

# Proof theory for modal and non-classical logics (a biased introduction)

## Proof theory for intuitionistic modal logics

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MoL project course  
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# Outline

Intuitionistic modal logics

Nested-style sequents

Labelled sequents

# Constructive modal logics

$$\mathcal{L} ::= p \mid \perp \mid A \wedge B \mid A \vee B \mid A \supset B \mid \Box A \mid \Diamond A \quad \neg A \equiv A \supset \perp$$

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CS4

CS5

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CTB

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CD45

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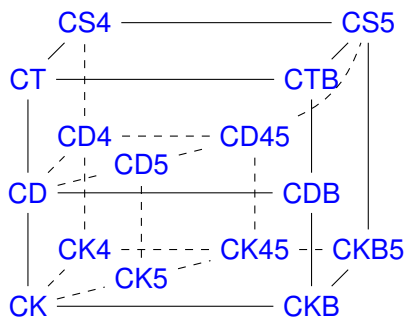
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Rules of **G3i**, plus

$$k_{\Box} \frac{C_1, \dots, C_n \Rightarrow A}{\Box C_1, \dots, \Box C_n, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Box A} \quad k_{\Diamond} \frac{C_1, \dots, C_n, A \Rightarrow B}{\Box C_1, \dots, \Box C_n, \Diamond A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Diamond B}$$

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IK

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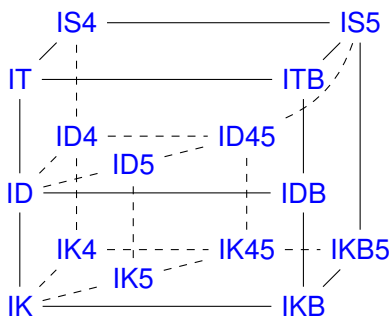
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1. IML is conservative over IPL.
2. IML contains all substitution instances of theorems of IPL and is closed under modus ponens.
3. The addition of the schema  $A \vee \neg A$  to IML yields a standard classical modal logic.
4. If  $A \vee B$  is a theorem of IML then either  $A$  is a theorem of IML or  $B$  is.
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$$\text{IML} \vdash A \iff \text{IFOL} \vdash \text{ST}(A)(x)$$



# Some observations

- ▶ The  $\Diamond$ -free fragment of CK and IK are **different**
  - ★  $\neg\neg\Box\neg p \rightarrow \Box\neg p$  (inspired from the double negation translation!)
  - ★  $(\neg\Box\perp \rightarrow \Box\perp) \rightarrow \Box\perp$  (attributed to Carsten Grefe)

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- ▶ There are no known Gentzen-style calculi for IK

# Bi-relational models for IK (and extensions)

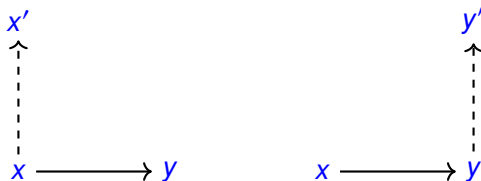
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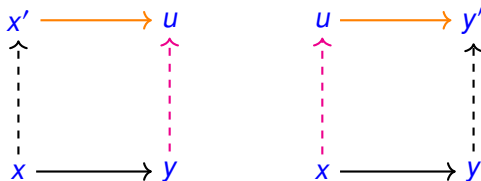
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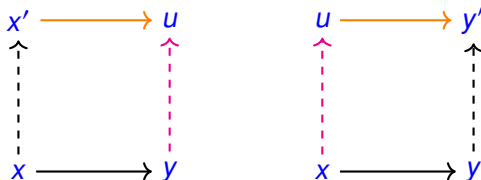
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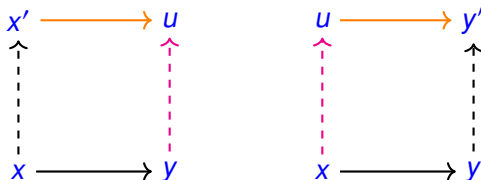


- $x \Vdash A \supset B$  iff for all  $y$  s.t.  $x \leq y$ , if  $y \Vdash A$ , then  $y \Vdash B$
- $x \Vdash \Box A$  iff for all  $y, z$  s.t.  $x \leq y$  and  $y R z$ ,  $z \Vdash A$
- $x \Vdash \Diamond A$  iff there exists  $z$  s.t.  $x R z$  and  $z \Vdash A$

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👉 *Monotonicity*    if  $x \leq y$  and  $x \Vdash A$ , then  $y \Vdash A$

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# Single-conclusion nested sequents [Straßburger, 2013]

Polarised formulas:  $A^\bullet$  and  $A^\circ$

$$A, B \Rightarrow C, D \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad A^\bullet, B^\bullet, C^\circ, D^\circ$$

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$\Gamma\{\}$  context;  $\Gamma^*\{\}$  context with the unique output formula removed

# Single-conclusion nested rules $\text{NIK}_s$ (and extensions)

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \perp^\bullet \frac{}{\Gamma\{\perp^\bullet\}} \quad \text{id} \frac{}{\Gamma\{a^\bullet, a^\circ\}} \quad \wedge^\bullet \frac{\Gamma\{A^\bullet, B^\bullet\}}{\Gamma\{A \wedge B^\bullet\}} \quad \wedge^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{A^\circ\} \quad \Gamma\{B^\circ\}}{\Gamma\{A \wedge B^\circ\}} \quad \vee^\bullet \frac{\Gamma\{A^\bullet\} \quad \Gamma\{B^\bullet\}}{\Gamma\{A \vee B^\bullet\}} \\
 \vee_{s1}^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{A^\circ\}}{\Gamma\{A \vee B^\circ\}} \quad \vee_{s2}^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{B^\circ\}}{\Gamma\{A \vee B^\circ\}} \quad \supset_s^\bullet \frac{\Gamma^*\{A \supset B^\bullet, A^\circ\} \quad \Gamma\{B^\bullet\}}{\Gamma\{A \supset B^\bullet\}} \quad \supset_s^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{A^\bullet, B^\circ\}}{\Gamma\{A \supset B^\circ\}} \\
 \Box^\bullet \frac{\Gamma\{\Box A^\bullet, [A^\bullet, \Delta]\}}{\Gamma\{\Box A^\bullet, [\Delta]\}} \quad \Box_s^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{[A^\circ]\}}{\Gamma\{\Box A^\circ\}} \quad \Diamond^\bullet \frac{\Gamma\{[A^\bullet]\}}{\Gamma\{\Diamond A^\bullet\}} \quad \Diamond^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{[A^\circ, \Delta]\}}{\Gamma\{\Diamond A^\circ, [\Delta]\}}
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 d_s^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{[A^\circ]\}}{\Gamma\{\Diamond A^\circ\}} \quad t_s^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{A^\circ\}}{\Gamma\{\Diamond A^\circ\}} \quad b_s^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{[\Delta, A^\circ]\}}{\Gamma\{[\Delta, \Diamond A^\circ]\}} \quad 4_s^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{[\Diamond A^\circ, \Delta]\}}{\Gamma\{\Diamond A^\circ, [\Delta]\}} \\
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# Main results

 [Straßburger, 2013]

$\text{NIK}_S + X^\bullet + X^\circ$ , for  $X \subseteq \{D, T, B, 4, 5\}$

## Soundness

Whenever a sequent  $\Gamma$  is provable in  $\text{NIK}_S + X^\bullet + X^\circ$ , then  $\text{fm}(\Gamma)$  is  $X$ -valid.

Cut-admissibility for  $\text{NIK}_S + X^\bullet + X^\circ$

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\Gamma\{\emptyset\}}{\Gamma\{\wedge\}} \quad \text{w} \qquad \frac{\Gamma\{A^\bullet, A^\bullet\}}{\Gamma\{A^\bullet\}} \quad \text{c} \qquad \frac{\Gamma^*\{A^\bullet\} \quad \Gamma\{A^\bullet\}}{\Gamma\{\emptyset\}} \quad \text{cut} \end{array}$$

## Completeness

Let  $X \subseteq \{D, T, B, 4, 5\}$  be 45-closed. Then every theorem of the logic  $\text{IK} + X$  is provable in  $\text{NIK}_S + X^\bullet + X^\circ$ .



# Main results

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👉 [Marin, Straßburger, 2014]: full modularity by adding rules

# Multi-conclusion nested sequents [Kuznets, Straßburger, 2019]

Polarised formulas:  $A^\bullet$  and  $A^\circ$

$$A, B \Rightarrow C, D \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad A^\bullet, B^\bullet, C^\circ, D^\circ$$

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Multi-conclusion nested sequents

$$B_1^\bullet, \dots, B_h^\bullet, C_1^\circ, \dots, C_k^\circ, [\Gamma_1], \dots, [\Gamma_m]$$

where  $B_1, \dots, B_h, C_1, \dots, C_k$  are formulas and  $\Gamma_1, \dots, \Gamma_m$  are multi-conclusion nested sequents.

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$\Gamma\{\}$  context;  $\Gamma^*\{\}$  context with **all** output formula removed

# Multi-conclusion rules $\text{NIK}_m$ (and extensions)

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \perp^\bullet \frac{}{\Gamma\{\perp^\bullet\}} \quad \text{id} \frac{}{\Gamma\{a^\bullet, a^\circ\}} \quad \wedge^\bullet \frac{\Gamma\{A^\bullet, B^\bullet\}}{\Gamma\{A \wedge B^\bullet\}} \quad \wedge^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{A^\circ\} \quad \Gamma\{B^\circ\}}{\Gamma\{A \wedge B^\circ\}} \quad \vee^\bullet \frac{\Gamma\{A^\bullet\} \quad \Gamma\{B^\bullet\}}{\Gamma\{A \vee B^\bullet\}} \\
 \vee_m^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{A^\circ, B^\circ\}}{\Gamma\{A \vee B^\circ\}} \quad \supset_m^\bullet \frac{\Gamma\{A \supset B^\bullet, A^\circ\} \quad \Gamma\{B^\bullet\}}{\Gamma\{A \supset B^\bullet\}} \quad \supset_m^\circ \frac{\Gamma^*\{A^\bullet, B^\circ\}}{\Gamma\{A \supset B^\circ\}} \\
 \Box^\bullet \frac{\Gamma\{\Box A^\bullet, [A^\bullet, \Delta]\}}{\Gamma\{\Box A^\bullet, [\Delta]\}} \quad \Box_m^\circ \frac{\Gamma^*\{[A^\circ]\}}{\Gamma\{\Box A^\circ\}} \quad \Diamond^\bullet \frac{\Gamma\{[A^\bullet]\}}{\Gamma\{\Diamond A^\bullet\}} \quad \Diamond^\circ \frac{\Gamma\{[A^\circ, \Delta]\}}{\Gamma\{\Diamond A^\circ, [\Delta]\}}
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 \\
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# Main results: Soundness

- For a sequent  $\Gamma$ , let  $tr(\Gamma)$  denote its sequent tree.
- For a sequent  $\Gamma$  and a birelational model  $\mathcal{M} = \langle W, \leq, R, V \rangle$ , define a  **$\mathcal{M}$ -map**  $f : tr(\Gamma) \rightarrow W$  such that, whenever  $\delta$  is a children of  $\gamma$  in  $tr(\Gamma)$ , then  $f(\gamma) R f(\delta)$ .
- A sequent  $\Gamma$  is **satisfied by a  $\mathcal{M}$ -map**  $f$  iff
$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{M}, f(\gamma) \models A \text{ for all } A^\bullet \in \gamma \in tr(\Gamma) &\implies \\ \implies \mathcal{M}, f(\delta) \models B \text{ for some } B^\circ \in \delta \in tr(\Gamma) \end{aligned}$$
- For  $X \subseteq \{D, T, B, 4, 5\}$ , a sequent is **X-valid** iff it is satisfiable by all  $\mathcal{M}$ -maps for all X-models  $\mathcal{M}$ .

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$NIK_m + X^\bullet + X^\circ$ , for  $X \subseteq \{D, T, B, 4, 5\}$

## Soundness

Whenever a sequent  $\Gamma$  is provable in  $NIK_m + X^\bullet + X^\circ$ , then  $\Gamma$  is X-valid.



# Main results: Completeness

## Completeness

Let  $X \subseteq \{D, T, B, 4, 5\}$  be 45-closed. Then if  $\Gamma$  is  $X$ -valid, then  $\Gamma$  is provable in  $\text{NIK}_m + X^\bullet + X^\circ$ .

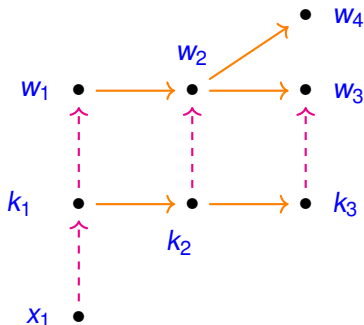
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$$\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{\Gamma^*\{A^\bullet, B^\circ\}}{\supset_m^\circ \Gamma\{A \supset B^\circ\}} & \frac{\Gamma^*\{[A^\circ]\}}{\Box_m^\circ \Gamma\{\Box A^\circ\}} & \frac{\Gamma\{[A^\bullet]\}}{\Diamond^\bullet \Gamma\{\Diamond A^\bullet\}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\Box_m^\circ \frac{[\Box s \rightarrow q^\bullet, [s^\circ], [r^\bullet]], \Box(\Box s \rightarrow q)^\bullet}{\supset_m^\bullet \frac{[\Box s \rightarrow q^\bullet, \Box s^\circ, [r^\bullet]], \Box(\Box s \rightarrow q)^\bullet, c^\circ}{\Box_m^\circ \frac{[\Box s \rightarrow q^\bullet, [r^\bullet]], \Box(\Box s \rightarrow q)^\bullet, c^\circ}{\Box_m^\circ \frac{[[r^\bullet]], \Box(\Box s \rightarrow q)^\bullet, c^\circ}{\Diamond^\bullet \frac{[\Diamond r^\bullet], \Box(\Box s \rightarrow q)^\bullet, c^\circ}{\Diamond^\bullet \frac{\Diamond\Diamond r^\bullet, \Box(\Box s \rightarrow q)^\bullet, c^\circ}{\wedge^\bullet \frac{(\Diamond\Diamond r \wedge \Box(\Box s \rightarrow q))^\bullet, c^\circ}{\rightarrow_m^\circ ((\Diamond\Diamond r \wedge \Box(\Box s \rightarrow q)) \rightarrow c)^\circ}}}}} \end{array}$$



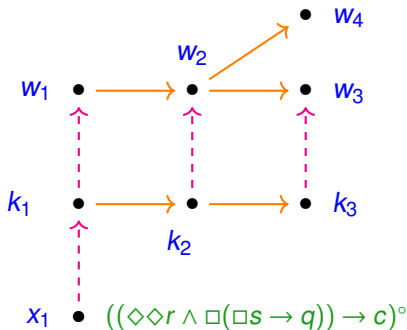
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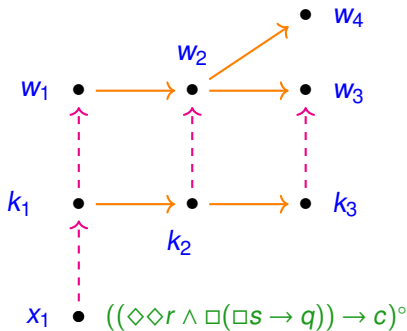
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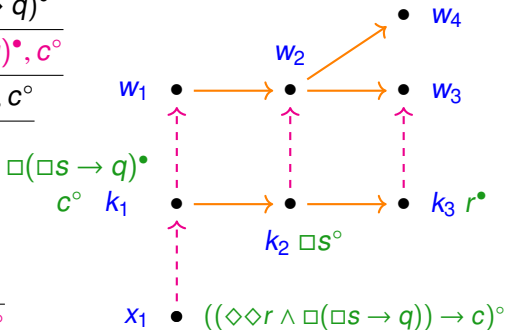
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## Main results: Completeness

## Completeness

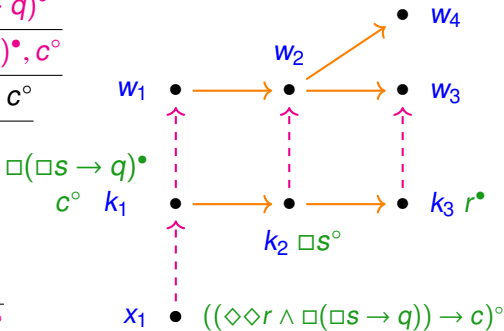
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$$\diamond^\bullet \frac{\Gamma\{[A^\bullet]\}}{\Gamma\{\diamond A^\bullet\}}$$

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\frac{\Diamond^\bullet \quad \Diamond\Diamond r^\bullet, \Box(\Box s \rightarrow q)^\bullet, c^\circ}{\wedge^\bullet} \\
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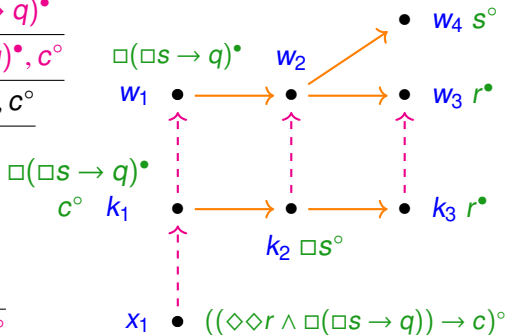
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# Outline

Intuitionistic modal logics

Nested-style sequents

**Labelled sequents**



# Labelled calculi for IK (and extensions)

[Marin, Morales and Straßburger, 2021]

## ☞ Relational atoms and labelled formulas

- ▶  $x \leq y \rightsquigarrow$  “ $y$  is accessible from  $x$  in the preorder”
- ▶  $xRy \rightsquigarrow$  “ $y$  is accessible from  $x$ ”
- ▶  $x : A \rightsquigarrow$  “ $x$  satisfies  $A$ ”

## ☞ Some labelled rules

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- ▶  $xRy \rightsquigarrow$  “y is accessible from x”
- ▶  $x : A \rightsquigarrow$  “x satisfies A”

## ☞ Some labelled rules

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{init} \frac{}{x \leq y, \mathcal{R}, x : p, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, y : p} \\ \\ \Box_L \frac{x \leq y, xRy, \mathcal{R}, x : \Box A, z : A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{x \leq y, xRy, \mathcal{R}, x : \Box A, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} \quad \Box_R \frac{x \leq y, yRz, \mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, z : A}{\mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta, x : \Box A} (y, z!) \\ \\ F1 \frac{x'Ru, y \leq u, x \leq x', xRy, \mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{x \leq x', xRy, \mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (u!) \\ \\ F2 \frac{x \leq u, uRy', xRy, y \leq y', \mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta}{xRy, y \leq y', \mathcal{R}, \Gamma \Rightarrow \Delta} (u!) \end{array}$$