**Exams to take to study in Europe**

The tests you must take to study as an undergraduate in Europe can differ according on the nation and the university you are applying to. Here are a few standard prerequisites, though:

**1. Language Proficiency Tests**

* **IELTS (International English Language Testing System)** or **TOEFL (Test of English as a Foreign Language)**: Often required for non-native English speakers applying to programs taught in English.
* For non-English programs, you may need to take a language proficiency test in the respective language (e.g., DELE for Spanish, DELF for French, TestDaF for German).

**2. Standardized Tests**

* **SAT (Scholastic Assessment Test)**: Some universities, particularly in the UK, may accept SAT scores, especially for American students.
* **ACT (American College Testing)**: Similar to the SAT, some programs may accept ACT scores.

**3. Specific Entrance Exams**

* Some countries have specific entrance exams. For example:
  + **Germany**: The Abitur is often required, but international students may need to take the **TestAS** (Test for Academic Studies).
  + **Italy**: Some programs, especially in medicine or engineering, may require specific entrance exams like the IMAT (International Medical Admissions Test).

**4. Additional Requirements**

* **Portfolio**: For art or design programs, a portfolio may be required.
* **Interviews**: Some programs may require an interview as part of the application process.

**5. Country-Specific Requirements**

* **UK**: A-Level results or equivalent qualifications are typically required for university admission.
* **France**: The Baccalauréat is necessary for admission to universities.
* **Netherlands**: A secondary school diploma equivalent to the Dutch VWO may be required.