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**Цель работы:** овладеть практическими навыками создания и использования процедур, функций и триггеров в базе данных PostgreSQL.

### Практическое задание (вариант 1).

- 1. Создать процедуры/функции согласно индивидуальному заданию и (согласно индивидуальному заданию, часть 4).
- логирования событий вставки, 2. Создать триггер ДЛЯ удаления, редактирования данных В базе данных PostgreSQL (согласно 5). Допустимо индивидуальному заданию, часть создать универсальный триггер или отдельные триггеры на логирование действий.

#### Выполнение.

Создание хранимых процедур/функций:

Вывести список всех звонков заданного абонента (рис. 1).
 create function client\_calls(character) returns set of payments.call\_outgoing as

select call\_id, subscription\_id, time\_call\_start, time\_call\_end, zone\_type, country\_id, discount, status, date\_payment

from (payments.call\_outgoing natural join payments.subscription) natural join payments.contract

where passport = \$1

## \$\$ language sql;

Рисунок 1 – Результаты работы функции 1

2. Вывести задолженность по оплате для заданного абонента (рис. 2). create function client debt(character) returns set of double precision as \$\$ select sum(p.price) as debt from (select s.price from (select round(((extract(hour from (time\_call\_end - time\_call\_start)) \* 60 + extract(minute from (time\_call\_end - time\_call\_start))) \* tariff\_price) \* (1-discount)) as price, ((extract(hour from (time\_call\_end - time\_call\_start)) \* 60 + extract(minute from (time call end - time call start))) \* country price) \* (1-discount) as price2 from (((payments.call\_outgoing natural left join payments.international\_calls) natural join payments.subscription) natural left join payments.tariff) natural join payments.contract where status = 'ожидание' and passport = \$1) as s where s.price2 is null union all select t.price2 from (select round(((extract(hour from (time\_call\_end - time\_call\_start)) \* 60 + extract(minute from (time\_call\_end - time\_call\_start))) \* tariff\_price) \* (1-discount)) as price, ((extract(hour from (time\_call\_end - time\_call\_start)) \* 60 + extract(minute from (time call end - time call start))) \* country\_price) \* (1-discount) as price2 from (((payments.call\_outgoing natural left join payments.international\_calls) natural join payments.subscription) natural left join payments.tariff) natural join payments.contract where status = 'ожидание' and passport = \$1) as t where t.price2 is not null) as p; \$\$ language sql;

```
telephone_exchange_db=# create function client_debt(character) returns setof double precision as
telephone_exchange_db# select sum(p.price) as debt
telephone_exchange_db# select sum(p.price) as debt
telephone_exchange_db# from (select round(((extract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) telephone_exchange_db# (retract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) telephone_exchange_db# (retract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) telephone_exchange_db# (retract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_end - time_ca
```

Рисунок 2 – Результаты работы функции 2

3. Рассчитать общую стоимость звонков по каждой зоне за истекшую неделю (рис. 3).

create function prev\_week\_zone\_sum() returns table(zone\_type character varying, sum\_price double precision) as

\$\$

select p.zone\_type, sum(p.price) as sum\_price

from

(select s.price, s.zone\_type

from (select zone\_type, round(((extract(hour from (time\_call\_end time\_call\_start)) \* 60 + extract(minute from (time\_call\_end - time\_call\_start)))

\* tariff\_price) \* (1-discount)) as price,

round(((extract(hour from (time\_call\_end - time\_call\_start)) \* 60 + extract(minute from (time\_call\_end - time\_call\_start)))

\* country\_price) \* (1-discount)) as price2

from (((payments.call\_outgoing natural left join payments.international\_calls)
natural join payments.subscription) natural left join payments.tariff)
natural join payments.contract

where date\_part('week', time\_call\_start) = date\_part('week', current\_timestamp) - 1) as s

```
where s.price2 is null
union all
select t.price2, t.zone_type
from
        (select
                  zone_type,
                                round(((extract(hour
                                                        from
                                                                (time call end
time_call_start)) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_end - time_call_start)))
             * tariff_price) * (1-discount)) as price,
round(((extract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start)) * 60 + extract(minute
from (time_call_end - time_call_start)))
             * country_price) * (1-discount)) as price2
from (((payments.call_outgoing natural left join payments.international_calls)
        natural join payments.subscription) natural left join payments.tariff)
        natural join payments.contract
where date_part('week', time_call_start) = date_part('week', current_timestamp) -
1) as t
where t.price2 is not null) as p
group by zone_type
order by sum_price desc
$$ language sql;
```

```
telephone_exchange_db=# create function prew_week_zone_sum() returns table(zone_type character varying, sum_price double precision) as telephone_exchange_dbs# select p_zone_type, sum(p.price) as sum_price telephone_exchange_dbs# select p_zone_type, sum(p.price) as sum_price telephone_exchange_dbs# from (select zone_type, round(((extract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start)) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_end - time_call_start telephone_exchange_dbs# from (select zone_type, round(((extract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start)) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_end - time_call_start telephone_exchange_dbs# round(((extract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * telephone_exchange_dbs# round(((extract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * telephone_exchange_dbs# round((extract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * telephone_exchange_dbs# natural join payments.contract telephone_exchange_dbs# natural join payments.contract telephone_exchange_dbs# union all telephone_exchange_dbs# union all telephone_exchange_dbs# from (select zone_type, round(((extract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * telephone_exchange_dbs# from (select zone_type, round(((extract(hour from (time_call_end - time_call_start))) * telephone_exchange_dbs# from (select zone_type, round(((extract(hour from (time_call_start)))) * telephone_exchange_dbs# round(((extract(hour from (time_call_start))) * 60 + extract(minute from (time_call_start)))) * telephone_exchange_dbs# varieff_price) * (1-discount)) as price telephone_exchange_dbs# varieff_price) * (1-discount)) as price telephone_exchange_dbs# varieff_price) * (1-discount)) * (1 discount) * (1 discount)
```

Рисунок 3 – Результаты работы функции 2

```
Создадим таблицу с будущими логами, функцию триггера и сам
триггер (рис. 4).
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION payments.logging() RETURNS TRIGGER
AS $$
DECLARE
  text_entry varchar(30);
  value_entry varchar(100);
  full entry varchar(254);
BEGIN
  IF TG_OP = 'INSERT' THEN
    value_entry = NEW.call_id;
    text_entry := 'Added new call ';
    full_entry := text_entry || value_entry;
    INSERT INTO payments.logs(action_logged) values (full_entry);
    RETURN NEW;
  ELSIF TG_OP = 'UPDATE' THEN
    value_entry = NEW.call_id;
    text_entry := 'Updated call ';
    full_entry := text_entry || value_entry;
    INSERT INTO payments.logs(action_logged) values (full_entry);
    RETURN NEW;
  ELSIF TG OP = 'DELETE' THEN
    value_entry = OLD.call_id;
    text_entry := 'Removed call ';
    full_entry := text_entry || value_entry;
    INSERT INTO payments.logs(action_logged) values (full_entry);
    RETURN OLD;
  END IF;
END;
```

Создание триггера для логирования событий:

# \$\$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;

#### CREATE TRIGGER t\_calls

AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON payments.call\_outgoing FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE PROCEDURE payments.logging();

Рисунок 4 – Создание триггера в консоли

Проверим работоспособность триггера (рис. 5-7).

Рисунок 5 – Проверка работы триггера на вставку записи

Рисунок 6 – Проверка работы триггера на удаление нескольких записей

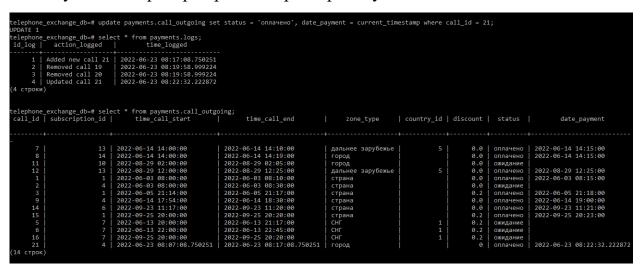


Рисунок 7 — Проверка работы триггера на редактирование данных **Выводы.** 

Я овладела практическими навыками создания и использования процедур, функций и триггеров в базе данных PostgreSQL.