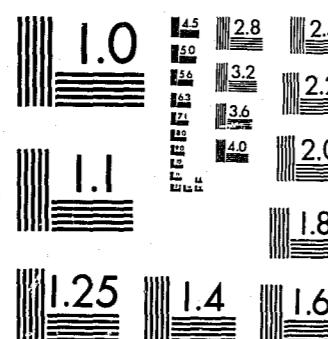


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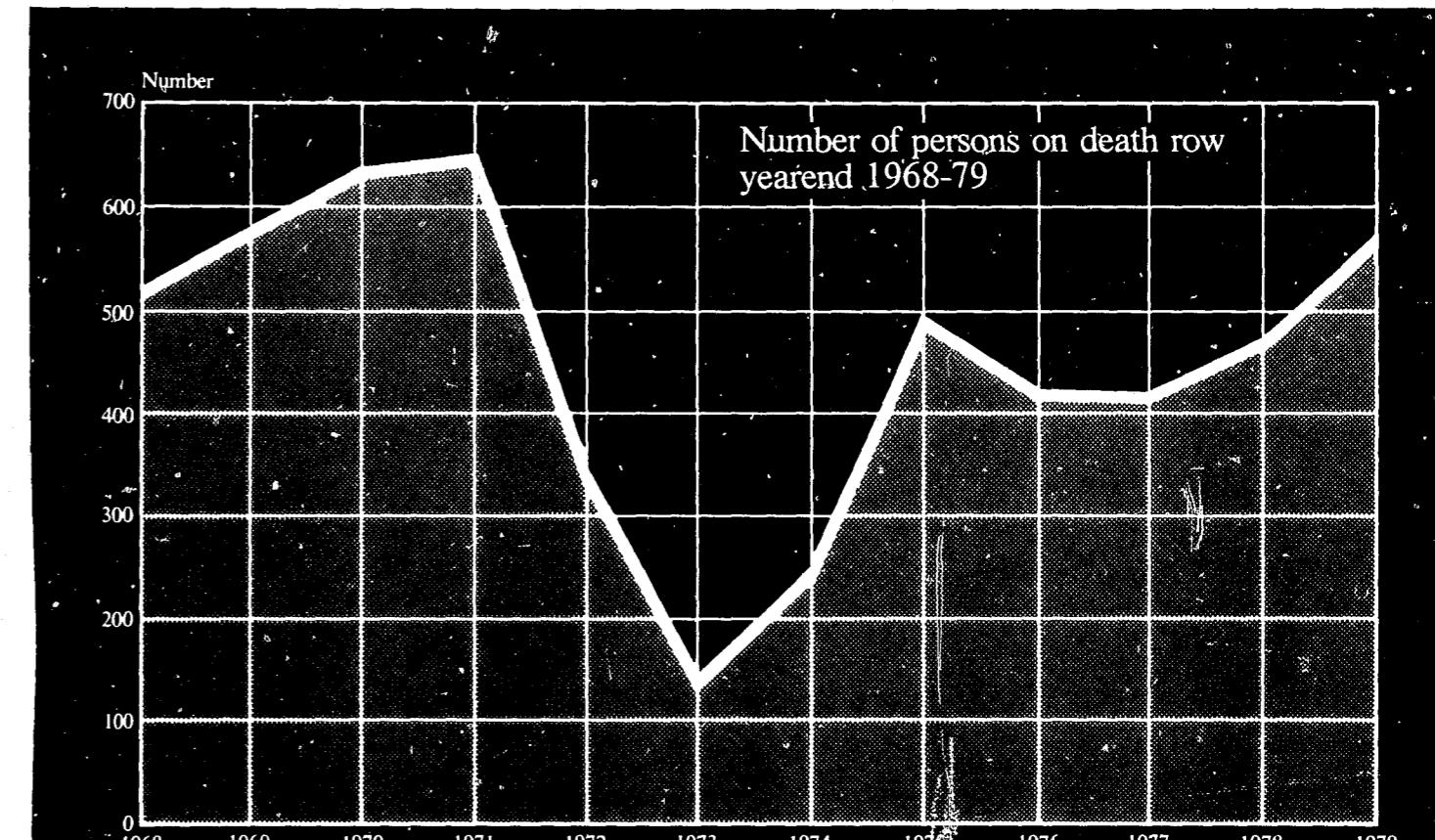
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Capital Punishment 1979



Annual Prisoner Statistics Report

70945



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Capital Punishment 1979

National Prisoner Statistics
December 1980
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**U.S. Department of Justice
Bureau of Justice Statistics**

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Statistics Division**

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Preface

This report, one in the series published under the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program, provides information on prisoners under sentence of death in calendar year 1979, on executions carried out during the 1930-79 period, and on recent trends in the evolution of capital punishment laws.

Inmates under sentence of death are differentiated by age, sex, race, marital status at time of imprisonment, and level of education. A count of Hispanic prisoners is also provided. Criminal justice matters treated include legal status at time of arrest, prior felony convictions, offense, time spent on death row, and, for prisoners removed from death row during the year, both the method of removal and status at yearend.

The statistical data tables on which the report is based are displayed in Appendix II. Appendix III consists of the basic questionnaire used to elicit data from correctional authorities. A description of the data collection procedures and an account of changes made in the questionnaire in the last several years are presented in Appendix IV, Methodology.

Based on voluntary reporting, the NPS program was instituted to collect and interpret data on inmates of State and Federal correctional institutions. The program was initiated by the Bureau of the Census in 1926, transferred to the Bureau of Prisons in 1950, to the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) in 1971, and to the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) late in 1979. Since 1972, the Bureau of the Census, acting as collecting agent for LEAA and BJS, has had responsibility for compiling the relevant statistical data.

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Introduction

During 1979, both Florida and Nevada executed one prisoner each, bringing to 3,862 the total number of executions under civil authority in the United States since 1930. The executions also marked the second and third times that the death penalty has been carried out since 1967, when an informal moratorium on executions began as States reexamined the entire issue of capital punishment. Between January 1 and December 31, 1979, there was a net increase of 103 persons among those awaiting execution. Although fewer individuals were sentenced to death than during the previous year, the number of persons whose death sentence was lifted was the smallest in a decade. The resultant figure of 567 death-row inmates as of December 31, 1979, was approaching the peak levels of over 600 recorded early in the 1970's, just prior to the landmark *Furman vs. Georgia* decision of June 1972, which invalidated most death penalty laws.

Legal status of the death penalty

The relative scarcity of major judicial decisions on the death penalty was a notable feature for 1979. In only one State, Rhode Island, was a death penalty law overturned, while four States—Colorado, Massachusetts, New Mexico, and South Dakota—enacted new or revised legislation at midyear or later. As of yearend 1979, 38 jurisdictions (37 States and the Federal system) authorized penalty by death for the commission of specific crimes.¹ That figure, like the number of death-row inmates, approached the record high count of jurisdictions with death penalty laws in effect prior to the 1972 *Furman vs. Georgia* decision.

From *Furman vs. Georgia* to *Lockett vs. Ohio*

With each major court decision in the 1970's, fewer and fewer States have found it necessary to revise their death penalty laws to conform to subsequent rulings. The most recent era of new death penalty legislation began with the watershed *Furman vs. Georgia* decision in June 1972 (Figure 1). In that case, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that the death penalty as applied in the various States was arbitrary and capricious, constituting "cruel and unusual punishment" in violation of the Eighth Amendment. The net result of the *Furman* decision was the invalidation of all U.S. death penalty laws and the eventual lifting of death sentences for the more than 600 inmates who had accumulated on death row between 1967 and 1972.

During the next 4 years, most States enacted revised legislation designed to conform to the standards set forth in the nine separate opinions of the Supreme Court Justices in the *Furman* case. Of the two major types of laws enacted in response to those guidelines, only the one providing guided discretion has survived further court scrutiny. The other type, providing a mandatory death penalty for specific crimes and allowing no discretion on the part of judge or jury, was found unconstitutional in a series of rulings delivered in July 1976, notably *Roberts vs. Louisiana* and *Woodson vs. North Carolina*. States with mandatory death penalty laws began revising their statutes to provide for guided discretion, drawing in large measure on the experience of three States—Florida, Georgia, and Texas—

¹Details on the status of death penalty statutes, including the offenses for which capital punishment was authorized in each jurisdiction as of yearend 1979, can be found in Appendix I.

Summary of developments in capital punishment laws: 1968-79

Prior to June 1972

The pre-Furman era and Furman vs. Georgia

Legal challenges to the death penalty culminate in the *Furman vs. Georgia* decision of June 1972, invalidating most existing laws as "arbitrary and capricious."

June 1972-July 1976

The post-Furman era and the 1976 decisions

Post-*Furman* revisions result in two major types of laws: mandatory and guided discretion. Mandatory laws were struck and guided discretion laws were upheld in landmark 1976 decisions.

July 1976-present

The guided discretion era and further refinements

States replace mandatory laws with guided discretion laws. U.S. Supreme Court further delineates standards in 1977 *Coker vs. Georgia* case (death penalty disproportionate to the crime of rape of an adult woman) and *Lockett vs. Ohio* (sentencer must be able to consider all mitigating circumstances of the crime).

Figure 1

whose laws were upheld in other mid-1976 rulings.²

One further major refinement took place after those rulings: in *Lockett vs. Ohio* (July 1978), the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that the sentencing authority must be empowered to consider every possible mitigating factor to the crime and may not be limited, as had been stipulated in the Ohio law, to a specific list of factors. Again, State laws that did not allow this broad consideration of factors incorporated the new guidelines into their death penalty statutes during 1978 and 1979.

The movement of prisoners on death row has corresponded closely to developments in capital punishment laws. Before the *Furman* decision, during the first period of legal challenges to the death penalty, prisoners accumulated on death row, reaching a record high of 642 at the end of 1971 as death sentences exceeded removals (Figure 2). The number dropped sharply after the mid-1972 *Furman* decision, as the States gradually resentenced death-row prisoners, and began to rise after 1973 as new laws went into effect and death sentences once again exceeded

²The key cases upholding the principle of guided discretion—*Gregg vs. Georgia*, *Jurek vs. Texas*, and *Proffitt vs. Florida*—were also decided in July 1976.

Movement of persons on death row, per year—1968-79

- Number of death sentences imposed during year
- Number of persons removed from death row during year
- Number of persons on death row, December 31

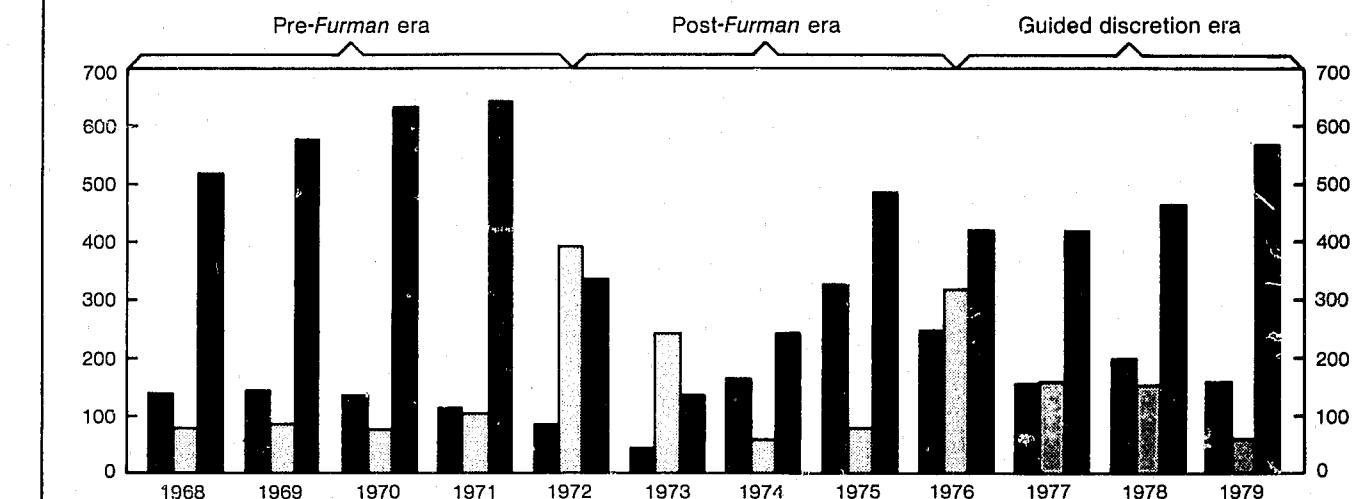


Figure 2

removals. The mid-1976 decisions striking mandatory death penalty laws resulted in another, but less dramatic, period of decline, lasting until 1978, when death sentences once again exceeded removals with the establishment in most States of laws embodying the principle of guided discretion.

New laws in 1979

Four States passed capital punishment laws in 1979—Colorado, Massachusetts, New Mexico, and South Dakota. Colorado, whose death penalty statute was struck down in response to the 1978 *Lockett* case, enacted a new law in 1979 providing the death penalty for crimes classified as Class I felonies. As in many other States, these capital crimes include certain types of murder, kidnaping, and treason. In addition, Colorado added certain types of drug offenses to its list of crimes punishable by death, namely those involving the inducement of persons age 25 or under to unlawfully use, administer, or engage in the transportation or production of narcotic drugs, or to unlawfully administer or dispense a narcotic drug to such a person. As of yearend no one had been prosecuted under this statute, the only one of its kind in the United States.

Massachusetts had been without a death penalty law since 1975, when a pre-*Furman* law authorizing the death penalty for murder committed during a rape was struck. In New Mexico, a mandatory death penalty law had been struck late in 1976, following that year's landmark U.S.

Supreme Court decisions invalidating such laws. Both Massachusetts and New Mexico now provide the death penalty for first degree murder. Unlike those of most States, South Dakota's death penalty had been voided by the legislature, rather than the courts. After abolishing the death penalty in October 1977, the legislature enacted a new law during 1979 providing the death penalty for murder and for kidnaping when gross permanent physical injury is inflicted on the victim. In addition to the four States with new laws, four others made minor changes to existing laws during 1979: Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, and Virginia.

Rhode Island law struck

As was the case with the new laws and the changes during 1979, response to earlier landmark decisions by the U.S. Supreme Court rather than to recent rulings prompted the striking down of one State's capital punishment law. Rhode Island's statute, dating from 1973, was invalidated by the State Supreme Court, which found that its mandatory death penalty provision for murder committed by a State prisoner failed to meet U.S. Supreme Court guidelines requiring the consideration of mitigating factors to the crime. As a result, the death sentences of Rhode Island's two death-row inmates were vacated and the inmates resentenced to life imprisonment.

Persons sentenced to death during 1979

The number of persons sentenced to death during 1979 was almost one-fifth lower than a year earlier—159 as compared with 197. Despite substantial increases in the number of death penalties handed down in Arizona, California, Georgia, and Illinois, large declines in Alabama, Florida, and Texas, as well as smaller decreases in eight other Southern States, more than offset any increase. Ohio, which held one of the largest death-row populations and had sentenced 13 inmates as of mid-1978, when its death penalty law was declared unconstitutional, had not enacted new legislation as of the end of 1979.

Proportion sentenced in South drops

Almost 3 of every 5 persons who received the death penalty were sentenced in Southern States.³ Although still heavily concentrated in the South, the proportion was considerably less than the 73 percent registered during 1978. In addition to the 93 persons sentenced in the South, there were 44 death sentences handed down in the West, 18 in the North Central region, and 4 in the Northeast (all of them in Pennsylvania). While the South decreased its share of those receiving death sentences, the West doubled its figure from 14 to 28 percent, largely because of increases in Arizona and California. In the Northeast and North Central regions, the proportions remained about the same during 1978 and 1979.

In all, seven States reported handing down 10 or more death sentences: Florida (23), California (20), Texas (17), Arizona (16), Illinois (14), Georgia (12), and Alabama (10).⁴ Of the 38 jurisdictions with death penalty laws at yearend, 25 sentenced at least one person to death, compared with 23 of the 35 with death penalty laws in effect in 1978. No sentences were handed down in the Federal system, which authorizes the death penalty for aircraft hijacking resulting in death. Of the 12 States which had death penalty laws at yearend but handed down no sentences, only eight had laws in effect the entire year.

³See Table 2 for States included in each region.

⁴Because Georgia and Texas generally hold persons under capital sentence in local facilities for longer periods than other States, a number of inmates in these two States are customarily reported late to the NPS program; thus, it can be anticipated that the numbers of persons who received death sentences during 1979 will be revised upward in future reports.

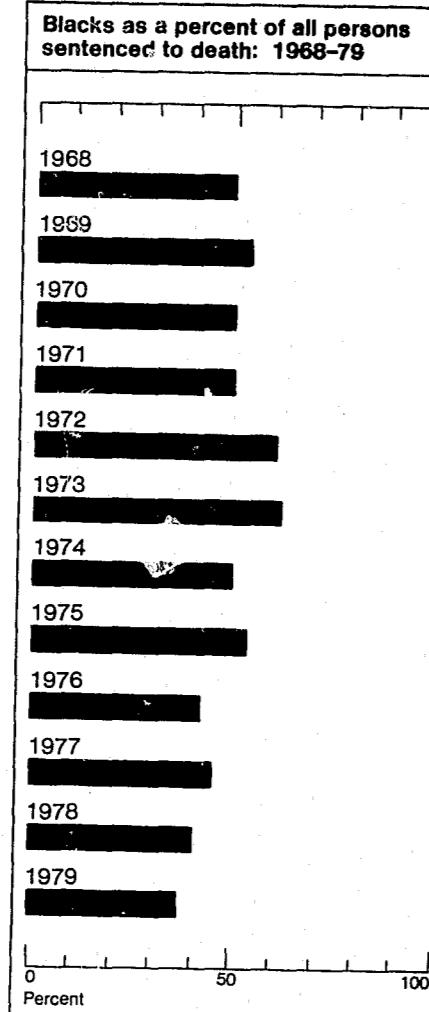


Figure 3
Continued decline in percentage of blacks

As a proportion of individuals who received death sentences during 1979, the number of black persons declined for the second consecutive year, to 37 percent—the lowest proportion since at least 1968 (Figure 3).⁵ The remaining persons were white except for one American Indian and one Asian, both sentenced in California. Three women, one each in Georgia, Oklahoma, and Texas, received the death penalty during 1979. The only black woman sentenced was in Georgia. Eight persons of Hispanic origin were reported sentenced during 1979, two each in Arizona, California, and Texas, and one each in Florida and Illinois.⁶ All of those sentenced in 1979 received the death penalty for murder. The median age of those sentenced increased slightly over

⁵Changes in the method of defining death-row inmates preclude certainty for years prior to 1968. See methodology (Appendix IV) for explanation.

⁶Data on Hispanic origin are collected separately from data on race and may be subject to error. See methodology for explanation.

1978 to 28 years—30 for whites and 25 for blacks.

The proportion of offenders with prior felony convictions appeared to decrease to 64 percent, although coverage of this information was not complete.⁷ In 2 of the 3 years for which data have been available, blacks had a higher proportion of prior felons. The proportion of those already under sentence at the time of their capital crime (33 percent in 1979) has also fluctuated somewhat over the 3 years for which data have been available. In 2 of the 3 years, blacks were more likely than whites to have been under sentence. In all 3 years, most of those already under sentence were on parole. On the average, however, they represented only 1 out of approximately 9,000 persons on parole.

⁷Data on prior felons were available for 80 percent of those receiving sentences in 1977, 90 percent in 1978, and 82 percent in 1979. Coverage for legal status at time of capital crime was 83 percent in 1977, 90 percent in 1978, and 72 percent in 1979.

Executions and persons leaving death row during 1979

During 1979 two persons, one each in Florida and Nevada, were executed. Two others died of natural causes. Another 52 persons, only about a third as many as in 1978, had death sentences removed. In contrast to the relatively large numbers of persons relieved of the death sentence in 1978 and prior years as a result of rulings on the constitutionality of death penalty laws, only three persons (two in Rhode Island and one in Washington) were removed from death row for this reason (Figure 4). Most of those relieved had their sentence vacated but conviction upheld, while 3 out of 10 had both sentence and conviction vacated. Persons with sentences removed because of statutory rulings, or because of vacated sentences and/or convictions, were subject to retrial and/or resentencing. Thus, none of these methods of disposition precluded the possibility of reimposition of the death sentence. Four persons received commutations.

Most resentenced to life

Most of those relieved of the death sentence during 1979 had already been resentenced as of the reporting date, 24 to a life term and 2 others to a term greater than 20 years. Of the remainder, 12 were awaiting resentencing, 7 had been granted new trials, and 1 had been found not guilty. The status of 6 persons, 2 each in Alabama, Florida, and Texas, had not been determined as of the reporting date.

Half of those with death sentences removed during 1979 were white, 45 percent were black, and the remainder (3 persons) were American Indian. Only one of them was of Hispanic descent. The proportion of blacks relieved of the death sentence was lower than in previous years, consistent with a decreased proportion of blacks on death row each year after 1975. One woman was relieved of the death sentence in North Carolina. All of those with sentences removed had been convicted of murder with the exception of two inmates in California, who had been sentenced for assault while serving a life term.

Average stay was 2 years

Persons with death sentences removed during 1979 had been under capital sentence a median of 26 months, about 4 months longer than in 1978. On the average, blacks relieved of the death sentence had been there considerably longer than whites, 34 months compared with 23 months. The longest stays were

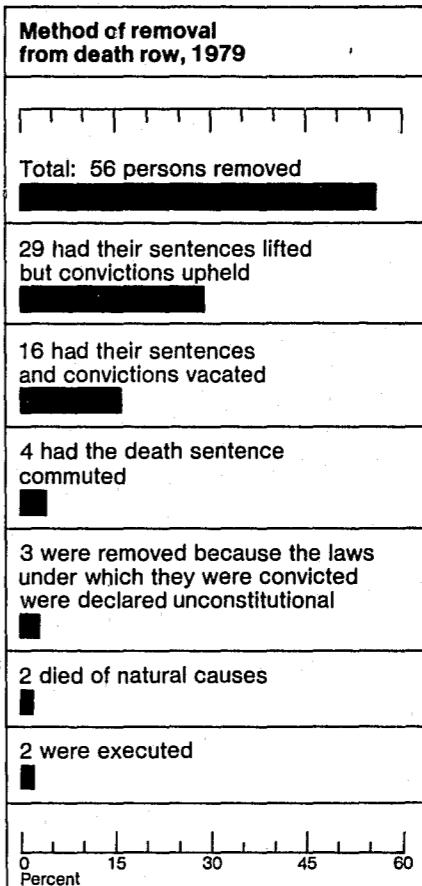


Figure 4

recorded in Florida, Texas, and Georgia, where a total of 9 inmates each stayed on death row for 4 years or more, including one in Florida who was executed.

Although coverage was not as complete as in 1978, it appeared that a greater proportion (66 percent) of those relieved of the death sentence in 1979 had one or more prior felony convictions than in the previous year (45 percent).⁸ About the same proportion—1 in every 5—had been under sentence when they committed their capital crime.⁹

⁸Prior felony data were reported for 79 percent of those removed in 1979 and 95 percent of those removed in 1978.

⁹Data on the proportion under sentence at the time of the capital crime were reported for 86 percent of those removed in 1979 and 97 percent of those removed in 1978.

**Prisoners under sentence of death, by jurisdiction:
December 31, 1979 (total 567)**

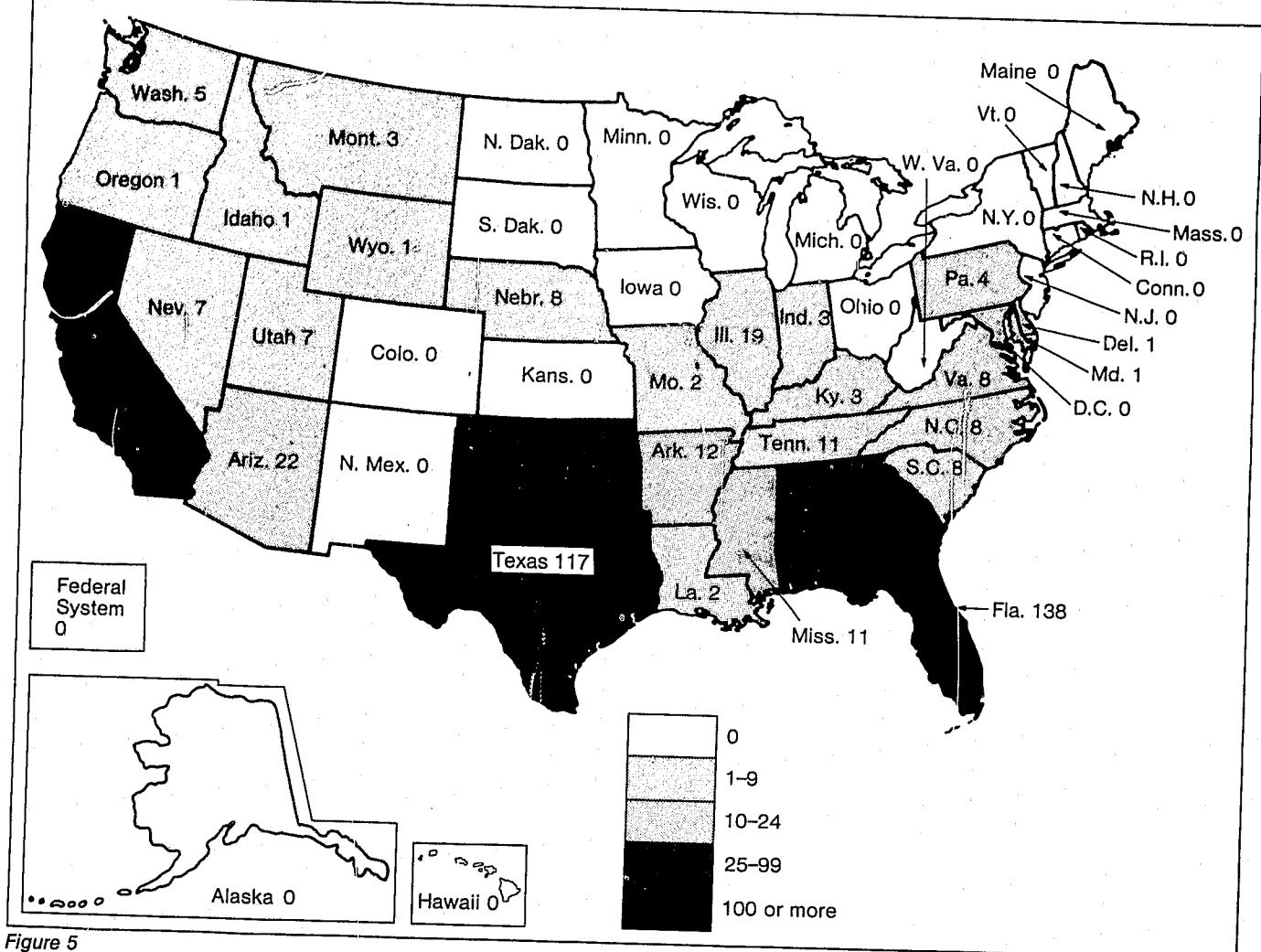


Figure 5

Persons under sentence at yearend 1979

Although fewer persons were sentenced during 1979 than in 1978, the most recent yearend count of death-row inmates was 22 percent higher than a year earlier. In all, 560 men and 7 women were under sentence of death. The average of 1.8 capital inmates for every 1,000 State and Federal prisoners was also up over the 1978 yearend figure of 1.4. All persons on death row had been convicted of murder, except one in Florida who was sentenced for sexual battery.¹⁰

Concentration in South

Each of the Nation's four major regions shared in the increase of people under sentence of death. The share held in each

region shifted, however, with a somewhat lessened concentration in the South and larger proportions in each of the three other regions. Nonetheless, the South still held more than 4 out of every 5 inmates under sentence of death at yearend 1979. The West, largely because of increases in Arizona and California, had the next highest proportion (13 percent) of all inmates, followed by the North Central region (mainly Illinois), with 6 percent. All four death-row prisoners in the Northeast were in Pennsylvania, which held none a year earlier. No one was under sentence of death in 1979 in the Federal correctional system.

Florida and Texas each held over 100 inmates

Florida continued to hold the Nation's largest number of persons under sentence of death (138). Texas (117) ranked second (Figure 5). Together these two States accounted for 45 percent of all prisoners

under capital sentence at the end of 1979. In all, 29 of the 38 jurisdictions that authorized the death penalty at yearend held death-row inmates at that time, compared with 25 of 35 jurisdictions a year earlier. Six States had 25 or more prisoners on death row, 5 held between 10 and 24, 7 held between 5 and 9, and 11 held between 1 and 4 (Figure 6). Nine jurisdictions (8 States and the Federal system) authorized the death penalty but had no prisoners on death row, whereas 14 (13 States and the District of Columbia) had no death penalty.

The most substantial increase occurred in Illinois, where the count was almost four times larger than at the end of 1978. Both Arizona and California nearly tripled their death-row populations. In terms of absolute increase, California led with 16 more persons on death row at yearend 1979 than at yearend 1978, followed by Florida with 15, and Arizona and Illinois with 14 each. Five States that held no inmates

**Number of jurisdictions,
by death penalty status
and number of death-row inmates,
December 31, 1979**

52 jurisdictions (50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Federal system)
14 had no death penalty
9 had death penalty but held no inmates
11 held 1-4 inmates
7 held 5-9 inmates
5 held 10-24 inmates
6 held 25 or more inmates

Figure 6

under sentence at the end of 1978—Maryland, Missouri, Oregon, Pennsylvania, and Wyoming—had at least one inmate on death row in 1979. Among the States that held inmates under sentence of death as of yearend 1978, only one—Rhode Island—held none a year later.

Increase in women and Hispanics

Three women received the death penalty during 1979 and one was removed from death row, bringing to seven the total under sentence of death. All were held in southern States, two in Georgia and one each in Alabama, Florida, North Carolina, Oklahoma, and Texas. Six of the condemned women were white and one (in Georgia) was black. Almost 2 out of every 5 death-row inmates were black, slightly less than a year earlier and continuing the downward trend registered after 1975 (Figure 7). A total of 25 Hispanics, 7 more than a year earlier, were under sentence of death in seven States: Arizona (3), Arkansas (1), California (2), Florida (3), Illinois (1), Texas (14), and Utah (1).

Average stay increases

The longest stay recorded among those under sentence of death at the end of 1979 was by a prisoner in Georgia, who was sentenced in mid-1973 and had spent 6½ years on death row. The median stay was 20 months, slightly longer than at the end of 1978 (18 months). More than half (56 percent) had been under sentence for less than 2 years; 27 percent had spent between 2 and 4 years; and the remaining 18 percent, 4 years or more. Both Florida and Georgia held inmates who had been under

**Blacks as a percentage
of all death-row inmates,
1968-79**

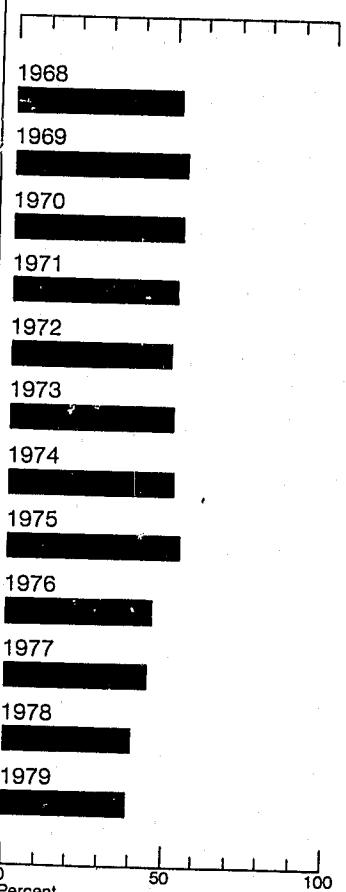


Figure 7

White inmates had finished high school and had a slightly higher median education (12.2 years) than black inmates (11.6 years). Most death-row prisoners had never been married or were divorced or separated.

Blacks more likely to have prior convictions

Almost two-thirds of those for whom information was reported had one or more prior felony convictions. The figure was about the same for whites and blacks. Almost 1 in every 3 (28 percent of the whites and 32 percent of the blacks) were either on parole or probation, in prison, on escape, or in some other sentencing status at the time of their crime. Although coverage was not complete, it appeared that about the same proportion of death-row inmates had been under sentence (mainly on parole) at the time of their capital offense as in the 2 previous years.¹¹

¹¹Data on prior felons were available for 82 percent of those under sentence of death at yearend 1977, 80 percent in 1978, and 80 percent in 1979. Coverage for legal status at time of capital crime was 76 percent in 1977, 85 percent in 1978, and 81 percent in 1979.

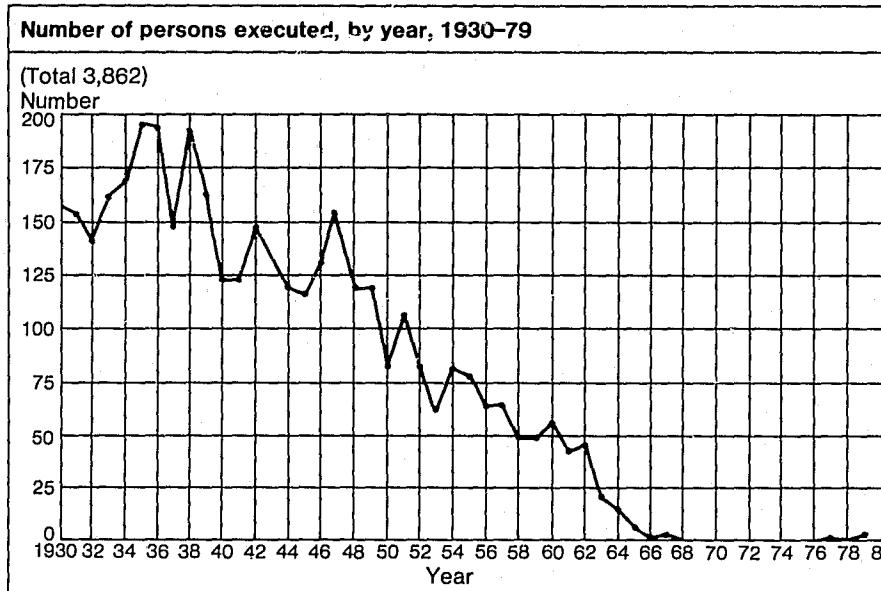


Figure 8

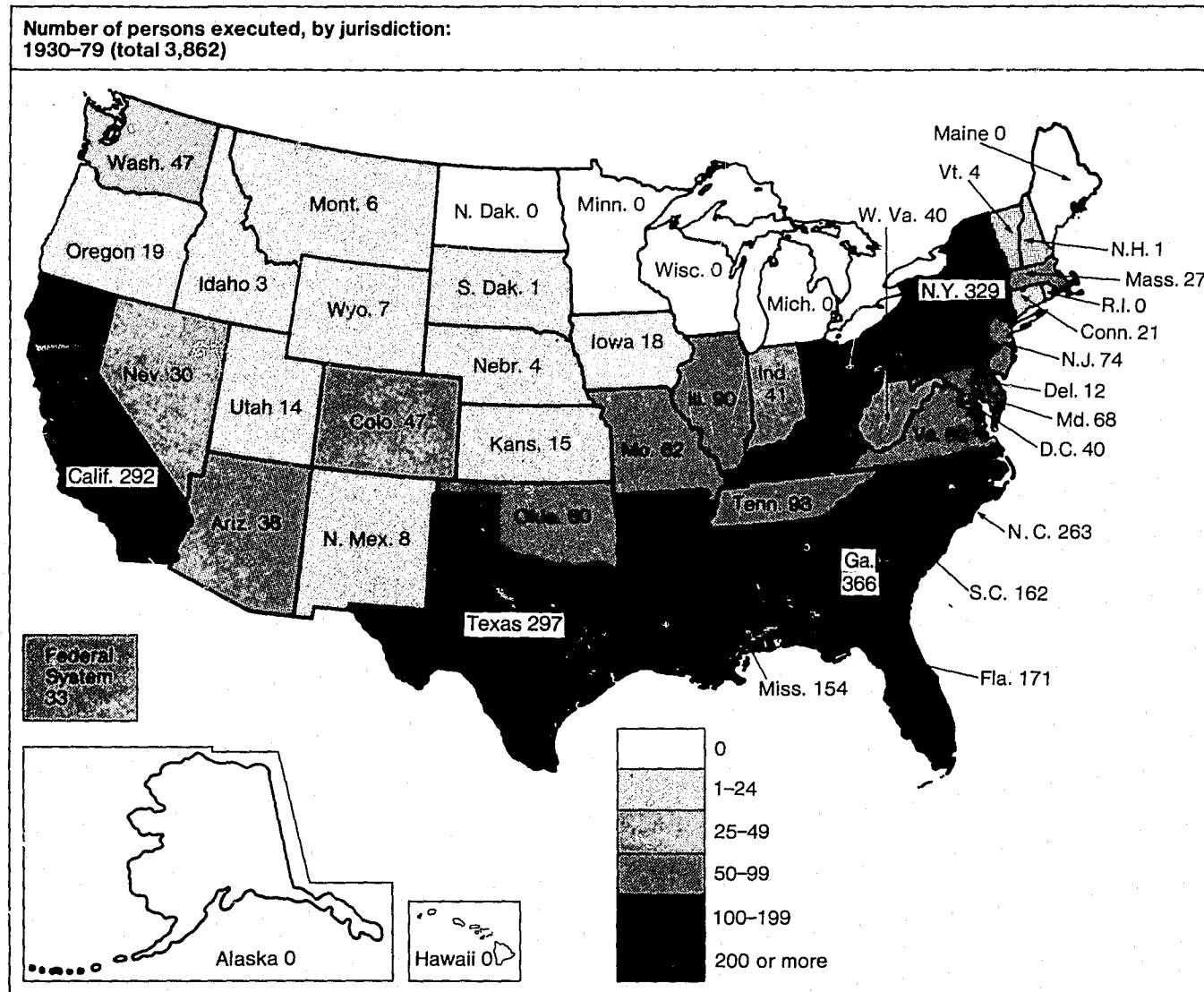


Figure 9

Executions—1930 to 1979

Executions in Florida and Nevada marked the second and third times that the death penalty has been carried out in the United States since 1967. The last execution prior to 1979 was in Utah in 1977. That penalty broke a 10-year moratorium during which executions were suspended while numerous legal challenges to death penalty statutes were pursued at various court levels.

The two executions carried out in 1979 brought to 3,862 the number conducted under civil authority in the United States since national reporting began in 1930 (Figure 8).¹² Of this total, 3,829 were carried out by 42 States and the District of Columbia, and the remaining 33 took place under Federal jurisdiction.¹³

Majority were black

During this period of half a century, 54 percent of the individuals executed were blacks, 45 percent were whites, and 1 percent were members of other races. The 42 members of the latter group included American Indians (19), Filipinos (13), Chinese (8), and Japanese (2). A total of 32 women were put to death, including two by Federal authorities.

Most took place in the South

Some three-fifths of the executions over the 1930-79 period took place in the South. The largest single number—more than 9 percent of the national total—were carried out in Georgia (Figure 9). The vast majority of executions were for murder, with blacks accounting for 49 percent of the total put to death for that crime. While only 12 percent of the executions were for rape, almost nine-tenths of all prisoners put to death for that crime were black (Figure 10). Except for 10 executions in Missouri and 2 under Federal jurisdiction, all executions for rape took place under the jurisdiction of Southern States.

About half the laws required electrocution

Of the 37 States that had capital punishment laws in effect as of December 31, 1979, 18 provided for death by electrocu-

¹²During this period, the U.S. Army (including the Air Force) carried out 160 executions—148 from 1942 to 1950; 3 each in 1954, 1955, and 1957; and 1 each in 1958, 1959, and 1961. Of the total, 106 were for murder (including 21 involving rape); 53 were for rape; and 1 for desertion. The U.S. Navy has executed no one since 1849.

¹³No executions have taken place in Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota, Rhode Island, and Wisconsin since 1930. Alaska and Hawaii have had no executions since attaining statehood.

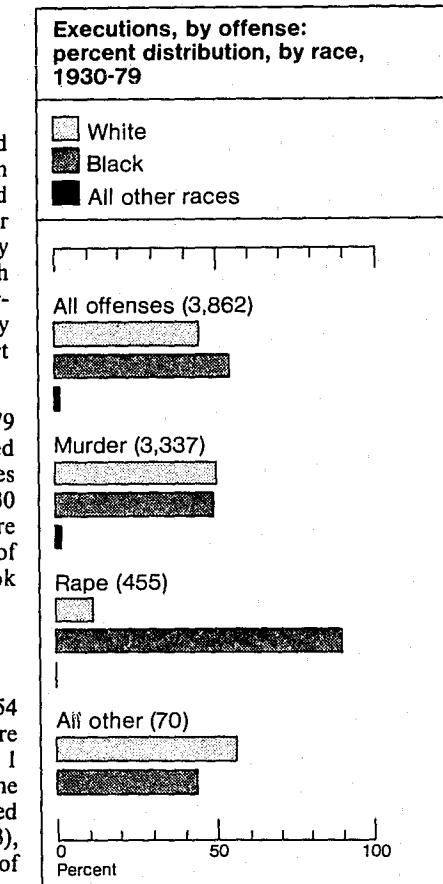


Figure 10

tion.¹⁴ Among the remainder, the following 10 had statutes stipulating execution by lethal gas: Arizona, California, Colorado, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, North Carolina, Oregon, and Wyoming. Hanging was the method of execution in four States (Delaware, Montana, New Hampshire, and Washington) and lethal injection in four (Idaho, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas); the method of execution by injection was introduced relatively recently.

One State—Utah—permitted the inmate the choice of death by hanging or firing squad. For inmates sentenced to death under Federal law, the method of execution was governed by the law of the State in which the punishment was to be carried out.

¹⁴Jurisdictions having capital punishment laws are identified in the appendix immediately following this section.

Status of death penalty statutes, by jurisdiction, December 31, 1979

General note

Most death penalty statutes in effect prior to the *Furman vs. Georgia* decision of June 29, 1972, provided for the imposition of the death penalty for murder. In the *Furman* decision, the U.S. Supreme Court found that the death penalty, as then being administered, constituted "cruel and unusual punishment" in violation of the Eighth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution. Many States revised their statutes to conform to standards prescribed by the *Furman* decision and, subsequently, by other decisions that passed on the validity of revised statutes. As of the end of 1979, the critique of individual States' statutes was continuing as appeals of inmates under capital sentence reached relevant State courts or the U.S. Supreme Court.

Only specifically defined types of murder are indictable under State capital punishment statutes revised since the *Furman* decision. Although varying somewhat from jurisdiction to jurisdiction, the types of homicide most commonly specified in these statutes are murder perpetrated during the commission of another felony; murder of a peace officer, corrections employee, or fireman engaged in the performance of official duties; murder by an inmate serving a life sentence; and murder for hire. Different statutory terminology may be used by different States to designate substantively identical crimes; thus in some States, but not necessarily all, such terms as "murder," "1st degree murder," "murder Class A felony," etc., may denote the same offense.

Key

As of December 31, 1979, death penalty:

- Was authorized
- Was not authorized

Offenses for which death penalty was authorized are listed in italics under the heading for each jurisdiction.

*(after name of jurisdiction) is a signal that changes in statutes occurred during 1979. The nine jurisdictions in which such changes occurred were:

Colorado
Illinois
Indiana
Maryland
Massachusetts
New Mexico
Rhode Island
South Dakota
Virginia

Federal Government

Aircraft piracy resulting in death

Some pre-*Furman* statutes declared unconstitutional.
Statute relating to aircraft piracy revised 1974.

Alabama

Murder

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised 1975.

Alaska

Death penalty abolished 1957.

Arizona

1st degree murder

Death penalty abolished in part 1916¹ and restored 1918.
Statutes revised May 14, 1973, and July 20, 1978.

¹Death penalty retained for treason.

Arkansas

Aggravated murder

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised July 24, 1973, and January 1, 1976.

California

Murder 1st

Assault by life prisoner resulting in death
Hindering preparing for war causing death

Omitting to note defects in articles of war resulting in death
Perjury resulting in the death penalty
Train wrecking resulting in death

Death penalty declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court 1972 but restored by referendum November 1972.
Statutes revised January 1, 1974.
Some statutory provisions declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court December 7, 1976.
Statutes revised August 11, 1977, and November 8, 1978.

Colorado*

1st degree murder
1st degree kidnaping
Treason
*Certain drug offenses*²

Death penalty abolished 1897 but restored 1901.
Statutes revised January 1, 1975, but declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court October 23, 1978.
Statutes revised again July 13, 1979.

Connecticut

Murder

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised October 1, 1973.

²Inducing a person age 25 or under to unlawfully use or administer narcotic drugs; unlawfully administering or dispensing a narcotic drug to a person age 25 or under; using a person age 25 or under in the unlawful transportation or production of narcotic drugs.

*Indicates a 1979 change in statute;
see Key at beginning of appendix.

Delaware

1st degree murder

Death penalty abolished 1958 and restored 1961.
Statutes amended by State Supreme Court November 1, 1972, revised by State legislature March 29, 1974, but declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court October 22, 1976.
Statutes revised again May 4, 1977, and August 15, 1978.

District of Columbia

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.

Statutes declared unconstitutional by Circuit Court of the District of Columbia November 16, 1973.

Florida

Murder
*Sexual battery*³

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised December 8, 1972.

Georgia

Murder
Treason
Aircraft hijacking
Rape when victim dies
Armed robbery when victim dies

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised March 28, 1973.
Some statutory provisions declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court April 1976 and other provisions declared unconstitutional by U.S. Supreme Court June 29, 1977.

Hawaii

Death penalty abolished 1957.

Idaho

1st degree murder
1st degree kidnaping, unless victim released unharmed

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised March 17, 1973, and March 28, 1977.

³The sexual battery of a female child age 11 or under by a male age 18 or older.

*Indicates a 1979 change in statute;
see Key at beginning of appendix.

Illinois*

Murder

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised November 8, 1973, declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court September 29, 1975, and revised June 21, 1977, and January 8, 1979.

Indiana*

Murder Class A felony

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised April 24, 1973, declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court May 1977, and revised again October 1, 1977, and December 10, 1979.

Iowa

Death penalty abolished 1872, restored 1878, and abolished again 1965.

Kansas

Death penalty abolished 1907 and restored 1935.

Statutes declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court January 1973.

Kentucky

1st degree murder
Kidnaping when victim is killed

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised March 28, 1973.
Some statutory provisions declared unconstitutional by State Court of Appeals February 16, 1973.
Statutes revised January 1, 1975, and December 26, 1976.

Louisiana

1st degree murder

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.

Statutes revised July 2, 1973; some statutory provisions declared unconstitutional by U.S. Supreme Court July 2, 1976; statutes revised October 1976.

Maine

Death penalty abolished 1876 and restored 1883 and abolished again 1887.

⁴Death penalty retained for treason. Partial abolition voted in 1846 but not put into effect until 1847.

⁵The rape of a female child under the age of 12 by a person age 18 or older.

Maryland*

1st degree murder

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised November 8, 1973, declared unconstitutional by State Court of Appeals 1972.

Statutes revised July 1, 1975, but declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court November 9, 1976.

Statutes revised July 1, 1978, and July 1, 1979.

Massachusetts*

1st degree murder

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised April 24, 1973, declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court December 22, 1975.

Statutes revised August 14, 1979.

Michigan

Death penalty abolished in part 1847⁴ and fully abolished 1963.

Death penalty prohibited by State Constitution.

Minnesota

Death penalty abolished 1911.

Mississippi

Murder
Treason
Aircraft piracy
*Capital rape*⁵

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.

Statutes revised April 23, 1974, amended by State Supreme Court October 5, 1976, and revised by State legislature April 13, 1977.

Missouri

Murder

Death penalty abolished 1917, restored 1919, and declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court September 11, 1972.

Statutes revised September 28, 1975, and May 26, 1977.

■ Montana

*Deliberate homicide*⁶
*Aggravated kidnaping*⁶

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised January 1, 1974, and April 8, 1977.
Some statutory provisions declared unconstitutional April 26, 1978.

■ Nebraska*1st degree murder*

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised April 21, 1973.

■ Nevada*1st degree murder*

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised July 1, 1973, and July 1, 1977.

■ New Hampshire*Murder*

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision, but statutes declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court 1972.
Statutes revised April 15, 1974, and July 1977.

□ New Jersey

Death penalty statutes declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court January 1972.

■ New Mexico**1st degree murder*

Death penalty abolished in part 1969.⁷
Statutes revised March 20, 1973, but declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court September 1976.
Statutes revised again July 1, 1979.

⁶Kidnaping which results in the death of the victim.

⁷Death penalty retained for killing a police officer or prison or jail guard in performance of duty, and in cases where the jury recommends the death penalty and the defendant commits a second capital felony after time for due deliberation following commission of first capital felony.

*Indicates a 1979 change in statute; see Key at beginning of appendix.

■ New York*Murder by life prisoner*

Death penalty abolished in part 1969.⁸
Statutes revised September 1, 1974.
Some statutory provisions declared unconstitutional by State Court of Appeals November 15, 1977.

■ North Carolina*1st degree murder*

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Some statutory provisions declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court January 18, 1973.
Statutes revised April 8, 1974, but declared unconstitutional by U.S. Supreme Court July 6, 1976.
Statutes revised again June 1, 1977.

□ North Dakota

Death penalty abolished in part 1915.⁹
Statutes expired July 1, 1975, and not renewed or revised.

□ Ohio

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised December 22, 1972, and January 1, 1974, but declared unconstitutional by U.S. Supreme Court July 3, 1978.

■ Oklahoma*Murder*

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised May 2, 1973, but declared unconstitutional by U.S. Supreme Court July 6, 1976.
Statutes revised July 24, 1976.

■ Oregon*Murder*

Death penalty abolished 1914; restored 1920, abolished again 1964, and restored December 7, 1978.

⁸

Death penalty retained for killing a police officer in performance of duty or for murder of a guard by a person serving a life sentence or escaping from custody.

⁹Death penalty retained for treason and for first-degree murder committed by a prisoner serving a life sentence for first-degree murder.

■ Pennsylvania*1st degree murder*

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised March 26, 1974, and November 1, 1976, but declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court November 30, 1977.
Statutes revised September 13, 1978.

□ Rhode Island*

Death penalty abolished in part 1852.¹⁰
Statutes revised June 26, 1973, but declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court February 19, 1979.

■ South Carolina*Murder*

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised July 2, 1974, but declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court July 21, 1976.
Statutes revised June 8, 1977, and June 30, 1978.

■ South Dakota**Murder*

Kidnaping when gross permanent physical injury is inflicted on victim

Death penalty abolished 1915, restored 1939, abolished again October 1, 1977, and restored July 1, 1979.

■ Tennessee*1st degree murder*

Death penalty abolished in part 1915.¹¹
and restored 1919.
Statutes revised May 8, 1973, but declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court.

Statutes revised February 1974, declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court January 24, 1977, and revised again April 11, 1977.

■ Texas*Murder*

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised June 14, 1973.

¹⁰Death penalty retained for murder by prisoner serving a life sentence.

¹¹Death penalty retained for rape.

*Indicates a 1979 change in statute; see Key at beginning of appendix.

■ Utah*Murder*

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised July 1, 1973.

■ Vermont*Murder*

Death penalty abolished in part 1965.¹²

■ Virginia**Aggravated murder*

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised 1975, July 1, 1977, and July 1, 1979.

■ Washington*Aggravated 1st degree murder*

Death penalty abolished 1913, restored 1919, but declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court March 22, 1973.
Statutes revised July 1, 1976, and June 10, 1977.

□ West Virginia

Death penalty abolished 1965.

□ Wisconsin

Death penalty abolished 1853.

■ Wyoming*1st degree murder*
Kidnaping unless victim released unharmed

Death penalty authorized prior to *Furman* decision.
Statutes revised February 24, 1973.
Some statutory provisions declared unconstitutional by State Supreme Court January 27, 1977.
Statutes revised February 28, 1977.

¹²Death penalty retained for first-degree murder by persons who commit a second "unrelated" murder and for the first-degree murder of any law enforcement officer or prison employee in performance of duty.

*Indicates a 1979 change in statute; see Key at beginning of appendix.

Appendix II

Data tables

For each data table the list that follows gives the table title, table number, and page on which it appears:

Historical data, 1930-79

Prisoners executed under civil authority in the United States—

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12. *By race and age*, 28
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14. *By race and marital status at time of imprisonment*, 32
15. *By race and legal status at time of capital offense*, 34
16. *By race and prior felony history*, 38

Table 1 (1930-79)
**Prisoners executed under civil authority in the United States,
 by race and offense**

Year	All races				White				Black				All other races			
	All offenses	Murder	Rape	Other offenses ¹	All offenses	Murder	Rape	Other offenses ¹	All offenses	Murder	Rape	Other offenses ¹	All offenses	Murder	Rape	Other offenses ¹
All years....	3,862	3,337	455	70	1,754	1,667	48	39	2,066	1,630	405	31	42	40	2	-
1979.....	2	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1978.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1977.....	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1976.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1975.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1974.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1973.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1972.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1971.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1970.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1969.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1968.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1967.....	2	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
1966.....	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965.....	7	7	-	-	6	6	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964.....	15	9	6	-	8	5	3	-	7	4	3	-	-	-	-	-
1963.....	21	18	2	1	13	12	-	1	8	6	2	-	-	-	-	-
1962.....	47	41	4	2	28	26	2	-	19	15	2	-	-	-	-	-
1961.....	42	33	8	1	23	18	1	1	22	15	7	-	-	-	-	-
1960.....	56	44	8	4	71	18	-	3	35	26	8	1	-	-	-	-
1959.....	49	41	8	-	16	15	1	-	33	26	7	-	-	-	-	-
1958.....	49	41	7	1	29	20	-	-	28	20	7	1	1	-	-	-
1957.....	65	54	10	1	34	32	2	-	31	22	8	1	-	-	-	-
1956.....	65	52	12	1	21	20	-	1	43	31	12	-	1	1	-	-
1955.....	76	65	7	4	44	41	1	2	32	24	6	-	2	-	-	-
1954.....	81	71	9	1	38	37	1	-	42	33	8	1	1	1	-	-
1953.....	62	51	7	4	30	25	1	4	31	25	6	-	1	1	-	-
1952.....	83	71	12	-	36	35	1	-	47	36	11	-	-	-	-	-
1951.....	105	87	17	1	57	55	2	-	47	31	15	1	1	1	-	-
1950.....	82	68	13	1	40	36	4	-	42	32	9	1	-	-	-	-
1949.....	119	107	10	2	50	49	-	1	67	56	10	1	2	2	-	-
1948.....	119	95	22	2	35	32	1	2	82	61	21	-	2	2	-	-
1947.....	153	129	23	1	42	40	2	-	111	89	21	-	-	-	-	-
1946.....	131	107	22	2	46	45	-	1	84	61	22	1	1	1	-	-
1945.....	117	90	26	1	41	37	4	-	75	52	22	1	1	1	-	-
1944.....	120	96	24	-	47	45	2	-	70	48	22	-	3	3	-	-
1943.....	131	118	13	-	54	54	-	-	74	63	11	-	3	1	2	-
1942.....	147	115	25	7	67	57	4	6	80	58	21	-	-	-	-	-
1941.....	123	102	20	1	59	55	4	-	63	46	16	1	1	1	-	-
1940.....	124	105	15	4	49	44	2	3	75	61	13	1	-	-	-	-
1939.....	160	145	12	3	80	79	-	1	77	63	12	2	3	3	-	-
1938.....	190	154	25	11	96	89	1	6	92	63	24	2	2	2	-	-
1937.....	147	133	13	1	69	67	2	-	74	62	11	1	4	4	-	-
1936.....	195	181	10	4	92	86	2	4	101	93	8	-	2	2	-	-
1935.....	199	184	13	2	119	115	2	2	77	66	11	-	3	3	-	-
1934.....	168	154	14	-	65	64	1	-	102	89	13	-	1	1	-	-
1933.....	160	151	7	2	77	75	1	1	81	74	6	1	2	2	-	-
1932.....	140	128	10	2	62	62	-	-	75	63	10	2	3	3	-	-
1931.....	153	137	15	1	77	76	1	-	72	57	14	1	4	4	-	-
1930.....	155	147	6	2	90	90	-	-	65	57	6	2	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero

¹Includes 25 executed for armed robbery, 20 for kidnaping, 11 for burglary, 6 for sabotage, 6 for aggravated assault, and 2 for espionage.

Table 2 (1930-79)
Prisoners executed under civil authority in the United States, by year—regions and States

NOTE: For the status of death penalty statutes in each jurisdiction, see appendix table.

- Represents zero.

¹As States, Alaska and Hawaii are included in the series beginning January 1, 1960.

Table 3 (1930-79)
**Prisoners executed under civil authority in the United States,
 by race and offense—regions and States**

NOTE: For the status of death penalty statutes in each jurisdiction, see appendix table.

**NOTE. — For
Representatives.**

¹In this category, the eight Federal executions were for sabotage (6) and espionage (2). The nine executions in North Carolina and the two in Alabama were for burglary. In California, the six executions were for aggravated assault committed by prisoners under life sentence.

²As States, Alaska and Hawaii are included in the series beginning January 1, 1960.

Table 4 (1930-79)
**Women executed under civil authority in the United States,
 by year, offense, race, and State**

Year	Total	Offense		Race		State in which executed
		Murder	Other ¹	White	Black	
All years.....	32	30	2	20	12	...
1962.....	1	1	-	1	-	California
1957.....	1	1	-	1	-	Alabama
1955.....	1	1	-	1	-	California
1954.....	2	2	-	1	1	Ohio
1953.....	3	1	2	3	-	Alabama, Federal (Missouri and New York)
1951.....	1	1	-	1	-	New York
1947.....	2	2	-	1	1	California, South Carolina
1946.....	1	1	-	-	1	Pennsylvania
1945.....	1	1	-	-	1	Georgia
1944.....	3	3	-	-	3	Mississippi, New York, North Carolina
1943.....	3	3	-	1	2	South Carolina, Mississippi, North Carolina
1942.....	1	1	-	1	-	Louisiana
1941.....	1	1	-	1	-	California
1938.....	2	2	-	2	-	Illinois, Ohio
1937.....	1	1	-	-	1	Mississippi
1936.....	1	1	-	1	-	New York
1935.....	3	3	-	2	1	Delaware
1934.....	1	1	-	1	-	New York
1931.....	1	1	-	1	-	Pennsylvania
1930.....	2	2	-	1	1	Arizona, Alabama

NOTE: There have been no executions of women since 1962.

NOTE. —

¹Includes one kidnapping and one espionage case (both Federal).

Table 5 (1930-79)
Federal executions in the United States,
by year, offense, race, and State

Year		Offense			Race			State in which executed
		Total	Murder	Kidnapping ¹	Other ²	White	Black	
All years.....		33	15	6	12	28	3	2
1963.....	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	Iowa
1957.....	2	-	-	-	2	2	-	Georgia
1956.....	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	Missouri
1954.....	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	New York
1953.....	4	-	-	2	2	4	-	Missouri (2), New York (2)
1950.....	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	Alaska
1948.....	5	5	-	-	-	3	2	California (3), Alaska (1), Florida (1)
1945.....	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	Wyoming
1943.....	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	Tennessee
1942.....	6	-	-	-	6	6	-	District of Columbia
1939.....	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	Alaska
1938.....	5	2	1	2	-	5	-	Kansas (2), Illinois (1), Indiana (1), Michigan (1)
1936.....	3	2	1	-	-	2	-	1 Indiana (1), Arizona (1), Oklahoma (1)
1930.....	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	Kansas

NOTE: There have been no Federal executions since 1963.

- Representations

¹Under the Federal kidnapping statute prior to 1968, the death penalty could be imposed if the victim was not released unharmed. In all of the cases in this table but the one in 1936, the victim was killed by the kidnaper.

²Includes two cases of rape on a Federal reservation (1957), two cases of espionage (1953), six cases of sabotage (1942), and two cases of bank robbery with homicide (1938).

Table 6 (1968-79)
Movement of prisoners under sentence of death,
by year and race

Year	All races				White			
	Received death sentence	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31	Received death sentence	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31
		Other than execution	Executions			Other than execution	Executions	
1979.....	159	54	2	567	98	26	2	344
1978.....	197	150	-	464	118	71	-	274
1977.....	155	155	1	417	81	77	1	227
1976.....	249	317	-	418	144	137	-	224
1975.....	322	78	-	486	145	37	-	217
1974.....	165	57	-	242	77	32	-	109
1973.....	42	242	-	134	15	118	-	64
1972.....	83	391	-	334	32	171	-	167
1971.....	113	102	-	642	54	41	-	306
1970.....	133	77	-	631	66	36	-	293
1969.....	143	85	-	575	66	46	-	263
1968.....	138	78	-	517	69	35	-	243
Black								
All other races								
Year	Received death sentence	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31	Received death sentence	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31
		Other than execution	Executions			Other than execution	Executions	
	59	25	-	221	2	3	-	2
1979.....	78	79	-	187	1	-	-	3
1978.....	72	78	-	188	2	-	-	2
1977.....	105	172	-	194	-	8	-	-
1976.....	174	40	-	261	3	1	-	8
1975.....	83	24	-	127	5	1	-	6
1974.....	26	124	-	68	1	-	-	2
1973.....	51	217	-	166	-	3	-	1
1972.....	57	60	-	332	2	1	-	4
1971.....	66	41	-	335	1	-	-	3
1970.....	77	38	-	310	-	1	-	2
1969.....	68	43	-	271	1	-	-	3

NOTE: Figures for 1975, 1977, and 1978 have been revised from those reported in Capital Punishment, 1978, NPS Bulletin SD-NPS-CP-7, December 1979. In addition, as a result of a major procedural change regarding dispositions, the number of dispositions other than execution and the number of persons under sentence of death in 1976 and subsequent years are not strictly comparable to corresponding data for earlier years. See Methodology for explanation.

- Represents zero.

Table 7 (1979)
Movement of prisoners under sentence of death,
by offense and race

Offense	All races				White					
	Under sentence of death on December 31, 1978 ¹	Received from court ²	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31, 1979	Under sentence of death on December 31, 1978 ¹	Received from court ²	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31, 1979
			Other than execu- tion	Execu- tions				Other than execu- tion	Execu- tions	
Total.....	464	129	54	2	567	274	98	26	2	344
Murder.....	461	159	52	2	566	273	98	26	2	343
Rape.....	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Kidnapping.....	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other ³	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Black										
All other races ⁴										
Offense	Under sentence of death on December 31, 1978 ¹	Received from court ²	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31, 1979	Under sentence of death on December 31, 1978 ¹	Received from court ²	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31, 1979
			Other than execu- tion	Execu- tions				Other than execu- tion	Execu- tions	
	187	59	25	-	221	3	2	3	-	2
Total.....	187	59	23	-	221	3	2	3	-	2
Murder.....	185	59	-	-	221	-	-	-	-	-
Rape.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kidnapping.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other ³	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero.

¹Total for December 31, 1978 was revised from that reported in Capital Punishment, 1978, NPS Bulletin SD-NPS-CP-7, December 1979, to include 21 inmates (10 in Georgia, 7 in Texas, 2 in Florida, and 1 each in Louisiana and Tennessee) who, although sentenced to death prior to 1979, were either reported late to the NPS program or not admitted to the custody of the relevant correctional authorities by December 31, 1978, and to exclude two inmates in Georgia who were relieved of the death sentence prior to 1979.

²Two persons received under sentence of death in 1979 had multiple death sentences for murder. These include one in Florida with two death sentences and one in Oklahoma with six.

³All persons enumerated under "All other races" were American Indians with the exception of one Asian received from court in California.

⁴The person enumerated under the category "Rape" was under sentence of death for sexual battery.

⁵The persons enumerated under the category "Other" were under sentence of death for assault by a life prisoner resulting in death.

Table 8 (1978)
**Movement of prisoners under sentence of death,
 by race—regions and States**

See footnotes at end of table.

- Represents zero

¹See Footnote 1, table 3.

²All persons enumerated under "All other races" were American Negroes.

Table 9 (1979)
**Movement of women prisoners under sentence of death,
 by race—regions and States**

Region and State	All races				White					
	Under sentence of death on December 31, 1978	Received from court	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31, 1979	Under sentence of death on December 31, 1978	Received from court	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31, 1979
			Other than execution	Executions				Other than execution	Executions	
United States.....	5	3	1	-	7	5	2	1	-	6
Federal.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State.....	5	3	1	-	7	5	2	1	-	6
NORTHEAST.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH.....	5	3	1	-	7	5	2	1	-	6
North Carolina.....	2	-	1	-	1	2	-	1	-	1
Georgia.....	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
Florida.....	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
Alabama.....	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
Oklahoma.....	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1
Texas.....	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1
WEST.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Black										
All other races										
Region and State	Under sentence of death on December 31, 1978	Received from court	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31, 1979	Under sentence of death on December 31, 1978	Received from court	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31, 1979
			Other than execution	Executions				Other than execution	Executions	
	United States.....	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Federal.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State.....	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
NORTHEAST.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH.....	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
North Carolina.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Georgia.....	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Florida.....	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Alabama.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTE: All females were under sentence of death for murder.

- Represents zero.

Table 10 (1979)
**Movement of prisoners of Hispanic origin under sentence of death
 —regions and States**

Region and State	Under sentence of death on December 31, 1978 ¹	Received from court	Dispositions		Under sentence of death on December 31, 1979
			Other than execution	Executions	
United States.....	18	5	1	-	25
Federal.....	-	-	-	-	-
State.....	18	8	1	-	25
Northeast.....	-	-	-	-	-
North Central.....	-	-	1	-	1
Illinois.....	-	-	1	-	1
South.....	15	3	-	-	18
Florida.....	2	1	-	-	3
Arkansas.....	1	-	-	-	1
Texas.....	12	2	-	-	14
West.....	3	4	1	-	6
Arizona.....	2	2	-	-	3
Utah.....	1	-	-	-	1
California.....	-	2	-	-	2

- Represents zero.

¹Total for December 31, 1978 was revised from that reported in Capital Punishment, 1978, NPS Bulletin SD-NPS-CP-7, December 1979, to include one inmate in Texas who, although sentenced to death prior to 1979, was either reported late to the NPS program or not admitted to the custody of the relevant correctional authorities by December 31, 1978.

Table 11 (1979)
**Prisoners received from court under sentence of death,
 by race and offense—regions and States**

See footnotes at end of table.

- Represents z

¹See Footnote 2, table 7.

²The persons enumerated under "All other races" include one American Indian and one Asian.

Table 12 (1979)
Prisoners received from court under sentence of death,
by race and age—regions and States

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES										WHITE									
	ALL AGES	UNDER 20 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 39 YEARS	40 TO 54 YEARS	55 YEARS AND OVER	MEDIAN	ALL AGES	UNDER 20 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 39 YEARS	40 TO 54 YEARS	55 YEARS AND OVER	MEDIAN		
UNITED STATES.....	159	4	50	36	37	21	9	2	28	98	2	23	21	29	16	6	1	30		
FEDERAL STATE.....	159	4	50	36	37	21	9	2	28	98	2	23	21	29	16	6	1	30		
NORTHEAST.....	4	-	-	1	-	2	1	-	(B)	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	(B)		
MAINE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
VERMONT.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MASSACHUSETTS.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
RHODE ISLAND.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CONNECTICUT.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
NEW YORK.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
NEW JERSEY.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PENNSYLVANIA.....	4	-	-	1	-	2	1	-	(B)	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	(B)		
NORTH CENTRAL.....	18	-	8	2	2	4	2	-	26	8	-	3	2	1	1	1	-	26		
OHIO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
INDIANA.....	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	28	6	-	3	1	1	-	1	-	24		
ILLINOIS.....	14	-	6	1	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MICHIGAN.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
WISCONSIN.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MINNESOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
IOWA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MISSOURI.....	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	(B)	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	(B)		
NORTH DAKOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
NEBRASKA.....	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	(B)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)		
KANSAS.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
SOUTH.....	93	2	30	24	22	10	3	-	28	53	1	13	12	16	8	2	1	30		
DELAWARE.....	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	(B)	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	(B)		
MARYLAND.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)		
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)		
VIRGINIA.....	3	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	(B)	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)		
WEST VIRGINIA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)		
NORTH CAROLINA.....	7	-	1	3	-	2	1	-	29	3	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	(B)		
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	5	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	25	4	-	2	1	1	-	1	-	(B)		
GEORGIA.....	12	-	5	3	1	2	1	-	28	4	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	(B)		
FLORIDA.....	23	-	6	4	7	5	1	-	31	11	-	2	1	3	5	-	-	35		
KENTUCKY.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
TENNESSEE.....	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	(B)	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	(B)		
ALABAMA.....	10	1	5	2	1	-	-	-	24	4	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	(B)		
MISSISSIPPI.....	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	(B)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)		
ARKANSAS.....	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
LOUISIANA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
OKLAHOMA.....	9	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31		
TEXAS.....	17	1	2	6	5	1	-	-	31	9	2	6	4	1	-	-	-	29		
29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
WEST.....	44	2	12	9	13	5	3	-	29	35	1	7	7	12	5	3	-	30		
MONTANA.....	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	(B)	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	(B)		
IDAHO.....	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	(B)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)		
WYOMING.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
COLORADO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
NEW MEXICO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
ARIZONA.....	16	-	5	1	6	2	2	-	30	14	-	4	-	6	2	2	-	31		
UTAH.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	(B)		
NEVADA.....	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)		
WASHINGTON.....	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	(B)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)		
OREGON.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)		
CALIFORNIA.....	20	1	5	6	5	3	-	-	28	13	1	5	4	3	-	-	-	-		
ALASKA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
HAWAII.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	BLACK									ALL OTHER RACES ¹								
	ALL AGES	UNDER 20 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 39 YEARS	40 TO 54 YEARS	55 YEARS AND OVER	MEDIAN	ALL AGES	UNDER 20 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 39 YEARS	40 TO 54 YEARS	55 YEARS AND OVER	MEDIAN
UNITED STATES.....	59	2	26	14	8	5	3	1	25	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)
FEDERAL.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
STATE.....	59	2	26	14	8	5	3	1	25	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)
NORTHEAST.....	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAINE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY.....	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA.....	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL.....	10	-	5	-	1	3	1	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OHIO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA.....	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS.....	8	-	3	-	1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MICHIGAN.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI.....	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH.....	40	1	17	12	6	2	1	1	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
DELAWARE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA.....	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA.....	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA.....	4	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GEORGIA.....	8	-	4	2	1	1	-	1	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FLORIDA.....	12	-	4	3	4	1	-	1	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KENTUCKY.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TENNESSEE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALABAMA.....	6	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSISSIPPI.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARKANSAS.....	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LOUISIANA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TEXAS.....	6	1	4	-	1	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
WEST.....	7	1	4	1	1	-	-	-	7	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)
MONTANA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDAHO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WYOMING.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COLORADO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA.....	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
UTAH.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEVADA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WASHINGTON.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OREGON.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CALIFORNIA.....	5	1	3	-	1	-	-	-	23	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)
ALASKA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HAWAII.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero. B Does not meet publication standards because medians are not computed for States having 4 or fewer persons received under sentence of death.

¹The persons enumerated under "All other races" include one American Indian and one Asian.

Table 13 (1979)
Prisoners received from court under sentence of death,
by race and highest grade of schooling completed
—regions and States

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES										WHITE									
	TOTAL	7TH GRADE OR LESS	8TH GRADE	9TH TO 11TH GRADE	12TH GRADE	ANY COLLEGE	NOT RE-PORTED	TOTAL	7TH GRADE OR LESS	8TH GRADE	9TH TO 11TH GRADE	12TH GRADE	ANY COLLEGE	NOT RE-PORTED						
UNITED STATES	159	12	16	41	30	11	49	98	7	9	19	23	11	29						
FEDERAL STATE	159	-	12	16	41	30	11	49	-	7	9	19	23	11	29					
NORTHEAST	4	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	-					
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
NORTH CENTRAL	18	1	2	8	6	1	-	8	-	1	3	3	1	-						
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
INDIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
ILLINOIS	14	1	1	6	6	-	-	6	-	3	3	3	-	-						
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
MISSOURI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
SOUTH	93	10	10	28	14	3	28	53	6	6	12	10	3	16						
DELAWARE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
MARYLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
NORTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
SOUTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
GEORGIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
FLORIDA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
KENTUCKY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
TENNESSEE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
ALABAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
MISSISSIPPI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
ARKANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
LOUISIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
OKLAHOMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
TEXAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
WEST	44	1	3	5	9	6	20	35	1	2	4	9	6	13						
MONTANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
IDAHO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
WYOMING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
ARIZONA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
UTAH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
NEVADA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
WASHINGTON	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
OREGON	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
CALIFORNIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	BLACK							ALL OTHER RACES¹						
TOTAL	7TH GRADE OR LESS	8TH GRADE	9TH TO 11TH GRADE	12TH GRADE	ANY COLLEGE	NOT RE-PORTED	TOTAL	7TH GRADE OR LESS	8TH GRADE	9TH TO 11TH GRADE	12TH GRADE	ANY COLLEGE	NOT RE-PORTED	

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Table 14 (1979)
Prisoners received from court under sentence of death,
by race and marital status at time of imprisonment
—regions and States

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES						WHITE					
	TOTAL	MARRIED	DIVORCED OR SEPARATED	WIDOWED	NEVER MARRIED	NOT RE-PORTED	TOTAL	MARRIED	DIVORCED OR SEPARATED	WIDOWED	NEVER MARRIED	NOT RE-PORTED
UNITED STATES	159	61	23	2	44	29	98	43	18	1	20	16
FEDERAL STATE	159	61	23	2	44	29	98	43	18	1	20	16
NORTHEAST	4	-	-	-	3	1	2	-	-	-	2	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	18	9	2	1	7	-	8	5	1	-	2	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	-	-	2	1	4	-	6	4	1	-	1	-
ILLINOIS	14	-	2	1	4	-	6	4	1	-	1	-
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	2	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	93	37	16	2	22	16	53	24	12	1	8	8
DELAWARE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	3	1	1	1	1	-	2	-	1	-	1	-
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	7	3	2	1	2	-	3	2	1	-	1	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	5	2	1	1	4	-	4	2	1	-	1	-
GEORGIA	12	5	5	1	9	-	11	7	1	-	1	-
FLORIDA	23	9	5	1	5	-	7	3	-	-	3	-
KENTUCKY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TENNESSEE	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALABAMA	10	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSISSIPPI	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARKANSAS	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LOUISIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TEXAS	17	6	5	1	5	-	11	3	5	-	1	-
WEST	44	15	5	-	12	12	35	14	5	-	8	8
MONTANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDAHO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WYOMING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA	16	9	3	1	4	-	14	8	3	-	3	-
UTAH	1	1	1	-	2	-	1	1	1	-	2	-
NEVADA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WASHINGTON	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OREGON	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CALIFORNIA	20	3	-	-	5	12	13	3	-	-	2	2
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	BLACK						ALL OTHER RACES ¹					
	TOTAL	MARRIED	DIVORCED OR SEPARATED	WIDOWED	NEVER MARRIED	NOT RE-PORTED	TOTAL	MARRIED	DIVORCED OR SEPARATED	WIDOWED	NEVER MARRIED	NOT RE-PORTED
UNITED STATES	59	18	5	1	23	12	2	-	-	-	1	1
FEDERAL STATE	59	18	5	1	23	12	2	-	-	-	1	1
NORTHEAST	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	10	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	-	-	4									

Table 15 (1979)
**Prisoners received from court under sentence of death,
 by race and legal status at time of capital offense
 —regions and States**

See footnotes at end of table.

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15 (1979) continued
Prisoners received from court under sentence of death,
by race and legal status at time of capital offense
—regions and States

REGION AND STATE	BLACK								
	TOTAL	NOT UNDER SENTENCE		UNDER SENTENCE				NOT REPORTED	
		NO CHARGES PENDING	CHARGES PENDING	ON PROBATION	ON PAROLE	ESCAPED FROM PRISON	IMPRISONED	OTHER ¹	
UNITED STATES	59	25	1	4	13	—	—	1	15
FEDERAL STATE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NORTHEAST	59	25	1	4	13	—	—	1	15
MAINE	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1
NEW HAMPSHIRE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VERMONT	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MASSACHUSETTS	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
RHODE ISLAND	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
CONNECTICUT	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NEW YORK	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NEW JERSEY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PENNSYLVANIA	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NORTH CENTRAL	10	5	—	1	4	—	—	—	—
OHIO	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
INDIANA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ILLINOIS	8	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MICHIGAN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WISCONSIN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MINNESOTA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
IOWA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MISSOURI	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NORTH DAKOTA	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SOUTH DAKOTA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NEBRASKA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
KANSAS	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SOUTH	40	20	1	1	8	—	—	1	9
DELAWARE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MARYLAND	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VIRGINIA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WEST VIRGINIA	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NORTH CAROLINA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SOUTH CAROLINA	4	4	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
GEORGIA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FLORIDA	18	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
KENTUCKY	12	6	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
TENNESSEE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ALABAMA	6	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MISSISSIPPI	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ARKANSAS	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
LOUISIANA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
OKLAHOMA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TEXAS	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WEST	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MONTANA	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
IDAHO	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WYOMING	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
COLORADO	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NEW MEXICO	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ARIZONA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
UTAH	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NEVADA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WASHINGTON	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
OREGON	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
CALIFORNIA	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ALASKA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
HAWAII	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	ALL OTHER RACES ²								
	TOTAL	NOT UNDER SENTENCE		UNDER SENTENCE				NOT REPORTED	
		NO CHARGES PENDING	CHARGES PENDING	ON PROBATION	ON PAROLE	ESCAPED FROM PRISON	IMPRISONED	OTHER	
UNITED STATES	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
FEDERAL STATE	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
NORTHEAST	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MAINE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NEW HAMPSHIRE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VERMONT	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MASSACHUSETTS	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
RHODE ISLAND	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
CONNECTICUT	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NEW YORK	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NEW JERSEY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PENNSYLVANIA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NORTH CENTRAL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
OHIO	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
INDIANA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ILLINOIS	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MICHIGAN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WISCONSIN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MINNESOTA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
IOWA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MISSOURI	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NORTH DAKOTA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SOUTH DAKOTA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NEBRASKA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
KANSAS	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SOUTH	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
DELAWARE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MARYLAND	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VIRGINIA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
WEST VIRGINIA	1	—	—	—	—	—			

Table 16 (1979)
**Prisoners received from court under sentence of death,
 by race and prior felony history—regions and States**

See footnotes at end of table.

- Represents zero.

¹The persons enumerated under "All other races" include one American Indian and one Asian.

Table 17 (1979)
Prisoners with death sentence removed,
by race and method of removal
—regions and States

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES							
	TOTAL	SENTENCING PROVISION OF STATE STATUTE STRUCK DOWN ¹	EXECUTION	DEATH OTHER THAN EXECUTION ²	COMMUTATION ³	CAPITAL SENTENCE VACATED (CONVICTION AFFIRMED) ⁴	CAPITAL SENTENCE AND CONVICTION VACATED	OTHER
UNITED STATES	56	3	2	2	4	29	16	-
FEDERAL STATE	56	3	2	2	4	29	16	-
NORTHEAST	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
HAIPE	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OHIO	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	41	-	1	1	4	23	12	-
DELAWARE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GEORGIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FLORIDA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KENTUCKY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TENNESSEE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALABAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSISSIPPI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARKANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LOUISIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TEXAS	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST	12	1	1	1	1	6	3	-
MONTANA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDAHO	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WYOMING	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COLORADO	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
UTAH	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEVADA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WASHINGTON	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OREGON	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CALIFORNIA	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALASKA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HAWAII	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	WHITE							
	TOTAL	SENTENCING PROVISION OF STATE STATUTE STRUCK DOWN	EXECUTION	DEATH OTHER THAN EXECUTION ²	COMMUTATION ³	CAPITAL SENTENCE VACATED (CONVICTION AFFIRMED) ⁴	CAPITAL SENTENCE AND CONVICTION VACATED	OTHER
UNITED STATES	28	1	2	1	1	15	8	-
FEDERAL STATE	28	1	2	1	1	15	8	-
NORTHEAST	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HAIPE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	19	-	-	1	1	10	7	-
DELAWARE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GEORGIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FLORIDA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KENTUCKY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TENNESSEE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALABAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSISSIPPI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARKANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LOUISIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TEXAS	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST	8	1	1	1	1	5	1	-
MONTANA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDAHO	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WYOMING	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COLORADO	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
UTAH	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEVADA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WASHINGTON	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OREGON	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CALIFORNIA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALASKA	1	-	-	-				

Table 17 (1979) continued
**Prisoners with death sentence removed,
 by race and method of removal
 —regions and States**

See footnotes at end of table.

NOTE: This table identifies the legal or other event effectively terminating the death sentence. Status as of reporting date is indicated in table 18.

- Represents zero

¹ Persons in this category are subject to further administrative and legal steps before final disposition. This process could result, for example, in a commutation of sentence or in the vacation of sentence with either affirmation or voiding of conviction (see footnote 4 for further discussion).

²The category "Death other than execution" includes two deaths (one each in Florida and Nevada) due to natural causes.

³Commutation effects an immediate change in sentence from death to life or a term of years.

⁴Persons whose capital sentence is vacated or whose capital sentence and conviction are vacated are subject to further legal proceedings (such as resentencing if the conviction has been affirmed or retrial if the sentence and conviction have been vacated) to determine their ultimate disposition. Neither the vacating of the sentence nor the vacating of both sentence and conviction precludes the possibility of reimposition of

the death sentence.

Table 18 (1979)
 Prisoners with death sentence removed,
 by race and current status
 —regions and States

REGION AND STATES	ALL RACES											
	SERVING REDUCED SENTENCE				DECEASED ¹	AWAITING NEW TRIAL	AWAITING RESENTENCING	FOUND NOT GUILTY IN NEW TRIAL	ALL CHARGES ON CAPITAL OFFENSE DROPPED	STATUS UNDETERMINED ²	OTHER	
	TOTAL	LIFE IMPRISONMENT	FIXED TERM OF GREATER THAN 20 YEARS	FIXED TERM OF 20 OR FEWER YEARS								
UNITED STATES . . .	56	26	24	2	-	4	7	12	1	-	6	-
FEDERAL STATE	56	26	24	2	-	4	7	12	1	-	6	-
NORTHEAST	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	41	17	17	-	-	2	5	11	-	6	-	-
DELAWARE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	6	2	2	1	1	-	1	3	3	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	4	1	2	1	2	-	1	3	5	-	-	-
GEORGIA	7	5	5	2	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
FLORIDA	8	5	5	2	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
KENTUCKY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TENNESSEE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALABAMA	8	5	5	1	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
MISSISSIPPI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARKANSAS	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LOUISIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TEXAS	6	1	1	1	1	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
WEST	12	7	5	2	1	-	2	2	1	-	-	-
MONTANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDAHO	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WYOMING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA	2	2	2	2	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
UTAH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEVADA	2	-	1	1	1	-	2	2	1	-	-	-
WASHINGTON	2	-	1	2	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
OREGON	2	-	1	2	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CALIFORNIA	4	2	1	2	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATES	WHITE											
	SERVING REDUCED SENTENCE				DECEASED ¹	AWAITING NEW TRIAL	AWAITING RESENTENCING	FOUND NOT GUILTY IN NEW TRIAL	ALL CHARGES ON CAPITAL OFFENSE DROPPED	STATUS UNDETERMINED ²	OTHER	
	TOTAL	LIFE IMPRISONMENT	FIXED TERM OF GREATER THAN 20 YEARS	FIXED TERM OF 20 OR FEWER YEARS								
UNITED STATES . . .	28	14	13	1	-	3	2	6	1	-	2	-
FEDERAL STATE	28	14	13	1	-	3	2	6	1	-	2	-
NORTHEAST	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MICHIGAN	-	-										

Table 18 (1979) continued
**Prisoners with death sentence removed,
 by race and current status
 —regions and States**

NOTE: This table identifies the status of persons removed from death row during the year as of reporting date. Disposition is final only for those who are serving reduced sentences, are deceased, have been found not guilty, or who have had all charges on the capital offense dropped. Persons in each of the other categories are subject to further legal proceedings prior to final disposition.

- Represents zero.

¹The category "Deceased" includes two deaths (one each in Texas and Nevada) due to natural causes and two deaths by execution (one each in Florida and Nevada).

¹Relieved of the death penalty, but ultimate disposition unresolved pending further proceedings.

³The persons enumerated under "All other races" were American Indians.

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19 (1979)

Prisoners with death sentence removed,
by race and number of months from sentencing
to disposition—regions and States

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES							WHITE								
	TOTAL	UNDER 12 MONTHS	12 TO 23 MONTHS	24 TO 35 MONTHS	36 TO 47 MONTHS	48 TO 71 MONTHS	OVER 71 MONTHS	MEDIAN	TOTAL	UNDER 12 MONTHS	12 TO 23 MONTHS	24 TO 35 MONTHS	36 TO 47 MONTHS	48 TO 71 MONTHS	OVER 71 MONTHS	MEDIAN
UNITED STATES.....	56	4	21	11	11	9	-	26	28	2	12	4	5	5	-	23
FEDERAL STATE.....	56	4	21	11	11	9	-	26	28	2	12	4	5	5	-	23
NORTHEAST.....	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAINE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND.....	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL.....	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	(B)	1	-	-	-	1	-	(B)	-
OHIO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MICHIGAN.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA.....	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	(B)	1	-	-	-	1	-	(B)	-
KANSAS.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH.....	41	4	15	5	8	9	-	24	19	2	7	2	3	5	-	30
DELAWARE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA.....	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA.....	6	1	5	2	2	-	-	16	3	1	2	-	-	-	(B)	-
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	4	1	2	1	1	3	1	(B)	43	4	1	1	1	1	(B)	61
GEORGIA.....	7	1	1	1	1	3	5	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FLORIDA.....	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KENTUCKY.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TENNESSEE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALABAMA.....	8	1	5	2	-	-	-	20	5	1	3	1	-	-	-	17
MISSISSIPPI.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARKANSAS.....	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LOUISIANA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TEXAS.....	6	-	1	-	2	3	-	48	2	-	1	-	1	-	(B)	-
WEST.....	12	-	6	5	1	-	-	22	8	-	5	2	1	-	-	17
MONTANA.....	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
IDAHO.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WYOMING.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COLORADO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA.....	2	-	2	-	2	-	-	(B)	2	-	2	-	2	-	(B)	-
UTAH.....	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	(B)	2	-	2	-	2	-	(B)	-
NEVADA.....	2	-	2	-	2	-	-	(B)	1	-	1	-	1	-	(B)	-
WASHINGTON.....	2	-	2	-	2	-	-	(B)	2	-	2	-	2	-	(B)	-
OREGON.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CALIFORNIA.....	4	-	2	2	2	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-
ALASKA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HAWAII.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	BLACK							ALL OTHER RACES ¹								
	TOTAL	UNDER 12 MONTHS	12 TO 23 MONTHS	24 TO 35 MONTHS	36 TO 47 MONTHS	48 TO 71 MONTHS	OVER 71 MONTHS	MEDIAN	TOTAL	UNDER 12 MONTHS	12 TO 23 MONTHS	24 TO 35 MONTHS	36 TO 47 MONTHS	48 TO 71 MONTHS	OVER 71 MONTHS	MEDIAN
UNITED STATES.....	25	2	7	6	6	4	-	34	3	-	2	1	-	-	-	(B)
FEDERAL STATE.....	25	2	7	6	6	4	-	34	3	-	2	1	-	-	-	(B)
NORTHEAST.....	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAINE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND.....	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OHIO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MICHIGAN.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH.....	20	2	6	3	5	4	-	26	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	(B)
DELAWARE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
MARYLAND.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
VIRGINIA.....	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
WEST VIRGINIA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
NORTH CAROLINA.....	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	(B)	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	(B)
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
GEORGIA.....	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
FLORIDA.....	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
KENTUCKY.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
TENNESSEE.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
ALABAMA.....	3	-	2	1	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
MISSISSIPPI.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
ARKANSAS.....	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
LOUISIANA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
OKLAHOMA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
TEXAS.....	4	-	-	-	-	1	3	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
WEST.....	33	-	1	2	-	-	-	(B)	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	(B)
MONTANA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	(B)
IDAHO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
WYOMING.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
COLORADO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
NEW MEXICO.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
ARIZONA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
UTAH.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
NEVADA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
WASHINGTON.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
OREGON.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
CALIFORNIA.....	3	-	1	2	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
ALASKA.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)
HAWAII.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)

B Does not meet publication standards because medians are not computed for States having four or fewer persons removed from under sentence of death.

- Represents zero.

¹The persons enumerated under "All Other Races" were American Indians.

Table 20 (1979)
**Prisoners with death sentence removed,
 by race and offense—regions and States**

See footnotes at end of table.

- Represents z

¹Both persons enumerated under the category "Other" were under sentence of death for assault by a life prisoner resulting in death.
²The persons enumerated under "All other races" were American Indians.

Table 21 (1979)
**Prisoners with death sentence removed,
 by race and age at disposition
 —regions and States**

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES								WHITE							
	ALL AGES	UNDER 20 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 39 YEARS	40 TO 54 YEARS	55 YEARS AND OVER	ALL AGES	UNDER 20 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 39 YEARS	40 TO 54 YEARS	55 YEARS AND OVER
UNITED STATES	56	2	12	19	10	5	8	-	28	-	4	8	8	3	5	-
FEDERAL STATE	56	2	12	19	10	5	8	-	28	-	4	8	8	3	5	-
NORTHEAST	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
NEBRASKA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	41	2	9	11	8	5	6	-	19	-	2	5	6	3	3	-
DELAWARE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	6	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	4	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
GEORGIA	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
FLORIDA	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
KENTUCKY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TENNESSEE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALABAMA	8	-	1	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
MISSISSIPPI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARKANSAS	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LOUISIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA	-	-	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-
TEXAS	6	-	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
WEST	12	-	3	6	1	-	-	2	-	8	1	-	-	-	-	-
MONTANA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDAHO	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WYOMING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
UTAH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
NEVADA	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WASHINGTON	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
OREGON	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CALIFORNIA	4	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

- 5 -

¹The persons enumerated under "All other races" were American Indians.

Table 22 (1979)
**Prisoners with death sentence removed,
 by race and highest grade of schooling
 completed—regions and States**

See Section 5.1 at end of table.

REFERENCES

- Represents zero.

Table 23 (1979)
**Prisoners with death sentence removed,
 by race and marital status at time
 of imprisonment—regions and States**

REFERENCES AND NOTES

¹The persons enumerated under "All other races" were American Indians.

Table 24 (1979)
**Prisoners with death sentence removed,
 by race and legal status at time of capital
 offense—regions and States**

See footnotes at end of table.

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24 (1979) continued
**Prisoners with death sentence removed,
 by race and legal status at time of capital
 offense—regions and States**

See footnotes at end of table.

REFERENCES

¹The persons enumerated under "All" are:

Table 25 (1979)
**Prisoners with death sentence removed,
 by race and prior felony history
 —regions and States**

See footnotes at end of table.

Bernardino, 2004

¹The persons enumerated under "All other" were not included in the total.

Table 26 (December 31, 1979)
**Prisoners under sentence of death,
by race and year received
—regions and States**

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES			WHITE			BLACK			ALL OTHER RACES ¹		
	TOTAL	RECEIVED IN 1979	RECEIVED IN PRIOR YEARS	TOTAL	RECEIVED IN 1979	RECEIVED IN PRIOR YEARS	TOTAL	RECEIVED IN 1979	RECEIVED IN PRIOR YEARS	TOTAL	RECEIVED IN 1979	RECEIVED IN PRIOR YEARS
UNITED STATES	567	158	409	344	98	246	221	58	163	2	2	-
FEDERAL STATE	567	158	409	344	98	246	221	58	163	2	2	-
NORTH EAST	4	4	-	2	2	-	2	2	-	-	-	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	4	4	-	2	2	-	2	2	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	32	18	14	17	8	9	15	10	5	-	-	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	3	1	2	-	-	-	3	1	2	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	19	17	5	10	6	4	9	8	1	-	-	-
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	2	2	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA	6	1	7	6	1	5	2	2	-	-	-	-
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	459	92	367	266	53	213	193	39	154	-	-	-
DELAWARE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	8	3	5	4	2	2	4	1	3	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	8	7	1	4	3	1	4	4	1	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	8	5	3	7	4	3	1	1	1	-	-	-
GEORGIA	71	11	60	33	4	29	38	7	31	-	-	-
FLORIDA	138	23	115	79	11	68	59	12	47	-	-	-
KENTUCKY	3	-	3	2	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	-
TENNESSEE	11	3	8	9	3	6	2	-	1	-	-	-
ALABAMA	43	10	32	18	4	14	25	6	19	-	-	-
MISSISSIPPI	11	2	10	7	1	3	7	1	5	-	-	-
ARKANSAS	12	2	10	7	-	-	5	2	3	-	-	-
LOUISIANA	2	2	2	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA	25	9	16	21	9	12	4	6	1	-	-	-
TEXAS	117	17	100	75	11	64	42	6	36	-	-	-
WEST	72	44	28	59	35	24	11	7	4	2	2	-
MONTANA	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDaho	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WYOMING	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA	22	16	6	19	14	5	3	2	1	-	-	-
UTAH	7	1	6	5	1	4	4	1	1	-	-	-
NEVADA	7	3	4	7	3	4	1	1	1	-	-	-
WASHINGTON	5	1	4	5	1	4	1	-	-	-	-	-
OREGON	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CALIFORNIA	25	20	5	18	13	5	5	5	5	-	2	2
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero.

¹The persons enumerated under "All other races" include one American Indian and one Asian.

Table 27 (December 31, 1979)
 Prisoners under sentence of death,
 by race and months elapsed
 since sentencing—regions and States

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES								
	TOTAL	UNDER 12 MONTHS	12 TO 23 MONTHS	24 TO 35 MONTHS	36 TO 47 MONTHS	48 TO 71 MONTHS	72 MONTHS ¹ AND OVER	MEDIAN ELAPSED MONTHS	
UNITED STATES	567	158	158	95	56	97	3	20	
FEDERAL STATE	567	-	158	-	95	56	-	-	
NORTHEAST	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NORTH CENTRAL	32	18	10	1	2	1	-	10	
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INDIANA	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	(B)	
ILLINOIS	-	14	4	1	-	-	-	7	
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MISSOURI	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	(B)	
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	4	-	2	1	-	18	
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SOUTH	459	92	134	91	53	86	3	24	
DELAWARE	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	(B)	
MARYLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIRGINIA	-	3	4	1	-	-	-	14	
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NORTH CAROLINA	-	7	1	2	-	-	-	7	
SOUTH CAROLINA	-	5	1	2	-	-	-	10	
GEORGIA	-	11	7	18	10	24	1	35	
FLORIDA	-	23	34	23	23	33	2	32	
KENTUCKY	-	-	3	8	-	-	-	(B)	
TENNESSEE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ALABAMA	-	10	18	12	2	1	-	20	
MISSISSIPPI	-	11	1	7	1	-	-	15	
ARKANSAS	-	2	2	2	2	3	-	34	
LOUISIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	
OKLAHOMA	-	9	11	5	-	-	-	18	
TEXAS	-	17	39	21	15	25	-	25	
WEST	72	44	14	3	1	10	9	-	
MONTANA	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	
IDAHO	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)	
WYOMING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ARIZONA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
UTAH	-	16	3	1	1	1	-	10	
NEVADA	-	3	1	4	-	-	-	12	
WASHINGTON	-	5	1	4	-	-	-	14	
OREGON	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CALIFORNIA	-	20	5	-	-	-	-	(B)	
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	WHITE								
	TOTAL	UNDER 12 MONTHS	12 TO 23 MONTHS	24 TO 35 MONTHS	36 TO 47 MONTHS	48 TO 71 MONTHS	72 MONTHS ¹ AND OVER	MEDIAN ELAPSED MONTHS	
UNITED STATES	384	98	98	54	34	57	3	20	
FEDERAL STATE	384	98	98	54	34	57	3	20	
NORTHEAST	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NORTH CENTRAL	17	8	6	-	-	2	1	-	
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INDIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ILLINOIS	-	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MISSOURI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SOUTH	266	53	79	51	31	49	3	24	
DELAWARE	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	(B)	
MARYLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIRGINIA	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	(B)	
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NORTH CAROLINA	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	(B)	
SOUTH CAROLINA	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	(B)	
GEORGIA	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	(B)	
FLORIDA	-	11	20	13	16	17	2	32	
KENTUCKY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	
TENNESSEE	-	2	6	-	-	-	-	(B)	
ALABAMA	-	9	3	-	-	-	-	14	
MISSISSIPPI	-	18	4	6	7	1	-	(B)	
ARKANSAS	-	7	1	-	-	-	-	(B)	
LOUISIANA	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	
OKLAHOMA	-	9	8	4	1	1	-	(B)	
TEXAS	-	11	24	14	10	16	-	26	
WEST	59	35							

Table 27 (December 31, 1979) continued
**Prisoners under sentence of death,
 by race and months elapsed
 since sentencing—regions and States**

See footnotes at end of table.

NOTE: For persons who were resentenced to death during 1979 after having been relieved of the death sentence prior to 1979, the time elapsed is calculated from the most recent sentence date only; thus, the person's total time on death row is understated. There were 10 such cases in Arizona (1 originally sentenced in 1974, 2 in 1975, 3 each in 1976 and 1977, and 1 in 1978) who had their death sentences vacated in 1978 as a result of the Watson decision and were resentenced in 1979 pursuant to the decision in State v. Watson; 3 in Florida (1 sentenced in 1976 and removed in 1977, and 2 sentenced in 1975 and removed in 1978) resentenced during 1979; and, 1 in Texas (sentenced in 1975, removed in 1978) resentenced in 1979. For those persons relieved of the death penalty and resentenced within the same year, time elapsed is calculated from the original sentence date and, thus, is slightly overstated. One such case in Florida was originally sentenced in 1976, then removed and resentenced during 1978.

B Does not meet publication standards because medians are not computed for States having four or fewer persons under sentence of death.

¹The longest amount of time served on death row by those under sentence of death at the end of 1978 was 17 years.

The longest amount of time served on death row by those under sentence of death at the end of
in July 1973 in Georgia.

Table 28 (December 31, 1979)
Prisoners under sentence of death,
by race and offense—regions and States

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES					WHITE				
	ALL OFFENSES ¹	MURDER ¹	RAPE ²	KIDNAP- ING	OTHER	ALL OFFENSES ¹	MURDER ¹	RAPE ²	KIDNAP- ING	OTHER
UNITED STATES	567	566	1	-	-	344	343	1	-	-
FEDERAL STATE	567	566	1	-	-	344	343	1	-	-
NORTHEAST	4	4	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	4	4	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	32	32	-	-	-	17	17	-	-	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	19	19	-	-	-	10	10	-	-	-
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	2	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	-	-	-
NEBRASKA	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	459	458	1	-	-	266	265	1	-	-
DELAWARE	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
MARYLAND	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	8	8	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	8	8	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	8	8	-	-	-	7	7	-	-	-
GEORGIA	71	71	-	-	-	33	33	-	-	-
FLORIDA	138	137	1	-	-	79	78	1	-	-
KENTUCKY	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-
TENNESSEE	11	11	-	-	-	9	9	-	-	-
ALABAMA	43	43	-	-	-	18	18	-	-	-
MISSISSIPPI	11	11	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	-
ARKANSAS	12	12	-	-	-	7	7	-	-	-
LOUISIANA	2	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA	25	25	-	-	-	21	21	-	-	-
TEXAS	117	117	-	-	-	75	75	-	-	-
WEST	72	72	-	-	-	59	59	-	-	-
MONTANA	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-
IDAH0	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
WYOMING	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA	22	22	-	-	-	19	19	-	-	-
UTAH	7	7	-	-	-	5	5	-	-	-
NEVADA	7	7	-	-	-	7	7	-	-	-
WASHINGTON	5	5	-	-	-	5	5	-	-	-
OREGON	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
CALIFORNIA	25	25	-	-	-	18	18	-	-	-
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	BLACK					ALL OTHER RACES ³				
	ALL OFFENSES	MURDER	RAPE	KIDNAP- ING	OTHER	ALL OFFENSES	MURDER	RAPE	KIDNAP- ING	OTHER
UNITED STATES	221	221	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
FEDERAL STATE	221	221	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
NORTHEAST	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	15	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	193	193	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DELAWARE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	38	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GEORGIA	59	59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KENTUCKY	1	1								

Table 29 (December 31, 1979)
**Prisoners under sentence of death,
 by race and age—regions and States**

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES								WHITE							
	ALL AGES	UNDER 20 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 39 YEARS	40 TO 54 YEARS	55 YEARS AND OVER	ALL AGES	UNDER 20 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 39 YEARS	40 TO 54 YEARS	55 YEARS AND OVER
UNITED STATES	567	11	145	151	125	63	65	7	344	7	64	84	90	47	47	5
FEDERAL STATE	567	11	145	151	125	63	65	7	344	7	64	84	90	47	47	5
NORTHEAST	4	-	-	1	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	4	-	-	1	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	32	-	10	7	4	5	5	1	17	-	3	6	2	2	3	1
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	19	-	6	2	4	4	3	-	10	-	3	2	1	2	-	-
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HENNESITY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA	8	-	-	5	-	-	-	2	1	6	-	-	-	-	1	1
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	459	9	119	126	101	44	54	6	266	6	50	65	70	32	39	4
DELAWARE	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	8	-	3	3	1	1	1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	1	3	1	1	1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	8	-	1	3	1	1	2	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	8	-	3	3	1	1	1	-	7	-	3	1	1	1	2	-
GEORGIA	71	-	20	22	11	7	9	1	33	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
FLORIDA	138	-	24	37	41	17	17	1	79	11	18	23	14	12	1	1
KENTUCKY	3	-	1	1	2	3	2	2	2	-	3	2	2	1	1	1
TENNESSEE	11	-	3	2	2	1	1	1	2	-	3	2	1	1	1	1
ALABAMA	43	2	16	10	6	3	5	1	18	2	3	5	2	3	3	1
MISSISSIPPI	11	-	5	2	3	2	1	1	4	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
ARKANSAS	12	-	2	6	2	1	1	1	7	-	1	3	2	1	1	-
LOUISIANA	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	-
OKLAHOMA	25	1	7	2	7	1	6	1	21	1	6	1	7	1	5	1
TEXAS	117	2	34	34	23	12	11	1	75	1	13	23	19	7	11	1
WEST	72	2	16	17	20	12	5	-	59	1	11	13	18	11	5	-
MONTANA	3	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	2	-	1	1	1	1	1	-
IDAHO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WYOMING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA	-	-	5	3	7	4	3	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
UTAH	22	-	5	3	1	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
NEVADA	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
WASHINGTON	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
OREGON	5	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
CALIFORNIA	25	1	6	8	6	4	4	-	18	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	-
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	-

See footnotes at end of table.

NOTE: The youngest person under sentence of death was a black inmate in Texas born in August 1961. The oldest was a white inmate in Florida born in December 1917.

- Represents zero.

¹The persons enumerated under "All other races" include one American Indian and one Asian.

Table 30 (December 31, 1978)
Prisoners under sentence of death,
by race and highest grade of schooling
completed—regions and States

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES								WHITE							
	TOTAL	7TH GRADE OR LESS	8TH GRADE	9TH TO 11TH GRADE	12TH GRADE	ANY COLLEGE	NOT RE-PORTED	TOTAL	7TH GRADE OR LESS	8TH GRADE	9TH TO 11TH GRADE	12TH GRADE	ANY COLLEGE	NOT RE-PORTED		
UNITED STATES	567	55	55	187	121	39	110	344	32	36	102	81	32	61		
FEDERAL STATE	567	55	55	187	121	39	110	344	32	36	102	81	32	61		
NORTHEAST	4	-	-	1	1	1	1	2	-	-	1	1	-	-		
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PENNSYLVANIA	4	-	-	1	1	1	1	2	-	-	1	1	-	-		
NORTH CENTRAL	32	1	3	11	14	2	1	17	-	1	4	9	2	1		
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
INDIANA	3	1	1	2	8	8	1	10	-	4	5	-	-	-		
ILLINOIS	19	1	1	1	8	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MISSOURI	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		
LOUISIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
KANSAS	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
SOUTH	459	52	43	164	90	28	82	266	30	28	86	57	22	41		
DELAWARE	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MARYLAND	1	-	-	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
VIRGINIA	8	2	2	2	1	1	1	4	2	-	-	-	-	-		
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
NORTH CAROLINA	8	1	2	2	1	1	1	4	1	2	2	1	1	1		
SOUTH CAROLINA	8	1	1	2	1	1	1	7	1	2	3	1	1	1		
GEORGIA	71	11	10	27	51	34	6	51	10	10	28	19	5	8		
FLORIDA	136	13	18	51	51	29	29	18	12	12	32	21	12	11		
KENTUCKY	13	1	3	3	6	6	3	6	2	2	1	1	1	1		
TENNESSEE	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
ALABAMA	43	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
MISSISSIPPI	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
ARKANSAS	12	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
LOUISIANA	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
OKLAHOMA	25	3	4	4	4	6	6	26	2	2	7	10	14	7	19	
TEXAS	117	14	4	4	4	4	4	26	2	2	7	10	14	7	19	
WEST	72	2	8	12	16	8	26	59	2	7	10	14	7	19		
MONTANA	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
IDAHO	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Wyoming	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
ARIZONA	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
UTAH	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
NEVADA	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
WASHINGTON	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
OREGON	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
CALIFORNIA	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	BLACK							ALL OTHER RACES ¹						
	TOTAL	7TH GRADE OR LESS	8TH GRADE	9TH TO 11TH GRADE	12TH GRADE	ANY COLLEGE	NOT RE-PORTED	TOTAL	7TH GRADE OR LESS	8TH GRADE	9TH TO 11TH GRADE	12TH GRADE	ANY COLLEGE</th	

Table 31 (December 31, 1979)
Prisoners under sentence of death,
by race and marital status at time
of Imprisonment—regions and States

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES						WHITE					
	TOTAL	MARRIED	DIVORCED OR SEPARATED	WIDOWED	NEVER MARRIED	NOT RE- PORTED	TOTAL	MARRIED	DIVORCED OR SEPARATED	WIDOWED	NEVER MARRIED	NOT RE- PORTED
UNITED STATES	567	190	94	9	208	66	344	128	76	6	101	33
FEDERAL STATE	567	190	94	9	208	66	344	128	76	6	101	33
NORTHEAST	4	-	-	-	3	1	2	-	-	-	2	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
NORTH CENTRAL	32	11	8	-	13	-	17	6	6	-	5	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	3	-	-	-	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	19	9	6	-	4	-	10	4	5	-	1	-
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	2	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	1	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA	8	1	2	-	1	-	5	1	-	-	4	-
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	459	156	74	8	168	51	266	102	58	5	78	23
DELAWARE	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	8	3	1	-	4	-	4	1	1	-	2	-
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	8	3	2	1	3	2	4	2	2	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	8	2	5	1	32	11	33	11	5	-	12	5
GEORGIA	71	23	25	2	1	-	7	2	2	-	-	-
FLORIDA	138	52	27	1	55	4	79	35	17	-	-	-
KENTUCKY	3	-	2	1	1	-	2	1	2	-	-	-
TENNESSEE	11	6	7	1	13	22	18	4	5	-	1	9
ALABAMA	43	7	1	1	13	3	18	4	2	-	1	1
MISSISSIPPI	11	2	2	1	7	1	7	2	1	-	1	1
ARKANSAS	12	3	2	1	7	1	7	2	1	-	4	-
LOUISIANA	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA	25	11	7	2	4	1	21	10	6	-	3	1
TEXAS	117	43	24	4	41	9	75	26	21	-	22	6
WEST	72	21	12	1	24	14	59	20	12	1	16	10
MONTANA	3	1	1	-	1	-	5	1	1	-	-	-
IDAHO	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
WYOMING	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA	22	10	4	1	7	-	19	9	4	1	5	-
UTAH	7	2	2	1	3	1	5	2	2	1	3	2
NEVADA	7	3	1	1	1	2	5	1	1	-	1	2
WASHINGTON	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OREGON	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CALIFORNIA	25	3	2	1	8	12	18	3	2	-	5	5
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	BLACK						ALL OTHER RACES ¹					
	TOTAL	MARRIED	DIVORCED OR SEPARATED	WIDOWED	NEVER MARRIED	NOT RE- PORTED	TOTAL	MARRIED	DIVORCED OR SEPARATED	WIDOWED	NEVER MARRIED	NOT RE- PORTED
UNITED STATES	221	62	18	3	106	32	2	-	-	-	-	1
FEDERAL STATE	221	62	18	3	106	32	2	-	-	-	-	1
NORTHEAST	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	15	5	2	3	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 32 (December 31, 1979)
Prisoners under sentence of death,
by race and legal status at time
of capital offense—regions and States

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES									
	TOTAL	NOT UNDER SENTENCE		UNDER SENTENCE					NOT REPORTED	
		NO CHARGES PENDING	CHARGES PENDING	ON PROBATION	ON PAROLE	ESCAPED FROM PRISON	IMPRISONED	OTHER ¹		
UNITED STATES	567	305	19	20	68	17	21	9	108	
FEDERAL STATE	567	305	19	20	68	17	21	9	108	
NORTH EAST	4	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	1	
HAIKE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PENNSYLVANIA	4	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	
NORTH CENTRAL	32	23	1	1	6	1	-	-	-	
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INDIANA	3	3	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	
ILLINOIS	19	13	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MISSOURI	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
KANSAS	8	5	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	
SOUTH	459	254	14	15	56	14	16	9	81	
DELAWARE	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MARYLAND	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIRGINIA	8	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NORTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SOUTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
GEORGIA	8	6	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	
FLORIDA	71	55	2	3	15	5	1	-	-	
KENTUCKY	138	86	2	1	24	4	6	8	2	
TEENESSEE	11	9	5	-	2	-	1	-	10	
ALABAMA	43	19	5	-	2	-	6	1	-	
MISSISSIPPI	11	9	-	-	4	-	1	-	-	
ARKANSAS	12	4	-	-	6	2	-	-	-	
LOUISIANA	2	2	-	-	3	-	1	-	5	
OKLAHOMA	25	12	-	-	10	-	12	-	63	
TEXAS	117	37	1	4	10	-	-	-	25	
WEST	72	28	4	4	4	2	4	-	26	
MONTANA	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IDAHO	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
KYOMING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ARIZONA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
UTAH	22	9	3	3	4	1	1	-	-	
NEVADA	7	6	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	
WASHINGTON	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OREGON	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CALIFORNIA	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
ALASKA	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	WHITE								NOT REPORTED	
	TOTAL	NOT UNDER SENTENCE		UNDER SENTENCE						
		NO CHARGES PENDING	CHARGES PENDING	ON PROBATION	ON PAROLE	ESCAPED FROM PRISON	IMPRISONED	OTHER ¹		
UNITED STATES	344	186	14	11	37	13	11	4	68	
FEDERAL STATE	344	186	14	11	37	13	11	4	68	
NORTHEAST	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PENNSYLVANIA	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NORTH CENTRAL	17	14	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INDIANA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ILLINOIS	10	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MISSOURI	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NEBRASKA	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SOUTH	266	147	10	9	30	10	6	4	50	
DELAWARE	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MARYLAND	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIRGINIA	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NORTH CAROLINA	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SOUTH CAROLINA	7	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
GEORGIA	33	26	2	2	14	2	2	4	2	
FLORIDA	79	48	25	2	-	-	-	-	-	
KENTUCKY	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TENNESSEE	9	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ALABAMA	18	8	2	-	-	-				

Table 32 (December 31, 1979) continued
**Prisoners under sentence of death,
 by race and legal status at time
 of capital offense—regions and States**

See footnotes at end of table.

— Represents zero.

¹Persons enumerated under the category "Under sentence--Other" include eight from Florida on mandatory conditional release and one from Alabama on authorized temporary leave.

²The persons enumerated under "All other races" include one American Indian and one Asian.

Table 33 (December 31, 1979)
 Prisoners under sentence of death,
 by race and prior felony history
 —regions and States

REGION AND STATE	ALL RACES				WHITE			
	TOTAL	PRIOR FELONY CONVICTIONS	NO PRIOR FELONY CONVICTIONS	NOT REPORTED	TOTAL	PRIOR FELONY CONVICTIONS	NO PRIOR FELONY CONVICTIONS	NOT REPORTED
UNITED STATES	567	290	162	115	344	177	100	67
FEDERAL STATE	567	290	162	115	344	177	100	67
NORTHEAST	4	3	-	1	2	2	-	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	4	3	-	1	2	2	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	32	16	15	1	17	6	10	1
OHIO	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	9	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	19	9	9	1	10	2	7	1
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	459	233	118	108	266	136	67	63
DELAWARE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	8	7	1	-	4	4	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	8	6	2	-	4	2	2	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	8	4	4	-	7	4	3	-
GEORGIA	71	37	26	8	33	15	15	3
FLORIDA	138	88	43	7	79	53	21	5
KENTUCKY	3	3	-	-	2	2	-	-
TENNESSEE	11	6	4	1	9	6	3	-
ALABAMA	43	16	11	16	18	7	5	6
MISSISSIPPI	11	2	8	1	4	1	3	-
ARKANSAS	12	12	-	-	7	7	-	-
LOUISIANA	2	1	1	-	1	-	1	-
OKLAHOMA	25	17	8	-	21	16	5	-
TEXAS	117	34	8	75	75	19	7	49
WEST	72	38	29	5	59	33	23	3
MONTANA	3	2	1	-	2	2	-	-
IDAHO	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-
WYOMING	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA	22	13	9	-	19	11	8	-
UTAH	7	3	4	-	5	2	4	-
NEVADA	7	4	3	-	5	2	1	-
WASHINGTON	5	2	3	-	1	1	-	-
OREGON	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
CALIFORNIA	25	11	9	5	13	9	6	3
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

REGION AND STATE	BLACK				ALL OTHER RACES ¹			
	TOTAL	PRIOR FELONY CONVICTIONS	NO PRIOR FELONY CONVICTIONS	NOT REPORTED	TOTAL	PRIOR FELONY CONVICTIONS	NO PRIOR FELONY CONVICTIONS	NOT REPORTED
UNITED STATES	221	112	61	48	2	1	1	-
FEDERAL STATE	221	112	61	48	2	1	1	-
NORTHEAST	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VERMONT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RHODE ISLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONNECTICUT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CENTRAL	15	10	5	-	-	-	-	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDIANA	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
ILLINOIS	9	7	2	-	-	-	-	-
MICHIGAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IOWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSOURI	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANSAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH	193	97	51	45	-	-	-	-
DELAWARE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARYLAND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIRGINIA	4	3	1	-	-	-	-	-
WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NORTH CAROLINA	4	4	1	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GEORGIA	38	22	11	5	-	-	-	-
FLORIDA	59	35	22	2	-	-	-	-
KENTUCKY	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
TENNESSEE	22	9	6	10	-	-	-	-
ALABAMA	25	9	5	1	-	-	-	-
MISSISSIPPI	7	5	1	-	-	-	-	-
ARKANSAS	5	5	1	-	-	-	-	-
LOUISIANA	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
OKLAHOMA	4	1	3	2	-	-	-	-
TEXAS	42	15	1	26	-	-	-	-
WEST	11	4	5	2	-	-	-	-
MONTANA	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
IDAHO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WYOMING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARIZONA	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
UTAH								

FORM NPS-8 111-3-771		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ACTING AS COLLECTING AGENT FOR THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SURVEY U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		CENSUS USE ONLY	
				a. Report year	b.
				19__	Card ___ of ___ Cards
REPORT OF INMATES UNDER SENTENCE OF DEATH NATIONAL PRISONERS STATISTICS				Bureau of the Census ATTN: Demographic Surveys Division Washington, D.C. 20233	
IMPORTANT - Please read instructions on reverse before completing this form.				RETURN TO	
1. State				Month Year	
2. Inmate name Last _____ First _____ Middle Initial _____				Month Year	
3. Sex (Mark (X) appropriate box) 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Male 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Female				Month Year	
4a. Race (Mark (X) appropriate box) 1 <input type="checkbox"/> White 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Black 3 <input type="checkbox"/> American Indian or Alaskan Native 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Asian or Pacific Islander 5 <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Specify _____				Month Year	
b. Hispanic origin (Mark (X) appropriate box) 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Hispanic 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Hispanic 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Not known				Month Year	
5. Date of birth Month Year				Month Year	
6. Capital offense(s) for which imprisoned <input type="checkbox"/> Murder <input type="checkbox"/> Rape <input type="checkbox"/> Kidnap <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Specify _____				Month Year	
CENSUS USE ONLY				Month Year	
7. Marital status at time of first imprisonment for capital offense 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Married - Include common law marriage 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Divorced or separated 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Widowed 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Never married 5 <input type="checkbox"/> Not known				Month Year	
8. Highest year of education completed at time of first imprisonment for capital offense 01 <input type="checkbox"/> 7th grade or less 02 <input type="checkbox"/> 8th grade 03 <input type="checkbox"/> 9th grade 04 <input type="checkbox"/> 10th grade 05 <input type="checkbox"/> 11th grade 06 <input type="checkbox"/> 12th grade - (Include GED) 07 <input type="checkbox"/> 1st year of college 08 <input type="checkbox"/> 2nd year 09 <input type="checkbox"/> 3rd year 10 <input type="checkbox"/> 4th year 11 <input type="checkbox"/> More than 4 years of college 12 <input type="checkbox"/> Not known				Month Year	
9. Legal status at time of capital offense (Mark (X) appropriate box) NOT UNDER SENTENCE 1 <input type="checkbox"/> No charges pending 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Charges pending UNDER SENTENCE 3 <input type="checkbox"/> On probation 4 <input type="checkbox"/> On parole 5 <input type="checkbox"/> On escape 6 <input type="checkbox"/> Imprisoned 7 <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Specify legal status _____				Month Year	
a. Reason for inmate's removal from under sentence of death (Mark (X) appropriate box) 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Executed 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Deceased by other causes				Month Year	
3 <input type="checkbox"/> Capital sentence declared unconstitutional by State or U.S. Supreme Court				Month Year	
4 <input type="checkbox"/> Sentence commuted				Month Year	
5 <input type="checkbox"/> Conviction affirmed, sentence overturned by appellate court				Month Year	
6 <input type="checkbox"/> Conviction and sentence overturned by appellate court				Month Year	
7 <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Specify _____				Month Year	
8 <input type="checkbox"/> Information not available at this office				Month Year	
d. Current status of inmate removed from sentence of death (Mark the one box showing the inmate's status as of the day you fill out this report, i.e., TODAY)				Month Year	
1 <input type="checkbox"/> Under new sentence of _____ 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Awaiting retrial to determine guilt 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Awaiting resentencing only (guilt affirmed) 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Found not guilty in retrial 5 <input type="checkbox"/> All charges on capital offense dropped 6 <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Specify _____				Month Year	
7 <input type="checkbox"/> No action has been taken since removal from sentence of death 8 <input type="checkbox"/> Information not available at this office				Month Year	

Questionnaire

INSTRUCTIONS

Please complete one card for each person who (1) entered your State's correctional system under sentence of death at any time during the report year, or (2) had received a sentence of death in a previous year but was not previously reported. Attempt to answer all items.

Item 6. Card of Cards - Complete this item to insure proper accounting of all persons under sentence of death in your correctional system who have not been previously reported.
Example. If you are reporting 4 persons who were given a sentence of death during the report year, or had not been previously reported, and this card relates to the third person reported, you would enter:
Card 3 of 4 Cards

Item 4b. Hispanic Origin - Hispanics are defined as those having an ethnic origin or background in Central America, South America, Mexico, Cuba, Puerto Rico, or Spain.

Item 5. Date of Birth - Enter two digits for month (January = 01, February = 02, etc.) and last two digits of year.

Item 6. Capital offense for which imprisoned - Mark all and only those offenses for which capital punishment was originally levied.

Item 7. Marital status at time of first imprisonment for capital offense - "Time of first imprisonment" refers to the inmate's original time of arrival at prison after his first sentencing to death. Separated does not include separation for reason of imprisonment.

Item 8. Highest year of education completed at time of first imprisonment for capital offense - Time frame as in Item 7 above. Include Graduate Equivalent Degree (GED) as "12th grade."

Item 9. Legal status at time of capital offense - If the person was known to be free in all States with no charges pending at the time of the offense, mark "Not under sentence - no charges pending." If the person was charged but not sentenced, e.g. out on bail, mark "Not under sentence - charges pending." If person was under sentence (not merely charged) at time of offense, mark "On probation," "On parole," "Imprisoned," "On escape," or "Other" as appropriate.

Item 11. Date of original conviction for capital offense - Enter the first month and year (digits as in Item 5) in which the person was found guilty of the capital offense. DO NOT enter the date of appeal rejections or prison admission.

Item 12. Date of first sentence for capital offense - Enter the month and year (digits as in Item 5) after the person's original conviction in which inmate was first sentenced to death.

Item 13a. Inmate status on December 31, 19- Indicate whether or not the inmate was under sentence of death at the end of the report year.

Item 13b. - If inmate was under sentence of death on December 31, indicate if the inmate was on escape or at a mental hospital. Enter the month and year of escape or transfer to mental hospital.

Item 13c. Manner of removal from sentence of death - Complete this item only if sentence of death was removed during the calendar year. Mark the box which most accurately describes how the inmate was initially removed from sentence of death.

Item 13d. Current status of inmate removed from sentence of death - Mark the one box which most accurately shows the inmate's legal status as of THE DATE THIS REPORT IS COMPLETED. If "Under new sentence" enter new sentence.

FORM NPS-6 (11-677)

CONTINUED**1 OF 2**

Form Approved: O.M.B. No. 43-R0591

FORM NPS-8 (11-3-77) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ACTING AS COLLECTING AGENT FOR THE LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		CENSUS USE ONLY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
		a. Report year	b.						
		19 <u> </u>	Card <u> </u> of <u> </u> Cards						
REPORT OF INMATES UNDER SENTENCE OF DEATH NATIONAL PRISONERS STATISTICS		Bureau of the Census ATTN: Demographic Surveys Division Washington, D.C. 20233							
IMPORTANT - Please read instructions on reverse before completing this form.		RETURN TO							
1. State		10. Prior felony conviction(s) (Mark (X) appropriate box)							
2. Inmate name Last <u> </u> First <u> </u> Middle Initial <u> </u>		1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes 2 <input type="checkbox"/> No 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown							
3. Sex (Mark (X) appropriate box)		11. Date of original conviction for capital offense							
1 <input type="checkbox"/> Male 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Female		Month <u> </u> Year <u> </u> <u> </u> - <u> </u>							
4a. Race (Mark (X) appropriate box)		12. Date of first sentence for capital offense							
1 <input type="checkbox"/> White 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Black 3 <input type="checkbox"/> American Indian or Alaskan Native 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Asian or Pacific Islander 5 <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Specify <u> </u>		Month <u> </u> Year <u> </u> <u> </u> - <u> </u>							
b. Hispanic origin (Mark (X) appropriate box)		13a. Inmate status on December 31, 19 <u> </u> (Mark (X) appropriate box)							
1 <input type="checkbox"/> Hispanic 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Hispanic 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Not known		1 <input type="checkbox"/> Under sentence of death - Continue with item b 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Sentence of death removed - Skip to items c and d							
5. Date of birth Month <u> </u> Year <u> </u> <u> </u> - <u> </u>		b. Was this inmate on escape or at a mental hospital on December 31? Month Year							
6. Capital offense(s) for which imprisoned		1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, on escape - Enter month and year of escape ... <u> </u> - <u> </u> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, at a mental hospital - Enter month and year of transfer to mental hospital ... <u> </u> - <u> </u> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> No							
		No further information required for this inmate							
c. Reason for inmate's removal from under sentence of death (Mark (X) appropriate box)		Month Year							
		1 <input type="checkbox"/> Executed <u> </u> - <u> </u> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Deceased by other causes .. <u> </u> - <u> </u> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Capital sentence declared unconstitutional by State or U.S. Supreme Court .. <u> </u> - <u> </u> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Sentence commuted <u> </u> - <u> </u> 5 <input type="checkbox"/> Conviction affirmed, sentence overturned by appellate court .. <u> </u> - <u> </u> 6 <input type="checkbox"/> Conviction and sentence overturned by appellate court .. <u> </u> - <u> </u> 7 <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Specify <u> </u> - <u> </u> 8 <input type="checkbox"/> Information not available at this office							
d. Current status of inmate removed from sentence of death (Mark the one box showing the inmate's status as of the day you fill out this report, i.e., TODAY)									
		1 <input type="checkbox"/> Under new sentence of _____ 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Awaiting retrial to determine guilt 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Awaiting resentencing only (guilt affirmed) 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Found not guilty in retrial 5 <input type="checkbox"/> All charges on capital offense dropped 6 <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Specify <u> </u> - <u> </u> 7 <input type="checkbox"/> No action has been taken since removal from sentence of death 8 <input type="checkbox"/> Information not available at this office							
9. Legal status at time of capital offense (Mark (X) appropriate box)									
NOT UNDER SENTENCE									
1 <input type="checkbox"/> No charges pending 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Charges pending									
UNDER SENTENCE									
3 <input type="checkbox"/> On probation 4 <input type="checkbox"/> On parole 5 <input type="checkbox"/> On escape 6 <input type="checkbox"/> Imprisoned 7 <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Specify legal status <u> </u> - <u> </u>									
8 <input type="checkbox"/> UNKNOWN									

Form Approved: O.M.B. No. 043-R0591

FORM NPS-8A (11-29-77) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ACTING AS COLLECTING AGENT FOR THE LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE UPDATE REPORT OF INMATES UNDER SENTENCE OF DEATH NATIONAL PRISONERS STATISTICS		Part A - IDENTIFICATION OF INMATE <table border="1"> <tr> <td>1. Name of inmate</td> <td>2. Ident. No.</td> <td>3. Race</td> <td>4. State</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5. Birth date</td> <td>6. Sex</td> <td>7. Origin</td> <td>8. Marital status at time of first imprisonment for capital offense</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">9. Highest year of education completed at time of first imprisonment for capital offense</td> <td>10. Capital offense(s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">12. Legal status at time of capital offense</td> <td>13. Date of original conviction for capital offense</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3"></td> <td>14. Date of first sentence for capital offense</td> </tr> </table>				1. Name of inmate	2. Ident. No.	3. Race	4. State	5. Birth date	6. Sex	7. Origin	8. Marital status at time of first imprisonment for capital offense	9. Highest year of education completed at time of first imprisonment for capital offense			10. Capital offense(s)	12. Legal status at time of capital offense			13. Date of original conviction for capital offense				14. Date of first sentence for capital offense												
1. Name of inmate	2. Ident. No.	3. Race	4. State																																		
5. Birth date	6. Sex	7. Origin	8. Marital status at time of first imprisonment for capital offense																																		
9. Highest year of education completed at time of first imprisonment for capital offense			10. Capital offense(s)																																		
12. Legal status at time of capital offense			13. Date of original conviction for capital offense																																		
			14. Date of first sentence for capital offense																																		
INSTRUCTIONS <p>Part A — The inmate's name and information previously reported are entered in item 1 and items 3 through 14. (Item 2 is a Census assigned number.) Please review the information and correct if necessary.</p> <p>Part B</p> <p>Item 1 — Inmate status — Indicate whether or not the inmate was under sentence of death as of the date shown.</p> <p>Item 2 — If inmate was under sentence of death, indicate if the inmate was on escape or at a mental hospital. Enter the month and year of escape or transfer to mental hospital.</p> <p>Item 3a — Manner of removal from sentence of death — Complete this item only if sentence of death was removed during the calendar year. Mark the box which most accurately describes how the inmate was <u>initially</u> removed from sentence of death.</p> <p>Item 3b — Enter the month and year the inmate was removed from under sentence of death.</p> <p>Item 4 — Current status of inmate removed from sentence of death — Mark the one box which most accurately shows the legal status of this inmate as of THE DATE THIS REPORT IS COMPLETED. If "Under new sentence," enter new sentence.</p> <p>Remarks</p>		Part B — STATUS OF INMATE UPDATE INFORMATION <table border="1"> <tr> <td>1. Was this inmate still under sentence of death on this date? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes — Continue with item 2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> December 31, 1979</td> <td colspan="3">CENSUS USE ONLY</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> No, sentence of death removed — Skip to items 3 and 4</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Was this inmate on escape or at a mental hospital on the date shown in item 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, on escape — Enter month and year of escape <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, at a mental hospital — Enter month and year of transfer to mental hospital Month _____ Year _____</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> No</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">NO FURTHER INFORMATION IS REQUIRED FOR THIS INMATE — RETURN THIS FORM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3a. What was the reason this inmate was removed from under sentence of death? <input type="checkbox"/> Executed <input type="checkbox"/> Deceased by other causes <input type="checkbox"/> Capital sentence declared unconstitutional by State or U.S. Supreme Court <input type="checkbox"/> Sentence commuted <input type="checkbox"/> Conviction affirmed, sentence overturned by appellate court <input type="checkbox"/> Conviction and sentence overturned by appellate court <input type="checkbox"/> Other — Specify _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Information not available at this office</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>b. In what month and year was this inmate removed from under sentence of death? Month _____ Year _____</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. As of TODAY, what is the status of this inmate? <input type="checkbox"/> Under new sentence of _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Awaiting retrial to determine guilt <input type="checkbox"/> Awaiting resentencing only (guilt affirmed) <input type="checkbox"/> Found not guilty in retrial <input type="checkbox"/> All charges on capital offense dropped <input type="checkbox"/> Other — Specify _____ <input type="checkbox"/> No action has been taken since removal from sentence of death <input type="checkbox"/> Information not available at this office</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> </table>				1. Was this inmate still under sentence of death on this date? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes — Continue with item 2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> December 31, 1979	CENSUS USE ONLY			<input type="checkbox"/> No, sentence of death removed — Skip to items 3 and 4				2. Was this inmate on escape or at a mental hospital on the date shown in item 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, on escape — Enter month and year of escape <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, at a mental hospital — Enter month and year of transfer to mental hospital Month _____ Year _____				<input type="checkbox"/> No				NO FURTHER INFORMATION IS REQUIRED FOR THIS INMATE — RETURN THIS FORM				3a. What was the reason this inmate was removed from under sentence of death? <input type="checkbox"/> Executed <input type="checkbox"/> Deceased by other causes <input type="checkbox"/> Capital sentence declared unconstitutional by State or U.S. Supreme Court <input type="checkbox"/> Sentence commuted <input type="checkbox"/> Conviction affirmed, sentence overturned by appellate court <input type="checkbox"/> Conviction and sentence overturned by appellate court <input type="checkbox"/> Other — Specify _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Information not available at this office				b. In what month and year was this inmate removed from under sentence of death? Month _____ Year _____				4. As of TODAY, what is the status of this inmate? <input type="checkbox"/> Under new sentence of _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Awaiting retrial to determine guilt <input type="checkbox"/> Awaiting resentencing only (guilt affirmed) <input type="checkbox"/> Found not guilty in retrial <input type="checkbox"/> All charges on capital offense dropped <input type="checkbox"/> Other — Specify _____ <input type="checkbox"/> No action has been taken since removal from sentence of death <input type="checkbox"/> Information not available at this office			
1. Was this inmate still under sentence of death on this date? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes — Continue with item 2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> December 31, 1979	CENSUS USE ONLY																																				
<input type="checkbox"/> No, sentence of death removed — Skip to items 3 and 4																																					
2. Was this inmate on escape or at a mental hospital on the date shown in item 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, on escape — Enter month and year of escape <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, at a mental hospital — Enter month and year of transfer to mental hospital Month _____ Year _____																																					
<input type="checkbox"/> No																																					
NO FURTHER INFORMATION IS REQUIRED FOR THIS INMATE — RETURN THIS FORM																																					
3a. What was the reason this inmate was removed from under sentence of death? <input type="checkbox"/> Executed <input type="checkbox"/> Deceased by other causes <input type="checkbox"/> Capital sentence declared unconstitutional by State or U.S. Supreme Court <input type="checkbox"/> Sentence commuted <input type="checkbox"/> Conviction affirmed, sentence overturned by appellate court <input type="checkbox"/> Conviction and sentence overturned by appellate court <input type="checkbox"/> Other — Specify _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Information not available at this office																																					
b. In what month and year was this inmate removed from under sentence of death? Month _____ Year _____																																					
4. As of TODAY, what is the status of this inmate? <input type="checkbox"/> Under new sentence of _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Awaiting retrial to determine guilt <input type="checkbox"/> Awaiting resentencing only (guilt affirmed) <input type="checkbox"/> Found not guilty in retrial <input type="checkbox"/> All charges on capital offense dropped <input type="checkbox"/> Other — Specify _____ <input type="checkbox"/> No action has been taken since removal from sentence of death <input type="checkbox"/> Information not available at this office																																					

1. National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) records show that at the end of 1978 your State had NO CAPITAL PUNISHMENT STATUTE. At any time in 1979 was such a law established?	<input type="checkbox"/> No — Go to Question 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Date _____ Citation _____		
2. During 1979, was that law explicitly struck by the U.S. or State Supreme Court?	<input type="checkbox"/> No — Go to Question 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Wholly struck { <input type="checkbox"/> By U.S. Supreme Court <input type="checkbox"/> By State Supreme Court Partially struck { <input type="checkbox"/> By U.S. Supreme Court <input type="checkbox"/> By State Supreme Court Date _____ Citation _____ Please provide a copy of the decision, if possible.		
3. In the opinion of the Attorney General, what was the impact on persons sentenced under your State's statute?	<input type="checkbox"/> All were effectively removed from under sentence of death as of the decision date; that is, legally these persons could not be executed under that sentence. <input type="checkbox"/> None were effectively removed from under sentence of death as of the decision date; that is, legally these persons could still possibly be executed under that sentence. <input type="checkbox"/> Some were effectively removed from under sentence of death as of the decision date while others were not; that is, legally some could still possibly be executed under that sentence while others could not.		
4. As of December 31, 1979, does your State CONSTITUTION specifically prohibit capital penalties?	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Date _____ Citation _____		
5. As of December 31, 1979, does your State have any STATUTE specifically prohibiting capital penalties?	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Date _____ Citation _____		
6. As of December 31, 1979, your State —	<input type="checkbox"/> Had a capital punishment statute <input type="checkbox"/> Had no capital punishment statute — Go to Item 9		
7. For what offense(s) can the death penalty be imposed in your State?	_____ _____		
8. What methods of execution are authorized in your capital punishment statute?	_____ _____		
9. Accompanying this form is an historical summary through December 31, 1978, of your State's capital punishment statutes as published by National Prisoner Statistics in CAPITAL PUNISHMENT 1978. Please review and correct if necessary. NPS will document any changes in the 1979 publication.			
10. Report submitted by →	Name and title _____	Telephone _____	Date completed _____

FORM NPS-B (6-23-79)

1. National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) records show that at the end of 1978 your State had a capital punishment statute. During 1979, was that law explicitly struck in whole or in part by the U.S. or the State Supreme Court?	<input type="checkbox"/> No — Go to Question 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes Wholly struck { <input type="checkbox"/> By U.S. Supreme Court <input type="checkbox"/> By State Supreme Court Partially struck { <input type="checkbox"/> By U.S. Supreme Court <input type="checkbox"/> By State Supreme Court Date _____ Citation _____ Please provide a copy of the decision, if possible.		
2. In the opinion of the Attorney General, what was the impact on persons sentenced under your State's statute?	<input type="checkbox"/> All were effectively removed from under sentence of death as of the decision date; that is, legally these persons could not be executed under that sentence. <input type="checkbox"/> None were effectively removed from under sentence of death as of the decision date; that is, legally these persons could still possibly be executed under that sentence. <input type="checkbox"/> Some were effectively removed from under sentence of death as of the decision date while others were not; that is, legally some could still possibly be executed under that sentence while others could not.		
3. During 1979, was the capital punishment statute: (Mark (X) all that apply)	<input type="checkbox"/> Revised or modified Date _____ Citation _____ <i>If revised more than once, please specify</i> _____ _____		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Replaced (entirely new statute) Date _____ Citation _____ <input type="checkbox"/> None of the above		
4. As of December 31, 1979, your State —	<input type="checkbox"/> Had a capital punishment statute <input type="checkbox"/> Had no capital punishment statute — Go to Item 7		
5. For what offense(s) can the death penalty be imposed in your State?	_____ _____		
6. What methods of execution are authorized in your capital punishment statute?	_____ _____		
7. Accompanying this form is an historical summary through December 31, 1978, of your State's capital punishment statutes as published by National Prisoner Statistics in CAPITAL PUNISHMENT 1978. Please review and correct if necessary. NPS will document any changes in the 1979 publication.			
8. Report submitted by →	Name and title _____	Telephone _____	Date completed _____
	Area code _____	Number _____	Extension _____

FORM NPS-B (6-23-79)

Methodology

This report is based principally upon data obtained through a mail canvass of the Federal Bureau of Prisons and correctional authorities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia, as well as from information published in previous reports in the *Capital Punishment* series. Information on the legal status of the death penalty and on methods of execution was obtained through a questionnaire mailed to the office of the Attorney General of each jurisdiction. The final completion rate was 100 percent.

The series covers all persons under sentence of death at any time during the year and held in a State or Federal correctional facility. The coverage includes capital prisoners transferred from death row to such noncorrectional institutions as mental hospitals and prisoners who may have escaped from custody (no such prisoners were reported for 1979). Not included are capital prisoners who for any reason remain in local correctional institutions outside the jurisdiction of the State or Federal correctional authorities from whom data for this series are obtained.

A major procedural change introduced in 1976 was continued through 1979. Beginning with 1976, inmates sentenced to death under statutory provisions later found unconstitutional are removed from the NPS death-row count as of the date of the relevant court finding rather than as of the date of the specific application of the finding to the individual, as had been the practice prior to 1976. As result of this change, the following two data items for 1976 through 1979 are not strictly comparable with corresponding items in pre-1976 issues of this series: the length of time elapsed from sentencing to disposition in the case of those removed from under the death penalty, and the amount of time expired since sentencing in the case of those still on death row at the end of the year. This change also precludes strict comparability between 1976 through 1979 data and pre-1976 data on the number of persons removed from death row and on individuals remaining under sentence of death at year's end.

In addition, two changes in concept and format differentiate 1977-1979 information from data reported in earlier issues in this series. For persons removed from death row, respondents were asked, as in

previous years, to supply information about disposition. Prior to 1971, the "method of disposition" was displayed exactly as reported to the NPS program (e.g., indictment dismissed or judgment reversed, commuted to life or term of years, resentenced to life or term of years, new trial granted or resentencing ordered, etc.). Between 1971 and 1975, the specific method of disposition reported by respondents was not tabulated in the report; rather, persons removed from the death-row count were listed under one of two categories: "removed from death row" or "died." In 1976, a single table displayed either the method of removal or, in the case of inmates who had undergone further processing after removal from death row, the yearend status (See Table 12, *Capital Punishment*, 1976). Beginning in 1977, on the other hand, respondents were asked to report, for each person relieved of the death sentence, both the "method of removal" (Table 17) and the "yearend status" in the follow-up process (Table 18). In 1976, for example, a prisoner whose capital sentence was vacated as a result of the nullification of a death penalty statute and who received a reduced sentence before the end of the year was tallied only once, i.e., under the category "reduction of sentence" (Table 12, *Capital Punishment*, 1976); beginning in 1977, a prisoner experiencing this sequence of events was tallied both in Table 17 (under "sentencing provisions of State statute struck down") and in Table 18 (under "serving reduced sentence"). Thus, because method of disposition information beginning in 1977 included both method of removal and yearend status for each prisoner relieved of the death sentence, it is not comparable with that for 1976 nor with that for the years prior to 1971. Because no detail was published in the 1971 through 1975 issues, no such comparison is possible.

A second procedural change initiated in the 1977 issue of the series related to the annual revision of historical records on the movement of capital prisoners to account for admissions and removals reported late to the NPS program. Previously, such transactions were simply added to or deleted from the January 1 count of the year in which the report was received, without, however, adjusting the data on admissions, removals, or net yearend figures for the year in which the

transactions actually occurred. Beginning with the 1977 report, the relevant data are presented to reflect such adjustments, and figures for previous years have been comparably revised to provide a consistent basis for assessing historical trends (Table 6). Because of the time lag likely to occur between the receipt of the death penalty and transfer to a State correctional facility, the figures for recent years are subject to revision as supplementary data are received by the NPS program.

The collection of data on ethnicity (i.e., Hispanic or non-Hispanic origin) started with the 1977 enumeration, and the characteristic is determined irrespective of race. *Hispanic origin* is defined in the instruction to Item 4b, Form NPS-8. The count of Hispanic inmates may be subject to error, as correctional authorities in some jurisdictions maintain such information as a matter of record, whereas those in other jurisdictions make a determination solely on the basis of surname inspection.

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Bureau of Justice Statistics
Washington, D.C. 20531

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National Criminal Justice Reference Service
Bureau of Justice Statistics
U.S. Department of Justice
Box 6000
Rockville, Maryland 20850

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If you wish to receive copies of any of the Bureau of Justice Statistics Reports listed on the reverse side, please list them below.

END