Task 1 Create a database named 'custom'. Create a table named temperature_data inside custom having below fields: 1. date (mm-dd-yyyy) format 2. zip code 3. temperature The table will be loaded from comma-delimited file. Load the dataset.txt (which is ',' delimited) in the table.

```
[acadglid@locathost ~]5 ls -1;
total 287976
-rw-rw-r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 244438 Aug 4 14:08 airports.csv
-rw-rw-r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 437 Aug 8 00:02 dataset.txt
-rw-rw-r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 247963212 Aug 5 13:38 DelayedFlights.csv
```

As we could see that dataset.txt is having date field in 'dd-mm-yyyy' format. But we need to have date field in 'mm-dd-yyyy' format in temperature_data1 table. So we have created a temporary table first and load data from dataset.txt file into this temporary table. Then we have inserted data into 'temperature_data' table from this temporary table using insert into select statement.

```
hive> create table temporaray(temp_date string,zip_code int,temperature int) row format delimited fields terminated by ',';
OK
Time taken: 0.903 seconds
hive> ||
.... |
hive> load data local inpath '/home/acadgild/dataset.txt' into table temporaray;
Loading data to table default.temporaray
OK
Time taken: 1.606 seconds
hive> ||
hive> create table temperature_datal(temp_date string,zip_code int, temperature int) row format delimited fields terminated by ',';
OK
Time taken: 0.144 seconds
hive> ||
```

we have inserted data into 'temperature_data1' table from this temporary table using below insert into select statement with the help of from_unixtime and unix_timestamp functions.

```
hive> insert into table temperature datal select from unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'dd-mm-yyyy'), 'mm-dd-yyyy'), zip_code,temperature from temporaray;
WARNING: Hive-on-NR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or u sing Hive 1.X releases.

Query ID = acadgild_20180808003655_f3707332-f726-4d9e-bfe0-378b22f826b9
Total jobs = 3

Total jobs = 3

Number of reduce tasks is set to 0 since there's no reduce operator
Starting Job = job_1533624178420_0024, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1533624178420_0024/
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1533624178420_0024
Hadoop job information for Stage-1: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 0

2018-08-08 00:37:20,156 Stage-1 map = 0%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 2.1 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 2 seconds 100 msec
Ended Job = job_1533624178420.0024
Stage-3 is filtered out by condition resolver.
Stage-3 is filtered out by condition resolver.
Stage-3 is filtered out by condition resolver.
Moving data to directory hdfs://localhost:8020/user/hive/warehouse/temperature_datal/.hive-staging_hive_2018-08-08_00-36-55_008_6592943498520485631-1/-ext-1000
Loading data to table default.temperature_datal
MapReduce Jobs Launched:

Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 2 seconds 100 msec

OK
Time taken: 27.311 seconds
hive>
```

Task 2 ● Fetch date and temperature from temperature_data where zip code is greater than 300000 and less than 399999.

hive> set hive.cli.print.header=true;

• Calculate maximum temperature corresponding to every year from temperature_data table.

We have used below select query by using max_temp and year as column alias for table: Output shows Maximum temperature corresponding to every year.

Calculate maximum temperature from temperature_data1 table corresponding to those years which have at least 2 entries in the table

We have used below select query by using max_temp and year as column alias and count function for each year for table: Output shows Maximum temperature corresponding to every year having count of rows for each year as at least 2..

```
hive> select max(temperature) max_temp, date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'mm-dd-yyyy'), 'yyyy-mm-dd'), 'yyyy') year from temperature_data:
    p by date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'mm-dd-yyyy'), 'yyyyy-mm-dd'), 'yyyy') having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'mm-dd-yyyy'), having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'dd-yyyy')), having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'dd-yyyy')), having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'dd-yyyy')), having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'dd-yyyyy')), having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'dd-yyyyy')), having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'dd-yyyyy)), having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'dd-yyyyy'), yyyym-mddeto, 'dd-yyyyy'), having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'dd-yyyyy)), having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'dd-yyyy)), having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'dd-yyyyy)), having count(date_format(format(from_unixtime(unix_timetate, 'dd-yyyy)), having count(date, 'dd-yyyy), having count(date
```

Create a view on the top of last query, name it temperature_data_vw.

```
hive> create view temperature datal_view as select max(temperature) max_temp,date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date,'mm-dd-yyyy'),'yyyy-mm-dd'),'yy
yy') year from temperature_data3 group by date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date,'mm-dd-yyyy'),'yyyy-mm-dd'),'yyyy') having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date,'mm-dd-yyyy'), 'yyyy-mm-dd'),'yyyy'))>=2;
0K
max_temp
year
Time taken: 0.249 seconds
hive> select * from temperature_datal_view;
```

```
hive> create view temperature datal_view as select max(temperature) max_temp_date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'mm-dd-yyyy'), 'yyyy-mm-dd'), 'yy) year from temperature data3 group by date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'mm-dd-yyyy'), 'yyyy-mm-dd'), 'yyyy') having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'mm-dd-yyyy'), 'pyyy-mm-dd'), 'yyyy') having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'mm-dd-yyyy'), 'yyyy') having count(date_format(from_unixtime(unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'yyyy'))>abing_date_format(from_unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'yyyyy'))>abing_date_format(from_unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'yyyyy'))>abing_date_format(from_unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'yyyyy'))>abing_date_format(from_unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'yyyyy'))>abing_date_format(from_unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'yyyyy')}abing_date_format(from_unix_timestamp(temp_date, 'yyyyy')}abing
```

Export contents from temperature_data_vw to a file in local file system, such that each field is '|' delimited. We have used below insert statement to insert data into export directory with fields w insert statement to insert data into export directory with fields separated by '|'.

```
hive> insert overwrite local directory '/home/acadgild/export'row format delimited fields terminated by '|' select * from temperature_datal_view;
WARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or u sing Hive 1.X releases.

Query ID = acadgild_20180808042453_5292bfe1-3a4b-48a6-97a2-2fcd3708c463
Total jobs = 1

Launching Job 1 out of 1

Number of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1

In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):

set hive exec. reducers. bytes.per, reducer=cnumber>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:

set hive exec. reducers.max=number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:

set hive.exec. reducers.max=number>
Starting Job = job_1533624178420_0041, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1533624178420_0041/

Kill Command = /home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1533624178420_0041/

Madoop job information for Stage-1: number of reducers: 1

2018-08-08-08-04:25:13,066 Stage-1 map = 0%, reduce = 0%

2018-08-08-08-04:25:13,066 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 0%

AppReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 5 seconds 800 msec

Ended Job = job_1533624178420_0041

Moving data to local directory /home/acadgild/export

MapReduce Dobs Launched:

Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 5.86 sec HDFS Read: 10335 HDFS Write: 32 SUCCESS

Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 5 seconds 800 msec

Kepperature_datal_view.max_temp temperature_datal_view.year

Time_taken: 33.427 seconds
```

```
TWATMAN A. 9 deadylu deadylu 1987 My 1971 MY 1
```

Below you can see that file '000000_0' has been generated into export directory . Content of file '000000_0' shows the output with field separated by '|'

```
[acadgild@localhost ~]$ ls -l export
total 4
-rw-r--r--. 1 acadgild acadgild 32 Aug 8 04:25 000000 0
You have new mail in /var/spool/mail/acadgild
[acadgild@localhost ~]$ ||

[acadgild@localhost ~]$ cat export/000000 0
23|1990
22|1991
16|1993
23|1994
You have new mail in /var/spool/mail/acadgild
[acadgild@localhost ~]$ ||

[acadgild@localhost ~]$ ||

[acadgild@localhost ~]$ ||
```