01 FD 00 00 08 00 00 00 00, the motor to stop with acc=8; Return FB 01 FD 01 FA, the motor starting to stop; Return FB 01 FD 02 FB, the motor has stopped;

The example command of position control mode is shown in the following figure:





### Part8. MODBUS-RTU command description

Notel: It need to enable MODBUS-RTU by menu or serial command.

Note2: the addresses 1046H, 1147H, and 1248H to write or read all

parameters, refer to Section 8.3.

### 8.1 Read parameter command

#### 1. Read the encoder value (carry)

	Request									
SlaveAddr   Function	Eupotion	Starting Address		Quantity of Reg		CRC16				
SlaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	04H	00H	30H	00H	03H	вон	04H			

Response							
SlaveAddr Function		Dytos	DATA	CRC16			
SiaveAddi	Function	Bytes	carry	value	Hi	Lo	
01H	04H	06H	int32_t	uint16_t			

carry: the carry vaule of the encoder.

value: the current vaule of the encoder. (range 0°0x3FFF)

When value is greater than 0x3FFF, carry +=1.

When Value is less than 0, carry -=1.

For example:

If the current carry value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CCW, the carry value (+0x4000) is 0x13FF0.

If the current carry value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CW, the carry value (-0x4000) is 0xFFFFFFFFFFF.

Note: The encoder value is updated regardless of whether the motor is enabled or not.

See "00\_F4(30) read encoder value (carry). mbp" for example.

#### 2. Read the encoder value (addition)

	Request								
SlaveAddr Function	Starting Address		Quantity of Reg		CRC16				
SlaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H	04H	00H	31H	00H	03H	E1H	C4H		

Response							
Clay o Addr	Addr Function Bytes	Dyttoc	value	CRC16			
SiaveAddi	FULLCUOTI	bytes	value	Hi	Lo		
01H	04H	06H	(int48_t)				

After one turn clockwise, the value += 0x4000;



After one turn CCW, the value -= 0x4000;

For example:

If the current value is 0x3FFO, After one turn CCW, the value (+0x4000) is 0x7FF0.

If the current value is 0x3FFO, After one turn CW, the value(-0x4000) is 0xFFFFFFFFF0.

See " $01_F4(31)$  read encoder value(addition).mbp" for example.

### 3. Read the real-time speed of the motor

	Request								
SlaveAddr	Eupotion	Starting Address Qua		Quantity	Quantity of Reg		CRC16		
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H	04H	00H	32H	00H	01H	E1H	C4H		

Response							
Clave Addr	Eunstion	Dutos	boods	CRO	C16		
SlaveAddr	runction	Bytes	speed	Hi	Lo		
01H	04H	02H	(int16_t)				

Note: if it run CCW, the speed > 0 (RPM)

if it run CW, the speed < 0 (RPM)

See "02\_F4(32)Read the real-time speed.mbp" for example.

### 4. Read the number of pulses

Request									
SlaveAddr	Г a+! a .a	Starting Address		Quantity of Reg		CRC16			
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H	04H	00H	33H	00H	02H	81H	C4H		

Response									
SlaveAddr Fi	Function Bytes	nulcos	CRO	C16					
SlaveAddi		bytes	pulses	Hi	Lo				
01H	04H	04H	(uint32_t)						

See "03\_F4(33)Read the number of pulses.mbp" for example.



#### 5. Read the IO Ports status

Request									
ClayeoAddr	Function	Starting Address		Quantity of Reg		CRC16			
SlaveAddr		Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H	04H	00H	34H	00H	01H	70H	04H		

Response										
ClayoAddr	r Function	Bytes	Dogonyod	010110	CRO	C16				
SlaveAddi			Reserved	status	Hi	Lo				
01H	04H	02H	00H	(uint8_t)						

	status											
Bit7 ··· bit4 bit3 bit2 bit1 bit0												
	rese	erved		OUT_2	OUT_1	IN_2	IN_1					

Note: After enabling the limit remapping function, IN\_1 maps to En, IN\_2 maps to Dir.

### 6. Read the error of angle

Request										
Clay to Addr	F +!	Starting Address		Quantity of Reg		CRC16				
SlaveAddr	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	04H	00H	39H	00H	02H	A1H	C6H			

Response									
SlaveAddr	Function	Bytes	orrore	CRC16					
			errors	Hi	Lo				
01H	04H	04H	(int32_t)						

The error is the difference between the angle you want to control minus the real-time angle of the motor,  $0^{\sim}51200$  corresponds to  $0^{\sim}360^{\circ}$  .

for example, when the angle error is  $1^{\circ}$  , the return error is 51200/360 = 142.222, and so on.

See "04\_F4(39)Read the error of angle.mbp" for example.



### 7. Read the En pins status

Request									
SlaveAddr	Function	Starting Address		Quantity of Reg		CRC16			
SiaveAddi		Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H	04H	00H	3AH	00H	01H	11H	C7H		

Response									
SlaveAddr	Function	Bytes	Dananyad	anahla	CRO	C16			
			Reserved	enable	Hi	Lo			
01H	04H	02H	00H	(uint8_t)					

enable =1 Enabled

enable =0 Disabled

See "05\_F4(3A)Read the En pins status.mbp" for example.

### 8. Read the go back to zero status

	Request									
Clay to Addr	Function	Starting Address		Quantity of Reg		CRC16				
SlaveAddi		Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	04H	00H	3BH	00H	01H	40H	07H			

	Response									
	SlaveAddr	Function	D. dan	Daggrad	ctatus	CRO	C16			
	SiaveAddi	Function	Bytes	Reserved	status	Hi	Lo			
Ī	01H	04H	02H	00H	(uint8_t)					

status =0 going to zero.

status =1 go back to zero success.

status =2 go back to zero fail.

See "06\_F4(3B)Read the go back to zero status.mbp" for example.

#### 9. Read the motor shaft protection status

Request									
SlaveAddr	Г a+! a .a	Starting Address		Quantity of Reg		CRC16			
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H	04H	00H	3EH	00H	01H	50H	06H		

Response									
SlaveAddr	Eunction	Bytes	Posonyod	ctatus	CRO	C16			
SiaveAddi	runction	bytes	Reserved	status	Hi	Lo			
01H	04H	02H	00H	(uint8_t)					

status =1 protected.

status =0 no protected.

See "07\_F4(3E)Read the motor shaft protection status.mbp" for example.



#### 10. Read the motor status

Request										
SlaveAddr Function Starting Address Quantity of Reg CRC16										
SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	01H 04H 00H F1H 00H 01H 60H 39H									

Response									
SlaveAddr	Eupotion	D) #00	Dananyad	010110	CRO	C16			
SiaveAddi	Function	Bytes	Reserved	status	Hi	Lo			
01H	04H	02H	00H	(uint8_t)					

status = 0 read fail.

status = 1 motor stop

status = 2 motor speed up

status = 3 motor speed down

status = 4 motor full speed

status = 5 motor is homing

status = 6 motor is Cal…

See "09 F4(F1)Read the motor status.mbp" for example.

### 8.2 Write parameter command

Note: If write fails, the function code 06H response frame register data is 0xFFFF. The function code 10H response frame register quantity is 0.

#### 1. Write the IO port

	Request												
Slave	Func	Add	Iress	Qua	antity	Di et o o	REG1		REG2		CRC	16	
Addr	tion	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Bytes	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	
01H	01H 10H 00H 36H 00H 02H 04H OUT2_mask OUT2 OUT1_mask OUT1												

OUT2 mask 0: Do not write to OUT 2 IO port(default)

1: Write OUT\_2 value to OUT\_2 IO port

2: OUT 2 IO port value remains unchanged

OUT1\_mask 0: Do not write to OUT\_1 IO port (default)

1: Write OUT\_1 value to OUT\_1 IO port

2: OUT\_1 IO port value remains unchanged

OUT 2 OUT 2 port write value (0/1)

 $OUT_1$  OUT\_1 port write value (0/1)

Response										
Slave addr Function Starting Address Quantity of Registers CRC16							C16			
		Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	10H	00H	36H	00H	02H	A1H	C6H			



## 2. Release the motor shaft locked-rotor protection status

Request										
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16										
SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H 06H 00H 3DH 00H 01H D9H C6H										

Response										
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16										
Hi Lo Hi Lo Hi							Lo			
01H 06H 00H 3DH 00H 01H D9H C6H										

See "09\_F4(F1)Read the motor status.mbp" for example.

### 3. Restore the default parameter

(Same as the "Restore" option on screen)

	Request										
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16											
	SiaveAddi	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
	01H	06H	00H	3FH	00H	01H	78H	06H			

Response											
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16											
SiaveAddi	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H	01H 06H 00H 3FH 00H 01H 78H 06H										

See "11\_F6(3F)Restore the default parameter.mbp" for example.

### 4. Restart the motor

Request										
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16										
SiaveAddi	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	06H	H00	41H	00H	01H	18H	1EH			

Response									
Claus Adds Function Register Address Write Data CRC16									
SlaveAddr   Function		Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H 06H 00H 41H 00H 01H 18H 1EH									

### 5. Calibrate the motor

(Same as the "Cal" option on screen)

Request										
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16										
SiaveAddi	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H 06H 00H 80H 00H 01H 49H E2H										



	Response											
SlaveAddr	Eupotion	Register Address		Write Data		CRC16						
SlaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo					
01H	01H 06H 00H 80H 00H 01H 49H E2H											

See "12\_F6(80)Calibrate the motor.mbp" for example.

Note: The motor must be unloaded.

#### 6. Set the work mode

(Same as the "Mode" option on screen)

1											
Request											
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16											
SlaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H	06H	00H	82H	00H	mode						

Response										
SlaveAddr	Eunction	Register Address		Write Data		CRC16				
SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H 06H 00H 82H 00H mode										

 $mode = 0 CR_OPEN$ 

 $mode = 1 CR_CLOSE$ 

mode = 2 CR vFOC

 $mode = 3 SR_OPEN$ 

 $mode = 4 SR\_CLOSE$ 

mode = 5SR vFOC

See "13\_F6(82)Set the work mode.mbp" for example.

#### 7. Set the work current

(Same as the "Ma" option on screen)

Request										
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16										
SlaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H 06H 00H 83H Current										

	Response											
SlaveAddr	Function	Register A	Address	Write Data		CRC16						
SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo					
01H	01H 06H 00H 83H Current											

Note: the new current will show in the screen of Ma option.

SERVO42D/28D/35D: Maximum Current =3000mA

Maximum Current =5200mA SERVO57D:

See "14\_F6(83)Set the work current.mbp" for example.



### 8. Set the holding current percentage

(Same as the  $\hbox{\it "HoldMa"}$  option on screen)

			•								
	Request										
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16							C16				
	SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
	01H	06H	00H	9BH	00H	holdMa					

	Response										
SlaveAddr	Eunstion	Register Address		Write Data		CRC16					
SlaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H	01H 06H 00H 9BH 00H holdMa										

holdMa = 00 10%

holdMa = 01 20%

holdMa = 08 90%

Note: Only for OPEN mode and CLOSE mode, vFOC mode is invalid.

### 9. Set subdivision

(Same as the  ${\it "MStep"}$  option on screen)

	Request											
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16												
SlaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo					
01H	01H 06H 00H 84H micstep											

	Response										
SlaveAddr	Eunstion	Register Address		Write Data		CRC16					
SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H	01H 06H 00H 84H micstep										

See "15\_F6(84)Set subdivision.mbp" for example.



### 10. Set the active of the En pin

(Same as the "En" option on screen)

		-								
Request										
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16							C16			
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	06H	00H	85H	00H	enable					

	Response										
ClaveAddr	Eunstion	Register Address		Write Data		CRC16					
SlaveAddr Function Hi Lo Hi Lo Hi						Lo					
01H	01H 06H 00H 85H 00H enable										

enable = 00 active low (L)

enable = 01 active high (H)

enable = 02 active always (Hold)

See "16\_F6(85)Set the active of the En pin.mbp" for example.

### 11. Set the direction of motor rotation

(Same as the "Dir" option on screen)

	Request										
SlaveAddr	Eunstion	Register A	Address	Write Data		CRC16					
SiaveAddi	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H 06H 00H 86H 00H dir											

Response										
SlaveAddr	Function	Register A	Address	Write Data		CRC16				
SiaveAddi	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	01H 06H 00H 86H 00H dir									

dir = 00CW

CCW dir = 01

See "17\_F6(86)Set the direction of motor rotation.mbp" for example.

Note: onldy for pulse interface, the direction of serial interface is set by command.



#### 12. Set auto turn off the screen function

(Same as the " AutoSDD " option on screen)

	op elem en eelem,											
	Request											
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16								C16				
	SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
	01H 06H 00H 87H 00H enable											

	Response										
SlaveAddr	Eunction	Register Address		Write Data		CRC16					
SiaveAddi	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H	01H 06H 00H 87H 00H enable										

enable = 01enabled

enable = 00disabled

If set to Enable, the screen will automatically turn off after about 15 seconds, and any button can wake up the screen again. See "18\_F6(87)Set auto turn off the screen.mbp" for example.

#### 13. Set the motor shaft locked-rotor protection

(Same as the "Protect" option on screen)

	Request											
SlaveAddr	Eupotion	Register A	Address	Write Data		CRC16						
SlaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo					
01H	01H 06H 00H 88H 00H enable											

	Response										
SlaveAddr	Eupotion	Register A	Address	Write	Data	CRO	C16				
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H	01H 06H 00H 88H 00H enable										

enable = 01 enabled protection

enable = 00disabled protection

Note: you can release the protection status by pressing the Enter button or the serial command.

See "19\_F6(88)Set the motor locked-rotor protection.mbp" for example.



### 14. Set the subdivision interpolation function

(Same as the "MPlyer" option on screen)

operation of the second											
Request											
SlaveAddr	Eupotion	Register A	Register Address Write			CRO	C16				
SlaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H 06H 00H 89H 00H enable											

	Response										
SlaveAddr	Eunstion	Register Address		Write Data		CRC16					
SlaveAdul	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H	01H 06H 00H 89H 00H enable										

enable = 01 enabled interpolation function.

enable = 00 disabled interpolation function.

See "20\_F6(89)Set the subdivision interpolation.mbp" for example.

#### 15. Set the baud rate

(Same as the "UartBaud" option on screen)

	Request										
SlaveAddr	Eunction	Register A	Address	Write Data		CRC16					
SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H 06H 00H 8AH 00H baud											

Response										
SlaveAddr Function Register Address Write Data CRC16										
SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	01H 06H 00H 8AH 00H baud									

baud = 01 9600.

baud = 02 19200.

baud = 03 25000.

baud = 04 38400.

baud = 05 57600.

baud = 06 115200.

baud = 07 256000.

See "21\_F6(8A)Set the baud rate.mbp" for example.



#### 16. Set the slave address

(Same as the " VartAddr "  $Option\ on\ screen$ )

			•							
Request										
SlaveAddr	Eupotion	Register A	Address	Write	Data	CRO	C16			
SlaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	06H	00H	8BH	00H	addr					

	Response										
SlaveAddr	Eunction	Register A	Address	Write Data		CRC16					
SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H	01H 06H 00H 8BH 00H addr										

Notel: the new address will show in the screen of UartAddr option.

Note2: 0 is the broadcast address

See "22\_F6(8B)Set the slave address.mbp" for example.

### 17. Set MODBUS-RTU communication protocol

(Same as the "MB\_RTU" option on screen)

	Request										
SlaveAddr	Eunstion	Register Address		Write Data		CRC16					
SiaveAddi	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H 06H 00H 8EH 00H enable											

Response										
SlaveAddr	Function	Register A	Address	Write	Data	CRC16				
SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	06H	00H	8EH	00H	enable					

enable = 01 enabled MODBUS-RTU communication protocol.

enable = 00 disabled MODBUS-RTU communication protocol.

See "23 F6(8E)Set MODBUS-RTU.mbp" for example.

### 18. Set the key locked or unlocked

Request										
SlaveAddr	Eunction	Register A	Address	Write	Data	CRC16				
SiaveAddi	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	06H	00H	8FH	00H	enable					

Response										
SlaveAddr	Eupotion	Register A	Address	Write	Data	CRC16				
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	06H	00H	8FH	00H	enable					

enable = 01 locked the key.

enable = 00 unlocked the key.



#### 19. Set Currnet Axis to zero

Request										
SlaveAddr	Eunstion	Register Address		Write	Data	CRO	CRC16			
SlaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	06H	00H	92H	00H	01H	E9H	E7H			

Response										
SlaveAddr Functio		Register Address			Data	CRO	C16			
SlaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	06H	00H	92H	00H	01H	E9H	E7H			

It can set the current Axis to Zero. Just as "GoHome" without run the motor.

See "25\_F6(92) Set Currnet Axis to zero.mbp" for example.

### 20. Set serial mode motor enable

Request										
SlaveAddr	Eunction	Register Address		Write	Data	CRC16				
SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H 06H 00H F3H 00H enable										

Response										
SlaveAddr	Eunstion	Register Address		Write	Data	CRC16				
SlaveAdul	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	06H	00H	F3H	00H	enable					

enable = 01 enabled the motor.

enable = 00disabled the motor.

See "26\_F6(F3)Set serial mode motor enable.mbp" for example.

Note : This command is only for "SR\_OPEN/SR\_CLOSE/SR\_VFOC" mode



### 21. Set the parameter of home

(Same as the "HmTrig, HmDir, HmSpeed, EndLimit" option on screen)

	Request												
Slave	Func		ting Iress	_	ntity of gisters	Bytes	Trig	Home	Ho spe	me eed	enable	CR	C16
addi	tion	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		level	dir	Hi	Lo		Hi	Lo
01H	10H	H00	90H	00H	03H	05H	hmTrig	hmDir	HmS	peed	EndLimit		

hmTrig the effective level of the end stop

0: Low

1: High

hmDir the direction of go home

0: CW

1: CCW

hmSpeed the speed of go home

 $0^{\sim}3000 \text{ (RPM)}$ 

EndLimit

0: disable endstop-limit1: enable endstop-limit

Note: The speed description can be found in Chapter 6.1.

	Response										
Slave addr	Function	Starting /	Address	Quanti <sup>.</sup> Regist	-	CRC16					
		Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H	10H	00H	90H	00H	03H	80H	25H				

See "28\_F16(90)Set the parameter of home.mbp" for example.

Notel:When first time to using the "EndLimit" function or changing the limit parameters, it is necessary to go home; (Menu -> GoHome or serial command "91")

Note 2: When EndLimit=1, when the motor goHome touches the left limit switch, the motor will unlocked the shaft.

If you want to locked the axis after goHome, you should set EndLimit=0.



## 22. Set the parameter of "noLimit" go home

	Request											
Slave addr	Func		rting dress	-	itity of isters	Bytes	Reverse Angle	Hm_mode	Hm_ma	CRO	C16	
addi	tion	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		(uint32_t)	(uint16_t)	(uint16_t)	Hi	Lo	
01H	10H	00H	94H	00H	04H	08H	retValue	mode	ma			

mode 0: used Limit switch for go home

1: no Limit switch for go home

ma the current of "noLimit" go home

retValue: 0~0xFFFFFFF

for example:

retValue = 0x4000 (it will return 360 degree)

retValue = 0x2000 (it will return 180 degree) (default)

	Response										
Slave addr	Function	Starting /	Address	Quanti Regist	-	CRC16					
			Lo	Η̈́	Lo	Hi	Lo				
01H	10H	00H	94H	00H	04H	80H	26H				

#### 23. Set limit port remap

(only for serial control mode)

The 28/35/42D motor has only a left limit port. In serial control mode, limit port remapping can be enabled to add a right limit port.

For the 57D motor, limit port remapping can also be enabled if required to facilitate wiring.

Left limit -> En port

Right limit -> Dir port

The Com port must be connected to the corresponding high level.

Request										
SlaveAddr	Eunstion	Register A	Address	Write	Data	CRC16				
SiaveAddi	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H 06H 00H 9EH 00H enable										

Response									
SlaveAddr	Eunction	Register A	Address	Write	Data	CRC16			
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H	06H	00H	9EH	00H	enable				

enable = 01 enable remap limit port

enable = 00 disable remap limit port



#### 24. Set the parameter of 0\_Mode

In O\_Mode, the motor can automatically return to the O point position when power on. The maximum angle is 359 degrees.

(Same as the "O\_Mode、Set O、O\_Speed、O\_Dir" option on screen)

	Request											
Slave addr	Func		ting Iress	-	itity of isters	Bytes	0_Mode	Set 0	0_Speed	0_Dir	CRO	C16
auui	tion	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo						Hi	Lo
01H	10 H	00H	9AH	00H	02H	04H	mode	enable	speed	dir		

mode:

0: Disable do not go back to zero

1: DirMode go back to zero with direction

2: NearMode go back to zero with minimum angle

enable:

0: clean zero

1: set zero

speed:

 $0 \sim 4$  (0:slowest 4:fastest)

dir:

0: CW 1: CCW

Response								
Slave addr	Function	Starting /	Address	Quantit Regist	-	CRC16		
		Hi Lo		Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	
01H	10H	00H	9AH	H00	02H	61H	E7H	

### 25. En triggers single-turn zero return and position error protection

#### 1. En-triggered single-turn zeroing function description:

In pulse control mode, after setting the power-on single-turn zeroing function and turning on the En-triggered zeroing function, the motor will no longer automatically return to zero when powered on, but will be triggered to return to zero through the 200ms width pulse signal of the En signal line.

#### 2. Position error protection description:

Position error protection and stall protection can be turned on or off separately. They monitor the motor independently. When any protection condition is triggered, the motor can be started to protect it.



The triggering condition of position error protection is: within x time, if the motor position error is greater than y, the protection is started. (x, y can be set)

Note: When the stall protection is triggered, the screen displays "Wrong..."

When the position error protection is triggered, the screen displays
"Wrong2..."

	Request													
		Sta	rting	Quantity				reg1						
slave	funct		dress	C	of								CR	C16
addr	ion	7101		Registers Bytes			Lo			reg2	reg3			
addi	1011	Hi	1.0	Hi	10		Hi						Hi	10
		111	Lo	111	Lo			REV	Bit1	Bit0			1 11	Lo
01H	10H	00H	9DH	00H	03H	06H	0	0	g0Enble	pEnable	Tim	Errs		

gOEnable O: Disable En trigger return to zero function (default value)

1: Enable En trigger return to zero function

Note: When enabled, the motor automatically returns to zero position in a single turn after detecting the En enable signal pulse of about 200ms. It will no longer automatically return to zero position in a single turn when powered on.

pEnble 0: Disable position error protection (default value)

1: Enable position error protection

Tim: uint16\_t Set the error statistics time length

Note: 1 Tim unit is approximately equal to 15ms

Errs: uint16\_t Set the number of startup protection errors
Note: When Errs = 28000, the motor is misaligned by 360 degrees

Response								
Slave addr	Function	Starting A	Address	Quantity	of Registers	С	RC16	
Slave addi	FUNCTION	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	
01H	10H	00H	9DH	00H	03H	11H	E6H	



## 8.3 Read/Write all parameters commands

### 1. Write all configuration parameters

	Request										
Slave addr	Func		ting Iress	-	tity of sters	Bytes	reg1		reg19	CR	C16
auui	tion	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo					Hi	Lo
01H	10H	10H	46H	00H	13H	26H					

Note: The definitions of reg 1...reg19 are shown in the following

table. < Configuration parameters table>

The default register parameters are as follows:

02 04 0C 80 10 00 00 00 00 01 FF 04 01 00 01 01 01 00 00 00 00 3C FF

00 00 00 20 00 FF 00 03 20 FF 00 00 00 02 00

Response								
Slave addr	Function	Starting A	Address	Quantity	of Registers	CRC16		
Slave addi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	
01H	10H	10H	46H	00H	13H	64H	D1H	

### 2. Read all configuration parameters

Request								
Slave addr	Function	Starting Address			of Registers	CRC16		
Slave addi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	
01H	04H	11H	47H	00H	13H	04H	EEH	

Response									
Slave addr	Function	Bytes	rog1		rog10	CRO	C16		
Slave addi	Function	bytes	reg1		reg19	Hi	Lo		
01H	04H	26H							

Note: The definitions of reg 1…reg19 are shown in the following table. < Configuration parameters table>

Configuration parameters table

	Write parameters (1046H)									
byte		Frame	default(HEX)	Single cmd						
1		Slave addr	01							
2		Function	10							
3		Starting	10							
4		Address	46							
5			00							

ad paramete	ers(1147H)						
byte 返回数据格式							
1 Slave addr 01							
Function	04						



		Quantity of				
6		Registers	13			
7		Bytes	26			
8	DEC1	Mode	02	82		
9	REG1	Hold current	04	9B		
10	REG 2	Work current	OC / 06 / 03 / 02	0.2		
11	REG Z	Work current	80 / 40 / 20 / 58	83		
12	REG 3	Subdivision	10	84		
13	REG 3	En	0	85		
14	REG 4	Dir	0	86		
15	KEG 4	AutoSDD	0	87		
16	REG 5	Protect	0	88		
17	REG 5	Mplyer	1	89		
18	REG 6	NULL				
19	KEG 0	Baud rate	4	8A		
20	REG 7	Slave address	1	8B		
21	ILG /	Group address	0	8D		
22	REG 8	Respond	1	8C		
23	KLO 0	Кезропа	1	00		
24	REG 9	MODBUS	0	8E		
25	KLO 9	Key lock	0	8F		
26	REG 10	HmTrig	0			
27	KLG 10	HmDir	0			
28	REG 11	HmSpeed	0	90		
29	KLO 11	ППЗреец	3C	90		
30	REG 12	NULL				
31	KLG 12	EndLimit	0			
32	REG 13		0			
33	KLO 13	retValue	0			
34	REG 14	retvalue	20			
35	NLG 14		0	94		
36	REG 15	NULL		J4		
37	VEO 13	Hm-mode	0			
38	REG 16	Hm_ma	03/01/00/00			
39	NLG 10	TIIII_IIIa	20 / 90 / C8 / C8			
40	REG 17	NULL				
41	NLG 11	remap	0	9E		
42	REG 18	0_Mode	0			
43	VEO 10	Set 0	0	9A		
44	REG 19	0_Speed	2	<i>3</i> ∧		
45	VEO 13	0_Dir	1			
46	CRC16					
47	CICTO					

3	Bytes	26			
4	DEO 1	Mode			
5	REG 1	Hold current			
6	DEC 3	Mork ourront			
7	REG 2	Work current			
8	REG 3	Subdivision			
9	KEG 3	En			
10	REG 4	Dir			
11	KEG 4	AutoSDD			
12	REG 5	Protect			
13	KEG 3	Mplyer			
14	REG 6	NULL			
15	KEG 0	Baud rate			
16	REG 7	Slave address			
17	KEG /	Group address			
18	REG 8	Dognand			
19	KEG O	Respond			
20	REG 9	MODBUS			
21	KLG 9	Key lock			
22	REG 10	HmTrig			
23	KEG 10	HmDir			
24	REG 11	HmSpood			
25	KLG 11	HmSpeed			
26	REG 12	NULL			
27	NLO 12	EndLimit			
28	REG 13				
29	NLO 13	retValue			
30	REG 14	retvalde			
31	NLO 14				
32	REG 15	NULL			
33	NLO 13	Hm-mode			
34	REG 16	Hm_ma			
35	WEO 10	- π			
36	REG 17	NULL			
37	ILO II	remap			
38	REG 18	0_Mode			
39		Reserve (FF)			
40	REG 19	0_Speed			
41	40	0_Dir			
42	CRC16				
43	3				



## 3. Read all status parameters

Request										
Slave addr Fun	Function	Starting Address Quantity		Quantity of	Registers	CRC16				
	FULLCUOTI	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	04H	12H	48H	00H	0EH	F4H	A0H			

Response									
Slave addr	Slave addr. Eunstion bytes		roa1		rog11	CRC16			
Slave addi	Function	bytes	reg1		reg14	Hi	Lo		
01H	04H	1CH							

Note: The definitions of reg 1 ··· reg14 are shown in the following table. < Status parameters table>

Status parameters table

	Status parame	ters(1248H)	
Byte		Response(HEX)	Single commad
1	Slave addr	01	
2	Function	04	
3	bytes	1C	
4	REG 1	motor status	F1
5	KEG I	IO status	34
6	REG 2		
7	REG Z		
8	REG 3	encoder value	31
9	INLU J	encodel value	21
10	REG 4		
11	NLG 4		
12	REG 5	speed	32
13	KLO 3	speed	32
14	REG 6		
15	KLG 0	pulses	33
16	REG 7	puises	33
17	KLG /		
18	REG 8		
19	NLG 0		
20	REG 9	RAW encoder value	35
21	NLG 9	NAVV ENCOUEL Value	33
22	REG 10		
23	NLG 10		
24	REG 11	error	39
25	INCO 11	error	33



26	REG 12		
27	REG 12		
28	REG 13	En status	3A
29	KEG 13	0_status	3B
30	REG 14	Protect status	3E
31	REG 14	NULL	
32	CRC16		
33	CKCIO		



## 8.4 Motor running command

Note: The acceleration and speed description can be found in Chapter 6.1.

# 8.3.1 Emergency stop the motor

Request										
SlaveAddr Fur	Function	Register Address		Write	Data	CRC16				
	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	06H	H00	F7H	00H	01H	F9H	F8H			

Response									
SlaveAddr Fu	Function	Register Address		Write Data		CRC16			
	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H	06H	00H	F7H	00H	01H	F9H	F8H		

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a good idea to stop the motor immediately!

#### 8.3.2 Go home

(Same as the "GoHome" option on screen)

Request										
SlaveAddr Fu	Function	Register Address		Write Data		CRC16				
	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			
01H	06H	00H	91H	00H	01H	19H	E7H			

Response									
SlaveAddr Fu	Function	Register Address		Write Data		CRC16			
	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H	06H	H00	91H	00H	01H	19H	E7H		

See "24\_F6(91) Go Home.mbp" for example.

Note: If the limit switch is already closed, the motor will rotate in the opposite direction to homeDir until the limit switch is opened, and then go home.



### 8.3.3 Speed mode command

Note: It needs to set the working mode to serial mode. (SR OPEN/SR CLOSE/SR VFOC)

In speed mode, the motor can be run with a fixed acceleration and speed.

#### 1. Run the motor in speed mode

	Request											
Slave Addr	Func		ting Iress	-	tity of sters	Bytes	direc	accelera	spe	eed	CRO	C16
Addi	tion	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		tion	tion	Ηi	Lo	Hi	Lo
01H	10H	00H	F6H	00H	02H	04H	dir	acc	spe	eed		

dir: the value range is 0/1 (CCW/CW)

acc: the acceleration, the value range is 0-255 speed: the speed, the value range is 0-3000

	Response											
SlaveAddr	Function	Starting A	Address	Quantity o	CRC16							
SiaveAddi		Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo					
01H	10H	00H	F6H	00H	02H	A1H	FAH					

See "29 F16(F6) Run the motor in speed mode.mbp" for example.

#### 2. Stop the motor in speed mode

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc  $\neq$  0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

	Request													
Slave Addr	Func		ting Iress	-	tity of sters	Bytes	direc	accele ration	sp	eed	CR	C16		
Addi	tion	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		tion	Tation	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H	10H	00H	F6H	00H	02H	04H	00H	acc	0	0H				

	Response												
SlaveAddr	Function	Starting A	Address	Quantity o	f Registers	CR	C16						
SlaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo						
01H	10H	00H	F6H	00H	02H	A1H	FAH						

See "29 F16(F6) Run the motor in speed mode.mbp" for example.



## 3. Save/Clean the parameter in speed mode

	Request											
SlaveAddr	Function	Register A	Address	Write	Data	CRO	C16					
SlaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo					
01H	06H	H00	FFH	00H	flag							

flag = C8Hsave the parameter flag = CAH clean the parameter

	Response													
SlaveAddr	Function	Register A	Address	Write	Data	CRO	C16							
SiaveAddi	runction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo							
01H	06H	00H	FFH	00H	flag									

See "27\_F6(FF) Save or Clean the parameter in speed mode.mbp" for example.

Note: The motor can rotates clockwise or counterclockwise at a constant speed when powered on.



### 8.3.4 Position model: relative motion by pulses

Note: It needs to set the working mode to serial mode. (SR\_OPEN/SR\_CLOSE/SR\_VFOC)

#### 1. Run the motor in position model

	Request													
SlaveA	Func		ting ress	-	tity of sters	Bytes	direc	accele	speed	pulses	CRC	16		
ddr	tion	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		tion	ration			Hi	Lo		
01H	10H	00H	FDH	00H	04H	08H	dir	acc	speed	pulses				

dir (uint8\_t) the value range is 0/1 (CCW/CW)
acc (uint8\_t) the acceleration, the value range is 0 - 255
speed (uint16\_t) the speed, the value range is 0 - 3000 (RPM)
pulses (uint32 t) the steps, the value range is 0 - 0xFFFFFFFFF

	Response													
SlaveAddr	Function	Starting A	Address	Quantity of	f Registers	CR	C16							
SlaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo							
01H	10H	00H	FDH	00H	04H	50H	ЗАН							

See "30\_F16(FD) Position model relative motion by pulses.mbp" for example.

#### 2. Stop the motor in position model

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc  $\neq$  0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

	Request													
SlaveA ddr	Func		ting Iress	-	tity of sters	Bytes	direc	accele	speed	pulses	CRC	:16		
uui	tion	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		tion	ration			Hi	Lo		
01H	10H	00H	FDH	00H	04H	08H	00H	acc	00H	00H				

	Response												
SlaveAddr	Function	Starting A	Address	Quantity o	f Registers	CR	C16						
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo						
01H	10H	00H	FDH	00H	04H	50H	ЗАН						

See "30\_F16(FD) Position model relative motion by pulses.mbp" for example.



## 8.3.5 Position mode2: absolute motion by pulses

Notel: It needs to set the working mode to serial mode. (SR\_OPEN/SR\_CLOSE/SR\_VFOC)

In the position control mode2, the motor can be run to the specified pulses position with the set acceleration and speed.

#### 1. Run the motor in position mode2

	Request												
SlaveA ddr	Func		ting Iress		tity of sters	Bytes	acceleration	speed	absolute	CR	C16		
dui	tion	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				axıs	Hi	Lo		
01H	10H	00H	FEH	00H	04H	08H	acc	speed	absPulses				

acc (uint16\_t) the acceleration, the value range is 0 - 255 speed (uint16\_t) the speed, the value range is 0 - 3000 (RPM) absPulses(int32\_t) the Pulses, int32\_t

	Response												
SlaveAddr	Function	Starting A	Address	Quantity of	f Registers	CR	C16						
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo						
01H	10H	00H	FEH	00H	04H								

#### 2. Stop the motor in position mode2

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc  $\neq$  0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

	Request												
SlaveA ddr	Func	Star Add	ting Iress	-	tity of sters	Bytes	acceleration	speed	absolute	CRC	:16		
uui	tion	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				axıs	Hi	Lo		
01H	10H	00H	FEH	00H	04H	08H	acc	00H	00H				

	Response											
SlaveAddr	Function	Starting A	Address	Quantity o	f Registers	CR	C16					
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo					
01H	10H	00H	FEH	00H	04H							



### 8.3.6 Position mode3: relative motion by axis

Notel: It needs to set the working mode to serial mode.

(SR\_OPEN/SR\_CLOSE/SR\_VFOC)

Note2: the axis is the encoder value (addition). It can be read by command "31".

In the position control mode3, the motor can be run to the specified axis with the set acceleration and speed.

#### 1. Run the motor in position mode3

	Request												
	SlaveA ddr	Func tion		ting ress		tity of sters	Bytes	acceleration	speed	Relative	CRC	CRC16	
	uui		Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				axıs	Hi	Lo	
Ī	01H	10H	00H	F4H	00H	04H	08H	acc	speed	relAxis			

acc (uint16\_t) the acceleration, the value range is 0 - 255 speed (uint16\_t) the speed, the value range is 0 - 3000 (RPM) relAxis(int32\_t) the steps, int32\_t

	Response							
SlaveAddr	Function	Starting A	Address	Quantity o	CRC16			
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	
01H	10H	00H	F4H	00H	04H	80H	38H	

See "31 F16(F4) Position mode2 relative motion by axis.mbp" for example.

### 2. Stop the motor in position mode3

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc  $\neq$  0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

	Request										
SlaveA ddr	Func tion		ting Iress	-	tity of sters	Bytes	acceleration	speed	Relative	CRC	:16
uui		Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo				axis	Hi	Lo
01H	10H	00H	F4H	00H	04H	08H	acc	00H	00H		

Response									
SlaveAddr	Function	Starting Address Quantity of Registe			f Registers	CR	CRC16		
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo		
01H	10H	00H	F4H	00H	04H	80H	38H		

See "31 F16(F4) Position mode2 relative motion by axis.mbp" for example.



## 8.3.7 Position mode4: absolute motion by axis

Notel: It needs to set the working mode to serial mode. (SR OPEN/SR CLOSE/SR VFOC)

Note2: the axis is the encoder value (addition). It can be read by command "31".

Note3: Support real-time updates of speed and coordinates, that is, new commands can be issued to change speed and coordinates when the previous command is running

### 1. Run the motor in position mode4

	Request										
SlaveA ddr	Func tion		ting Iress	-	tity of sters	Bytes	acceleration	speed	absolute	CRC	:16
uui		Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo			axis -	Hi	Lo	
01H	10H	00H	F5H	00H	04H	08H	acc	speed	absAxis		

acc (uint16\_t) the acceleration, the value range is 0 - 255 speed (uint16\_t) the speed, the value range is 0 - 3000 (RPM) absAxis(int32 t) the steps, int32 t

	Response							
	SlaveAddr	Eunstion	Starting A	Address	Quantity o	f Registers	C16	
		Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo
	01H	10H	00H	F5H	00H	04H	D1H	F8H

See "32 F16(F5) Position mode3 absolute motion by axis.mbp" for example.

#### 2. Stop the motor in position mode4

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc  $\neq$  0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

	Request										
SlaveA ddr	Func	Star Add	ting ress	_	tity of sters	Bytes	acceleration	eration speed absolute axis		CRC16	
uui	tion	Ξ	Lo	Hi	Lo				Hi	Lo	
01H	10H	00H	F5H	00H	04H	08H	acc	00H	00H		

Response								
SlaveAddr	Function	Starting Address Quantity of Register			f Registers	CRC16		
SiaveAddi	Function	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	
01H	10H	00H	F5H	00H	04H	D1H	F8H	

See "32 F16(F5) Position mode3 absolute motion by axis.mbp" for example.



## Part9. FAQ

### 9.1 NOTE

- 1. Power input voltage is 12V-24V.
- 2. Don't hot plug motor cable and data cable.
- 3. When the motor is calibrating, do not carry a load.
- 4. After installed the motor, or changed the motor wiring sequence, you need to re-calibrate the motor again.
- 5. The default work mode is CR vFOC(EN/STP/DIR interface).
- 6. Press the "Next" key first, then power on, it can quickly restore the default parameters.
- 7. If "Phase Line Error!" is displayed before calibration:
  - b) Check the motor connection line sequence;
  - c) Check the power supply voltage and output power (24V/1A, 12V/2A);;
  - d) If the power supply is connected to the motherboard through the MKS APT module, try to connect the MKS APT module to ports such as X, Y, Z, E, etc., and then restart again.
  - e) Do not use the MKS APT module for power supply before calibration, and the power supply is directly connected to V+ and Gnd.

### 9.2 FAQ

0	0.1			
Question	Solution			
Not Cal	Calibrate the motor.			
Reverse Lookup	Calibrate Fail, Check magnet and			
Error!	motor shaft			
Magnet Loss!	Not install the magent.			
Magnet Strong!	the magnet too near.			
Magnet Weak!	the magnet too far.			
Encoder Error!	Check magnet and motor shaft			
Offset Current	Reference voltage error			
Error!				
Phase Line Error!	The motor line sequence is wrong or			
	the power supply is not enough			
Wrong Protect!	Locked-rotor protection			
Coming Back to	Going back to zero.			
Origin				
Reboot Again	The motor need to be restart.			
Press Next Key To	Press Next Key, until it reboot.			
Fixed				
	Reverse Lookup Error!  Magnet Loss!  Magnet Strong!  Magnet Weak!  Encoder Error!  Offset Current Error!  Phase Line Error!  Wrong Protect!  Coming Back to Origin  Reboot Again Press Next Key To			



# Part10. Schematic

Please download  $\langle MKS | SERVO42D/57D | V1.0 | Schematic.pdf \rangle$  in

https://github.com/makerbase-motor/MKS-SERV042D https://github.com/makerbase-motor/MKS-SERV057D

# Part11. contact us

https://makerbase.aliexpress.com/

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC2i5I1tcOXRJ2ZJiRxwpCUQ

https://github.com/makerbase-motor