

# Formato Archivo forecast.ss

April, 19, 2023

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# 1 Descripción del repositorio

- Directorio con archivos requeridos para ejecutar GADGET
- Directorio con archivos requeridos para ejecutar SS3
- Directorio con ejecutable SS3 para tres sistemas operativos (windows, linux y mac)
- Códigos Rmarkdown (pdf o html) que permita modificar archivos SS3
  - formato data.ss
  - formato contro.ss
  - formato starter.ss
  - formato forecast.ss

# 2 Descargar archivos requeridos desde repositorio

Tarea pendiente. . . .

# 3 Librerías requeridas

## 3.1 Identificamos los directorio de trabajo

```
dirname_base <- here("10a_anchcadiz")
dirname_mod <- here("boqueron_SS3")
```

## 3.2 Leer los archivos de Stock Synthesis con la función SS\_read()

```
inputs <- r4ss::SS_read(dir = dirname_base)
names(inputs)
## [1] "dir"      "path"     "dat"      "ctl"      "start"    "fore"     "wtatage"
## [8] "par"
#trabajaremos con archivo fore
fore<-inputs$fore # archivo base
fore1<-fore # archivo modificado
```

## 3.3 Investigar el modelo

Cada uno de los archivos de entrada se lee en R como una lista.

Use `names()` para ver todos los componentes de la lista

## 3.4 Revisamos los nombres de los componentes de la lista del archivo control que deseamos modificar

```
names(fore)
## [1] "warnings"
## [2] "SSversion"
## [3] "sourcefile"
## [4] "type"
## [5] "benchmarks"
## [6] "MSY"
## [7] "SPRtarget"
## [8] "Btarget"
## [9] "Bmark_years"
```

```
## [10] "Bmark_relF_Basis"
## [11] "Forecast"
## [12] "Nforecastyrs"
## [13] "F_scalar"
## [14] "Fcast_years"
## [15] "Fcast_select"
## [16] "ControlRuleMethod"
## [17] "BforconstantF"
## [18] "BfornoF"
## [19] "Flimitfraction"
## [20] "N_forecast_loops"
## [21] "First_forecast_loop_with_stochastic_recruitment"
## [22] "fcast_rec_option"
## [23] "fcast_rec_val"
## [24] "Forecast_loop_control_5"
## [25] "FirstYear_for_caps_and_allocations"
## [26] "stddev_of_log_catch_ratio"
## [27] "Do_West_Coast_gfish_rebuilder_output"
## [28] "Ydecl"
## [29] "Yinit"
## [30] "fleet_relative_F"
## [31] "basis_for_fcast_catch_tuning"
## [32] "fleet_assignment_to_allocation_group"
## [33] "N_allocation_groups"
## [34] "allocation_among_groups"
## [35] "InputBasis"
## [36] "eof"
```

```
# fore1$warnings # no se cambia
# fore1$SSversion # no se cambia
# fore1$sourcefile # no se cambia
# fore1$type # no se cambia
```

```
#-----
# Benchmarks:
# 0=skip;
# 1=calc F_spr,F_btgt,F_msy
fore1$benchmarks <- 1
#-----
# MSY:
# 1= set to F(SPR);
# 2=calc F(MSY);
# 3=set to F(Btgt);
# 4=set to F(endyr)
fore1$MSY <- 2
#-----
# SPR target (e.g. 0.40)
fore1$SPRtarget <- 0.6
#-----
# Biomass target (e.g. 0.40)
fore1$Btarget<-0.55
#-----
#_Bmark_years:
```

```

# beg_bio, end_bio, beg_selex, end_selex, beg_relF, end_relF, beg_recr_dist,
# end_recr_dist, beg_SRparm, end_SRparm (enter actual year,
# or values of 0 or -integer to be rel. endyr)

Bmark_years1<-data.frame(matrix(rep(0,10),nrow=1,ncol=10))
colnames(Bmark_years1)<-paste("#_Bmark_years_",seq(1,10,1),sep="")

fore1$Bmark_years<-Bmark_years1
#-----
#Bmark_relF_Basis:
# 1 = use year range;
# 2 = set relF same as forecast below
fore1$Bmark_relF_Basis<-1
#-----
# Forecast:
# 0=none;
# 1=F(SPR);
# 2=F(MSY)
# 3=F(Btgt);
# 4=Ave F (uses first-last relF yrs);
# 5=input annual F scalar
fore1$Forecast<-2
#-----
# N forecast years
fore1$Nforecastyrs<-1
#-----
# F scalar (only used for Do_Forecast==5)
fore1$F_scalar<-1
#-----
#_Fcast_years:
#      beg_selex, end_selex, beg_relF, end_relF, beg_recruits, end_recruits
#      (enter actual year, or values of 0 or -integer to be rel. endyr)
Fcast_years1<-data.frame(matrix(c(-5,0,-5,0,-999,0),nrow=1,ncol=6))
colnames(Fcast_years1)<-paste("#_Fcast_years_",seq(1,6,1),sep="")

fore1$Fcast_years<-Fcast_years1
#-----
# Forecast selectivity
# (0=fcast selex is mean from year range;
# 1=fcast selectivity from annual time-vary parms)
fore1$Fcast_selex<-0
#-----
# Control rule method
# (1=catch=f(SSB) west coast;
# 2=F=f(SSB) )
fore1$ControlRuleMethod<-1
#-----
# Control rule Biomass level for constant F
# (as frac of Bzero, e.g. 0.40); (Must be > the no F level below)
fore1$BforconstantF<-0.6
#-----
# Control rule Biomass level for no F
# (as frac of Bzero, e.g. 0.10)

```

```

fore1$BfornoF<-0.55
#-----
# Control rule target as fraction of Flimit (e.g. 0.75)
fore1$Flimitfraction<-1
#-----
#_N forecast loops
# (1=OFL only;
# 2=ABC;
# 3=get F from forecast ABC catch with allocations applied)
fore1$N_forecast_loops<-2
#-----
#_First forecast loop with stochastic recruitment
fore1$First_forecast_loop_with_stochastic_recruitment<-3
#-----
#_Forecast loop control #3 (reserved for future bells&whistles)
fore1$fcast_rec_option<- -1
#-----
#_Forecast loop control #4 (reserved for future bells&whistles)
fore1$fcast_rec_val<-0
#-----
#_Forecast loop control #5 (reserved for future bells&whistles)
fore1$Forecast_loop_control_5<-0
#-----
#FirstYear for caps and allocations (should be after years with fixed inputs)
fore1$FirstYear_for_caps_and_allocations<-2022
#-----
# stddev of log(realized catch/target catch) in forecast
# (set value>0.0 to cause active impl_error)
fore1$stddev_of_log_catch_ratio<-0
#-----
# Do West Coast gfish rebuilder output (0/1)
fore1$Do_West_Coast_gfish_rebuilder_output<-0
#-----
# Rebuilder:
#          first year catch could have been set to zero (Ydecl)(-1 to set to 1999)
fore1$Ydecl<-1989
#-----
# Rebuilder:
#          year for current age structure (Yinit) (-1 to set to endyear+1)
fore1$Yinit<-2019
#-----
# fleet relative F: 1=use first-last alloc year; 2=read seas, fleet, alloc list below
fore1$fleet_relative_F<-1
#-----
# Note that fleet allocation is used directly as average F if Do_Forecast=4
#
# basis for fcast catch tuning and for fcast catch caps and allocation
# (2=deadbio;
# 3=retainbio;
# 5=deadnum;
# 6=retainnum)
fore1$basis_for_fcast_catch_tuning<-2
#-----

```

```

# enter list of fleet number and allocation group assignment, if any; terminate with fleet=-9999
fleet.as.all<-data.frame(Fleet=1,Group=1)
row.names(fleet.as.all)<-"#_fleet_assignment_to_allocation_group1"

fore1$fleet_assignment_to_allocation_group <-fleet.as.all

#-----
#_if N allocation groups >0, list year, allocation fraction for each group
# list sequentially because read values fill to end of N forecast
# terminate with -9999 in year field
fore1$N_allocation_groups<-1

allocation<-data.frame(Year=2022,Group1=1)
row.names(allocation)<-"#_allocation_among_groups1"

fore1$allocation_among_groups<-allocation
#-----
# basis for input Fcast catch:
# -1=read basis with each obs;
# 2=dead catch;
# 3=retained catch;
# 99=input Hrate(F)
fore1$InputBasis<-2
#-----
fore1$eof<-TRUE

#-----

```

#### 3.4.1 Escribir archivo de forecast modificado con la función SS\_write para el enfoque de modelación SS3

```

#-----
r4ss::SS_writeforecast(mylist=fore1,
                      dir=here(dirname_mod),
                      file="forecast.ss",
                      overwrite = TRUE,
                      verbose = TRUE)
#-----

```

## 4 comprobar si el modelo corre al modificar este archivo

```

exe_path <- here("Ejecutables_SS3","3.30.18_release")
ss_exe_mac <- paste(exe_path,"ss_osx",sep= "/")

r4ss::run(
  dir = dirname_base,
  exe = ss_exe_mac,
  extras = "",
  skipfinished = FALSE,
  show_in_console = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)

```