

Section A:

1. State the definition of relative formula mass.

2. Which of these statements is correct?

Tick one box.

One mole of a substance contains 6.02×10^{23} particles

One mole of a substance always has the same mass

One mole of a substance will have the same mass as many particles as its mass in grams

3. What are the correct units for amount of substance?

Tick one box.

mol

g

g/mol

4. In the box below, write the equation that links number of moles, mass and relative formula mass.

Section B



Answer the following questions, showing all working:

5. Here is the equation for fermentation.



Glucose \rightarrow Ethanol + Carbon dioxide

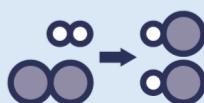
In an experiment 60 g of glucose were fermented.

(Ar: C = 12, H = 1, O = 16)

- a. Describe the equation in words, include the word 'mole' in your answer.

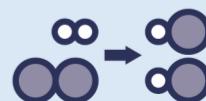
- b. Calculate the relative formula mass of glucose ($\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$).

- c. Calculate the amount of substance in 60g of glucose.



6. Calculate the **amount of substance** in the following.
(Ar: Ca = 40; Si = 28; Ag = 108; Cl = 35.5; K = 39; H = 1; O = 16; Li = 7)
- 40 g of Ca
 - 14 g of Si
 - 216 g Ag
 - 35.5 g of Cl₂
 - 14 g of KOH
 - 12 g of LiH
7. Calculate the **mass** of the following.
(Ar: Mg = 24; Cl = 35.5; Fe = 56; Co = 59; O = 16; H = 1)
- 0.5 moles of Mg
 - 4 moles of Cl₂
 - 2 moles of Fe
 - 1 mole of CoCl₂
 - 0.5 moles of O₂
 - 0.5 moles Mg(OH)₂

Section C



8. A scientist is looking at the chemical reaction between magnesium and oxygen.
- State the word equation for the reaction that would occur between magnesium and oxygen.
 - Draw the electronic configuration of an oxygen atom.
 - State the type of bond that would be formed in this reaction. Explain your answer.
 - Describe what happens to the atoms when magnesium and oxygen bond. You may wish to use a diagram.
 - The scientist has 48 g of magnesium. Calculate the amount of substance they have.
 - The scientist has 3 moles of oxygen. Calculate the mass of oxygen they have.

