## Monitoring Machine Learning/Deep Learning Models

Basically, there are different types the model learns, some of the main types are

- 1. Supervised Learning
- 2. Unsupervised Learning

In supervised learning there are

- 1. Regression
  - a. Predictive Models
  - b. Forecasting Models
- 2. Classification: In classification, too there are some standard evaluation metrics, which uses confusion matrix. When it comes to NLP, there are different metrics.

So now, let us look into monitoring predictive models with respect to (w.r.t) regression (predictive models):

- Typically, when you are launching the machine-learning model you will calculate the Loss Function (Ordinary Least Square (OLS), or Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) or Mean Absolute Error (MAE)). So the smaller the loss function the better it is. So lets assume that you have got a model that has the lowest loss function and you are satisfied with the result and you have launched the model. Now comes the harder question how do we monitor the model?
  - There are several ways to monitor the model, one way is to find out the confidence interval before launching the best model and if the predictions are falling out of the confidence interval then send an alert to the model developer.
  - Statistical tests like Kolmogorov-Smirnov, Anderson-Darling, or KL Divergence tests for each predictor variable/feature can be used. Summary statistics like mean, standard deviations can also be used.

Now let us look into how we can monitor the forecasting models