Data Science Fundamentals 5

Basic introduction on how to perform typical machine learning tasks with Python.

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Solutions to Part 4.

```
In [0]: from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from imageio import imread
import pandas as pd
from time import time as timer

import tensorflow as tf

%matplotlib inline
from matplotlib import animation
from IPython.display import HTML
```

EXERCISE 1: Train deeper network

Make a deeper model, with wider layers. Remember to 'softmax' activation in the last layer, as required for the classification task to encode pseudoprobabilities. In the other layers you could use 'relu'.

Try to achieve 90% accuracy. Does your model overfit?

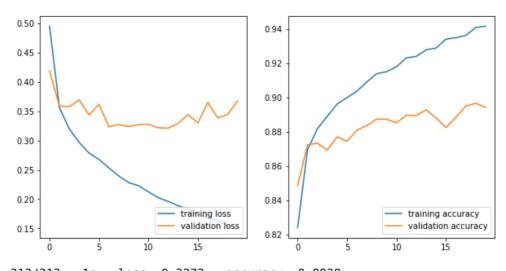
1 of 4 6/12/20, 9:42 AM

```
In [3]: # 1. create model
         model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
           tf.keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28, 28)),
           tf.keras.layers.Dense(1024, activation='relu'),
           tf.keras.layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'),
           tf.keras.layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'),
           tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')
         1)
         model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                        loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
                        metrics=['accuracy'])
         model.summary()
         # 2. train the model
         save_path = 'save/mnist_{epoch}.ckpt'
         save_callback = tf.keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(filepath=save_path, s
         ave_weights_only=True)
         hist = model.fit(x=x_train, y=y_train,
                           epochs=20, batch_size=128,
                           validation_data=(x_test, y_test),
                           callbacks=[save_callback])
         \# 3. plot the loss and accuracy evolution during training fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(10,5))
         axs[0].plot(hist.epoch, hist.history['loss'])
axs[0].plot(hist.epoch, hist.history['val_loss'])
         axs[0].legend(('training loss', 'validation loss'), loc='lower right')
         axs[1].plot(hist.epoch, hist.history['accuracy'])
         axs[1].plot(hist.epoch, hist.history['val_accuracy'])
         axs[1].legend(('training accuracy', 'validation accuracy'), loc='lower r
         ight')
         plt.show()
         # 4. evaluate model in best point (before overfitting)
         model.load_weights('save/mnist_10.ckpt')
         model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=2)
```

2 of 4 6/12/20, 9:42 AM

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 784)	 0
dense (Dense)	(None, 1024)	803840
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	262400
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 64)	16448
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 10)	650
Total params: 1,083,338 Trainable params: 1,083,338 Non-trainable params: 0		
Epoch 1/20 469/469 [====================================		
Epoch 2/20 469/469 [====================================		
469/469 [====================================	======] - 2s 3ms, 0.3574 - val_accuracy	/step - loss: 0.3196 - a : 0.8735
469/469 [====================================	0.3692 - val_accuracy	0.8695
469/469 [====================================	0.3436 - val_accuracy	0.8771
469/469 [====================================	0.3615 - val_accuracy	0.8746
469/469 [====================================	0.3234 - val_accuracy	0.8810
469/469 [====================================	0.3272 - val_accuracy	0.8838
469/469 [====================================	0.3236 - val_accuracy	0.8875
469/469 [====================================	0.3271 - val_accuracy	0.8874
469/469 [====================================	0.3275 - val_accuracy	0.8853
469/469 [====================================	0.3216 - val_accuracy	0.8898
469/469 [====================================	0.3210 - val_accuracy	0.8896
469/469 [====================================	0.3292 - val_accuracy	0.8929
469/469 [====================================	0.3443 - val_accuracy	0.8882
469/469 [====================================	0.3298 - val_accuracy	0.8826
469/469 [====================================	=======] - 2s 3ms,	'step - loss: 0.1686 - a



313/313 - 1s - loss: 0.3272 - accuracy: 0.8838

Out[3]: [0.3271946609020233, 0.8838000297546387]

4 of 4 6/12/20, 9:42 AM