

# BIOHACKEANDO ADN PARA ALMACENAR BIT(UP)S



Marina Moro López



# ¡Hola! :D

- Ingeniera biomédica
- Futura doctora en biomedicina
- 'Programadora' a nivel científico























# DEFINICIÓN DE BIOHACKING





## Bio + hacking

Añadir funcionalidades y resolución de problemas sociales en el ámbito bio

## Democratización

Herramientas biológicas e información fuera del ámbito institucional

## Código ético

Transparencia, seguridad, educación, compromiso y responsabilidad





#### **ORIGEN DEL BIOHACKING**



#### DIY

Autosuficiencia y comunidad

#### **TRANSHUMANISMO**

Superación de límites biológicos con tecnología

#### **HACKING**

Democratización y hackeo de procedimientos

## ¿Y QUÉ SE HACE?

Proyectos de salud, medioambiente y bioarte usando tecnologías de genética, bioquímica, bioingeniería, biología sintética, electrónica...

- Desarrollo de equipos low-cost
- Producción de medicamentos
- Talleres y conferencias
- Start-ups con los productos desarrollados
- Autoexperimentación y modificaciones corporales









## TIPOS DE BIOHACKING





## BIOHACKING FISIOLÓGICO

Hacking del propio organismo con dietas, ingesta de suplementos y hábitos de vida

Ejemplos: ayuno intermitente, exposición a infrarrojos, uso de nootrópicos

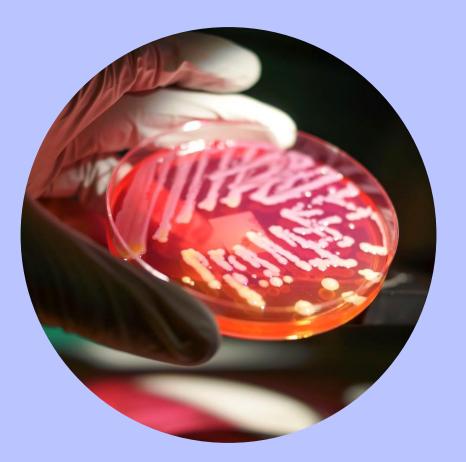




## **BIOLOGÍA DIY**

Manipulación de la biología a través de técnicas innovadoras por parte de la ciudadanía

**Ejemplos**: biohacking genético, neurohacking, terapia celular, producción de medicamentos y de equipo





#### **GRINDER**

Manipulación corporal con visión transhumanista (body hacking)

**Ejemplos**: implantación de hardware, modificación de implantes, edición genética y biohacking *in vivo* 







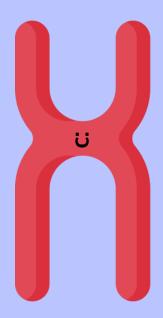


# TEORÍA BÁSICA DE GENÉTICA



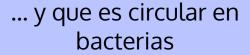
#### CROMOSOMA BACTERIANO – ADN

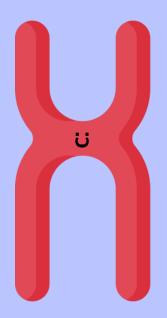
Estructura que contiene todos los genes...

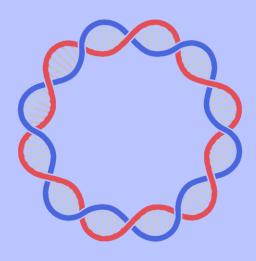


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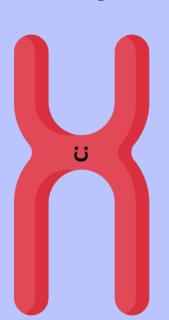




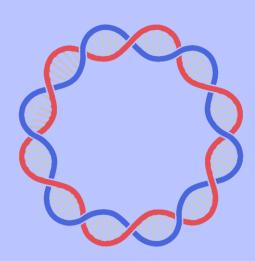


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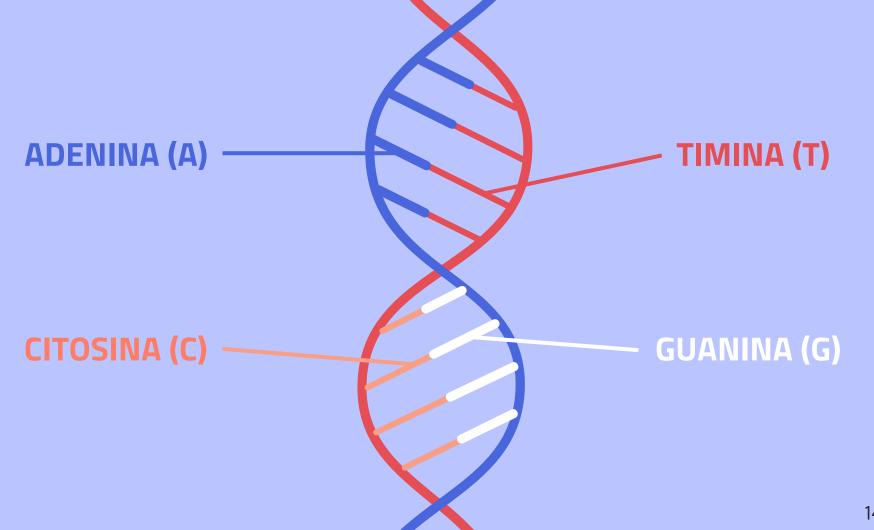


... y que es circular en bacterias



Doble hélice formada por bases

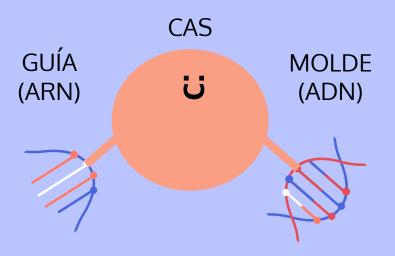


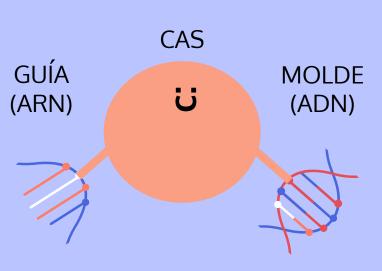




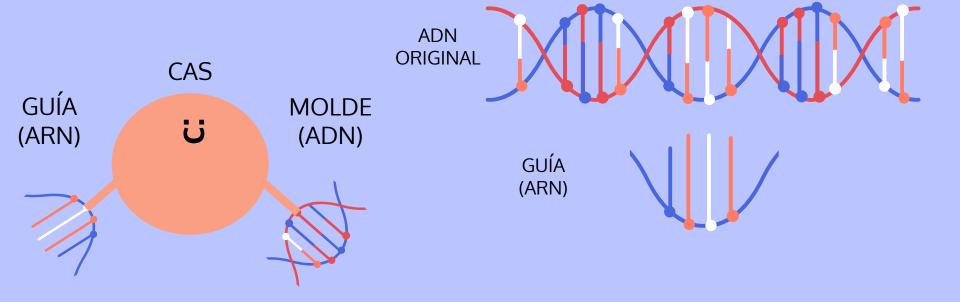


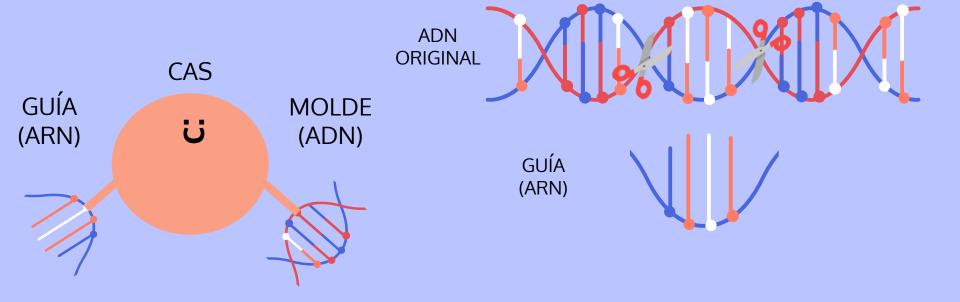
Corta y pega de secuencias de ADN (edición genética)

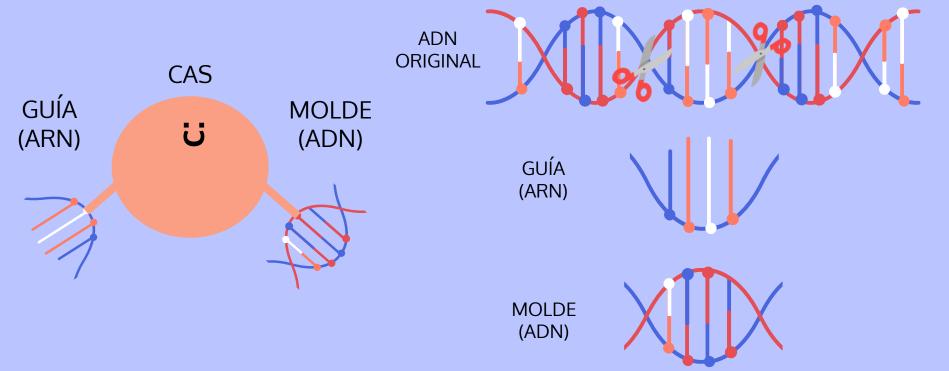


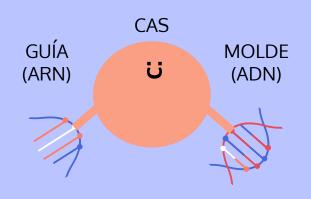




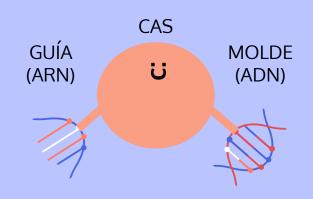




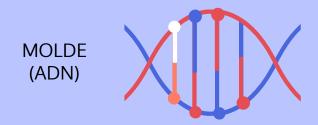


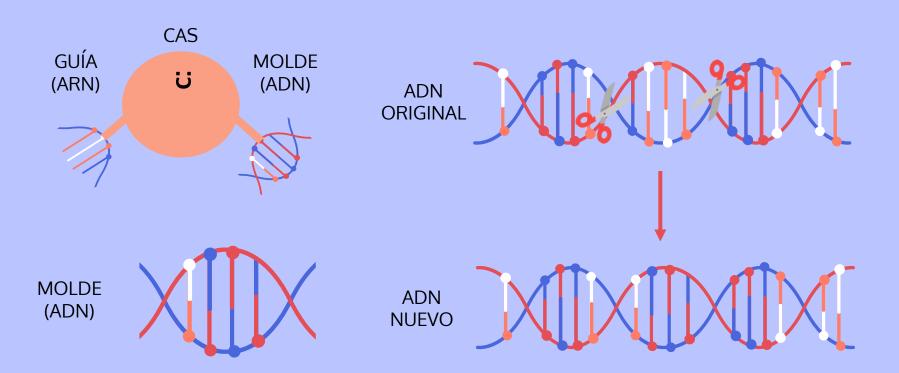


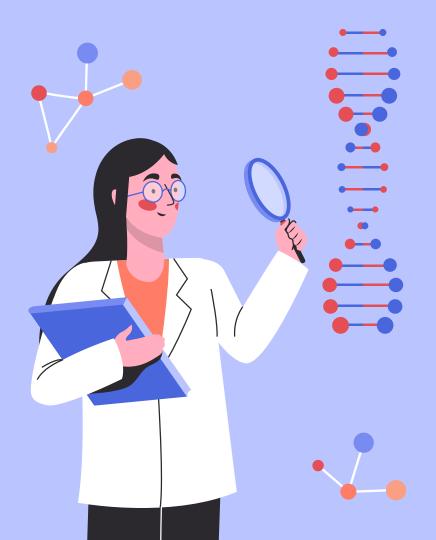










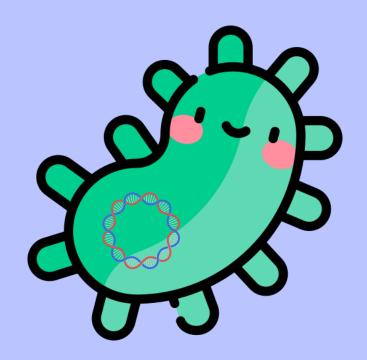




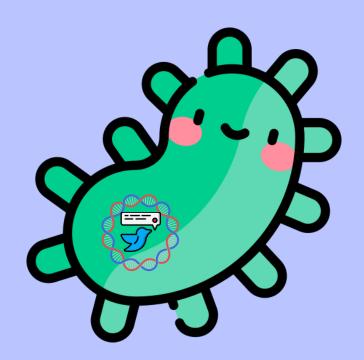


# CASO PRÁCTICO











#### **CIFRAS DEL ADN**



Vida media de miles de años (congelado)



1g de ADN = 215 petabytes; 1 base = 1,8 bits

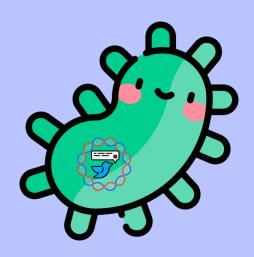


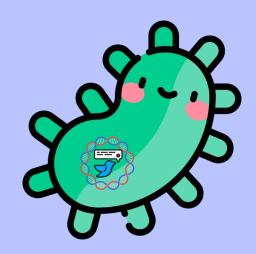
3B de bases en el ADN humano = 700 megabytes



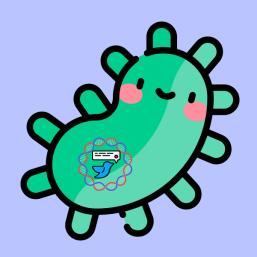
5M bases en Escherichia Coli = 1,25 megabytes







Localizar el sitio en el que queramos poner el tweet



Localizar el sitio en el que queramos poner el tweet

Elegir el tweet y codificarlo (tweet > binario > ADN)



- Localizar el sitio en el que queramos poner el tweet
- Elegir el tweet y codificarlo (tweet > binario > ADN)
- Insertarlo en el ADN de la bacteria (y descodificar cuando queramos)



#### Localizar el sitio en el que queramos poner el tweet

>NZ CP015020.1 Escherichia coli strain 28RC1 chromosome, complete genome GATAACGCCTATCGTTTCTGGCGTCGTTGCCGGAGTGACGGACTGGGCAACAGGGTGTTTCTGTTCAAGG GGGATGGACTTCGCCGTGACAGGCTGATTAACCGAACCTTCCCGGATAATACCGGCAGAAGTGCCCGCCG TGCCAGAGCCAGTGGCGATGTCGCGCTGTGGCTGTTCAGACGGATGCGTTTAAGGATCGTGTAAATAATG GAGCTGACCTATGAAGAGCGCGGCAGTGACGGAAAATGGCGAAAACCGGGCAGGGGCGCTAACGAAGCGT TTGACCTGCTGGTTTATGCGGATGCGCTTGCCGTTCTGCATGGTTACGAAAAGATCCGCTGGCCCTCCGC ACCGGACTGGCACAGCGGGAAACGTGGCTCGTCTTCCCGCAGGAGCGTTCTGGTGAAACGGTATCCCCG ATCCATGGATAACATCAGGAGGCTGGTTGTGAGCACAGAAGAAGCCAGAGAAATGATACAGCGGTACCGT GAAGCGGAAATGGCCGTACTGGAGGAAAAGTCTGTCATCTTCAACGGGCAGCAACTGACGCTGGAAAGCC TTTCTCAGATCCGCGCCGGACGTCAGGAGTGGGAACGCAGGCTTGCCGCGATGGTGAGCCGCAGGCGGGG AAAACCGGGATTTAAACTGGCGAGGTTTTAATGGCAATTATTGATGATGATGGCGTGTTTTCCCCCG GGTGGAAAGCAGCCAGACTGCGTTCAAGGGCGTTAATCATGGCCTATGAGGCGGTGAAACCGACCCGGAC ATAAAGCCCGGCGGAAAATCGCTCTGCTGATCAGCTCAGTAAATACGGTGCGGTTTCCCTGCGGGAGCA GGCCCGTTTTCTGGATATCAATCATGACCTGGTGATTGGTGTTTTGACAAGCTGGAAGAGCGGGTGATT CGGATATCCGCCGTTTGTGGGCTGAATGGTCCGTGAGTCCGGATGTGACAGGGCAGTATACCCGTCCTGT GCTTGAACGTTTACTGCTGCGGACCTGCCGGGATGGTGAAGTGTTTGCGCAGATGGTCAGTGGTGCG GGAAACGGTCTGGAACGGACGGCGGAGTGCCATTCTGGCTTGAGGCGATGGAGCCGGATTTTGTTCCCAT CGCCACTGATGAATCCGCCGGACTGAATCAGGGGTTTTTCTTGATGAGTGGGGAAGACCGAAAAAATATC CCACCTGAAGTTCACTCGTCGTCTGCATCAGACGCGAGGCTCATCCATGTTATCGGGGGTGCTGATGCGG ATCAGTGCCCTTAAGGAGTATGAGGATGCGGAACTGACAGCGGCGCGTATTGCTGCGGCGCTGGACTGTA TATCCGTAAAGGTGACGGACAGGACTATGAAGATCCGGGGATCAAAGAGACCGAGCGGGAAGTCCATATC ACCCCCCTATTATTTATCACCATTTCCCCAACCCCACATATCCCAATCCTCAAATCTCACCCTCCCAA



#### Localizar el sitio en el que queramos poner el tweet

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Base A Posición 1.175



#### Elegir el tweet y codificarlo (tweet > binario > ADN)

#### t Bitup Alicante Ciberseguridad retwitteó



jomoza

@JOMoZ4

Poco se habla de la cantidad ingente de pegatinas wapisimas que vamos a llevar



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```
def main():
   print('Select genome file')
   genome file = askopenfile(mode='r')
   genome seq = genome file.readlines()[1:]
   genome_seq = ''.join(genome_seq).replace('\n', '')
   mutation_position = int(input("Introduce the numeric position of the mutation base (e.g. 1, 25, 203): "))
   while mutation_position <= 0:
       print('Invalid input. Introduce positive integer. ')
       mutation_position = int(input("Introduce the numeric position of the mutation base (e.g. 1, 25, 203): "))
   while mutation position > len(genome sea):
       mutati 🖟 marinamorolopez / biohacking-bitup2022 (Public 25, 203): "))
   print('Select tweet file')
   tweet_file = askopenfile(mode='r')
   tweet text = tweet file.readlines()
   tweet text = ''.join(tweet text).replace('\n', '')
   tweet binary = toBinary(tweet text)
   tweet DNA = toDNA(tweet binary)
   DNA guide, mold, mutated genome seq = seq constructor(genome seq, mutation position, tweet DNA)
   tweet binary decoded = fromDNA(mutated genome seq, mutation position, tweet DNA)
   tweet_text_decoded = toString(tweet_binary_decoded)
```

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def main():
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    while mutation_position <= 0:
       print('Invalid input. Introduce positive integer. ')
       mutation_position = int(input("Introduce the numeric position of the mutation base (e.g. 1, 25, 203): "))
   while mutation position > len(genome seq):
       print('Invalid input. Introduce position within genome length (e.g. ' + str(len(genome seq)) + ').')
       mutation position = int(input("Introduce the numeric position of the mutation base (e.g. 1, 25, 203): "))
   print('Select tweet file')
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```

```
def toBinary(tweet text):
    tweet ascii, tweet_binary = [], []
    for letter in tweet_text:
       tweet_ascii.append(ord(letter))
    for char in tweet_ascii:
        tweet_byte = format(char, "#010b")
        tweet byte = tweet byte[2:]
        tweet binary.append(tweet byte)
    return tweet_binary
def toDNA(tweet_binary):
    tweet DNA = ""
    for byte in tweet_binary:
        for i in range(0, (len(byte)-1), 2):
            if byte[i] + byte[i+1] == "00":
                tweet DNA += "A"
            elif byte[i] + byte[i+1] == "11":
                tweet DNA += "T"
            elif byte[i] + byte[i+1] == "01":
                tweet DNA += "G"
            elif byte[i] + byte[i+1] == "10":
                tweet_DNA += "C"
    return tweet_DNA
```

```
def toBinary(tweet_text):
    tweet_ascii, tweet_binary = [], []
    for letter in tweet_text:
        tweet_ascii.append(ord(letter))
    for char in tweet_ascii:
        tweet_byte = format(char, "#010b")
        tweet_byte = tweet_byte[2:]
        tweet_binary.append(tweet_byte)
```

```
coded_tweet_file = open('CODED_TWEET.txt', 'w')
coded tweet file.write(tweet DNA)
coded_tweet_file.close()
guide file = open('GUIDE.txt', 'w')
guide file.write(DNA to RNA(DNA guide))
guide file.close()
mold_file = open('MOLD.txt', 'w')
mold_file.write(mold)
mold file.close()
mutated_genome_file = open('MUTATED_SEQUENCE.txt', 'w')
mutated genome file.write(mutated genome seq)
mutated genome file.close()
```

```
def DNA to RNA(DNA guide):
    RNA guide = ""
    for base in DNA guide:
        if base == "T":
            RNA guide += "A"
        elif base == "A":
            RNA guide += "U"
        elif base == "C":
            RNA guide += "G"
        elif base == "G":
            RNA guide += "C"
    return RNA guide
```

```
def seq_constructor(genome_seq, mutation_position, tweet_DNA):
    DNA_guide = genome_seq[mutation_position-25:mutation_position+25]
    mold = genome_seq[mutation_position-25:mutation_position]+ tweet_DNA + genome_seq[mutation_position:mutation_position+25]
    mutated_genome_seq = genome_seq[:mutation_position] + tweet_DNA + genome_seq[mutation_position:]
    return DNA_guide, mold, mutated_genome_seq
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```

GGCACUCAGGCCUACACUGUCCCGUCAUAUGGGCAGGACACGAACUUGCA

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    mold = genome_seq[mutation_position-25:mutation_position] + tweet_DNA + genome_seq[mutation_position:mutation_position+25]
    mutated_genome_seq = genome_seq[:mutation_position] + tweet_DNA + genome_seq[mutation_position:]
    return DNA_guide, mold, mutated_genome_seq
```

def seq constructor(genome seq, mutation position, tweet DNA):

TGAACGTTTACTGCTGCGGACCTGGCTGCGGGATGGTGAAGTGTTTGCGCAGATGGTCAGTGGTGCG



Comprar kit CRISPR DIY



Comprar kit CRISPR DIY

Preparar la jeringa (con CAS, molde y guía)

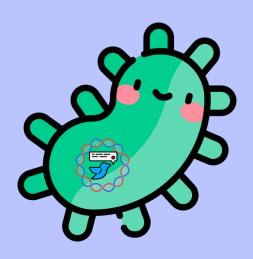




Comprar kit CRISPR DIY

Preparar la jeringa (con CAS, molde y guía)

Inyectar en la bacteria

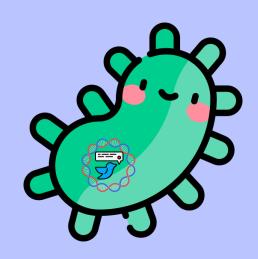




Comprar kit CRISPR DIY

Preparar la jeringa (con CAS, molde y guía)

Inyectar en la bacteria





```
def fromDNA(mutated_genome_seq, mutation_position, tweet DNA):
   tweet DNA decoded = mutated genome seq[(mutation position):(mutation position + len(tweet DNA))]
   tweet binary decoded = ""
   for base in tweet DNA decoded:
       if base == "A":
           tweet binary decoded += "00"
       elif base == "T":
           tweet_binary_decoded += "11"
        elif base == "G":
           tweet binary decoded += "01"
        elif base == "C":
           tweet binary decoded += "10"
   tweet binary decoded = [tweet binary decoded[i:i+8] for i in range(0, len(tweet binary decoded), 8)]
   return(tweet binary decoded)
def toString(tweet binary decoded):
 tweet ascii decoded = []
 tweet text decoded = ""
 for byte in tweet binary decoded:
   byte = int(byte)
   rem = 0
   char = 0
   digits = int(math.log10(byte)) + 1
   for j in range(digits):
    rem = ((byte%10)*(2**j))
     byte = byte//10
     char = char + rem
   tweet_ascii_decoded.append(char)
 for char in tweet_ascii_decoded:
   tweet_text_decoded=tweet_text_decoded + chr(char)
 return tweet text decoded
```

```
def fromDNA(mutated genome seq, mutation position, tweet DNA):
   tweet DNA decoded = mutated genome seq[(mutation position):(mutation position + len(tweet DNA))]
   tweet binary decoded = ""
   for base in tweet DNA decoded:
       if base == "A":
           tweet binary decoded += "00"
       elif base == "T":
           tweet binary decoded += "11"
       elif base == "G":
           tweet binary decoded += "01"
       elif base == "C":
           tweet binary decoded += "10"
   tweet binary decoded = [tweet binary decoded[i:i+8] for i in range(0, len(tweet binary decoded), 8)]
   return(tweet binary decoded)
                                             decoded tweet file = open('DECODED TWEET.txt', 'w')
def toString(tweet binary decoded):
                                             decoded tweet file.write(tweet text decoded)
 tweet ascii decoded = []
                                             decoded_tweet_file.close()
 tweet text decoded = ""
 for byte in tweet binary decoded:
   byte = int(byte)
   rem = 0
   char = 0
   digits = int(math.log10(byte)) + 1
   for j in range(digits):
    rem = ((byte%10)*(2**j))
     byte = byte//10
     char = char + rem
   tweet ascii decoded.append(char)
 for char in tweet_ascii_decoded:
   tweet_text_decoded=tweet_text_decoded + chr(char)
 return tweet text decoded
```

```
def fromDNA(mutated genome seq, mutation position, tweet DNA):
   tweet DNA decoded = mutated genome seq[(mutation position):(mutation position + len(tweet DNA))]
   tweet binary decoded =
   for base in tweet DNA decoded:
       if base == "A":
           tweet binary decoded += "00"
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       elif base == "C":
           tweet binary decoded += "10"
   tweet binary decoded = [tweet binary decoded[i:i+8] for i in range(0, len(tweet binary decoded), 8)]
   return(tweet binary decoded)
                                             decoded tweet file = open('DECODED TWEET.txt', 'w')
def toString(tweet binary decoded):
                                             decoded tweet file.write(tweet text decoded)
 tweet ascii decoded = []
                                             decoded_tweet_file.close()
 tweet text decoded = ""
 for byte in tweet binary decoded:
```

## Poco se habla de la cantidad ingente de pegatinas wapisimas que vamos a llevar

```
rem = ((byte%10)*(2**j))
byte = byte//10
char = char + rem
tweet_ascii_decoded.append(char)
for char in tweet_ascii_decoded:
tweet_text_decoded=tweet_text_decoded + chr(char)

return tweet_text_decoded
```







## APLICACIONES TERAPÉUTICAS



## **APLICACIONES TERAPÉUTICAS**



Edición de genes que producen enfermedades genéticas (epidermólisis bullosa, anemia de Falconi)



Células CAR-T contra el cáncer

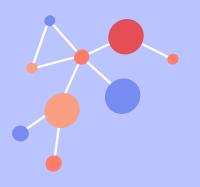


Terapia antiviral (SARS-CoV-2, VIH)



Lucha contra enfermedades infecciosas (malaria, fiebre amarilla)



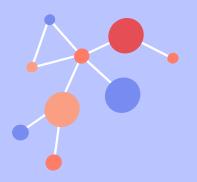


# ¡Gracias!



## ¡Gracias!





# ¡Gracias!







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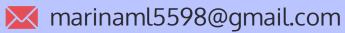
Ponente: Marina Moro López Título: Biohacking con Python

Nuevo



## Gracias!

## ¿Preguntas?





Marina Moro López

