

Отчет по лабораторной работе 6.1, 6.2

Выполнил: Полярус Павел Анатольевич

Тема: Работа с БД в СУБД MongoDB

Цель работы: Овладеть практическими навыками работы с CRUD-операциями, вложенными объектами, агрегацией, изменением данных, ссылками и индексами в MongoDB.

Выполнение:

Лабораторная работа 6.1

Задание 3

Выполните методы:

- db.help()
- db.help
- db.stats()

a)

db.help()

Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] test> db.help()

Database Class:	
getMongo	Returns the current database connection
getName	Returns the name of the DB
getCollectionNames	Returns an array containing the names of all collections in the current database.
getCollectionInfos	Returns an array of documents with collection information, i.e. collection name and options, for the current database.
runCommand	Runs an arbitrary command on the database.
adminCommand	Runs an arbitrary command against the admin database.
aggregate	Runs a specified admin/diagnostic pipeline which does not require an underlying collection.
getSiblingDB	Returns another database without modifying the db variable in the shell environment.
getCollection	Returns a collection or a view object that is functionally equivalent to using the db.<collectionName>.
dropDatabase	Removes the current database, deleting the associated data files.
createUser	Creates a new user for the database on which the method is run. db.createUser() returns a duplicate user error if the user already exists on the database.
updateUser	Updates the user's profile on the database on which you run the method. An update to a field completely replaces the previous field's values. This includes updates to the user's roles array.
changeUserPassword	Updates a user's password. Run the method in the database where the user is defined, i.e. the database you created the user.
logout	Ends the current authentication session. This function has no effect if the current session is not authenticated.
dropUser	Removes the user from the current database.
dropAllUsers	Removes all users from the current database.
auth	Allows a user to authenticate to the database from within the shell.
grantRolesToUser	Grants additional roles to a user.
revokeRolesFromUser	Removes a one or more roles from a user on the current database.
getUser	Returns user information for a specified user. Run this method on the user's database. The user must exist on the database on which the method is run.
getUsers	Returns information for all the users in the database.
createCollection	Create new collection
createEncryptedCollection	Creates a new collection with a list of encrypted fields each with unique and auto-created data encryption keys (DEKs). This is a utility function that internally utilizes ClientEncryption.createEncryptedCollection.
createView	Create new view
createRole	Creates a new role.
updateRole	Updates the role's profile on the database on which you run the method. An update to a field completely replaces the previous field's values.
dropRole	Removes the role from the current database.
dropAllRoles	Removes all roles from the current database.
grantRolesToRole	Grants additional roles to a role.
revokeRolesFromRole	Removes a one or more roles from a role on the current database.
grantPrivilegesToRole	Grants additional privileges to a role.
revokePrivilegesFromRole	Removes a one or more privileges from a role on the current database.
getRole	Returns role information for a specified role. Run this method on the role's database. The role must exist on the database on which the method is run.
getRoles	Returns information for all the roles in the database.
currentOp	Runs an aggregation using \$currentOp operator. Returns a document that contains information on in-progress operations for the database instance.
killOp	For further information, see \$currentOp.
killOp	Calls the killOp command. Terminates an operation as specified by the operation ID. To find operations and their corresponding IDs, see \$currentOp or db.currentOp().
shutdownServer	Calls the shutdown command. Shuts down the current mongod or mongos process cleanly and safely. You must issue the db.shutdownServer() operation

b)

db.help

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] test> db.help

Database Class:

getMongo           Returns the current database connection
getName            Returns the name of the DB
getCollectionNames Returns an array containing the names of all collections in the current database.
getCollectionInfos Returns an array of documents with collection information, i.e. collection name and options, for the current database.
runCommand         Runs an arbitrary command on the database.
adminCommand       Runs an arbitrary command against the admin database.
aggregate          Runs a specified admin/diagnostic pipeline which does not require an underlying collection.
getSiblingDB       Returns another database without modifying the db variable in the shell environment.
getCollection       Returns a collection or a view object that is functionally equivalent to using the db.<collectionName>.
dropDatabase        Removes the current database, deleting the associated data files.
createUser          Creates a new user for the database on which the method is run. db.createUser() returns a duplicate user error if the user already exists on the
database.
updateUser          Updates the user's profile on the database on which you run the method. An update to a field completely replaces the previous field's values. Th
is includes updates to the user's roles array.
changeUserPassword  Updates a user's password. Run the method in the database where the user is defined, i.e. the database you created the user.
logout             Ends the current authentication session. This function has no effect if the current session is not authenticated.
dropUser           Removes the user from the current database.
dropAllUsers        Removes all users from the current database.
auth              Allows a user to authenticate to the database from within the shell.
grantRolesToUser    Grants additional roles to a user.
revokeRolesFromUser Removes a one or more roles from a user on the current database.
getUser            Returns user information for a specified user. Run this method on the user's database. The user must exist on the database on which the method r
uns.
getUsers           Returns information for all the users in the database.
createCollection    Create new collection
createEncryptedCollection Creates a new collection with a list of encrypted fields each with unique and auto-created data encryption keys (DEKs). This is a utility functi
on that internally utilises ClientEncryption.createEncryptedCollection.
createView          Create new view
createRole          Creates a new role.
updateRole          Updates the role's profile on the database on which you run the method. An update to a field completely replaces the previous field's values.
dropRole            Removes the role from the current database.
dropAllRoles        Removes all roles from the current database.
grantRolesToRole    Grants additional roles to a role.
revokeRolesFromRole Removes a one or more roles from a role on the current database.
grantPrivilegesToRole Grants additional privileges to a role.
revokePrivilegesFromRole Removes a one or more privileges from a role on the current database.
getRole            Returns role information for a specified role. Run this method on the role's database. The role must exist on the database on which the method r
uns.
getRoles           Returns information for all the roles in the database.
currentOp          Runs an aggregation using $currentOp operator. Returns a document that contains information on in-progress operations for the database instance.
For further information, see $currentOp.
killOp            Calls the killOp command. Terminates an operation as specified by the operation ID. To find operations and their corresponding IDs, see $current
Op or db.currentOp().
shutdownServer     Calls the shutdown command. Shuts down the current mongod or mongos process cleanly and safely. You must issue the db.shutdownServer() operation
```

c)

db.stats()

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] test> db.stats()
{
  db: 'test',
  collections: 0,
  views: 0,
  objects: Long('0'),
  avgObjSize: 0,
  dataSize: Long('0'),
  storageSize: Long('0'),
  totalFreeStorageSize: Long('0'),
  numExtents: Long('0'),
  indexes: 0,
  indexSize: Long('0'),
  indexFreeStorageSize: Long('0'),
  fileSize: Long('0'),
  nsSizeMB: 0,
  ok: 1
}
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] test> █
```

1. Создайте БД learn.
2. Создайте коллекцию unicorns, вставив в нее документ {name: 'Aurora', gender: 'f', weight: 450}.
3. Получите список доступных БД.

```
use learn
db.unicorns.insertOne({name: 'Aurora', gender: 'f',
weight: 450})
show dbs
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.insertOne({name: 'Aurora', gender: 'f', weight: 450})
{
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: ObjectId('6837583f8b3a1dd66beb5415')
}
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> show dbs
learn                8.00 KiB
sample_airbnb        77.18 MiB
sample_analytics      9.56 MiB
sample_geospatial    1.20 MiB
sample_guides         40.00 KiB
sample_mflix         120.29 MiB
sample_restaurants     7.93 MiB
sample_supplies        1.07 MiB
sample_training        51.78 MiB
sample_weatherdata     2.63 MiB
admin                 348.00 KiB
local                 21.51 GiB
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> █
```

Задание 7

Просмотрите список текущих коллекций.

```
db.getCollectionNames()
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.getCollectionNames()
[ 'unicorns' ]
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> █
```

Задание 8

Переименуйте коллекцию unicorns.

```
db.unicorns.renameCollection("new_unicorns")
```

Задание 9

Просмотрите статистику коллекции.

```
db.new_unicorns.stats()
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.stats()
{
  ok: 1,
  capped: false,
  wiredTiger: {
    metadata: { formatVersion: 1 },
    creationString: 'access.pattern_hint=none,allocation_size=4KB,app_metadata=(formatVersion=1),assert=(commit_timestamp=none,durable_timestamp=none,read_timestamp=none,write_timestamp=off),
block_allocation=best,block_compressor=snappy,cache_resident=false,checksum=on,colgroups=,collator=,columns=,dictionary=0,encryption=(keyid=,name=),exclusive=false,extractor=,format=btree,huf
fman_key=huffman_value=,ignore_in_memory_cache_size=false,immutable=false,import=(compare_timestamp=oldest_timestamp,enabled=false,file_metadata=,metadata_file=,panic_corrupt=true,repair=fal
se),internal_item_max=0,internal_key_max=0,internal_key_truncate=true,internal_page_max=4KB,key_format=q,key_gap=10,leaf_item_max=0,leaf_key_max=0,leaf_page_max=32KB,leaf_value_max=64MB,log=(
enabled=false),lsm=(auto_throttle=true,bloom=true,bloom_bit_count=16,bloom_config=,bloom_hash_count=8,bloom_oldest=false,chunk_count_limit=0,chunk_max=5GB,chunk_size=10MB,merge_custom=(prefix
_start_generation=0,suffix=),merge_max=15,merge_min=0),memory_page_image_max=0,memory_page_max=10m,os_cache_dirty_max=0,os_cache_max=0,prefix_compression=false,prefix_compression_min=4,sourc
e=,split_deepen_min_child=0,split_deepen_per_child=0,split_pct=90,tiered_storage=(auth_token=,bucket=,bucket_prefix=,cache_directory=,local_retention=300,name=,object_target_size=0),type=file
,value_format=u,verbose=),write_timestamp_usage=none',
  type: 'file',
  uri: 'statistics:table:collection-7876-2960421109409314624',
  LSM: {
    'bloom filter false positives': 0,
    'bloom filter hits': 0,
    'bloom filter misses': 0,
    'bloom filter pages evicted from cache': 0,
    'bloom filter pages read into cache': 0,
    'bloom filters in the LSM tree': 0,
    'chunks in the LSM tree': 0,
    'highest merge generation in the LSM tree': 0,
    'queries that could have benefited from a Bloom filter that did not exist': 0,
    'sleep for LSM checkpoint throttle': 0,
    'sleep for LSM merge throttle': 0,
    'total size of bloom filters': 0
  },
  autocommit: {
    'retries for readonly operations': 0,
    'retries for update operations': 0
  },
  backup: {
    'total modified incremental blocks with compressed data': 0,
    'total modified incremental blocks without compressed data': 0
  },
  'block-manager': {
    'allocations requiring file extension': 4,
    'blocks allocated': 4,
    'blocks freed': 0,
    'checkpoint size': 4096,
    'file allocation unit size': 4096,
    'file bytes available for reuse': 0,
    'file magic number': 128897,
    'file major version number': 1,
    'file size in bytes': 20480,
  }
}
```

Задание 10

Удалите коллекцию

```
db.new_unicorns_name.drop()
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.new_unicorns_name.drop()
true
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> █
```

Задание 11

Удалите БД learn.

```
db.dropDatabase()
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.dropDatabase()
{ ok: 1, dropped: 'learn' }
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> █
```

Задание 2.1.1

- 1) Создайте базу данных *learn*.
- 2) Заполните коллекцию единорогов *unicorns*:
- 3) Используя второй способ, вставьте в коллекцию единорогов документ:
{name: 'Dunx', loves: ['grape', 'watermelon'], weight: 704, gender: 'm', vampires: 165}
- 4) Проверьте содержимое коллекции с помощью метода *find*.

1)

```
use learn
```

2)

```
db.unicorns.insert({name: 'Horny', loves:
['carrot', 'papaya'], weight: 600, gender: 'm', vampires:
63});
db.unicorns.insert({name: 'Aurora', loves: ['carrot',
'grape'], weight: 450, gender: 'f', vampires: 43});
db.unicorns.insert({name: 'Unicrom', loves: ['energon',
'redbull'], weight: 984, gender: 'm', vampires: 182});
db.unicorns.insert({name: 'Rooooooodles', loves:
['apple'], weight: 575, gender: 'm', vampires: 99});
db.unicorns.insert({name: 'Solnara', loves: ['apple',
'carrot', 'chocolate'], weight: 550, gender: 'f',
vampires: 80});
db.unicorns.insert({name: 'Ayna', loves: ['strawberry',
'lemon'], weight: 733, gender: 'f', vampires: 40});
db.unicorns.insert({name: 'Kenny', loves: ['grape',
'lemon'], weight: 690, gender: 'm', vampires: 39});
db.unicorns.insert({name: 'Raleigh', loves: ['apple',
'sugar'], weight: 421, gender: 'm', vampires: 2});
db.unicorns.insert({name: 'Leia', loves: ['apple',
'watermelon'], weight: 601, gender: 'f', vampires: 33});
db.unicorns.insert({name: 'Pilot', loves: ['apple',
'watermelon'], weight: 650, gender: 'm', vampires: 54});
db.unicorns.insert({name: 'Nimue', loves: ['grape',
```

```
'carrot'], weight: 540, gender: 'f'}));
```

3)

```
document = ({name: 'Dunx', loves: ['grape',  
'watermelon'], weight: 704, gender: 'm', vampires: 165})  
db.unicorns.insert(document);
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> document = ({name: 'Dunx', loves: ['grape', 'watermelon'], weight: 704, gender: 'm', vampires: 165})  
... db.unicorns.insert(document);  
{  
  acknowledged: true,  
  insertedIds: { '0': ObjectId('68377a638b3a1dd66beb5421') }  
}  
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> █
```

4)

```
db.unicorns.find()
```

Результат:

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find()  
[  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5416'),  
    name: 'Horry',  
    loves: [ 'carrot', 'papaya' ],  
    weight: 600,  
    gender: 'm',  
    vampires: 63  
  },  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5417'),  
    name: 'Aurora',  
    loves: [ 'carrot', 'grape' ],  
    weight: 450,  
    gender: 'f',  
    vampires: 43  
  },  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5418'),  
    name: 'Unicrom',  
    loves: [ 'energon', 'redbull' ],  
    weight: 984,  
    gender: 'm',  
    vampires: 182  
  },  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5419'),  
    name: 'Roooooadles',  
    loves: [ 'apple' ],  
    weight: 575,  
    gender: 'm',  
    vampires: 99  
  },  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb541a'),  
    name: 'Solnara',  
    loves: [ 'apple', 'carrot', 'chocolate' ],  
    weight: 550,  
    gender: 'f',  
    vampires: 80  
  },  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb541b'),  
    name: 'Ayna',  
    loves: [ 'strawberry', 'lemon' ],  
    weight: 733,  
    gender: 'f',  
  }  
]
```

Задание 2.2.1

1) Сформируйте запросы для вывода списков самцов и самок единорогов. Ограничьте список самок первыми тремя особями. Отсортируйте списки по имени.

2) Найдите всех самок, которые любят carrot. Ограничьте этот список первой особью с помощью функций `findOne` и `limit`.

Самцы, отсортированные по имени:

```
db.unicorns.find({gender: "m"}).sort({name: 1})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({gender: "m"}).sort({name: 1})
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a638b3a1dd66beb5421'),
    name: 'Dunk',
    loves: [ 'grape', 'watermelon' ],
    weight: 704,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 165
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5416'),
    name: 'Horny',
    loves: [ 'carrot', 'papaya' ],
    weight: 600,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 63
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541c'),
    name: 'Kenny',
    loves: [ 'grape', 'lemon' ],
    weight: 690,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 39
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541f'),
    name: 'Pilot',
    loves: [ 'apple', 'watermelon' ],
    weight: 650,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 54
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541d'),
    name: 'Raleigh',
    loves: [ 'apple', 'sugar' ],
    weight: 421,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 2
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5419'),
    name: 'Roooooadles',
    loves: [ 'apple' ],
    weight: 575,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 2
  }
]
```

Первые три самки по имени:

```
db.unicorns.find({gender: "f"}).sort({name: 1}).limit(3)
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({gender: "f"}).sort({name: 1}).limit(3)
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5417'),
    name: 'Aurora',
    loves: [ 'carrot', 'grape' ],
    weight: 450,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 43
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb541b'),
    name: 'Ayna',
    loves: [ 'strawberry', 'lemon' ],
    weight: 733,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 40
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541e'),
    name: 'Leia',
    loves: [ 'apple', 'watermelon' ],
    weight: 601,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 33
  }
]
```

Все самки, любящие carrot:

```
db.unicorns.find({gender: "f", loves: "carrot"})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({gender: "f", loves: "carrot"})
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5417'),
    name: 'Aurora',
    loves: [ 'carrot', 'grape' ],
    weight: 450,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 43
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb541a'),
    name: 'Solnara',
    loves: [ 'apple', 'carrot', 'chocolate' ],
    weight: 550,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 80
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb5420'),
    name: 'Nimue',
    loves: [ 'grape', 'carrot' ],
    weight: 540,
    gender: 'f'
  }
]
```

Вывод первой самки из предыдущего запроса:

```
db.unicorns.findOne({gender: "f", loves: "carrot"})
db.unicorns.find({gender: "f", loves: "carrot"}).limit(1)
```

```
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5417'),
    name: 'Aurora',
    loves: [ 'carrot', 'grape' ],
    weight: 450,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 43
  }
]
```


Задание 2.2.2 — Исключение полей

Модифицируйте запрос для вывода списков самцов единорогов, исключив из результата информацию о предпочтениях и поле.

```
db.unicorns.find({gender: "m"}, {loves: 0, gender: 0})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({gender: "m"}, {loves: 0, gender: 0})
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd666beb5416'),
    name: 'Horny',
    weight: 600,
    vampires: 63
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd666beb5418'),
    name: 'Unicrom',
    weight: 984,
    vampires: 182
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd666beb5419'),
    name: 'Roooooadles',
    weight: 575,
    vampires: 99
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd666beb541c'),
    name: 'Kenny',
    weight: 690,
    vampires: 39
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd666beb541d'),
    name: 'Raleigh',
    weight: 421,
    vampires: 2
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd666beb541f'),
    name: 'Pilot',
    weight: 650,
    vampires: 54
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a638b3a1dd666beb5421'),
    name: 'Dunk',
    weight: 704,
    vampires: 165
  }
]
```

Задание 2.2.3

Вывести список единорогов в обратном порядке добавления.

```
db.unicorns.find().sort({$natural: -1})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find().sort({$natural: -1})
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a638b3a1dd666beb5421'),
    name: 'Dunk',
    loves: [ 'grape', 'watermelon' ],
    weight: 704,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 165
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd666beb5420'),
    name: 'Nimue',
    loves: [ 'grape', 'carrot' ],
    weight: 540,
    gender: 'f'
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd666beb541f'),
    name: 'Pilot',
    loves: [ 'apple', 'watermelon' ],
    weight: 650,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 54
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd666beb541e'),
    name: 'Leia',
    loves: [ 'apple', 'watermelon' ],
    weight: 601,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 33
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd666beb541d'),
    name: 'Raleigh',
    loves: [ 'apple', 'sugar' ],
    weight: 421,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 2
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd666beb541c'),
    name: 'Kenny',
    loves: [ 'grape', 'lemon' ],
    weight: 690,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 39
  }
]
```

Задание 2.1.4

Вывести список единорогов с названием первого любимого предпочтения, исключив идентификатор.

```
db.unicorns.find({}, {loves: {$slice: 1}, _id: 0})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({}, {loves: {$slice: 1}, _id: 0})
[
  {
    name: 'Horny',
    loves: [ 'carrot' ],
    weight: 600,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 63
  },
  {
    name: 'Aurora',
    loves: [ 'carrot' ],
    weight: 450,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 43
  },
  {
    name: 'Unicrom',
    loves: [ 'energon' ],
    weight: 984,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 182
  },
  {
    name: 'Roopaadles',
    loves: [ 'apple' ],
    weight: 575,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 99
  },
  {
    name: 'Solnara',
    loves: [ 'apple' ],
    weight: 550,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 80
  },
  {
    name: 'Ayna',
    loves: [ 'strawberry' ],
    weight: 733,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 40
  },
  {
    name: 'Kenny',
    loves: [ 'grape' ],
    weight: 690,
    vampires: 40
  }
]
```

Задание 2.3.1

Вывести список самок единорогов весом от полутонны до 700 кг, исключив вывод идентификатора.

```
db.unicorns.find({gender: "f", weight: {$gte: 500, $lte: 700}}, {_id: 0})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({gender: "f", weight: {$gte: 500, $lte: 700}}, {_id: 0})
[
  {
    name: 'Solnara',
    loves: [ 'apple', 'carrot', 'chocolate' ],
    weight: 550,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 80
  },
  {
    name: 'Leia',
    loves: [ 'apple', 'watermelon' ],
    weight: 601,
    gender: 'f',
    vampires: 33
  },
  {
    name: 'Nimue',
    loves: [ 'grape', 'carrot' ],
    weight: 540,
    gender: 'f'
  }
]
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> █
```

Задание 2.3.2

Вывести список самцов единорогов весом от полутонны и предпочитающих *grape* и *lemon*, исключив вывод идентификатора.

```
db.unicorns.find({gender: "m", weight: {$gte: 500},  
loves: {$all: ["grape", "lemon"]}}, {_id: 0})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({gender: "m", weight: {$gte: 500}, loves: {$all: ["grape", "lemon"]}}, {_id: 0})  
[  
  {  
    name: 'Kenny',  
    loves: [ 'grape', 'lemon' ],  
    weight: 690,  
    gender: 'm',  
    vampires: 39  
  }  
]
```

Задание 2.3.3

Найти всех единорогов, не имеющих ключ *vampires*

```
db.unicorns.find({vampires: {$exists: false}})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({vampires: {$exists: false}})  
[  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb5420'),  
    name: 'Nimue',  
    loves: [ 'grape', 'carrot' ],  
    weight: 540,  
    gender: 'f'  
  }  
]
```

Задание 2.3.4

Вывести список упорядоченный список имен самцов единорогов с информацией об их первом предпочтении.

```
db.unicorns.find({gender: "m"}, {name: 1, loves: {$slice: 1}}).sort({name: 1})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({gender: "m"}, {name: 1, loves: {$slice: 1}}).sort({name: 1})
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a638b3a1dd66beb5421'),
    name: 'Dunx',
    loves: [ 'grape' ]
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5416'),
    name: 'Horny',
    loves: [ 'carrot' ]
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541c'),
    name: 'Kenny',
    loves: [ 'grape' ]
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541f'),
    name: 'Pilot',
    loves: [ 'apple' ]
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541d'),
    name: 'Raleigh',
    loves: [ 'apple' ]
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5419'),
    name: 'Rooooooodles',
    loves: [ 'apple' ]
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5418'),
    name: 'Unicrom',
    loves: [ 'energon' ]
  }
]
```

Задание 3.1.1

- 1) Сформировать запрос, который возвращает список городов с независимыми мэрами (party="I") . Вывести только название города и информацию о мэре.
- 2) Сформировать запрос, который возвращает список беспартийных мэров (party отсутствует) . Вывести только название города и информацию о мэре.

1)

```
db.towns.find({"mayor.party": "I"}, {name: 1, mayor: 1, _id: 0})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.towns.find({"mayor.party": "I"}, {name: 1, mayor: 1, _id: 0})
[
  {
    name: 'New York',
    mayor: { name: 'Michael Bloomberg', party: 'I' }
  }
]
```

2)

```
db.towns.find({"mayor.party": {$exists: false}}, {name:
```

```
1, mayor: 1, _id: 0})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.towns.find({"mayor.party": {$exists: false}}, {name: 1, mayor: 1, _id: 0})
[ { name: 'Punxsutawney', mayor: { name: 'Jim Wehrle' } } ]
```

Задание 3.1.2

- 1) Сформировать функцию для вывода списка самцов единорогов.
- 2) Создать курсор для этого списка из первых двух особей с сортировкой в лексикографическом порядке.
- 3) Вывести результат, используя `forEach`.

1)

```
db.unicorns.find({gender: "m"})
```

2)

```
var cursor = db.unicorns.find({gender: "m"}).sort({name: 1}).limit(2);null;
```

3)

```
cursor.forEach(function(obj) {
    print(obj.name);
})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> var cursor = db.unicorns.find({gender: "m"});null;
... cursor.forEach(function(obj) {
...     print(obj.name);
... })
...
Horny
Unicrom
Roooooodles
Kenny
Raleigh
Pilot
Dunx
```

Задание 3.2.1

Вывести количество самок единорогов весом от полутонны до 600 кг.

```
db.unicorns.find({gender: "f", weight: {$gte: 500, $lte: 600}}).count()
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({gender: "f", weight: {$gte: 500, $lte: 600}}).count()
2
```

Задание 3.2.2

Вывести список предпочтений

```
db.unicorns.distinct("loves")
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.distinct("loves")
[
  'apple',      'carrot',
  'chocolate', 'energon',
  'grape',      'lemon',
  'papaya',     'redbull',
  'strawberry', 'sugar',
  'watermelon'
]
```

Задание 3.2.3

Посчитать количество особей единорогов обоих полов.

```
db.unicorns.aggregate([{$group: {_id: "$gender", count:
{$sum: 1}}}]])
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.aggregate([{$group: {_id: "$gender", count: {$sum: 1}}}]])
[ { _id: 'm', count: 7 }, { _id: 'f', count: 5 } ]
```

Задание 3.3.1

1. Выполнить команду:

```
db.unicorns.save({name: 'Barney', loves: ['grape'],
weight: 340, gender: 'm'})
```

2. Проверить содержимое коллекции unicorns.

Вывод: в версии Монго, начиная с 3.2, метод save более не поддерживается

```
TypeError: db.unicorns.save is not a function
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> 
```

Задание 3.3.2

1. Для самки единорога Ayna внести изменения в БД: теперь ее вес 800, она убила 51 вампира.
2. Проверить содержимое коллекции `unicorns`.

```
db.unicorns.update(  
  { name: "Ayna", gender: "f" },  
  {$set: {  
    weight: 800,  
    vampires: 51  
  }}  
)
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({name: 'Ayna'})  
[  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb541b'),  
    name: 'Ayna',  
    loves: [ 'strawberry', 'lemon' ],  
    weight: 800,  
    gender: 'f',  
    vampires: 51  
  }  
]
```

Задание 3.3.3

1. Для самца единорога Raleigh внести изменения в БД: теперь он любит рэдбул.
2. Проверить содержимое коллекции `unicorns`.

```
db.unicorns.update({ name: "Raleigh", gender: "m" },  
  {$push: {loves: "рэдбул"}})
```

```
weight: 550,  
gender: 'f',  
vampires: 80  
},  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb541b'),  
  name: 'Ayna',  
  loves: [ 'strawberry', 'lemon' ],  
  weight: 800,  
  gender: 'f',  
  vampires: 51  
},  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541c'),  
  name: 'Kenny',  
  loves: [ 'grape', 'lemon' ],  
  weight: 690,  
  gender: 'm',  
  vampires: 39  
},  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541d'),  
  name: 'Raleigh',  
  loves: [ 'apple', 'sugar', 'рэдбул' ],  
  weight: 421,  
  gender: 'm',  
  vampires: 2  
},  
{  
  _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541e'),  
  name: 'Leia',  
  loves: [ 'apple', 'watermelon' ],  
  weight: 421,  
  gender: 'f',  
  vampires: 39  
}
```

Задание 3.3.4

1. Всем самцам единорогов увеличить количество убитых вампиров на 5.
2. Проверить содержимое коллекции `unicorns`.

```
db.unicorns.update(  
  {gender: 'm'},  
  {$inc: {vampires: 5}},  
  {multi: true}  
)
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({gender: 'm'})  
[  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5416'),  
    name: 'Horny',  
    loves: [ 'carrot', 'papaya' ],  
    weight: 600,  
    gender: 'm',  
    vampires: 68  
  },  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5418'),  
    name: 'Unicorn',  
    loves: [ 'energion', 'redbull' ],  
    weight: 984,  
    gender: 'm',  
    vampires: 187  
  },  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5419'),  
    name: 'Rosesoadles',  
    loves: [ 'apple' ],  
    weight: 575,  
    gender: 'm',  
    vampires: 104  
  },  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541c'),  
    name: 'Kenny',  
    loves: [ 'grape', 'lemon' ],  
    weight: 690,  
    gender: 'm',  
    vampires: 44  
  },  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541d'),  
    name: 'Raleigh',  
    loves: [ 'apple', 'sugar', 'psabyn' ],  
    weight: 421,  
    gender: 'm',  
    vampires: 7  
  },  
  {  
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541f'),  
    name: 'Pilot',  
    loves: [ 'apple', 'watermelon' ],  
    weight: 650,  
    gender: 'm',  
  }  
]
```

Задание 3.3.5

1. Изменить информацию о городе Портланд: мэр этого города теперь беспартийный.
2. Проверить содержимое коллекции `towns`.

```
db.towns.update({name: 'Portland'}, {$unset:  
  {'mayor.party': 1}})
```



```

Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.towns.find()
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68386d358b3a1dd66beb5425'),
    name: 'Punxsutawney',
    populatiuon: 6200,
    last_sensus: ISODate('2008-01-31T00:00:00.000Z'),
    famous_for: [ '' ],
    mayor: { name: 'Jim Wehrle' }
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68386d358b3a1dd66beb5426'),
    name: 'New York',
    populatiuon: 22200000,
    last_sensus: ISODate('2009-07-31T00:00:00.000Z'),
    famous_for: [ 'statue of liberty', 'food' ],
    mayor: { name: 'Michael Bloomberg', party: 'I' }
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68386d358b3a1dd66beb5427'),
    name: 'Portland',
    populatiuon: 528000,
    last_sensus: ISODate('2009-07-20T00:00:00.000Z'),
    famous_for: [ 'beer', 'food' ],
    mayor: { name: 'Sam Adams' }
  }
]

```

Задание 3.3.6

1. Изменить информацию о самце единорога *Pilot*: теперь он любит и шоколад.
2. Проверить содержимое коллекции *unicorns*

```

db.unicorns.update({ name: "Pilot", gender: "m" },
{$addToSet: {loves: "chocolate"}})

```

```

Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.find({ name: "Pilot", gender: "m" })
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68377a2c8b3a1dd66beb541f'),
    name: 'Pilot',
    loves: [ 'apple', 'watermelon', 'chocolate' ],
    weight: 650,
    gender: 'm',
    vampires: 59
  }
]

```

Задание 3.3.7

1. Изменить информацию о самке единорога Aurora: теперь она любит еще и сахар, и лимоны.
2. Проверить содержимое коллекции unicorns.

```
db.unicorns.update({ name: "Aurora", gender: "f" },
{$addToSet: {loves: {$each ["sugar", "lemons"]}}})
```

```
{
  _id: ObjectId('68377a2b8b3a1dd66beb5417'),
  name: 'Aurora',
  loves: [ 'carrot', 'grape', 'sugar', 'lemons' ],
  weight: 450,
  gender: 'f',
  vampires: 43
},
```

Задание 3.4.1

1. Удалите документы с беспартийными мэрами.
2. Проверьте содержание коллекции.
3. Очистите коллекцию.
4. Просмотрите список доступных коллекций.

```
db.towns.remove({"mayor.party": {$exists: false}},
{multi: true});
db.towns.remove({});
db.getCollectionNames();
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.towns.remove({"mayor.party": {$exists: false}}, {multi: true});
DeprecationWarning: Collection.remove() is deprecated. Use deleteOne, deleteMany, findOneAndDelete, or bulkWrite.
{ acknowledged: true, deletedCount: 1 }
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.towns.find()
[
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68386d358b3a1dd66beb5426'),
    name: 'New York',
    populatiuon: 22200000,
    last_sensus: ISODate('2009-07-31T00:00:00.000Z'),
    famous_for: [ 'statue of liberty', 'food' ],
    mayor: { name: 'Michael Bloomberg', party: 'I' }
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('68386d358b3a1dd66beb5427'),
    name: 'Portland',
    populatiuon: 528000,
    last_sensus: ISODate('2009-07-20T00:00:00.000Z'),
    famous_for: [ 'beer', 'food' ],
    mayor: { name: 'Sam Adams', party: 'D' }
  }
]
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.towns.remove({});
{ acknowledged: true, deletedCount: 2 }
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.getCollectionNames();
[ 'unicorns', 'users', 'towns' ]
```

Вывод: так как в условии было сказано очистить, а не удалить коллекцию, все верно

Задание 4.1.1

1. Создайте коллекцию зон обитания единорогов, указав в качестве идентификатора кратко название зоны, далее включив полное название и описание.
2. Включите для нескольких единорогов в документы ссылку на зону обитания, используя второй способ автоматического связывания.
3. Проверьте содержание коллекции единорогов.
4. Содержание коллекции единорогов *unicorns*:

1) Отправляем Хорни единорога в леса Сибири:

```
> db.habitats.insert({_id: "forest", name: "Siberia Forest", desc: "severe russian forest"})

> db.unicorns.update({name: 'Horny'}, {$set: {habitat: {$ref: "habitats", $id: "forest"}}})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.habitats.insert({_id: "forest", name: "Siberia Forest", desc: "severe russian forest"})
{ acknowledged: true, insertedIds: { '0': 'forest' } }
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.update({name: 'Horny'}, {$set: {habitat: {$ref: "habitats", $id: "forest"}}})
{ acknowledged: true, insertedId: null, matchedCount: 1, modifiedCount: 1, upsertedCount: 0 }
```

2) Аврору поселим в горах Кавказа:

```
> db.habitats.insert({_id: "mount", name: "Kavkaz mountains", desc: "beautiful fr"})

> db.unicorns.update({name: 'Aurora'}, {$set: {habitat: {$ref: "habitats", $id: "mount"}}})
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.habitats.insert({_id: "mount", name: "Kavkaz mountains", desc: "beautiful fr"})
{ acknowledged: true, insertedIds: { '0': 'mount' } }
Atlas atlas-f8hxqs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.update({name: 'Aurora'}, {$set: {habitat: {$ref: "habitats", $id: "mount"}}})
{ acknowledged: true, insertedId: null, matchedCount: 1, modifiedCount: 1, upsertedCount: 0 }
```



```
Atlas atlas-f8hxs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.getIndexes()
[
  { v: 2, key: { _id: 1 }, name: '_id_' },
  { v: 2, key: { name: 1 }, name: 'name_1', unique: true }
]
```

2)

```
db.unicorns.dropIndexes()
```

Не затрагивает системный индекс *id*.

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.dropIndexes()
...
...
{
  nIndexesWas: 2,
  msg: 'non-_id indexes dropped for collection',
  ok: 1,
  '$clusterTime': {
    clusterTime: Timestamp({ t: 1748555289, i: 6 }),
    signature: {
      hash: Binary.createFromBase64('8E63YD/1p1eDbBrf+Cm6oAbA1w=', 0),
      keyId: Long('7465773399587946512')
    }
  },
  operationTime: Timestamp({ t: 1748555289, i: 6 })
}
```

3)

```
db.unicorns.dropIndex("_id_")
```

```
Atlas atlas-f8hxs-shard-0 [primary] learn> db.unicorns.dropIndex("_id_")
...
...
MongoServerError[InvalidOptions]: cannot drop _id index
Atlas atlas-f8hxs-shard-0 [primary] learn> 
```

Вывод - так нельзя

Задание 4.4.1

1. Создайте объемную коллекцию *numbers*, задействовав курсор:

```
for(i = 0; i < 100000;
i++){db.numbers.insert({value: i})}
```

2. Выберите последних четыре документа.
3. Проанализируйте план выполнения запроса 2. Сколько потребовалось времени на выполнение запроса? (по значению параметра `executionTimeMillis`)
4. Создайте индекс для ключа `value`.
5. Получите информацию о всех индексах коллекции `numbers`.
6. Выполните запрос 2.
7. Проанализируйте план выполнения запроса с установленным индексом. Сколько потребовалось времени на выполнение запроса?
8. Сравните время выполнения запросов с индексом и без. Дайте ответ на вопрос: какой запрос более эффективен?

2)

```
db.numbers.find().sort({value:
-1}).limit(4).explain("executionStats")
```

3)

```
executionStats: {
  executionSuccess: true,
  nReturned: 4,
  executionTimeMillis: 226,
  totalKeysExamined: 0,
```

Запрос отработал за 226 мс

4)

```
db.numbers.createIndex({value: 1})
```

5)

```
db.numbers.getIndexes()
```

```
test> db.numbers.getIndexes()
[
  { v: 2, key: { _id: 1 }, name: '_id_' },
  { v: 2, key: { value: 1 }, name: 'value_1' }
]
```

6)

```
db.numbers.find().sort({value:-1}).limit(4).explain("executionStats")
```

```
executionStats: {  
  executionSuccess: true,  
  nReturned: 4,  
  executionTimeMillis: 8,  
  totalKeysExamined: 4,  
  totalIndexesExamined: 1,  
  ...  
}
```

Потребовалось - 10мс, разница существенная

Вывод: при работе с большими коллекциями, индекс заметно оптимизирует время отработки запросов.

Выводы

В ходе лабораторной работы были изучены:

- CRUD-операции в MongoDB;
- Выборка и фильтрация данных;
- Использование агрегатов и курсоров;
- Работа со вложенными объектами и массивами;
- Использование индексов и связей между коллекциями.