GR 11 FUNCTIONS SUMMARY SHEET

	Linear		Parabola		Hyperbold		EXPONEN+i G L	
Equation	y = ax+q		$y = \alpha x^2 + bx + c$ $y = \alpha (x - p)^2 + q$		$y = \frac{a}{x-p} + q$		y = a.b ^x +q b must be +	
Shape	a>0	a<0	a>0	a<0 *	a>0 *	0<0	a>0, b>1	a<0, b>1
	x = k	y = k	p<0 (shift left)	p>0 shift right	p<0	p>0	a>0, b fraction	a<0. b fraction
Domain	x∈R	x ∈ R	x∈R	x∈R	$x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq p$	$x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq p$	x ∈ R	x ∈ R
Range	γ∈R	γ∈R	$\gamma \in [q, \infty)$	γ∈(-∞; q]	y ∈ R, y≠q	γ∈R, γ≠q	$\gamma \in (q, \infty)$	γ∈(-∞; q]
Notes	a = gradient q = y-intercept		(p,q) is turning point $x = -\frac{b}{2a} \text{ or } \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$		p is vertical asymptote q is horizontal asymptote		q is horizontal asymptote	
Inverse f-(x)			Reflection about line Must restrict domain of original function to ensure the inverse is a function $y = ax^2$ $y = \pm \sqrt{\frac{x}{a}}$		ey = x (switch x and y)		Log function $(y=log_a x)$ $y = e^x$ $y = ln x$	