**AML** 30/10/2020

**LAB** 05

library(GGally)

library(ggplot2) library(stargazer)

## Please cite as:

## Loading required package: ggplot2

"Age"

load("car.train.RData") ## [7] "Automatic" "CC"

**Exercise 1** colnames(car.train) ## [1] "Price"

library(data.table) load("car.test.RData")

## Hlavac, Marek (2018). stargazer: Well-Formatted Regression and Summary Statistics Tables. ## R package version 5.2.2. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=stargazer

Use the data to build a model explaining the price of used cars "Doors" Manipulate the car.train object to add squared variables

setwd("/Users/andrea/Desktop/UEA/Classes/Econometrics/Data")

car.train <- car.train[, Age2:=Age^2] # create new var. age^2</pre> car.train <- car.train[, HP2:=HP^2] # create new var. hp^2</pre>

car.train <- data.table(car.train)</pre> car.train <- car.train[, KM2:=KM^2] # create new var. km^2</pre> car.train <- car.train[, Weight2:=Weight^2] # create new var. weight^2</pre> Regress price against all other variables out1 <- lm(Price ~ . , data = car.train)</pre> summary(step(out1)) # select variables to include into the model using AIC

"FuelType"

"Weight"

"MetColor"

## Price ~ Age + KM + FuelType + HP + MetColor + Automatic + CC + Doors + Weight + Age2 + HP2 + KM2 + Weight2 Df Sum of Sq RSS AIC 1 101512 1155629993 12190 ## - MetColor 1 245096 1155773577 12190 1 362635 1155891116 12190 1155528481 12192 1 4804869 1160333350 12193 1 5614378 1161142858 12194 ## - Automatic 1 6156850 1161685330 12194 ## - FuelType 2 11347088 1166875569 12196 1 10217061 1165745542 12197

## Start: AIC=12191.59 ## ## ## ## - HP ## - Doors ## <none> ## - KM ## - KM2 ## - HP2 ## - Weight2 1 14628686 1170157166 12200 ## - CC 1 16922292 1172450773 12202 ## - Weight 1 24374273 1179902754 12208 1 150757761 1306286241 12295 ## - Age2 ## - Age 1 502301715 1657830196 12501 ## ## Step: AIC=12189.66 ## Price ~ Age + KM + FuelType + MetColor + Automatic + CC + Doors + ##

Df Sum of Sq

## ## ## - MetColor 1 234907 1155864900 12188 ## - Doors ## <none> ## - KM ## - KM2 ## - Automatic 1 6391686 1162021679 12192 ## - Weight2 ## - Weight ## - FuelType 2 29650278 1185280270 12208 ## - CC ## - HP2 ## - Age2 ## - Age ## ## Step: AIC=12187.84

## Price ~ Age + KM + FuelType + Automatic + CC + Doors + Weight + ## ## ## ## - Doors ## <none> ## - KM ## - KM2 ## - Automatic 1 6301657 1162166557 12190 ## - Weight2 ## - Weight ## - FuelType 2 29498524 1185363424 12206 1 51112748 1206977648 12223 1 132570109 1288435009 12279 1 151806190 1307671090 12292 1 507773611 1663638511 12500 ## Price ~ Age + KM + FuelType + Automatic + CC + Weight + Age2 + HP2 + KM2 + Weight2 Df Sum of Sq RSS AIC 1156186477 12186 1 5037578 1161224055 12188

## - CC ## - HP2 ## - Age2 ## - Age ## ## Step: AIC=12186.08 ## ## ## ## <none> ## - KM ## - KM2 1 5596264 1161782741 12188 ## - Automatic 1 7365407 1163551884 12190 ## - Weight2 1 15564105 1171750582 12196 ## - Weight 1 26981390 1183167867 12204 ## - FuelType 2 32649423 1188835900 12206 ## - CC 1 51164720 1207351197 12221 ## - HP2 1 145162799 1301349276 12286 ## - Age2 1 156182032 1312368509 12293 ## - Age 1 522164399 1678350876 12505 ## ## Call: Age2 + HP2 + KM2 + Weight2, data = car.train) 3Q Min 1Q Median -7.1 664.0 5663.5

## lm(formula = Price ~ Age + KM + FuelType + Automatic + CC + Weight + ## Residuals: ## -6620.3 -690.0 ## Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) -1.767e+04 7.576e+03 -2.333 0.019889 \* ## (Intercept) ## Age -2.478e+02 1.265e+01 -19.593 < 2e-16 \*\*\* -7.586e-03 3.942e-03 -1.924 0.054632 . ## FuelTypeDiesel 2.477e+03 5.362e+02 4.620 4.44e-06 \*\*\* ## FuelTypePetrol 9.218e+02 4.250e+02 2.169 0.030343 \* ## Automatic 4.143e+02 1.780e+02 2.327 0.020200 \* ## CC -3.380e+00 5.512e-01 -6.133 1.32e-09 \*\*\* ## Weight 5.637e+01 1.266e+01 4.454 9.56e-06 \*\*\* 1.241e+00 1.158e-01 10.715 < 2e-16 \*\*\* ## Age2 ## HP2 2.327e-01 2.252e-02 10.331 < 2e-16 \*\*\* ## KM2 -4.005e-08 1.974e-08 -2.028 0.042835 \* ## Weight2 -1.735e-02 5.129e-03 -3.383 0.000751 \*\*\* ## ---## Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 ## Residual standard error: 1166 on 850 degrees of freedom ## Multiple R-squared: 0.8912, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8898 ## F-statistic: 633.2 on 11 and 850 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16 Take preferred model from previous step and run usual commands out <- lm( Price ~ Age + Age2 + KM + KM2 + HP + HP2 + Weight + Weight2 + FuelType + Automatic + CC , data = car.train)

stargazer(out, type = "text") ## ## Dependent variable: ## Price ## Age ## ## ## Age2 ## ## ## KM ##

-248.050\*\*\* (12.706)1.243\*\*\* (0.116)-0.007\* (0.004)## -0.00000\*\* ## KM2 ## (0.00000)## ## HP -6.844## (27.792)## 0.255\*\*\* ## HP2 ## (0.093)## 56.100\*\*\* ## Weight (12.709)-0.017\*\*\* (0.005)2,317.297\*\*\* (842.180)

## ## ## Weight2 ## ## ## FuelTypeDiesel ## 918.760\*\* ## FuelTypePetrol ## (425.368)## ## Automatic 409.799\*\* ## (179.082)## ## CC -3.203\*\*\* ## (0.907)## Constant -17,348.070\*\* (7,693.953)## ## Observations 862 ## R2 0.891 ## Adjusted R2 0.890 ## Residual Std. Error 1,166.929 (df = 849) 579.810\*\*\* (df = 12; 849)## F Statistic ## Note: \*p<0.1; \*\*p<0.05; \*\*\*p<0.01 out2 <- lm( Price ~ MetColor + Doors + Age + Age2 + KM + KM2 + HP + HP2 + Weight + Weight2 + FuelType + Automatic + CC , data = car.train) stargazer(out, out2, type = "text") #Can see these two variables add nothing to the model and reduce F-stat ##

Dependent variable:

Price

(2)

36.492

(86.095)

-26.311

(51.033)

-246.858\*\*\*

(12.865)

1.233\*\*\*

(0.117)

-0.007\*

(0.004)

-0.00000\*\*

(0.00000)

-7.595

(27.843)

0.254\*\*\*

(0.093)

59.215\*\*\*

(14.009)

-0.018\*\*\*

(0.006)

2,266.370\*\*\*

(848.706)

940.408\*\*

(428.126)

391.723\*\*

(184.395)

-3.200\*\*\*

(0.908)

-19,255.510\*\*

(8,505.219)

862

0.891

0.890

\*p<0.1; \*\*p<0.05; \*\*\*p<0.01

(1)

-248.050\*\*\*

(12.706)

1.243\*\*\*

(0.116)

409.799\*\*

(179.082)

-3.203\*\*\*

(0.907)

-17,348.070\*\*

(7,693.953)

862

0.891

0.890

## Residual Std. Error 1,166.929 (df = 849) 1,168.016 (df = 847)

KM FuelType HP MetColor Automatic

Petrol 110

1

1

0

0

1

0

0

1

1

u\_hat

1

1

0

0

1

u\_hat

224.0795

241.6545

1

y\_hat

3Q

-0.0138416 0.0002534 -54.61 <2e-16 \*\*\*

## Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Residual standard error: 0.1378 on 860 degrees of freedom ## Multiple R-squared: 0.7762, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7759 ## F-statistic: 2983 on 1 and 860 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

Max

1 1600

Petrol 110

Petrol 110

KM2

rmse.test <- rmse(car.test\$Price, car.test\$y hat)</pre>

579.810\*\*\* (df = 12; 849) 496.086\*\*\* (df = 14; 847)

"FuelType"

"Weight"

"HP"

1 1600

0 1400

0 1600

0 1600

0 1400

0 1600

"Age2"

"MetColor"

1070 2401

1100 361

1085 6400

1050 4489

1110 784

1105 900

"HP2"

CC Doors Weight Age2

##

## ##

##

##

##

##

##

##

## MetColor

## Doors

## Age

## Age2

## Automatic

## Constant

## Observations

## Adjusted R2

## F Statistic

head(car.test)

Price Age

Price Age ## 1: 13750 23 72937

**##** 3: 13750 30 38500

**##** 4: 12950 32 61000

**##** 5: 16900 27 94612

## 2: 13950 24 41711 Diesel 90

**##** 1: 11290 49 80320

## 2: 15950 19 51884 Petrol 97

## 3: 8500 80 100458 Petrol 110

## 4: 8900 67 54847 Petrol 110

##

##

##

##

##

##

## R2

## CC

## KM -0.007\*## (0.004)## ## KM2 -0.00000\*\* ## (0.00000)## ## HP -6.844 ## (27.792)## ## HP2 0.255\*\*\* ## (0.093)## ## Weight 56.100\*\*\* ## (12.709)## ## Weight2 -0.017\*\*\* ## (0.005)## ## FuelTypeDiesel 2,317.297\*\*\* ## (842.180)## ## FuelTypePetrol 918.760\*\* (425.368)##

## Note: Apply data table to test data set and create squared variables car.test <- data.table(car.test)</pre> car.test <- car.test[, Age2:=Age^2]</pre> car.test <- car.test[, HP2:=HP^2]</pre> car.test <- car.test[, Weight2:=Weight^2]</pre> car.test <- car.test[, KM2:=KM^2]</pre> Define car.test\$y\_hat which uses model from first data set to predict values for second data set car.test\$y\_hat <- predict(out1, newdata=car.test)</pre> colnames(car.test) [1] "Price" "Age" "KM" [7] "Automatic" "CC" "Doors" ## [13] "Weight2" "y\_hat" "KM2"

**##** 5: 15950 28 29206 Petrol 97 1 **##** 6: 15950 30 67660 Petrol 110 HP2 Weight2 KM2 y\_hat ## 1: 12100 1144900 6451302400 11514.079 ## 2: 9409 1210000 2691949456 17013.095 ## 3: 12100 1177225 10091809764 8309.281 ## 4: 12100 1102500 3008193409 9141.654 ## 5: 9409 1232100 852990436 15691.126 ## 6: 12100 1221025 4577875600 14807.865 Our model does a reasonable job of predicting price. Use the RMSE to compare the performance of your model in carTrain.RData and carTest.RData #install.packages("Metrics") library(Metrics) car.train\$y\_hat <- predict(out1, newdata=car.train)</pre> head(car.train)

Diesel 90

Diesel 90

Diesel 90

Diesel 90

**##** 6: 18600 30 75889 Diesel 90 KM2 Weight2 y\_hat **##** 1: 5319805969 1357225 16242.52 ## 2: 1739807521 1357225 16432.39 ## 3: 1482250000 1368900 15430.64 ## 4: 3721000000 1368900 14830.84 **##** 5: 8951430544 1550025 16391.52 ## 6: 5759140321 1550025 16131.60 Define residual and residual<sup>2</sup>. car.train\$u\_hat <- car.train\$y\_hat - car.train\$Price</pre> car.train\$u\_hat2 <- (car.train\$u\_hat)^2</pre> head(car.train) Price Age ## 1: 13750 23 72937 Diesel 90 ## 2: 13950 24 41711 Diesel 90 1 ## 3: 13750 30 38500 Diesel 90

## 4: 12950 32 61000 Diesel 90

KM2 Weight2 y\_hat

## 6: 18600 30 75889 Diesel 90

## [1] 1157.808 Alternatively use function rmse: rmse.train.2 <- rmse(car.train\$Price, car.train\$y\_hat)</pre> rmse.train.2 ## [1] 1157.808 On the other data set, define residuals car.test\$u hat <- car.test\$y hat - car.test\$Price</pre> car.test\$u\_hat2 <- (car.test\$u\_hat)^2</pre> head(car.test)

Root mean squared error

rmse.train

Price Age ## 1: 11290 49 80320 ## 2: 15950 19 51884 Petrol 97 ## 3: 8500 80 100458 Petrol 110 ## 4: 8900 67 54847 Petrol 110 ## 5: 15950 28 29206 Petrol 97 ## 6: 15950 30 67660 HP2 Weight2 ## 1: 12100 1144900 6451302400 11514.079 ## 2: 9409 1210000 2691949456 17013.095 1063.0951 1130171.14 ## 3: 12100 1177225 10091809764 8309.281 -190.7189 ## 4: 12100 1102500 3008193409 9141.654 ## 5: 9409 1232100 852990436 15691.126 -258.8741 ## 6: 12100 1221025 4577875600 14807.865 -1142.1354 1304473.28

rmse.test

## [1] 1312.619

Model 1 - Compound depreciation summary(out6a <- lm( log(Price) ~ Age, data=car.train))</pre> ## ## Call: ## lm(formula = log(Price) ~ Age, data = car.train) ## Residuals: Min 1Q Median ## -0.83085 -0.07564 0.00464 0.09004 0.45757 ## ## Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)## (Intercept) 10.0066369 0.0149195 670.71 <2e-16 \*\*\*

## Age

## ---

logValue <- coeffs.out6a[1]</pre> Value <- exp(logValue)</pre> delta <- 1 - exp(coeffs.out6a[2])</pre> Value 22173.14 Age

## (Intercept) delta ## 0.01374627 Model 2 - Linear depreciation summary(out6b <- lm( Price ~ Age, data=car.train))</pre> ##

coeffs.out6a <- coefficients(out6a)</pre>

## Call:

Age

gamma <- exp((summary(out6a)\$sigma)^2/2)</pre> cor(car.train\$yhat, car.train\$Price)^2 ## [1] 0.8116621 Model 2 summary(out6b)\$r.squared

coeffs.out6b <- coefficients(out6b)</pre> Value2 <- coeffs.out6b[1]</pre> alpha <- coeffs.out6b[2]/Value2</pre> Value2 ## (Intercept) 20056.42 alpha ## -0.008344515Which model is better?

## lm(formula = Price ~ Age, data = car.train) ## Residuals: Min 1Q Median 3Q ## -6234.2 -942.0 68.6 832.5 11888.0 ## ## Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) ## (Intercept) 20056.425 179.011 112.04 <2e-16 \*\*\* -167.361 3.041 -55.04 <2e-16 \*\*\* ## Age ## ---## Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 ## Residual standard error: 1653 on 860 degrees of freedom

## Multiple R-squared: 0.7789, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7786 ## F-statistic: 3029 on 1 and 860 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

## [1] 0.7788599

Model 1 summary(out6a)\$sigma ## [1] 0.1377964

car.train\$logyhat <- predict(out6a, newdata= car.train)</pre> car.train\$yhat <- gamma\*exp(car.train\$logyhat)</pre>

Compare  $R^2$ . However, remember that the first model is log y so must convert to y before getting  $R^2$ .

KM FuelType HP MetColor Automatic CC Doors Weight Age2 HP2 0 2000 1165 529 8100 0 2000 1165 576 8100 0 2000 1170 900 8100 0 2000 3 1170 1024 8100 0 2000 3 1245 729 8100 0 2000 1245 900 8100 KM FuelType HP MetColor Automatic CC Doors Weight Age2 HP2 0 2000 3 1165 529 8100 0 2000 3 1165 576 8100 0 0 2000 3 1170 900 8100 0 0 2000 3 1170 1024 8100 ## 5: 16900 27 94612 Diesel 90 1 0 2000 3 1245 729 8100 0 2000 3 1245 900 8100 u\_hat2 **##** 1: 5319805969 1357225 16242.52 2492.5194 6212653.1 ## 2: 1739807521 1357225 16432.39 2482.3940 6162280.1 ## 3: 1482250000 1368900 15430.64 1680.6424 2824558.9 ## 4: 3721000000 1368900 14830.84 1880.8411 3537563.1 ## 5: 8951430544 1550025 16391.52 -508.4822 258554.2 ## 6: 5759140321 1550025 16131.60 -2468.3975 6092986.2 rmse.train <- sqrt(sum(car.train\$u\_hat2)/nrow(car.train))</pre>

> KM FuelType HP MetColor Automatic CC Doors Weight Age2 1070 2401 0 1400 1100 361 0 1600 5 1085 6400 0 1600 1050 4489 0 1400 1110 784 0 1600 1105 900 u\_hat2 50211.60 36373.72 58396.88 67015.81