

Université Claude Bernard Lyon1 M2 Informatique/Data & Intelligence for Smart Systems

# Wedding Contract Project

# **Blockchain Block**

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https://github.com/marie-kilo/Wedding-Contract-Project-BlockChain-Ethereum-

## 1-Introduction:

My project utilizes Ethereum smart contracts, specifically written in Solidity (version 0.5.7). Two contracts were developed: **WeddingCertificate** and **WeddingCertificateFactory**.

- WeddingCertificate: This contract stores the names of the partners. It includes a
  constructor for initializing partner names and a function to emit an event with partner
  details.
- WeddingCertificateFactory: this factory contract creates instances of WeddingCertificate. Factory patterns are a common design pattern in smart contract development for managing multiple contract instances.

# 1.1Web3.js Integration:

Web3.js is a collection of libraries that allow to interact with a local or remote Ethereum node using HTTP, IPC, or WebSocket. In my project, Web3.js is used to connect the web interface with the Ethereum blockchain.

 <u>Connecting to MetaMask</u>: The script checks for Ethereum capabilities in the user's browser and requests account access using MetaMask. This is a common approach to integrating Ethereum functionality into web applications, enabling users to perform transactions and interact with smart contracts.

```
document.addEventListener('DOMContentLoaded', async () => {
    let web3;

4    if (typeof window.ethereum !== 'undefined') {
        web3 = new Web3(window.ethereum);

        try {
            await window.ethereum.request({ method: 'eth_requestAccounts' });
        } catch (error) {
            console.error('User denied account access:', error);
            return;
        }
        else {
            console.log('Non-Ethereum browser detected. You should consider trying MetaMask!');
            return;
        }
}
```

# **2-Front-End Interaction:**

The front-end, built with HTML and JavaScript, interacts with the smart contracts using the Web3.js library. This interaction is facilitated through:

 Contract ABI and Address: The ABI (Application Binary Interface) and the address of the WeddingCertificateFactory contract are used to instantiate a Web3.js contract object, allowing for interactions with the contract's functions.

```
17
18 > const FactoryABI = [...
94  ];
95  const FactorytAddress = '0xd89BB9958E49451dAE641e3177500bD5639B7A9D'; // Factoy address
96
97  const contract = new web3.eth.Contract(FactoryABI, FactorytAddress);
98
```

# **A- Creating Wedding Certificates:**

## **Detailed Functionality:**

- **Event Listener**: The script adds an event listener to the **weddingForm** form that triggers when the form is submitted.
- Preventing Default Form Submission: event.preventDefault() is called to prevent the form from submitting in the traditional manner, allowing the script to handle the submission.
- Retrieving User Input: It collects the values entered by the user in the partner1 and partner2 input fields, representing the names of the partners.
- Transaction Status Element: A reference to the transactionResult element is obtained to display transaction status messages to the user.
- Initiating Transaction: The script retrieves the user's Ethereum accounts using web3.eth.getAccounts(). It then initiates a transaction by calling the createCertificate method of the smart contract, passing in the partner names and specifying the transaction's sender as the first account retrieved.
- Transaction Feedback:
- Transaction Hash: When the transaction hash is available, indicating the transaction
  was sent to the network, a link to the transaction on Goerli Etherscan is displayed,
  allowing the user to track the transaction status.
- Transaction Receipt: Upon receiving the transaction receipt, the script displays confirmation information, including a newly assigned certificate number, the block number of the transaction, and the address of the newly created WeddingCertificate contract.
- **Error Handling**: In case of errors during transaction processing (e.g., transaction rejected or failed), an error message is displayed to the user.
- Error Handling for Account Retrieval: If there's an error in retrieving the user's accounts (e.g., user not logged into MetaMask), an error message is displayed.

```
document.getElementById('weddingForm').addEventListener('submit', async (event) => {
          event.preventDefault();
          const partner1 = document.getElementById('partner1').value;
         const partner2 = document.getElementById('partner2').value;
const transactionResultElement = document.getElementById('transactionResult');
         transactionResultElement.innerHTML = 'Status: Please wait... Confirm With MetaMask!!!';
                     const accounts = await web3.eth.getAccounts();
                    contract.methods.createCertificate(partner1, partner2).send({ from: accounts[0] })
                    .on('transactionHash', (hash) => {
   const txHashLink = `https://goerli.etherscan.io/tx/${hash}`;
   transactionResultElement.innerHTML = `Transaction sent! <a href="${txHashLink}" target="_blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${hash}</a><br/>blank">${h
                              const certificateNumber = parseInt(receipt.events.ContractCreated.returnValues.certificateNumber, 10) + 1;
const newContractAddress = receipt.events.ContractCreated.returnValues.contractAddress;
                               const blockNumber = receipt.blockNumber;
                              const txHashLink = `https://goerli.etherscan.io/tx/${receipt.transactionHash}`;
                                transactionResultElement.innerHTML =
                                          Transaction sent! <a href="${txHashLink}" target="_blank">${receipt.transactionHash}</a><br/>Transaction confirmed!
<br/>Certificate #: ${certificateNumber}
                                           <br/>New Certificate Address: ${newContractAddress}
                     .on('error', (error) => {
   console.error('Transaction failed:', error);
   transactionResultElement.innerHTML = `Transaction failed: ${error.message}`;
               catch (error) {|
  console.error('Error:', error);
                     transactionResultElement.textContent = 'Transaction failed: ' + error.message;
```

# **B- Verification Process Overview**

- 1. **Event Listener:** The script adds an event listener to a button with the id verify. When clicked, it triggers the verification process.
- 2. **Retrieving Contract Address**: It fetches the value entered by the user in the input field with the id contractAddress, which should be the Ethereum address of a specific WeddingCertificate contract instance the user wishes to verify.
- 3. Setting Up the Contract Instance: Using the provided contract address and the ABI (Application Binary Interface) of the WeddingCertificate contract, it creates a new contract instance with web3.eth.Contract. This ABI outlines the functions and events within the WeddingCertificate contract, enabling interaction with the contract's methods.

## 4. Retrieving Partner Names:

- The script calls the partner1() and partner2() functions of the contract instance, which are marked as constant and view, meaning they don't modify the blockchain state and only return data.
- These functions return the names of the partners stored in the smart contract, representing the parties involved in the wedding certificate.
- 5. **Displaying Verification Results**: The retrieved names of **the partners** are displayed in an element with the id verificationResult, along with the **current block number** of the Ethereum blockchain. This block number serves as a reference to the state of the blockchain at the time of verification.
- 6. **Error Handling:** If there are any issues in executing the contract calls (e.g., incorrect contract address, network errors, etc.), an error message is displayed in the verificationResult element.

#### **Key Components**

**Web3.js:** This library is used for interacting with Ethereum nodes, enabling the script to communicate with the blockchain and smart contracts.

**Smart Contract Interaction**: The script uses the ABI of the **WeddingCertificate** contract to interact with its deployed instance, specifically calling functions to read data.

**Asynchronous JavaScript:** The use of **async/await** syntax allows for asynchronous blockchain calls to be made in a more readable and manageable way.

# 3-Technical Stack:

- **Solidity**: For writing smart contracts deployed on the Ethereum blockchain.
- Web3.js: For interacting with Ethereum nodes from the web interface.
- MetaMask: For enabling users to approve transactions and connect to the Ethereum blockchain.
- HTML/JavaScript: For building the user interface.

# **4-Deployment:**

Smart Contracts via Remix IDE

- 1. **Development**: Use Remix IDE, a powerful open-source tool for writing Solidity contracts in a browser-based IDE, to develop my smart contracts (**WeddingCertificate** and potentially **WeddingCertificateFactory**).
- Compilation: Compile the contracts within Remix IDE, which provides a user-friendly interface for compiling Solidity code, managing compiler versions, and optimizing the output.
- 3. Deployment to Testnet:
  - Connect Remix IDE to the Goerli testnet by selecting the "Injected Web3" environment in the "Deploy & Run Transactions" plugin. This requires having a web3 provider like MetaMask installed and configured for the Goerli testnet.
  - Deploy the contracts using Remix, which will prompt a transaction in MetaMask. Confirm the transaction to deploy the contract.
  - Once deployed, Remix provides the contract address and ABI, which are needed for the web interface to interact with the contract.

## Web Interface with server.js

- Server Setup: my server.js file indicates the use of Express.js to serve static files from a public directory. Ensure my web interface files (index.html, app.js, etc.) are correctly placed in this directory.
- 2. Running the Server: Execute node server.js (or npm start) to start the Express server. By default, it listens on port 3000, making my web interface accessible at http://localhost:3000.
- 3. **Configuration**: Update **app.js** in my web interface to use the deployed contract addresses and ABIs obtained from Remix IDE.

# **5-Testing**

#### **Smart Contracts:**

- 1. **Remix IDE Testing**: Use Remix's built-in testing features and plugins to write and run tests for my smart contracts. I can simulate transactions and inspect state changes directly within the IDE.
- 2. **Manual Interaction**: Use Remix to manually interact with the deployed contracts on Goerli, testing functions like **createCertificate** and **emitPartnerDetails** to ensure they behave as expected.

#### Web Interface:

- 1. **Local Testing**: With my Express server running, visit **http://localhost:3000** to manually test the web interface. Ensure that form submissions for creating and verifying certificates interact correctly with the smart contracts on Goerli.
- 2. **Network and Console Logs**: Use browser developer tools to monitor network requests and console logs for any errors or warnings that might indicate issues with the web interface or its interaction with the blockchain.

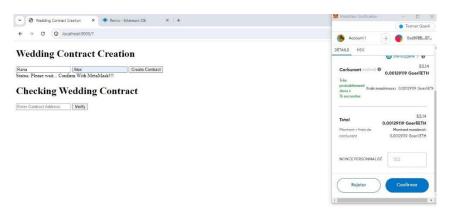
# **6-Conclusion**

The Wedding Contract Project successfully combines blockchain's immutability with a user-friendly interface to create and verify eternal wedding certificates on the Ethereum blockchain. It demonstrates the innovative application of smart contracts for personal milestones, offering a novel way to celebrate and permanently record the union of couples. This project not only showcases the potential of blockchain technology in non-financial domains but also opens up new avenues for its use in personal and legal documentation.

# 7-illustrative pictures:



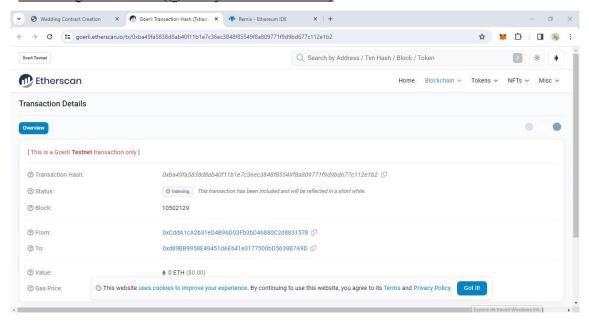
## 2-Connecting with MetaMask & Confirming:



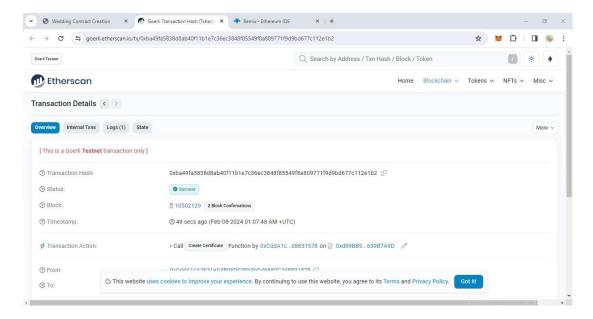
#### 3-Hash tx (as link with Goerly.etherscan.io/tx) & status of tx:



#### 4- Pending Transaction: (@Goerly.etherscan.com/tx/)



#### 5-Succes transaction: (@Goerly.etherscan.com/tx/)



6-Result of Creation: Certificate #,Block#, New Certificate Adress:



## **Wedding Contract Creation**

#### **Checking Wedding Contract**

Enter Contract Address Verify

#### 7-Checking Wedding Contract; Partners, Block #:



#### **Wedding Contract Creation**

## **Checking Wedding Contract**

0x1Ea91e8DF240F45CaE3E Verify
Partner 1: Rana, Partner 2: Alex, Block#: 10502132