

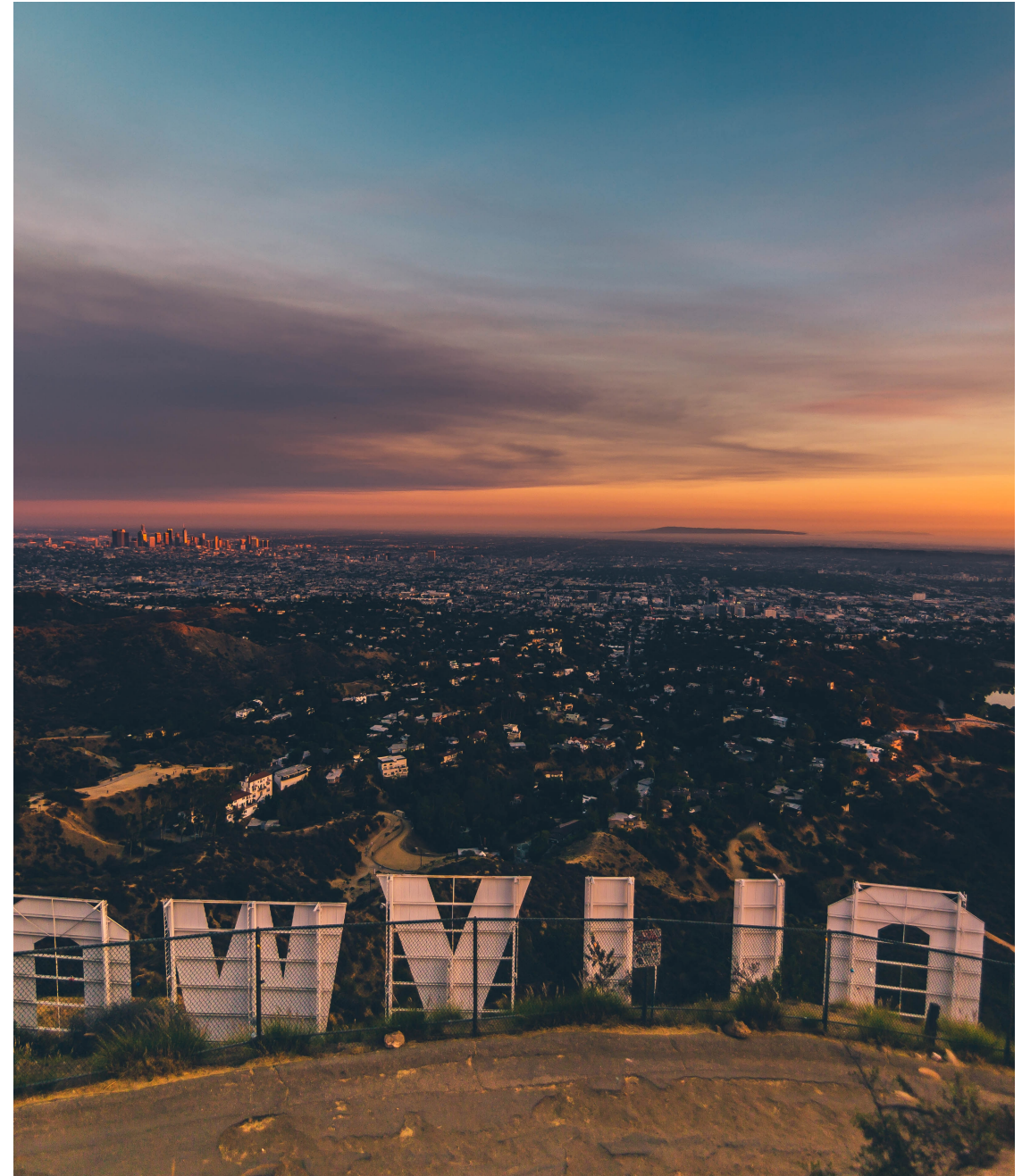
# Machine Learning

Week 03 - THE FLUFF BEGNS

11/04/19

# Chapter 1

- Mr. Prof. Klaus Robert Mueller is very tired
- For him it is 5AM and not 2PM
- He flew directly from Hollywood LA
- If you are too stupid for Math, do other course



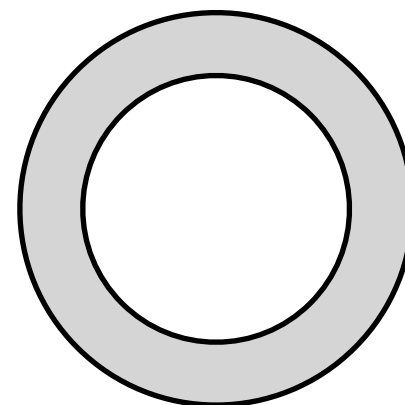
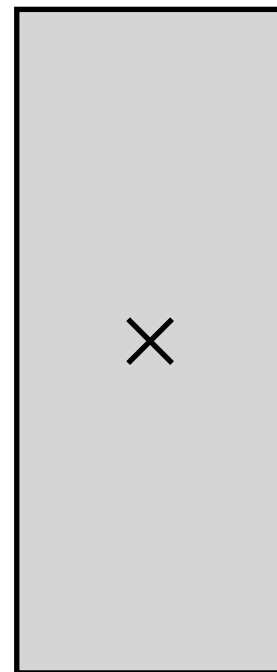
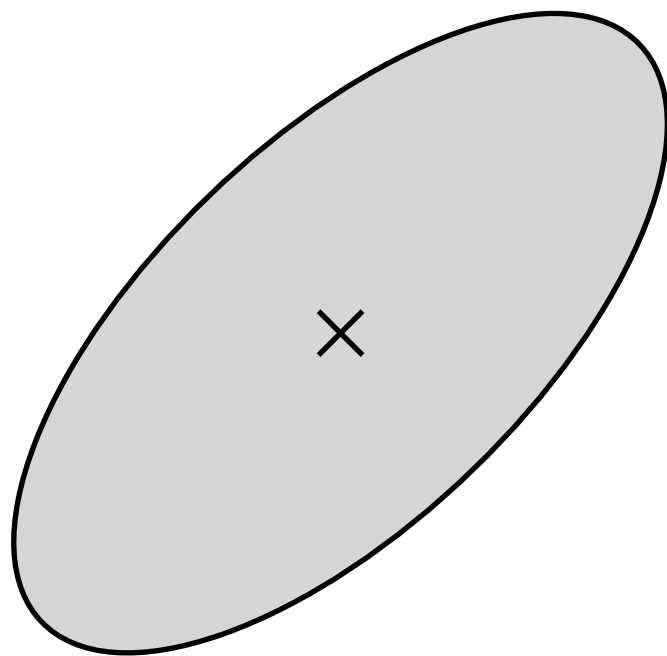
# Chapter 2

- Anil Jain: VIP for Clustering



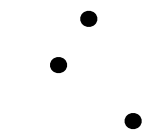
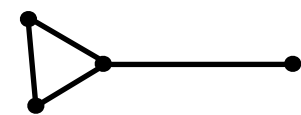
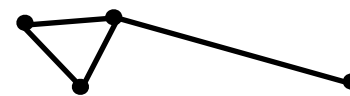
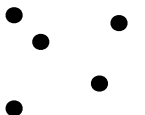
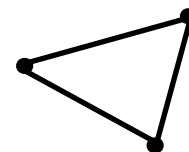
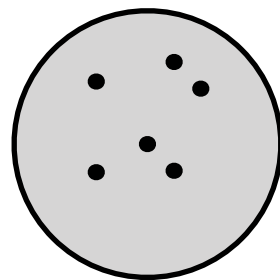
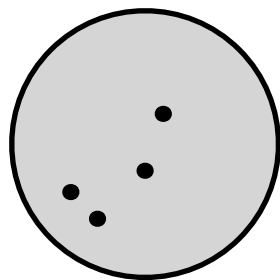
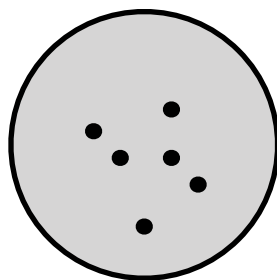
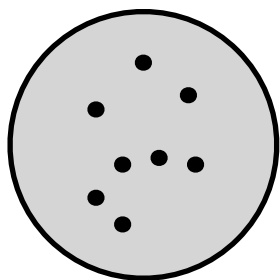
# Chapter 3

- $N(\mu, \Sigma)$



# Chapter 3

- $x$  come from  $c$  normalizations
- Use your eyes: **EYEBALLING** 🙄🙄

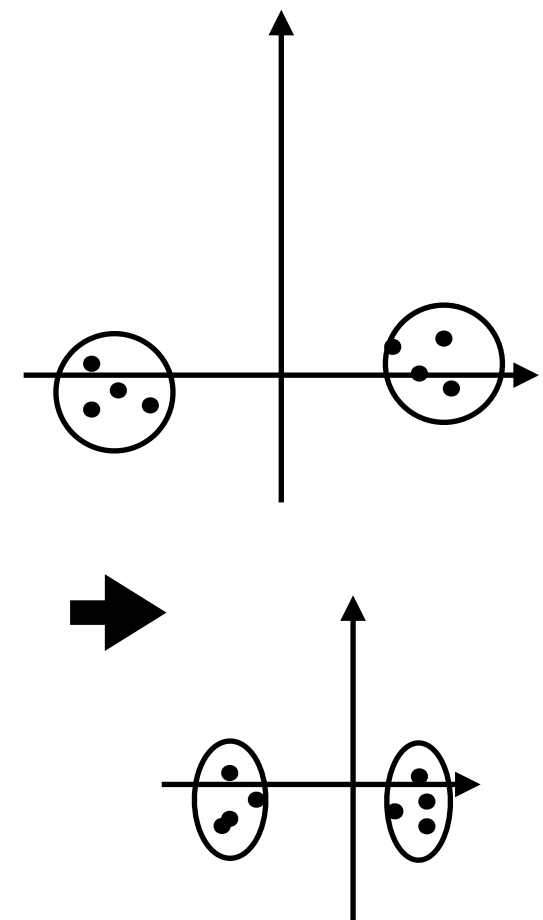
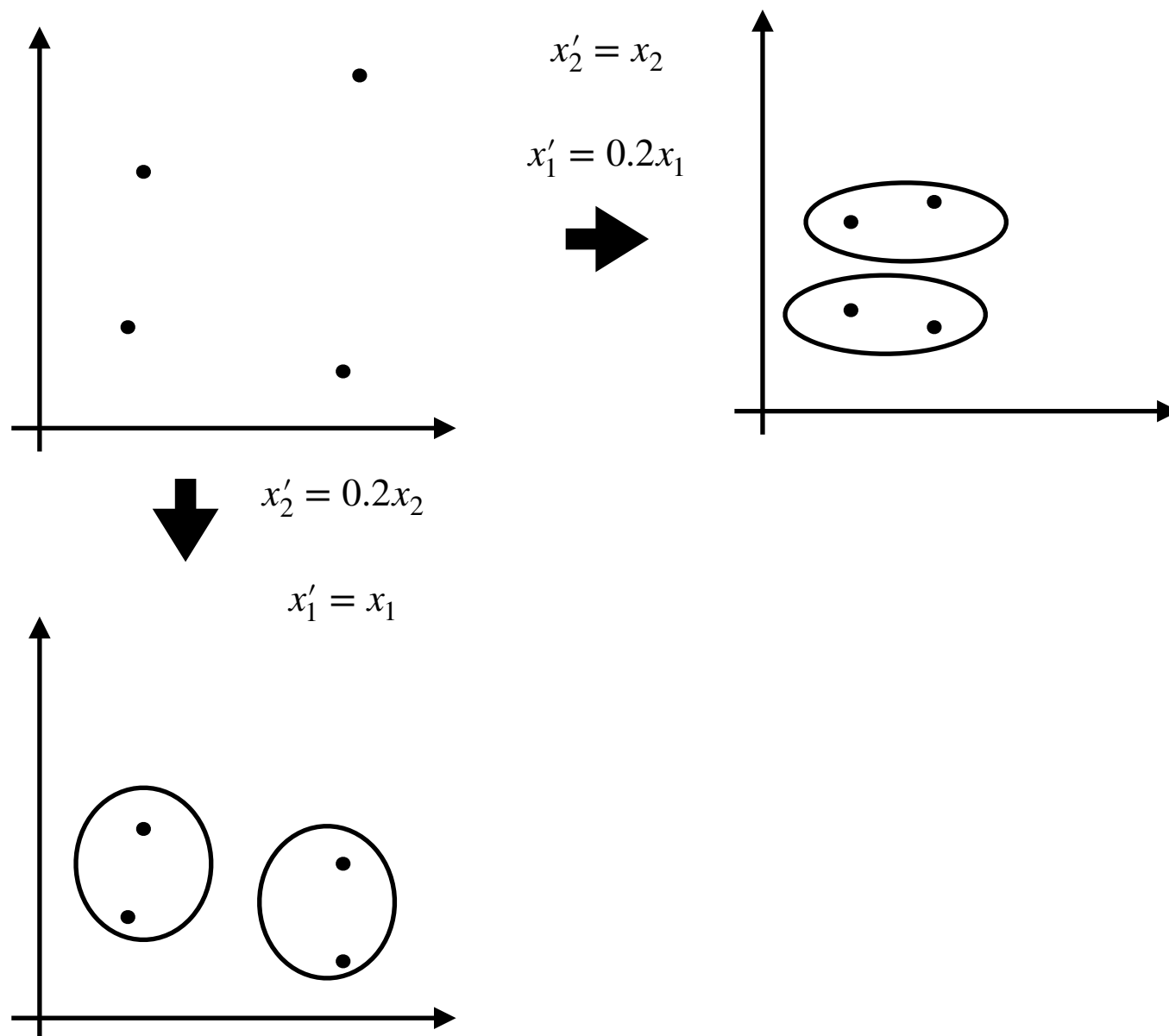


$d_0$  high

Medium

Small

# Chapter 4: Squishen



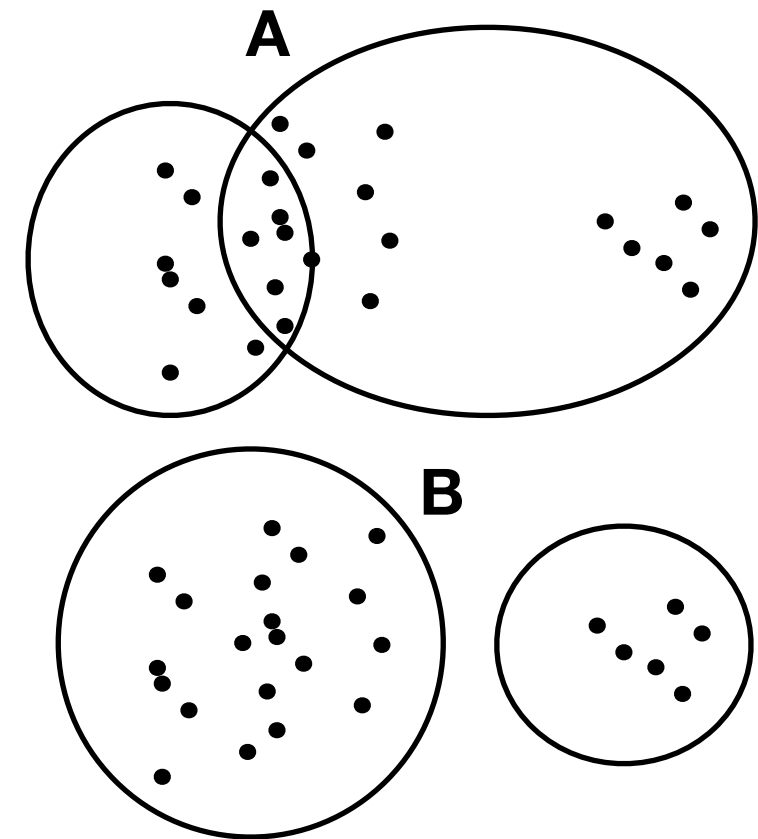
$$S(x, x') = \frac{x^T x'}{|x| |x'|}$$

# Chapter 5

- $H$        $n$  samples       $c$     $H_i$        $H_1, \dots, H_c$

- $$m = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{x \in H_i} x$$

- $$J = \sum_i^c \sum_{x \in H_i} |x - m_i|^2 \quad \text{min Varianz}$$

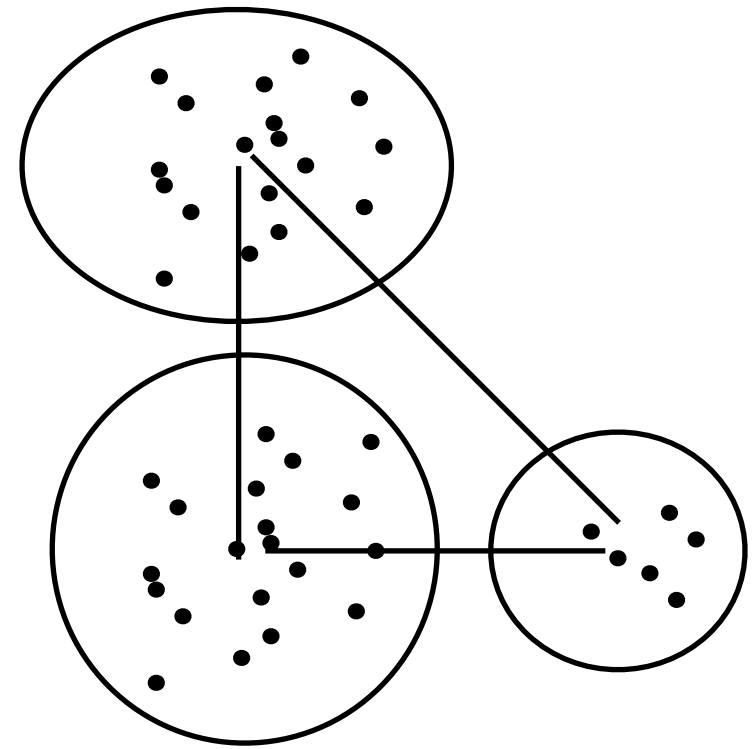


Which clustering is better wrt. Min variance? ~~Its B!~~

Its A

# Chapter 5

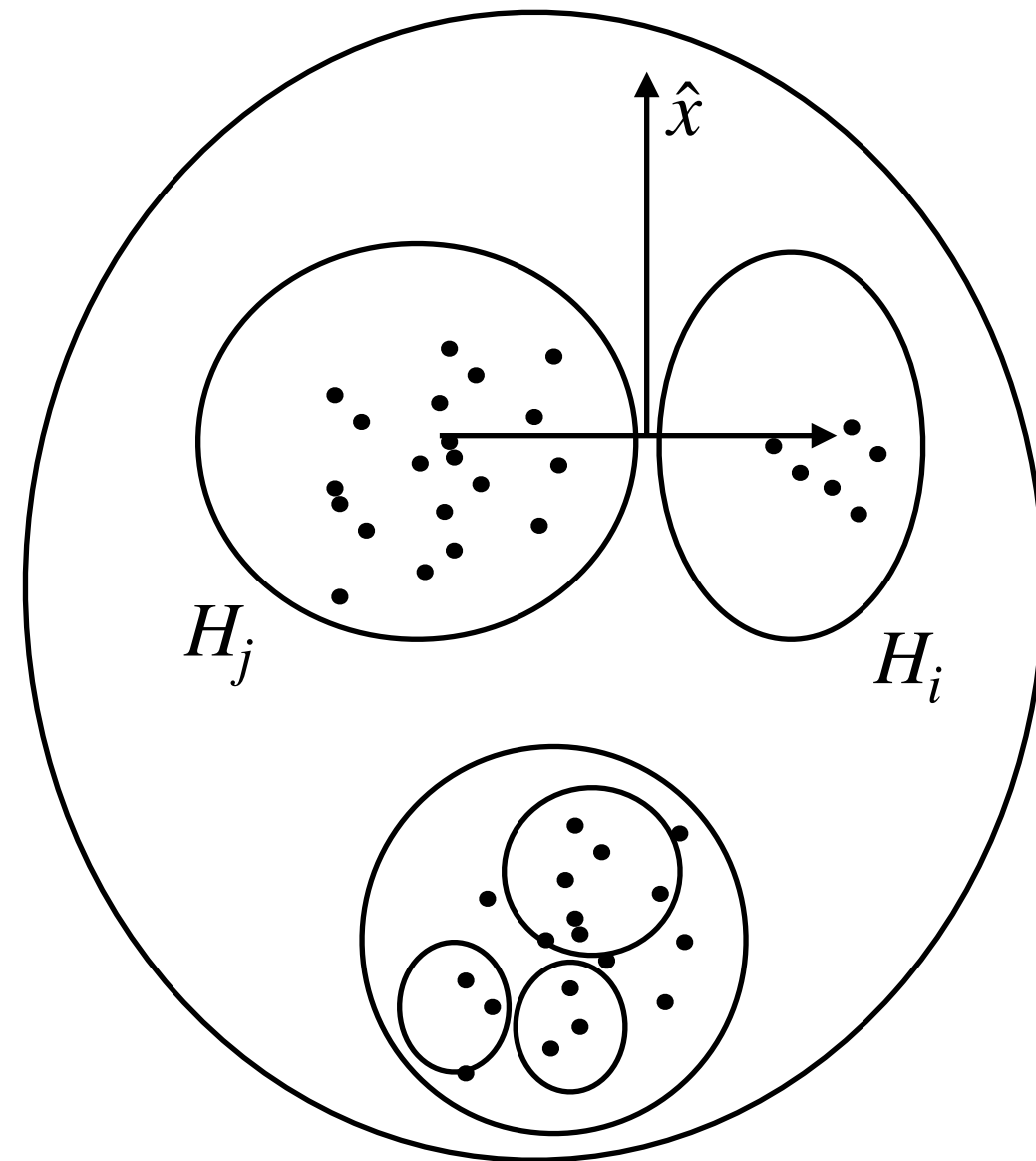
- $S_i = \sum_{x \in H_i} (x - m_i)(x - m_i)^T$
- $S_V = \sum S_i$
- $S_B = \sum_i n_i(m_i - m)(m_i - m)^T$
- $S_T = \sum_{x \in H} (x - m)(x - m)^T$
- $S_T = S_V + S_B$
- $\text{tr} S_W = \sum \text{tr} S_i = \sum_i \sum_{x \in H_i} |x - m_i|^2$





# Chapter 5

- $c = 5$
- $n = 100$
- $10^5$  or  $10^{20}$  or  $10^{67}$ ??
- $10^{67}$  is correct because  $\frac{c^n}{c!}$
- $\Rightarrow$  Iterative optimization



# Chapter 5

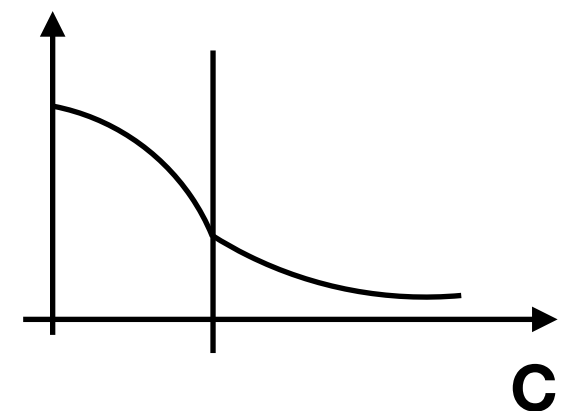
- $\hat{x}$  is in  $H_i$  will be moved to  $H_j$

- $$m_j^* = m_j + \frac{\hat{x} - m_j}{n_{j+1}}$$

- $$I_j = \sum_{x \in H_j} |x - m_j^*|^2 + |\hat{x} - m_j^*|^2 = \sum_{x \in H_j} \left| x - m_j - \frac{\hat{x} - m_j}{n_{j+1}} \right|^2 + \left| \hat{x} - m_j - \frac{\hat{x} - m_j}{n_{j+1}} \right|^2 = I_j + \frac{n_j}{n_{j+1}} |\hat{x} - m_j|^2$$

- $$I_i = I_i + \frac{n_i}{n_{i+1}} |\hat{x} - m_i|^2$$

- Move  $\hat{x} : H_i \mapsto H_j$ : 
$$\frac{n_i}{n_{i+1}} |\hat{x} - m_i|^2 > \frac{n_j}{n_{j+1}} |\hat{x} - m_j|^2$$



# Limes superior und Limes inferior

- Betrachte eine Folge  $(a_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  und  $A_n = \{a_m : m \geq n\} \supset A_{n+1}$ .  
Dann ist  $\sup A_n \geq \sup A_{n+1} \geq \dots$  und  
 $\inf A_n \leq \inf A_{n+1} \leq \dots$

# Goal of the day: Confuse u!

- Are there any questions?