

Write a C program to simulate Real-Time CPU Scheduling algorithms:

- a) Rate- Monotonic
- b) Earliest-deadline First
- c) Proportional scheduling

Input:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3
4 #define MAX_TASKS 10
5
6 typedef struct {
7     int id;
8     int period;
9     int deadline;
10    int computation_time;
11    int remaining_time;
12    int completion_time;
13 } Task;
14
15 void rate_monotonic(Task tasks[], int num_tasks);
16 void earliest_deadline_first(Task tasks[], int num_tasks);
17 void proportional_scheduling(Task tasks[], int num_tasks);
18
19 int main() {
20     int num_tasks;
21     Task tasks[MAX_TASKS];
22
23     printf("Enter the number of tasks: ");
24     scanf("%d", &num_tasks);
25
26     printf("Enter the details of each task (id, period, deadline, computation time):\n");
27     for (int i = 0; i < num_tasks; i++) {
28         printf("Task %d: ", i + 1);
29         scanf("%d %d %d %d", &tasks[i].id, &tasks[i].period, &tasks[i].deadline, &tasks[i].computation_time);
30         tasks[i].remaining_time = tasks[i].computation_time;
31         tasks[i].completion_time = 0; // Initialize completion time
32     }
33
34     printf("\nUser Inputs:\n");
35     for (int i = 0; i < num_tasks; i++) {
36         printf("Task %d: ID=%d, Period=%d, Deadline=%d, Computation Time=%d\n",
37             i + 1, tasks[i].id, tasks[i].period, tasks[i].deadline, tasks[i].computation_time);
38     }
39 }
```

```

39     rate_monotonic(tasks, num_tasks);
40     earliest_deadline_first(tasks, num_tasks);
41     proportional_scheduling(tasks, num_tasks);
42
43     printf("\nCompletion times for the first two tasks:\n");
44     if (num_tasks >= 1) {
45         printf("Task 1 (ID=%d) Completion Time: %d\n", tasks[0].id, tasks[0].completion_time);
46     }
47     if (num_tasks >= 2) {
48         printf("Task 2 (ID=%d) Completion Time: %d\n", tasks[1].id, tasks[1].completion_time);
49     }
50
51     return 0;
52 }
53
54 void rate_monotonic(Task tasks[], int num_tasks) {
55     printf("\nRate-Monotonic Scheduling:\n");
56
57     for (int i = 0; i < num_tasks - 1; i++) {
58         for (int j = 0; j < num_tasks - i - 1; j++) {
59             if (tasks[j].period > tasks[j + 1].period) {
60                 Task temp = tasks[j];
61                 tasks[j] = tasks[j + 1];
62                 tasks[j + 1] = temp;
63             }
64         }
65     }
66
67     int current_time = 0;
68     for (int i = 0; i < num_tasks; i++) {
69         tasks[i].completion_time = current_time + tasks[i].computation_time;
70         current_time = tasks[i].completion_time;
71         printf("Task %d scheduled (Completion Time: %d)\n", tasks[i].id, tasks[i].completion_time);
72     }
73 }
74
75 void earliest_deadline_first(Task tasks[], int num_tasks) {
76     printf("\nEarliest-Deadline First Scheduling:\n");
77
78     for (int i = 0; i < num_tasks - 1; i++) {
79         for (int j = 0; j < num_tasks - i - 1; j++) {
80             if (tasks[j].deadline > tasks[j + 1].deadline) {
81                 Task temp = tasks[j];
82                 tasks[j] = tasks[j + 1];
83                 tasks[j + 1] = temp;
84             }
85         }
86     }
87
88     int current_time = 0;
89     for (int i = 0; i < num_tasks; i++) {
90         tasks[i].completion_time = current_time + tasks[i].computation_time;
91         current_time = tasks[i].completion_time;
92         printf("Task %d scheduled (Completion Time: %d)\n", tasks[i].id, tasks[i].completion_time);
93     }
94 }
95
96 void proportional_scheduling(Task tasks[], int num_tasks) {
97     printf("\nProportional Scheduling:\n");
98
99     float total_period_inverse = 0;
100     for (int i = 0; i < num_tasks; i++) {
101         total_period_inverse += 1.0 / tasks[i].period;
102     }
103
104     for (int i = 0; i < num_tasks; i++) {
105         float proportion = (1.0 / tasks[i].period) / total_period_inverse;
106         printf("Task %d gets %.2f%% of CPU time\n", tasks[i].id, proportion * 100);
107     }
108 }
109 }

```

Output:

```
Enter the number of tasks: 3
Enter the details of each task (id, period, deadline, computation time):
Task 1: 1
5
5
2
Task 2: 2
10
10
1
Task 3: 3
7
7
3

User Inputs:
Task 1: ID=1, Period=5, Deadline=5, Computation Time=2
Task 2: ID=2, Period=10, Deadline=10, Computation Time=1
Task 3: ID=3, Period=7, Deadline=7, Computation Time=3

Rate-Monotonic Scheduling:
Task 1 scheduled (Completion Time: 2)
Task 3 scheduled (Completion Time: 5)
Task 2 scheduled (Completion Time: 6)

Earliest-Deadline First Scheduling:
Task 1 scheduled (Completion Time: 2)
Task 3 scheduled (Completion Time: 5)
Task 2 scheduled (Completion Time: 6)

Proportional Scheduling:
Task 1 gets 45.16% of CPU time
Task 3 gets 32.26% of CPU time
Task 2 gets 22.58% of CPU time
```