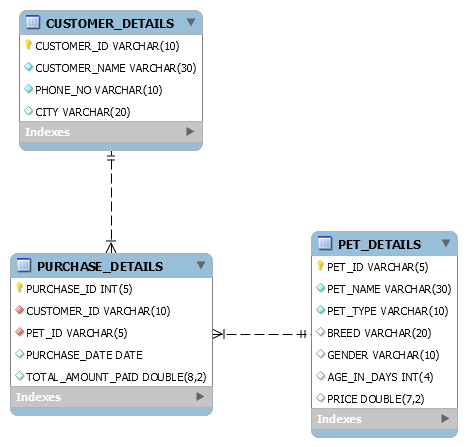
Write a query to display the customer id, customer name and number of pets purchased as NO\_OF\_PETS of those customers who have purchased more than one pet. Sort the records based on customer id.

(Hint: Use **CUSTOMER\_DETAILS and PURCHASE\_DETAILS**tables to retrieve records.)



CREATE DATABASE Shop;

USE Shop;

CREATE TABLE Customer\_Details(

Customer\_id VARCHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY,

Customer\_Name VARCHAR(30),

Phone\_No VARCHAR(10),

City VARCHAR(20)

);

CREATE TABLE Purchase\_Details(

Purchase\_id INT(5) PRIMARY KEY,

Customer\_id VARCHAR(10),

FOREIGN KEY (Customer\_id) REFERENCES Customer\_Details(Customer\_id),

Pet\_id VARCHAR(5),

Purchase\_Date DATE,

Total\_Amount\_Paid DOUBLE(8,2)

);

INSERT INTO Customer\_Details VALUES('3','Kevin','9000000000','Kochi');

INSERT INTO Purchase\_Details VALUES('6','1','6','2022-10-23',10000.00);

SELECT \* FROM Customer\_Details;

SELECT \* FROM Purchase\_Details;

SELECT q1.Customer\_id,Customer\_Details.Customer\_Name,q1.No\_of\_Pets

FROM (SELECT \* FROM (SELECT Customer\_id, COUNT(Customer\_id) AS 'No\_of\_Pets' FROM Purchase\_Details GROUP BY Customer\_id) q2 WHERE No\_of\_Pets > 1) q1

JOIN Customer\_Details

WHERE q1.Customer\_id = Customer\_Details.Customer\_id ORDER BY q1.Customer\_id ASC;