

A Technical Briefing on Using Mixed Methods Research in Software Engineering

ICSE 2025, Ottawa

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Outline

Why mixed methods

Principles of Mixed Methods Research

MMR Design Landscape

Scenarios and Interactive Activity

Integration Strategies

Mixed Method Design Anti-Patterns (if time!)

Discussion and Wrap Up

3 | Why Mixed Methods

How it started...



How it's going...

EMSE To Appear

Guiding Principles for Mixed Methods Research in Software Engineering

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March 24, 2025

Abstract Mixed methods research is often used in software engineering, but researchers outside of the social or human sciences often lack experience when using these designs. This paper provides guiding principles and advice on how to design mixed method research, and to encourage the intentional, rigorous, and innovative application of mixed methods in software engineering. It also presents key properties of core mixed method research designs. Through a number of fictitious but recognizable software engineering research scenarios, we showcase how to choose suitable mixed method designs and consider the inevitable trade-offs any design choice leads to. We describe several antipatterns that illustrate what to avoid in mixed method research, and when mixed method research should be considered over other approaches.

Keywords Mixed methods · Research methods · Methodology · Guiding Principles · Guidelines

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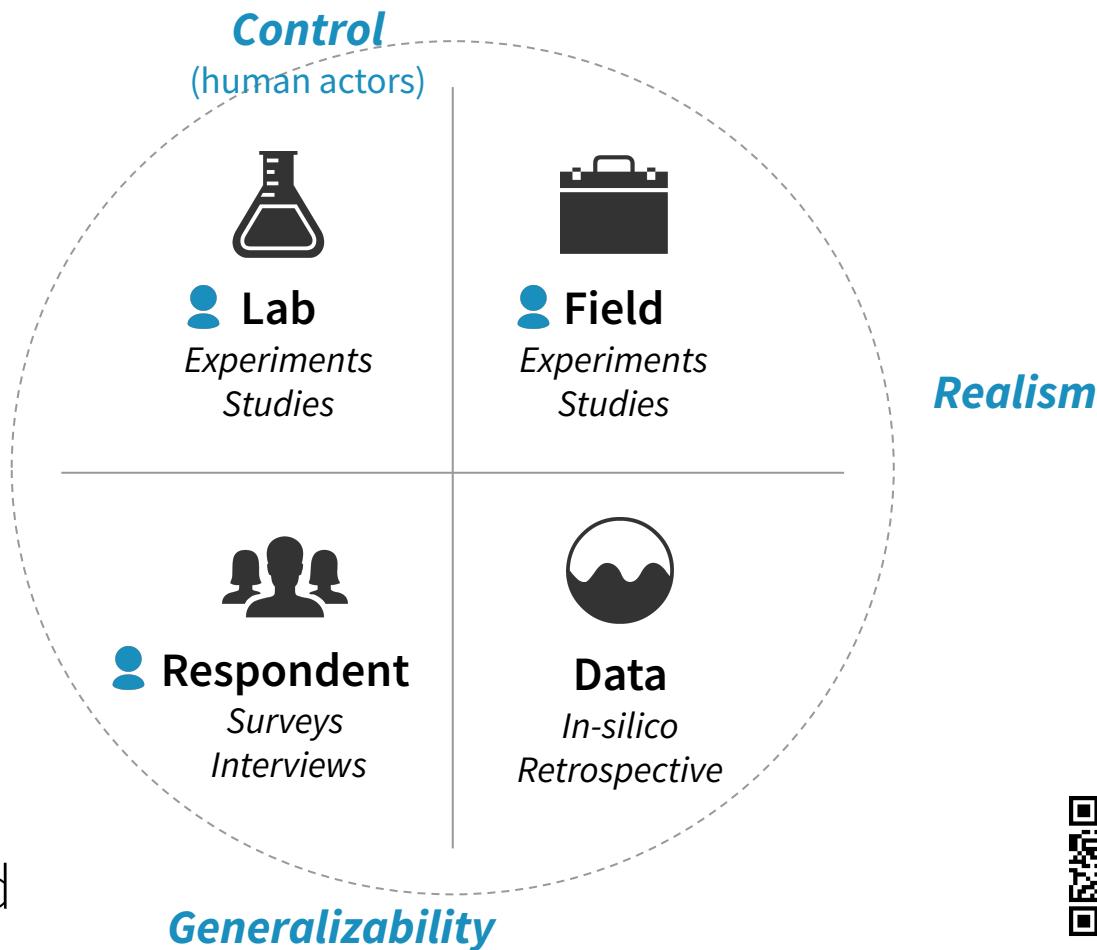
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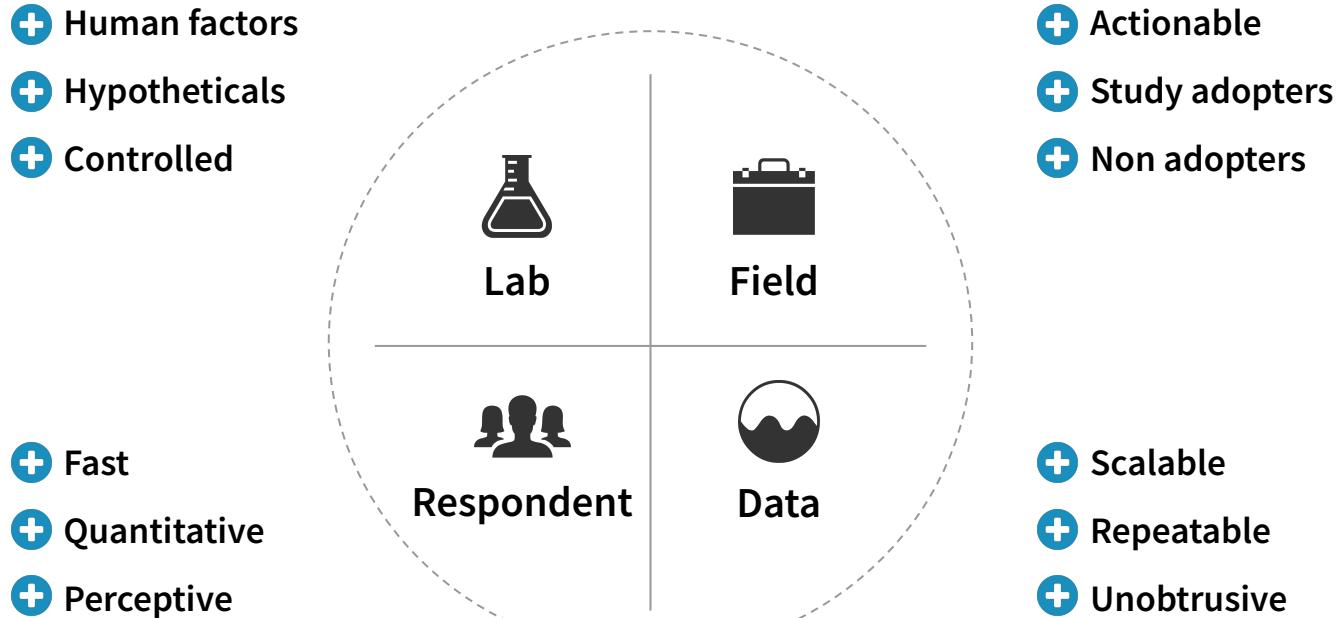
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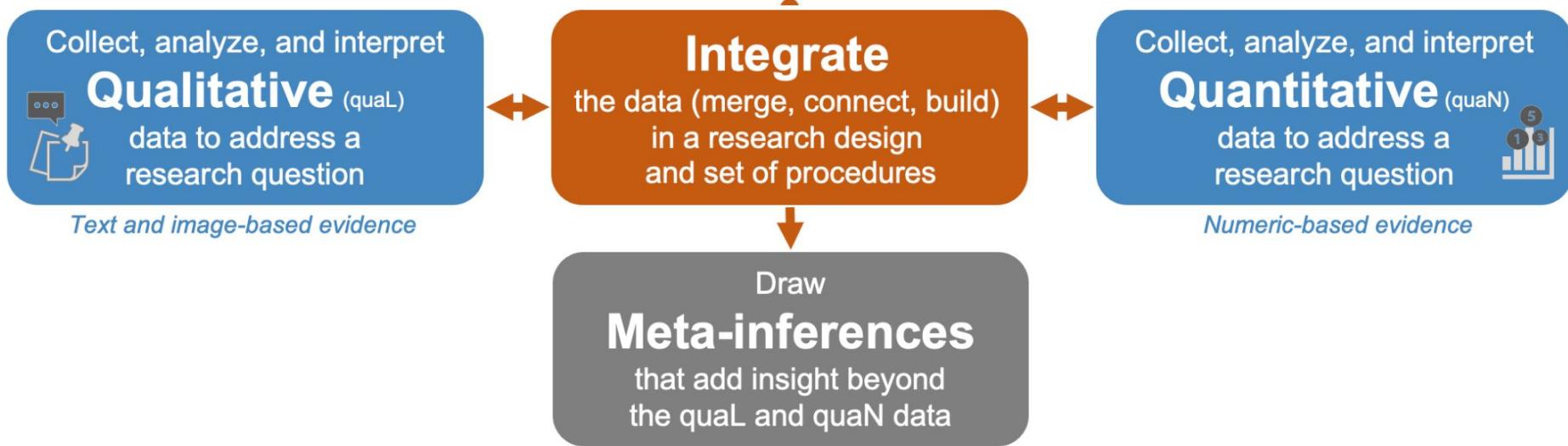
Mixed methods research (MMR) is a research approach where multiple methods are used to collect, analyze, and integrate both qualitative and quantitative data to address a research problem and produce novel insights.

Why use Mixed Methods?

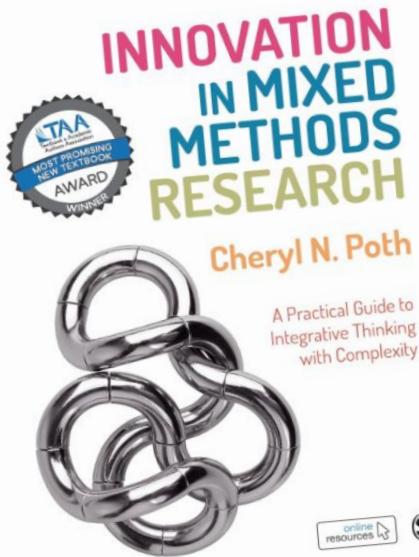


<https://bit.ly/wwh-framework>





Related Research that has Inspired our Work



Bridging the Qualitative-Quantitative Divide: Guidelines for Conducting Mixed Methods Research in Information Systems

Venkatesh, V., Brown, S.A., and Bala, H. "Bridging the Qualitative-Quantitative Divide: Guidelines for Conducting Mixed Methods Research in Information Systems," *MIS Quarterly* (37:1), 2013, 21-54.
<https://doi.org/10.25300/MISQ/2013/37.1.02>

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Date Written: March 17, 2013

Abstract

ARTICLE

Integrating quantitative and qualitative research: how is it done?

ALAN BRYMAN
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ABSTRACT This article seeks to move beyond the debate about whether it is appropriate to mix quantitative and qualitative methods in research. It examines the ways that they have been used and the reasons why. The article is based on a content analysis of 100 articles published between 1990 and 2000 in which the two were combined. An analysis of the ways in which quantitative and qualitative methods and research designs emerge from the same article shows that the quantitative side structured interview and questionnaire design tends to be used within a cross-sectional design type, while the qualitative side the semi-structured interview and case study design tends to be used within a longitudinal design type. The article also shows that the rationales that are given for employing mixed methods research are not always rational and that the approach and the ways it is used do not always correspond. The article concludes by suggesting that more needs to be done to think about mixed-methods research.

KEYWORDS: qualitative research, quantitative research, mixed methods research, multi-strategy research



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Advanced Mixed Methods Research Designs

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Toward a Definition of Mixed Methods Research

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The purpose of this article is to examine how the field of *mixed methods* currently is being defined. The authors asked many of the current leaders in mixed methods research how they define mixed methods research. The authors provide the leaders' definitions and discuss the content found as they searched for the criteria of demarcation. The authors provide a current answer to the question, What is mixed methods research? They also briefly summarize the recent history of mixed methods and list several issues that need additional work as the field continues to advance. They argue that mixed methods research is one of the three major "research paradigms" (quantitative research, qualitative research, and mixed methods research). The authors hope this article will contribute to the ongoing dialogue about how mixed methods research is defined and conceptualized by its practitioners.

Keywords: mixed methods; mixed methodology; mixed research; multimethod; paradigm;

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10 | **Guiding Principles of Mixed Method Research**

#1

Methodological Rationale

Why did we select a particular MMR design and set of procedures?

#2

Novel Integrated Insights

What did we gain from using MMR?

MMR Principles

#3

Procedural Rigor

How well did we conduct the study?

#4

Ethical Research

How responsibly did we do it?

#1

Methodological Rationale

Why did we select a particular MMR design and set of procedures?

#2

Novel Integrated Insights

What did we gain from using MMR?

#3

Procedural Rigor

How well did we conduct the study?

#4

Ethical Research

How responsibly did we do it?

MMR study designs **explain** how the mixed research design and data methods are relevant for addressing a given **research problem**

“why did we select a particular MMR research design and set of strategies?”

Some key methodological rationales:

- **Complementarity:** to confirm or enhance insights of another strategy
- **Expansion:** to ask different questions not apparent up front or emerged
- **Development:** to inform or improve another strategy
- **Credibility:** to increase integrity and truth findings from a former strategy
- **Explanation:** to resolve contradictory, surprising or inconclusive findings

#1

Methodological Rationale

Why did we select a particular MMR design and set of procedures?

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Procedural Rigor

How well did we conduct the study?

#4

Ethical Research

How responsibly did we do it?

MMR studies generate **new insights** through the **integration** of the strategies

“what did we gain from using MMR?”

- Improved problem understanding
- Greater depth and breadth
- Explaining unexpected results
- Complementary storytelling
- Flexible novel designs
- Interdisciplinary research findings
- Translational findings

#1

Methodological Rationale

Why did we select a particular MMR design and set of procedures?

#2

Novel Integrated Insights

What did we gain from using MMR?

#3

Procedural Rigor

How well did we conduct the study?

#4

Ethical Research

How responsibly did we do it?

MMR studies **apply** the study methods **rigorously** and **explain** them **effectively**

“how well did we conduct the study?”

- Is the use of MMR justified (methodological rationale)?
- Are the methods effectively integrated to answer the RQs?
- Are the findings from the mixed methods integrated?
- Are the different methods used rigorously conducted?

#1

Methodological Rationale

Why did we select a particular MMR design and set of procedures?

#2

Novel Integrated Insights

What did we gain from using MMR?

#3

Procedural Rigor

How well did we conduct the study?

#4

Ethical Research

How responsibly did we do it?

MMR studies manifest the application of **responsible research**, with respect for **people** (e.g., participants, beneficiaries) and their **welfare** (e.g., respect for their confidentiality, privacy, time, emotions, culture, and needs) and that of the **environment** (e.g. organizations, communities of practice, society).

“how responsibly did we do it?”

- **Considering the why:** starts by carefully considering the why
- **Privacy and confidentiality:** More care if multiple sources collected from the same participant
- **Respect and cultural sensitivity:** improve awareness, customise
- **Safety and welfare:** consider the risks, get relevant training

Landscape of MMR Design



Design Properties

□ Research Questions

□ Planned or Emergent



□ Timing (Sequential or Concurrent)



An MMR design can be either

- **Planned** - structured upfront based on the research problem or question
- **Emergent** - evolves organically throughout the study

Implementation process focusing on **when quaL** and **quaN**
data collection occurs

- **Sequential** - conducting first one quaL/quaN method and then the other quaL/quaN
- **Parallel** - conducting the two quaL/quaN methods at the same time

Landscape of MMR Design



Research Designs

- Exploratory Sequential
- Explanatory Sequential
- Convergent Parallel
- Embedded



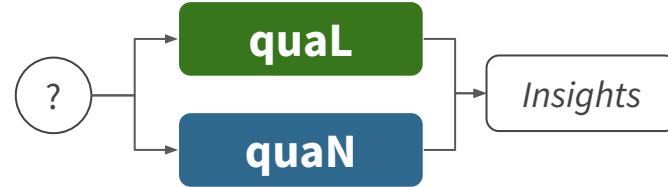
Exploratory Sequential



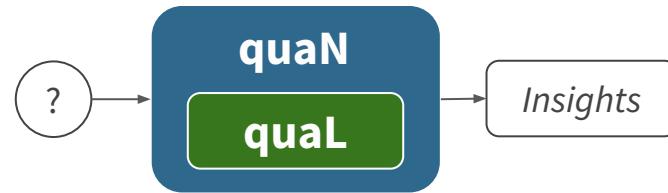
Explanatory Sequential



Convergent Parallel



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Exploratory Sequential



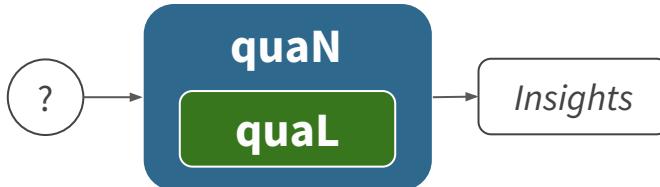
Explanatory Sequential



Convergent Parallel



Embedded



28 | **Scenarios and Sample Mixed Method Research Designs**

Context: Ali (he/him), a postdoc collaborating with **industry** partner studying rollout of a **new security compliance tool** at a large software company

Problem: While the tool is designed to improve secure coding practices, it may also affect developers' ***perceived productivity*** and ***overall experience*** — in both expected and unexpected ways

Research Goal: To explore the tool's impact on developers in their real work context and determine if these experiences are shared more **broadly** across the organization

Research Question:

👉 *How does a security compliance-enforcing development tool impact developer perceived productivity and experience?*

Gap Identified: Little research exists on how developers perceive these types of tools

Design: Ali uses an **exploratory sequential mixed methods** approach:

1. **Qualitative interviews** (~20 developers) to explore impacts inductively
2. **Quantitative survey** to validate and generalize findings across the organization

Why Mixed Methods?

- To uncover both anticipated and unanticipated effects
- To ensure insights are grounded in real developer experiences
- To scale findings across the company

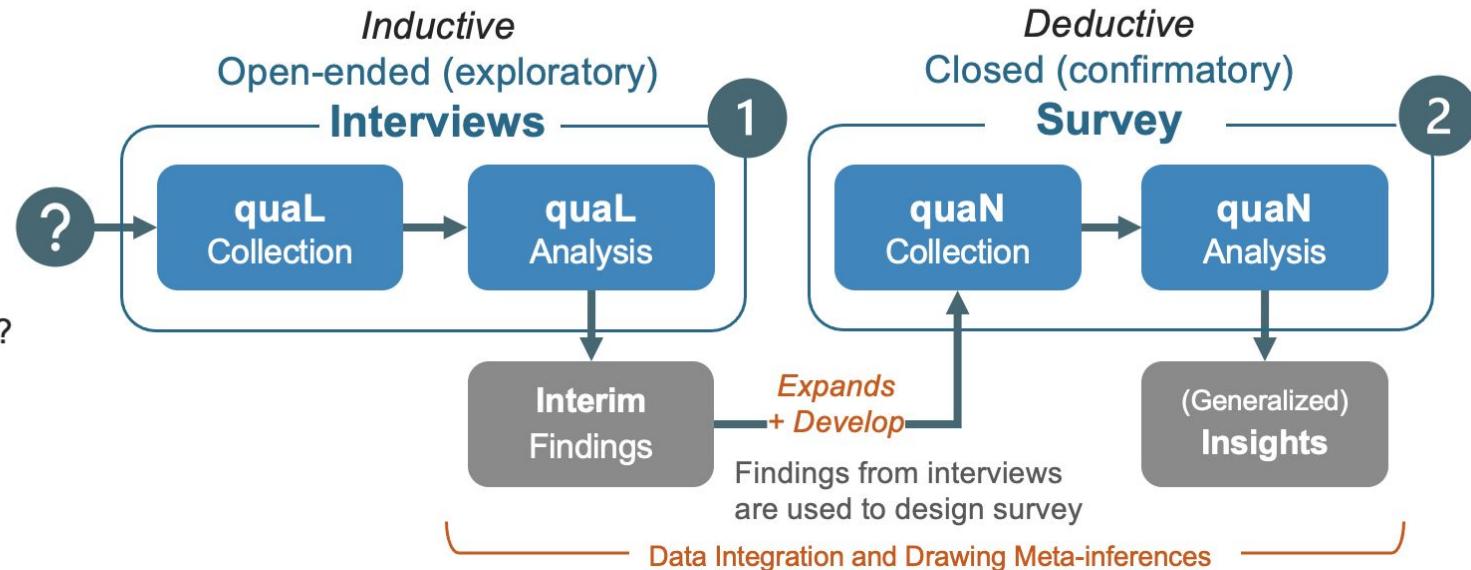




Ali

Exploratory Sequential Design

Research Question:
How does using a tool
to enforce compliance
with security practices
impact perceived
developer productivity?



Activity 1: Sam



~8 mins

Activity Instructions :

- Form groups of 3-5 people and...
- Create a *mixed methods study* to address the scenario on the left
- Describe the *research strategies* for data collection and analysis you might use
- Identify the mixed methods **design** you choose

Context: Sam (they, them) an early-stage Ph.D. student

Area: large software company

Research Goal: to study the adoption of a Generative AI tool to automate the code review process

Research Hypothesis:

👉 New GenAI tool that automates the code review process *will improve the time to merge of code changes* and improve the *quality of the reviewed code* (by reducing the number of bugs in the newly committed code)

Mixed Methods Designs



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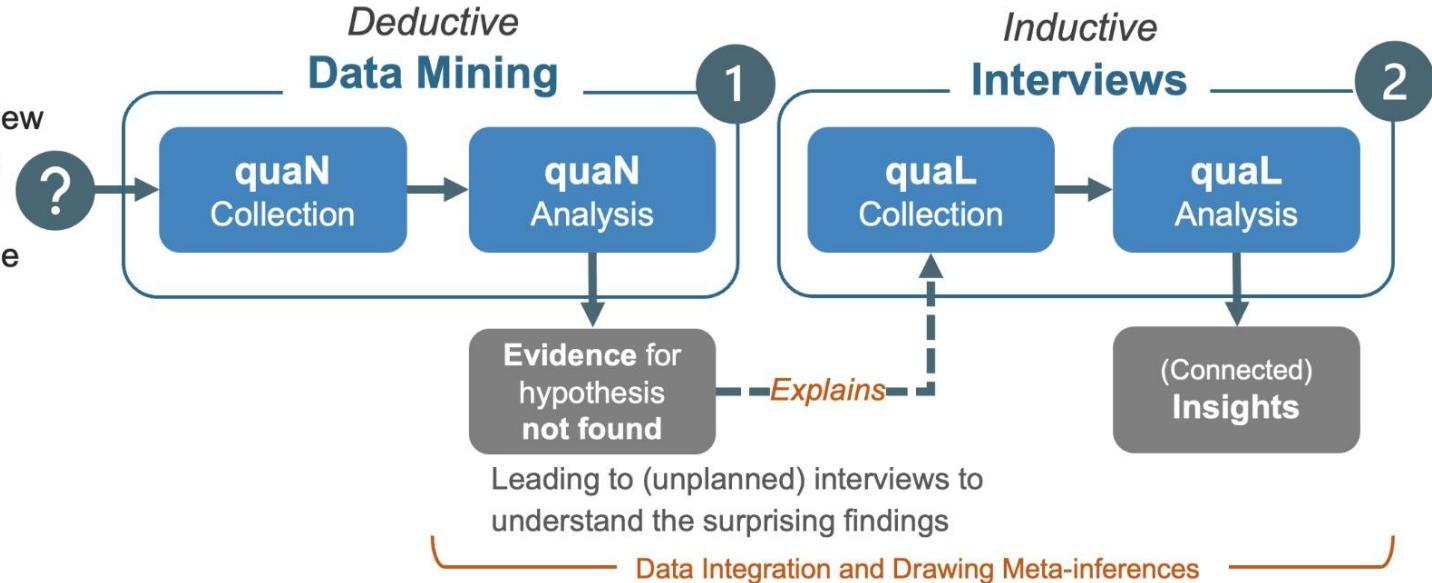


Sam

Explanatory Sequential Design

(Initial) Hypothesis:

New GenAI tool that automates the code review process will improve the time to merge of code changes and improve the quality of the reviewed code (by reducing the number of bugs in the newly committed code)



- . **Compare or match** the two results to confirm the results or examine discrepancies between them
- . **Explain** the surprising or unusual results with qual data

Examples of **Intent** of integration

- . **Merge** the data by placing the results side-by-side in a table
- . **Connect** the qual data collection to the quan results to follow-up

Examples of **Procedures** of integration

Collect, analyze, and interpret
Qualitative (qual)
data to address a
research question

Text and image-based evidence

Integrate
the data (merge, connect, build)
in a research design
and set of procedures

Collect, analyze, and interpret
Quantitative (quan)
data to address a
research question

Numeric-based evidence

Draw
Meta-inferences
that add insight beyond
the qual and quan data

Landscape of MMR Design



Integration Strategies

- Sequential integration
- Results-based integration
- Data-based integration
- Transformation-based integration

- **Sequential Integration**

- One method's results inform the next (e.g., quaN → quaL design decisions)

- **Results-Based Integration**

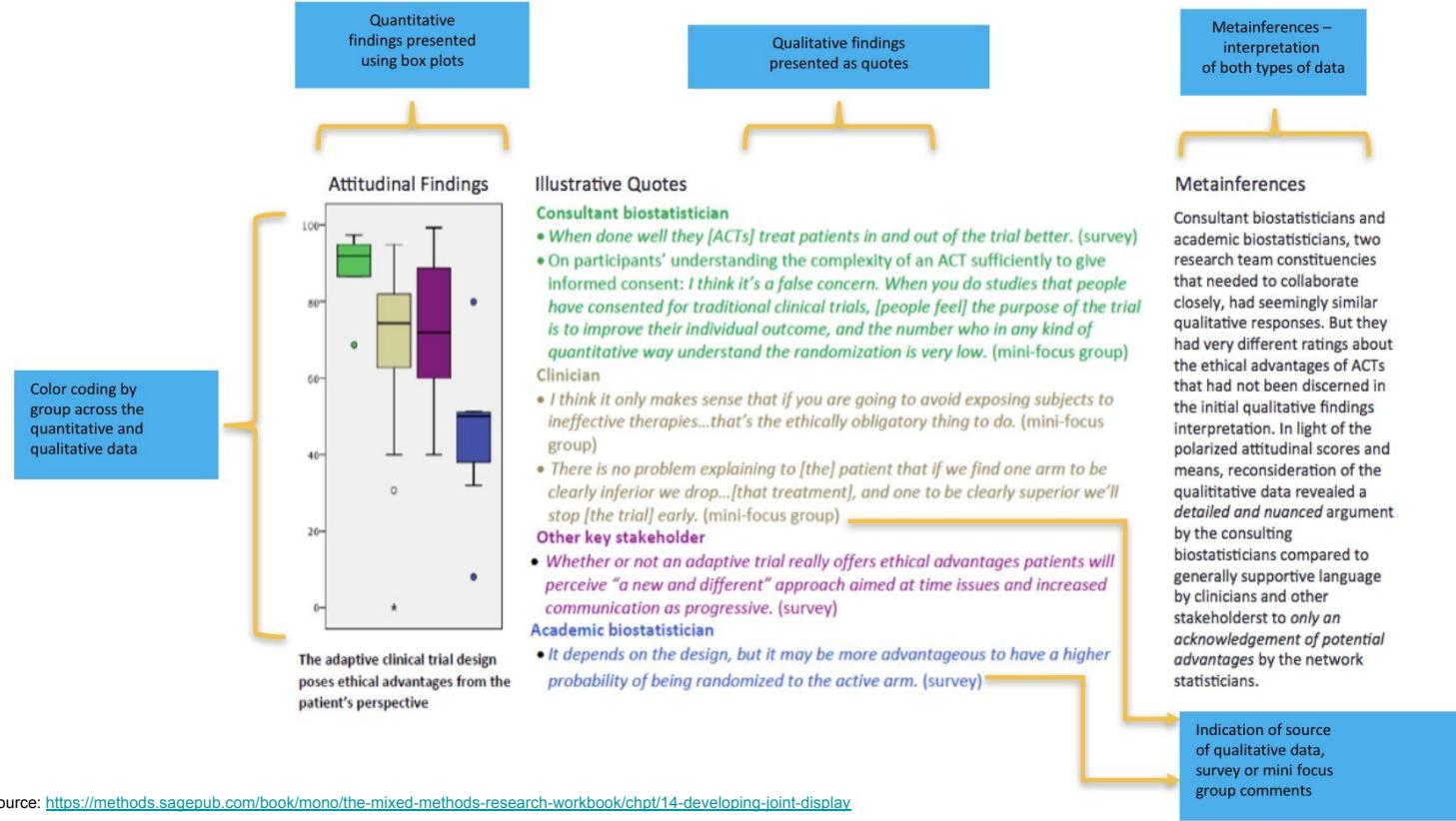
- Findings combined only *after* separate analyses
- Focused on synthesizing insights from both quaL and quaN methods

- **Data-Based Integration**

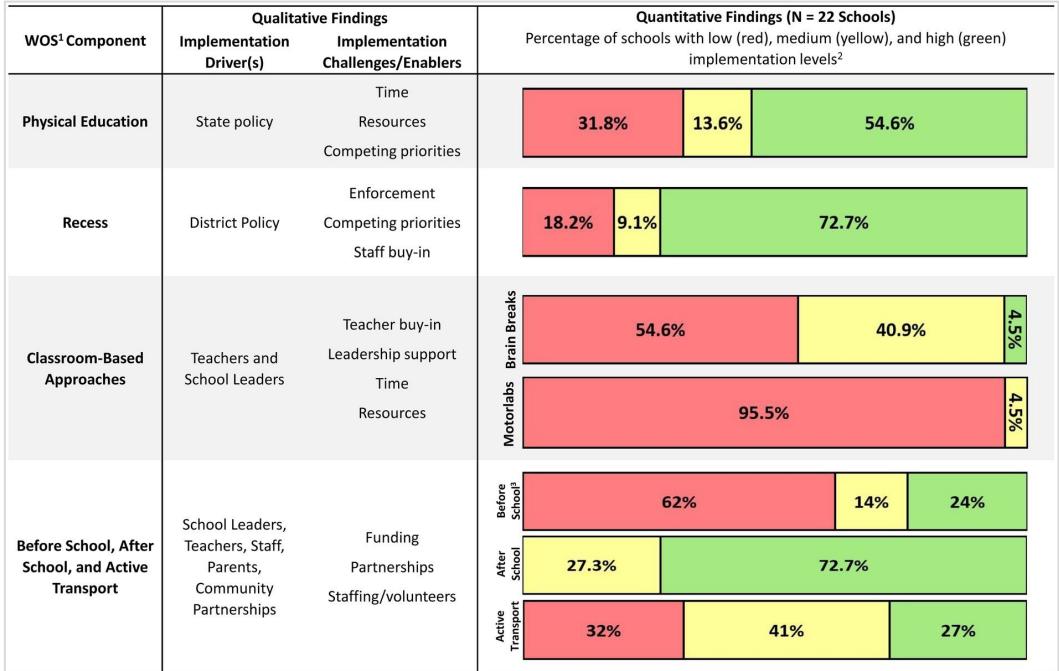
- Simultaneous analysis of linked quaL/quaN data
- Requires common underlying source; enables case-level connections

- **Transformation-Based Integration**

- Converting data between types (quaL↔quaN)
- Enables unified analysis within a single data paradigm

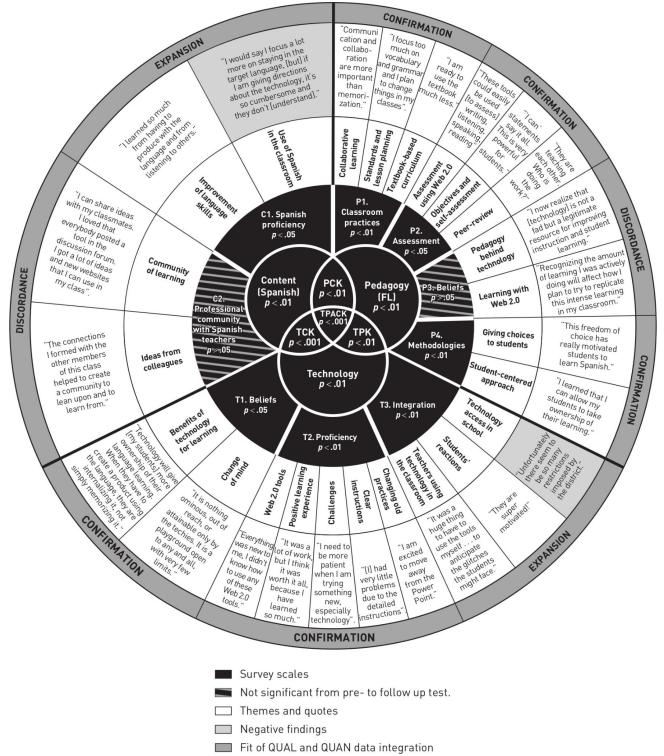


Source: <https://methods.sagepub.com/book/mono/the-mixed-methods-research-workbook/chpt/14-developing-joint-display>



1. WOS stands for Whole-of-School; 2. PE (min/week) [low <135, medium = 137.5 – offered every two weeks on an alternating schedule, high ≥135], Recess (min/week) [low <100, medium = 100-149, high ≥ 150]; 3. Missing data from one school.

Source: <https://www.frontiersin.org/journals/public-health/articles/10.3389/fpubh.2023.1193442/full>



Source:
<https://methods.sagepub.com/book/mono/the-mixed-methods-research-workbook/chpt/14-developing-joint-display>

41 | **Mixed Method Research Anti-Patterns**

Party crasher: A method makes an unexpected entrance later in the paper



Smoke and mirrors: When one approach offers a token contribution

Limitation shirker: Failure to discuss limitations from all methods used



Missing the mark: Misalignment with the research question/objective

Selling your soul: Employing an additional method to appeal to reviewer

Sample contamination: (Unintentional) same participants across methods

Lost opportunity: Failure to use initial findings for a follow-up instrument

Integration failure: Poor integration of findings from all methods used

Questionable ethics: Questionable aims or impacts on humans



Activity 2: Vicki



~8 mins

Context: Vicki (she/her) experienced industry researcher

Area: software company

Research Goal: to understand the adoption of a new onboarding process to address the retention of new contributors to an open source project

Research

👉 How does adopting a new onboarding process address the retention of new contributors to an open source project?

Note: The onboarding process foresees that experienced and novel developers pair on work items, asynchronously communicating over Slack.

45 |

Activity Instructions :

- Form groups of 3-5 people and...
- Create a mixed methods study to address the scenario on the left
- Describe the research strategies for data collection and analysis you might use
- Identify the mixed methods **design** you choose

Mixed Methods Designs

Exploratory Sequential



Explanatory Sequential



Convergent Parallel



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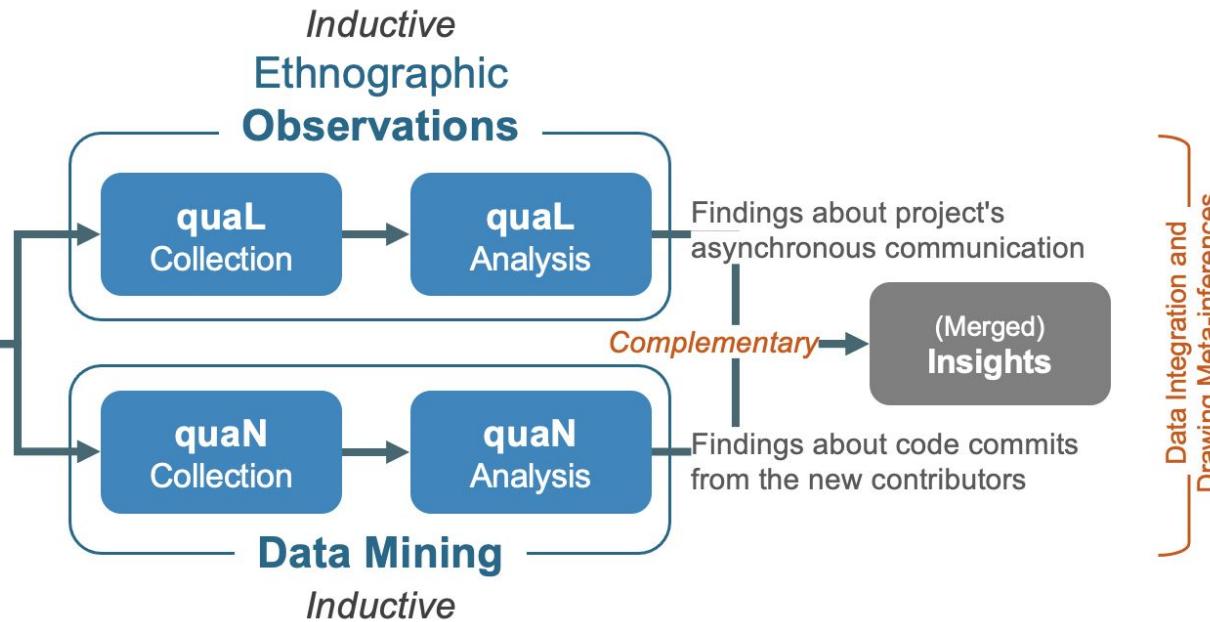




Vicki

Convergent Parallel Design

Research Question:
How does adopting a new onboarding process address the retention of new contributors to an open source project?



Inductive
Ethnographic
Observations

Inductive
Data Mining

Findings about project's asynchronous communication

Findings about code commits from the new contributors

Complementary

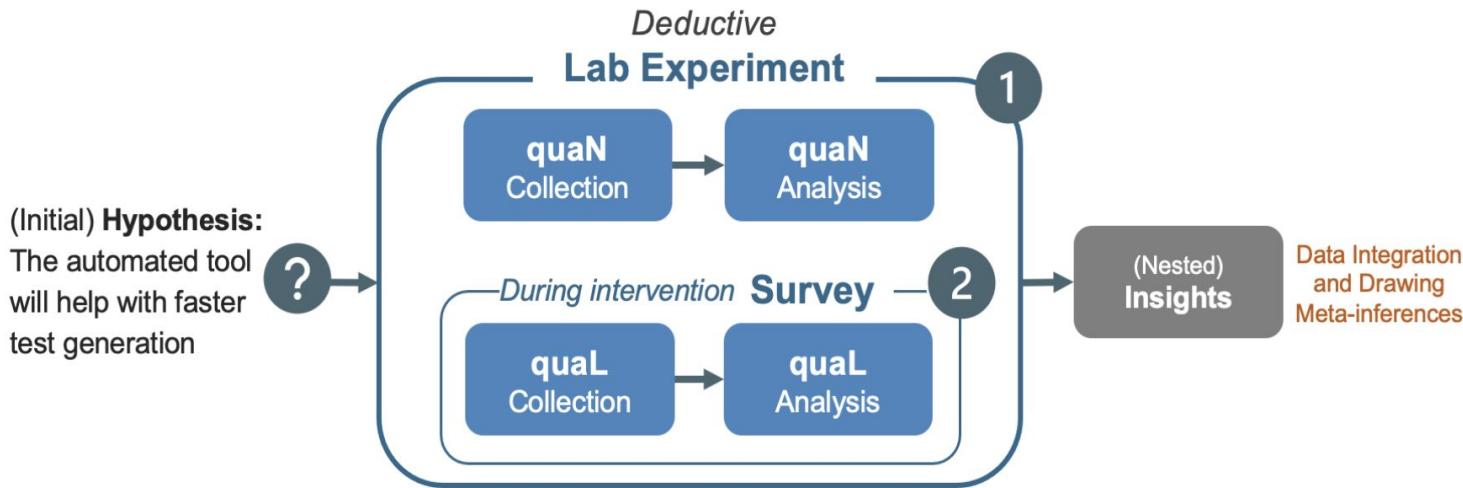
(Merged)
Insights

Inductive

Data Integration and Drawing Meta-inferences

Activity 3: Zara

WHAT DESIGN HAS ZARA USED?



Context: Zara(she/her) PhD student

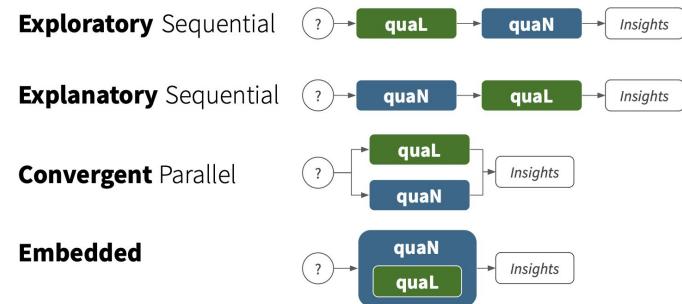
Area: automated tool for generating tests

Research Goal: to investigate how effective an automated tool she designed is for generating tests

Research Question:

👉 Will the software tool lead to faster test generation when used by senior computer science students?

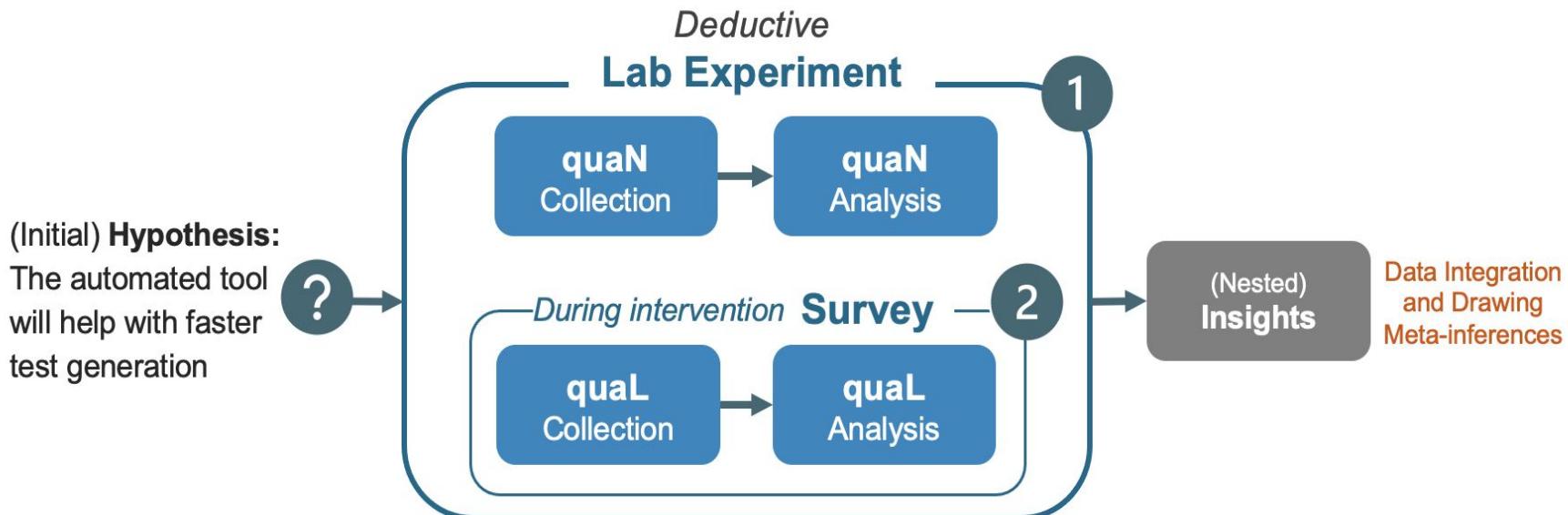
Mixed Methods Designs

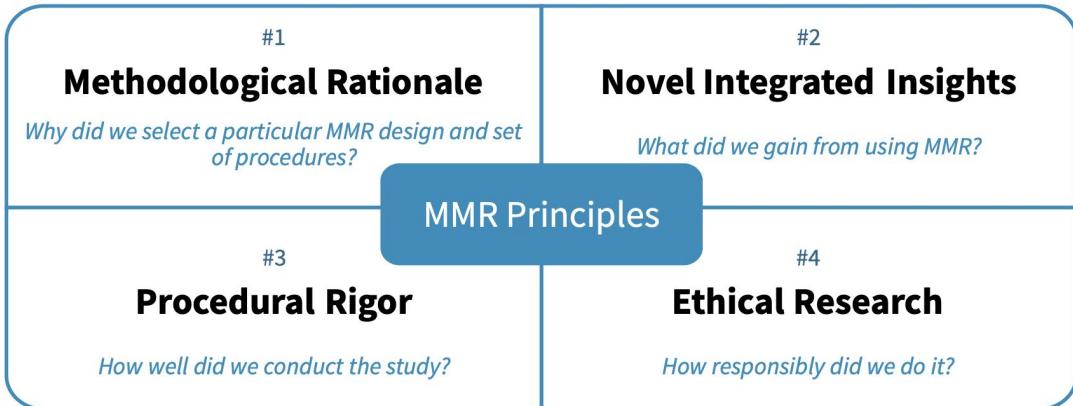




Zara

Embedded Design





49 | MMR Principles

Mixed Methods Designs

Exploratory Sequential



Explanatory Sequential



Convergent Parallel

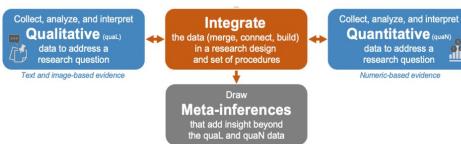


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Mixed Methods Research Definition

Mixed methods research (**MMR**) is a research approach where multiple methods are used to collect, analyze, and **integrate both qualitative and quantitative data** to address a research problem and **produce novel insights**.



Landscape of MMR Design

Design Properties

- Research Questions
- Planned or Emergent
- Inductive or Deductive Dominance
- Timing (Sequential or Concurrent)

Integration Strategies

- Sequential integration
- Results-based integration
- Data-based integration
- Transformation-based integration

Research Designs

- Exploratory Sequential
- Explanatory Sequential
- Convergent Parallel
- Embedded



Principles to Guide MMR in SE

① Methodological Rationale

Why did we select a particular MMR research design and set of procedures?

- Complementarity
- Expansion
- Development
- Triangulation

- Credibility
- Explanation
- Increased design flexibility



② Novel Integrated Insights

What did we gain from using MMR?

- Improved problem understanding
- Greater depth and breadth
- Explaining unexpected results
- Complementary storytelling

③ Procedural Rigor

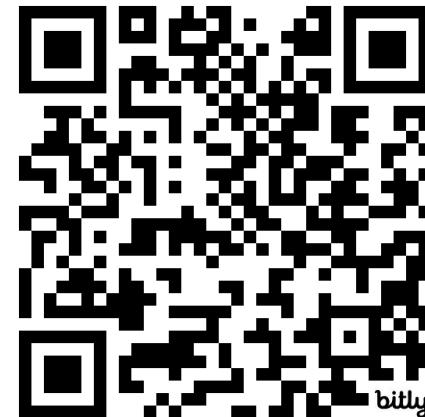
How well did we conduct the study?

- Is the use of mixed methods justified?
- Are the methods effectively integrated to answer the RQs?
- Are the findings from the mixed methods integrated?
- Are the different methods used rigorously conducted?

④ Ethical Research

How responsibly did we do it?

- Considering the why
- Privacy and confidentiality
- Respect and cultural sensitivity
- Safety and welfare



bitly

Paper: <https://bit.ly/mmrse>

Antipatterns of MMR Designs

Presentation Antipatterns

- Uninvited guest or party crasher
- Smoke and mirrors
- Limitation shirker



Study Design Antipatterns

- Missing the mark
- Selling your soul
- Cargo cult research
- Sample contamination
- Lost opportunity
- Integration failure
- Questionable ethics