

# Class 1 assignment

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## Definition

A linear function  $f(x)$  is one with the property

$$f(ax_1 + bx_2) = af(x_1) + bf(x_2)$$

## Problems

1. Prove that  $f(x) = \beta x$  is linear.

$$\begin{aligned} f(ax_1 + bx_2) &= af(x_1) + bf(x_2) \\ &= a\beta x_1 + b\beta x_2 \\ &= \beta ax_1 + \beta bx_2 \\ &= af(x_1) + bf(x_2) \end{aligned}$$

*qed.*

2. Prove that

$$f(x) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_2 x^2$$

is *not* linear.

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_2 x^2 \\ f'(x) &= \beta_1 + 2\beta_2 x \\ f''(x) &= 2\beta_2 \end{aligned}$$

Thereby it is not linear as the beta coefficients is not linear - Therefore we look at the coefficients instead.

$$\begin{aligned} f(\beta) &= \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_2 x^2 \\ f(\beta) &= 1 + x_1 + x_2^2 \\ f''(\beta) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

*qed*