

# Hospital Appointment System

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## FUNCTIONALITIES REQUIRED

### 1. User & Access Management

#### 1. User Registration / Profile

- Create accounts for:
  - **Patients** (individuals booking appointments)
  - **Doctors / Clinicians** (view/manage schedules, patient details)
  - **Front-Desk Staff / Receptionists** (assist patients, manage bookings)
  - **Administrators** (oversee system, manage users, settings)
- Profile fields per role:
  - Patients: name, date of birth, gender, contact info, address, emergency contact, insurance details (optional)
  - Doctors: name, specialty, qualifications, contact info, working hours, consultation fees
  - Staff/Admin: name, role, contact info, privileges
- Profile update: change password, update contact details, upload profile photo (optional)
- Role assignment and permissions (e.g., `ROLE_PATIENT`, `ROLE_DOCTOR`, `ROLE_RECEPTIONIST`, `ROLE_ADMIN`)
- “Remember me” cookies and session timeout enforcement

#### 2. Authentication & Authorization

- Login/Logout (Tomcat session creation/invalidation) for all user types
- Role-based access control to restrict pages/actions (e.g., only doctors view their own schedules, only admins manage other users)
- “Forgot Password” workflow (e-mail reset link with time-limited token)
- Enforce strong password policies (e.g., minimum length, mixed character classes)
- Hash passwords (BCrypt or similar) before storing in Derby
- CSRF protection tokens on all POST forms

#### 3. Audit Trail (optional but recommended)

- Log critical user actions—login attempts, profile updates, appointment bookings or cancellations—with timestamp, user ID, and IP address
- Maintain an `AuditLog` table for troubleshooting and compliance

### 2. Patient Management

#### 1. Patient Master Records

- Store personal details: Full Name, DOB, Gender, Contact (phone, e-mail), Address, Emergency Contact, Insurance Provider/Policy Number (if applicable)
- Unique Patient ID/Record Number (generated)
- Upload supporting documents (e.g., insurance card scan, ID) and track verification status

#### 2. Medical History & Demographics

- Capture basic medical history flags: chronic conditions (e.g., diabetes, hypertension), allergies, past surgeries
- Link to external EMR modules (if integrated) or store summary notes in Derby

- Track demographic fields: blood type, weight, height, primary physician
- 3. **Search & Filter Patients**
  - Search by Patient ID, name, phone number, or e-mail
  - Filter by age group (pediatric, adult, geriatric), insurance status, or chronic condition (e.g., “All diabetics”)
- 4. **Patient Status & Notifications**
  - Track status: Active, Inactive, Blocked (e.g., for unpaid bills), Deceased
  - Generate automated notifications: upcoming appointments, appointment reminders, missed appointments follow-up

### 3. Doctor / Clinician Management

1. **Doctor Profiles & Schedules**
  - Store doctor details: Name, Specialty/Department, Qualifications, Contact, Consultation Fees, Clinic Location
  - Define working days/hours per doctor (e.g., Dr. Smith: Mon/Wed/Fri, 9 AM–12 PM; Tue/Thu, 2 PM–5 PM)
  - Maintain schedule exceptions: vacations, conferences, on-call duty
2. **Availability & Time Slots**
  - Configure appointment slot length (e.g., 15 min, 30 min) per doctor/department
  - Block out unavailable slots (e.g., surgery, rounds, lunch)
  - Support “special clinics” (e.g., diabetic foot clinic every Tuesday) with custom time slot patterns
3. **Search & Filter Doctors**
  - Search by name, specialty, department, or location
  - Filter by availability (e.g., “Show all cardiologists with free slots this week”)
  - Show doctor ratings or feedback aggregates (if integrated)
4. **Doctor Dashboard**
  - View upcoming appointments (day/week view) with patient name, reason, and status
  - Quick access to patient records (Demographics, History) when clicking an appointment
  - Mark appointment status: Checked-In, In-Consultation, Completed, No-Show, Cancelled
  - Record quick notes or follow-up instructions tied to that appointment

### 4. Appointment Scheduling

1. **Appointment Booking (Patient Portal)**
  - Patients log in and choose:
    - Department or Specialty → Doctor (or “Any available in Department”)
    - Date range (e.g., next 7 days) → display available slots
  - Select available slot → confirm appointment; generate Appointment ID/Confirmation Code
  - At confirmation: capture reason for visit (e.g., “Annual check-up,” “Chest pain”), preferred language, any special needs
2. **Walk-In & Front-Desk Booking**
  - Receptionist/Staff portal: search patient by ID or register new patient → book appointment on behalf
  - Ability to override or manually insert appointments (e.g., emergency walk-in) at front desk
  - Immediate check-in for walk-ins (bypass slot requirement if urgent)
3. **Appointment Modification & Cancellation**
  - Patients or staff can reschedule (change date/time) or cancel if within allowed window (e.g., > 24 hours before)
  - Automatic release of slot back to availability grid on cancellation

- Track cancellation reasons and frequency (e.g., “Patient no-show” triggers warning)
- 4. **Recurring Appointments & Follow-Ups**
  - For chronic patients, allow booking recurring slots (e.g., dialysis every Mon/Wed/Fri at 10 AM for next month)
  - System generates series of appointment entries; doctors can confirm or adjust each occurrence
  - Link follow-up notes so that when a clinician marks one completed, next is auto-scheduled per interval
- 5. **Appointment Status & Check-In Process**
  - Status flow: Scheduled → Confirmed → Checked-In → In-Consultation → Completed / No-Show / Cancelled
  - At check-in, front desk marks patient as “Checked-In” and prints a queue ticket or notifies nurse staff
  - Doctor’s portal updates status to “In-Consultation” when patient enters, then “Completed” when done
- 6. **Waitlist Management (Optional)**
  - If no slots available, patients can join a waitlist for a particular doctor/date
  - When a slot frees up or a cancellation occurs, system auto-notifies next waitlisted patient to confirm or decline
  - Manage waitlist queue per doctor or per department

## 5. Notifications & Reminders

1. **Automated E-Mail / SMS Reminders**
  - Send reminders 24 hours and 2 hours before scheduled appointment; include doctor name, time, location, and link to reschedule
  - Use JavaMail API for e-mails (HTML templates) and mock or real SMS gateway (e.g., Twilio) for SMS
2. **In-App Notifications / Alerts**
  - Dashboard alerts for patients: upcoming appointments, missed appointments follow-up
  - Dashboard alerts for doctors: new appointments booked, cancellations, urgent messages from front desk
  - Staff/admin alerts: overbookings, no-show trends, critical cancellations
3. **Push Notifications (Optional)**
  - If mobile module exists, send push via Web Push or mobile app integration for reminders and status changes
4. **Notification Templates & Preferences**
  - Store configurable templates in database:
    - **Appointment Confirmation:** {PatientName}, your appointment with Dr. {DoctorName} is confirmed for {DateTime}
    - **Reminder:** Reminder: Your appointment tomorrow at {Time} with Dr. {DoctorName}
    - **Cancellation:** Your appointment on {DateTime} has been cancelled by {DoctorName}
  - Allow patients to opt in/out of SMS vs. e-mail notifications, choose language

## 6. Doctor & Clinic Workflow

1. **Doctor Dashboard & Appointment Queue**
  - Show today’s schedule in chronological order with patient names and appointment types (New, Follow-Up)

- Color-code appointments by status: Scheduled, Checked-In, No-Show, Completed
  - One-click access to patient profile and medical history (if integrated with EMR)
  - Buttons to mark “In-Consultation,” “Complete,” or “Cancel”
2. **Nurse / Triage Station**
    - Nurses see a waiting list of checked-in patients for a given doctor/department
    - Record vital signs (BP, temperature, weight) pre-consultation and link to appointment record
    - Assign priority (e.g., “High priority: severe chest pain”) so doctors can reorder queue
  3. **Consultation Notes & Follow-Up Orders**
    - After consultation, doctor enters brief notes: diagnosis code, summary, prescribed investigations (lab tests, imaging), medication orders (if permitted)
    - Schedule follow-up appointment automatically if needed (e.g., “Review in 2 weeks”) or leave to front-desk staff
  4. **Clinical Task Management (Optional)**
    - For multi-disciplinary clinics, create tasks for ancillary departments (e.g., “Lab: draw blood for CBC,” “Radiology: chest X-ray”)
    - Monitor task status: Pending → Completed → Results available → Notify doctor
  5. **Overbooking & Exception Handling**
    - Allow doctors/staff to overbook a small number of slots per day if historically certain patients no-show (configurable threshold)
    - Flag overbooked slots and alert front desk to manage queue and patient expectations

## 7. Payment & Billing (Optional or Integrated)

1. **Consultation Fees & Billing Items**
  - Define consultation fee per doctor or per department (e.g., General Practitioner: \$50, Specialist: \$100)
  - Additional charges: urgent visit fee, late-day fee, weekend/holiday surcharge
  - Store these fees in a `BillingItems` table with effective dates
2. **Collecting Payments at Check-In or Check-Out**
  - Front desk captures payment at time of booking or at time of visit (configurable)
  - Support payment methods: cash, credit/debit card (mock integration), insurance co-pay
  - Record transaction in `Payments` table: `PaymentID`, `PatientID`, `AppointmentID`, amount, method, transaction timestamp, status
3. **Invoice / Receipt Generation**
  - Generate PDF/HTML invoice summarizing consultation fee and any additional charges (e.g., lab tests, imaging)
  - E-mail or print receipt for patient; store digital copy in `Invoices` table
4. **Insurance & Co-Pay Handling (Optional)**
  - Capture insurance details at patient registration (provider, policy number, coverage info)
  - At booking, compute estimated co-pay or coverage share and bill accordingly
  - Generate claim data for integration with external insurance systems (mock CSV export)
5. **Outstanding Balances & Payment Reminders**
  - Track unpaid invoices; if balance remains after appointment, flag patient and prevent future booking until cleared
  - Automated reminders via e-mail/SMS for outstanding balances after X days

## 8. Reporting & Analytics

1. **Appointment Reports**

- Daily/Weekly/Monthly counts: total appointments scheduled, completed, cancelled, no-shows
  - Utilization rates per doctor: percentage of slots filled vs. available
  - Average wait time: time between scheduled appointment time and actual “In-Consultation” timestamp
2. **Patient Flow & No-Show Analysis**
- No-show rate by department, doctor, day of week, or time slot
  - Peak booking hours and idle periods, to adjust staffing levels
  - Average lead time: time between booking and appointment date
3. **Revenue & Billing Reports (if billing integrated)**
- Total revenue per doctor/department by period, average revenue per appointment
  - Payment breakdown by method (cash vs. card) and outstanding receivables
  - Insurance vs. self-pay revenue share (if insurance module enabled)
4. **Doctor Performance & Load**
- Number of consultations per doctor per day/week, average consultation duration (based on timestamps)
  - Comparison of scheduled vs. actual consultations to identify overruns or downtime
5. **Custom/Ad-Hoc Report Builder**
- UI for administrators to define custom filters (e.g., “List all no-shows for Dr. Patel in March 2025”)
  - Export results to CSV, Excel, or PDF; schedule automated report e-mail delivery
6. **Dashboard & KPIs**
- Role-based dashboards:
    - **Admin:** Overall appointment volume, revenue metrics, no-show trends, system usage
    - **Manager/Receptionist:** Today’s schedule summary, pending cancellations, waitlist length
    - **Doctor:** Personal load (today’s appointments), upcoming days’ schedules, patient no-show counts
    - **Patient:** Upcoming appointments, recent visit history, outstanding balances
  - Drag-and-drop widgets to allow users to customize their dashboard layout; save in DashboardConfig table

## 9. Integration & Technical Infrastructure

1. **Database Schema (Derby)**
- **Tables:**
    - Users (UserID, username, password\_hash, role\_id, status, created\_at)
    - Roles (RoleID, role\_name)
    - Patients (PatientID, UserID, full\_name, dob, gender, contact\_info, address, insurance\_provider, insurance\_policy, status)
    - Doctors (DoctorID, UserID, full\_name, specialty, qualifications, contact\_info, consultation\_fee, status)
    - ClinicLocations (LocationID, name, address, phone)
    - DoctorSchedules (ScheduleID, DoctorID, day\_of\_week, start\_time, end\_time, slot\_duration\_minutes, location\_id)
    - Appointments (AppointmentID, PatientID, DoctorID, scheduled\_datetime, status, reason, created\_at, updated\_at)
    - AppointmentStatuses (e.g., Scheduled, Confirmed, CheckedIn, InConsultation, Completed, Cancelled, NoShow)
    - WaitlistEntries (WaitlistID, PatientID, DoctorID, requested\_date, position, created\_at)
    - Notifications (NotificationID, UserID, type, content, is\_read, created\_at)

- Payments (PaymentID, PatientID, AppointmentID, amount, method, transaction\_id, status, paid\_at)
  - Invoices (InvoiceID, PaymentID, amount, issued\_at, invoice\_pdf\_path)
  - AuditLogs (LogID, UserID, action\_type, resource\_type, resource\_id, timestamp, ip\_address)
- Define primary/foreign keys and indexes on high-volume columns (e.g., Appointments.scheduled\_datetime, DoctorSchedules.DoctorID)
- Constraints:
  - Ensure no overlapping schedule entries for the same doctor/time
  - Enforce appointment slot availability based on DoctorSchedules
- 2. JDBC Data Access Layer (DAO)**
  - DAO classes for each major entity (e.g., UserDao, PatientDao, DoctorDao, AppointmentDao, PaymentDao)
  - Use PreparedStatement for all SQL operations to prevent SQL injection
  - Configure Tomcat JDBC connection pool in context.xml for performance and concurrency
- 3. Servlets & JSP (or JSP + JSTL)**
  - **Controllers (Servlets) examples:**
    - UserServicelet (login, registration, profile management)
    - PatientServlet (patient CRUD, search, verify insurance)
    - DoctorServlet (doctor CRUD, schedule management)
    - ScheduleServlet (view/modify doctor availability, block times)
    - AppointmentServlet (book, modify, cancel, check-in, complete)
    - WaitlistServlet (join, notify, remove waitlist entries)
    - NotificationServlet (list, mark as read)
    - PaymentServlet (process payments, record transactions, refunds)
    - InvoiceServlet (generate, download invoices)
    - ReportServlet (generate/export reports)
    - DashboardServlet (role-based dashboards)
  - **Views (JSPs) examples:**
    - login.jsp, registerPatient.jsp, patientProfile.jsp, doctorProfile.jsp, adminDashboard.jsp
    - doctorList.jsp, doctorSchedule.jsp, scheduleForm.jsp
    - appointmentForm.jsp (select doctor/date/time), appointmentList.jsp, appointmentDetail.jsp
    - waitlistForm.jsp, waitlistList.jsp
    - paymentForm.jsp, invoiceView.jsp, paymentHistory.jsp
    - notificationList.jsp
    - reports.jsp, dashboard.jsp
  - Follow MVC: Servlets → Service/DAO → Model → JSP; use JSTL tags (<c:forEach>, <c:if>, <fmt:formatDate>, <fmt:formatNumber>) for dynamic content
- 4. Session & Cookie Management**
  - Store user role, user ID, and session-specific flags (e.g., current patient search filter) in session attributes
  - Enforce session timeout (e.g., 20 minutes of inactivity) in web.xml or programmatically
  - Use secure, HTTP-only cookies for session IDs and optional “Remember me” tokens
- 5. Validation & Error Handling**
  - Client-side validation (JavaScript) for required fields (e.g., ensure appointment date/time is selected)
  - Server-side validation in servlets (e.g., check doctor’s availability before booking; check insurance details if required)
  - Custom error pages (404.jsp, error.jsp) with user-friendly messages; log stack traces internally

## 6. Security

- Enforce HTTPS (Tomcat SSL configuration) so all data in transit is encrypted
- Use `PreparedStatement` to prevent SQL injection; sanitize free-text inputs (appointment reasons, notes) to prevent XSS
- Restrict URL patterns by role in `web.xml` (e.g., `/doctor/*` only for `ROLE_DOCTOR`, `/receptionist/*` only for `ROLE_RECEPTIONIST`, `/admin/*` only for `ROLE_ADMIN`)
- Protect file upload directories (e.g., insurance scans, profile photos) by storing them outside the webroot and validating file types/sizes

## 7. Deployment on Tomcat

- Define servlet mappings and security constraints in `WEB-INF/web.xml`
- Place Derby driver JARs in `WEB-INF/lib`; choose embedded vs. network server mode based on concurrency needs
- Configure JDBC `DataSource` in `META-INF/context.xml` or global `tomcat/conf/context.xml`

## 8. Logging

- Use Log4j2 or `java.util.logging` to capture:
  - INFO: normal operations (e.g., “Patient 1002 booked Appointment 3005 with Doctor 2001 at 2025-06-10 10:00”)
  - WARN: unusual events (e.g., “Attempt to book slot already taken for Appointment 3005”)
  - ERROR: system failures or exceptions (e.g., DB connection errors, servlet exceptions)
- Roll logs daily and archive older logs for audit and compliance

## 9. Backup & Restore (optional but recommended)

- Schedule nightly Derby database backups via `SYSCS_UTIL.SYSCS_BACKUP_DATABASE`
- Provide an admin UI or script to restore from a selected backup ZIP in case of data corruption or loss

## 10. Unit & Integration Tests (optional)

- JUnit tests for DAO and service layers (e.g., ensure `AppointmentDAO.bookAppointment()` enforces slot availability and no overlaps)
- Integration tests for servlets using embedded Tomcat or Mock frameworks (e.g., Mockito to simulate HTTP requests, session handling, and role enforcement)

# 10. Other Functionalities

## 1. EMR / Clinical Data Integration (optional)

- If integrated with an EMR, provide links to full patient chart, lab results, prescriptions, and treatment plans from the appointment detail page
- Use RESTful or JDBC integration to pull/push data between the Appointment System and EMR

## 2. Telemedicine / Virtual Consultations (optional)

- Provide an option to book “Telehealth” appointments; generate secure video conference link (e.g., Zoom, Jitsi)
- Store session link and allow doctor/patient to join from dashboard
- Automatically send link via e-mail/SMS reminder 1 hour before

## 3. Mobile-Friendly & PWA Enhancements

- Design JSP pages using a responsive framework (e.g., Bootstrap) so patients and staff can access from tablets or smartphones
- Implement service workers for offline caching of critical pages (e.g., upcoming appointments)

## 4. API Endpoints (optional)

- Expose RESTful services for:
  - Doctor availability (`GET /api/doctors/{id}/availability?date=2025-06-15`)

- Book appointment (POST /api/appointments)
  - Get patient appointments (GET /api/patients/{id}/appointments)
  - Cancel appointment (DELETE /api/appointments/{id})
- Secure API calls with token-based authentication (e.g., JWT) and rate-limit requests
- 5. **Multi-Location / Multi-Branch Support (optional)**
  - Support multiple clinic locations or branches under the same hospital network
  - Allow patients to select preferred location when booking; maintain separate schedules per location
  - Enable cross-location transfers if a doctor practices at multiple sites
- 6. **Multi-Language & Localization (i18n)**
  - Use Java Resource Bundles (messages\_en.properties, messages\_es.properties) for UI text
  - Detect user's locale and render JSPs with <fmt:formatMessage> and <fmt:formatDate> tags
  - Format dates, times, and numbers according to locale preferences
- 7. **Accessibility Compliance (WCAG)**
  - Ensure JSPs use semantic HTML (e.g., proper labels for form fields, ARIA attributes) to support screen readers
  - Provide keyboard navigation and sufficient color contrast for visually impaired users
- 8. **Analytics Dashboard & KPIs**
  - Drag-and-drop widgets for quick insights:
    - "Today's Appointments by Department"
    - "Upcoming No-Show Follow-Ups"
    - "Revenue from Consultations" (if billing enabled)
    - "Doctor Utilization Rates"
  - Save user-specific dashboard layouts in a DashboardConfig table
- 9. **High Availability & Scalability Considerations**
  - Deploy in a clustered Tomcat environment behind a load balancer for fault tolerance
  - Run Derby in network server mode on a dedicated DB server, or migrate to a clustered RDBMS (e.g., PostgreSQL, MySQL) as usage grows
  - Implement caching (e.g., Ehcache) for frequently accessed data (doctor schedules, patient details) to reduce database load