Use Case: User connects to game server

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: Connect player to server to enable gameplay and online interactions.

Preconditions: Player has an internet connection, game (client) is installed and running, server is online and available

Trigger: Player enters the multiplayer portion of the gaming platform.

Scenario:

- 1. Player selects "connect" or somehow enters the multiplayer section.
- 2. Game client retrieves the address and connection settings
- 3. Game client attempts to establish a connection with the server
- 4. Player 1 gains access to online features

Exceptions:

- 1. Poor internet and connection is interrupted
- 2. Server unreachable. Player will be notified if the server is down.

Priority: Essential for online gameplaying.

When available: Third iteration

Frequency of use: High. Used anytime a player wishes to play against other players.

Channel to actor: OMG gaming platform

Secondary Actor: Server

Channels to secondary actors: Server API, network connection

Open issues: High player traffic on server.

Use Case: User authenticates with server

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: Verify the player's identity and give them access to the game server

Preconditions: Player has an internet connection, player has a registered account

Trigger: Player must click the login button.

Scenario:

- 1. Player clicks the login button
- 2. Player is prompted for a username and password
- 3. Player enters a username and password
- 4. Game client sends the login request to the server
- 5. Server verifies credentials
- 6. The client receives the server's response and the player is either granted access to the account in question or is prompted to try again.

Exceptions:

- 1. Username does not exist in the database
- 2. Username exists in the database but the password is incorrect

Priority: Essential, must be implemented to ensure a secure gaming experience

When available: Third iteration

Frequency of use: Medium. Some players may choose to stay logged out. Once a player is logged in, they will not be asked to log in again unless they close the session and reopen it.

Channel to actor: Via OMG gaming platform (requires internet connection)

Secondary actor: Authentication server

Channels to secondary actors: Network connection

Open issues:

1. How many wrong password attempts should it take for a user to get locked out of their account?

Use Case: Create new game session

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: Player connects to a specific game session after matchmaking or by direct invitation.

Preconditions: Player must be authenticated and connected to the game server, server is online

Trigger: Player clicks "Create New Game"

Scenario:

1. Player clicks "Create New Game"

- 2. Game client sends a request to the server to create a new game
- 3. Server verifies request and creates a new game
- 4. Server gives the game a unique session ID and stores it in a database
- 5. Server sends back session details to client and the game is displayed on the client's screen

Exceptions:

1. Network issues. Client fails to communicate with server and prompts the user to retry.

Priority: High. Required for initiating multiplayer games.

When available: Third iteration

Frequency of use: High. Anytime a player wishes to create a game.

Channel to actor: Via OMG gaming platform

Secondary actor: Server, game logic system

Channels to secondary actors: Network connection, database for storing session details

Open issues:

1. Handling ownership of the game if the player who created it disconnects

Use Case: Player joins game

Primary actor: Player 1

Goal in context: Player connects to a specific game session after matchmaking or invitation.

Preconditions: Player has authenticated and connected to the server, a game has been created (for invitation case), the player has received an invitation or has been assigned an opponent by the computer.

Trigger: Player 1 accepts the invitation from player 2 or the matchmaking system assigns player 1 to a game with player 2.

Scenario:

- 1. Player 1 accepts an invitation from player 2 or the matchmaking system assigns player 1 to a session
- 2. The game client sends a join request to the server asking to join a game with a specific ID
- 3. The server validates the request by checking if the session ID exists
- 4. If validation is successful, player 1 is added to the game
- 5. Server updates the game state and the client is notified that player 1 had been added.
- 6. Player 1 can see on the GUI that they have been added to the game

Exceptions:

- 1. Session is full. Player is notified and prompted to join another session
- 2. Session not found (invalid session ID). Player is notified and prompted to try again
- 3. Network error. Player is notified

Priority: High. Required for multiplayer gaming.

When available: Third iteration

Frequency of use: Each time a player joins an online session.

Channel to actor: OMG gaming platform

Secondary actor: Server, game session, player 2

Channels to secondary actors: Network connection, API for session updates, database for session details

Open issues:

1. Handling reconnects if a player is disconnected mid-game

Use Case: Send and receive game moves

Primary actor: Player 1

Goal in context: Enable real-time gaming interaction between players online

Preconditions: Player 1 and player 2 are connected to the game server, game session is active, server is online.

Trigger: Player 1 makes a move on the gaming platform

Scenario:

- 1. Player 1 makes a move in the game
- 2. Game client sends the move to the server
- 3. Server calls the game's logic system
- 4. Server updates the game state if the move is valid
- 5. Server sends updated game state to player 2
- 6. Player 2's client receives the updated move and displays it

Exceptions:

1. Network lag / connection loss

2. Invalid move

Priority: Essential. Used anytime a player wants to play against another player

When available: Third iteration

Frequency of use: High. Used anytime a player wishes to play against other players.

Channel to actor: OMG gaming platform

Secondary Actor: Player 2's client, game logic system, server, database for storing moves

Channels to secondary actors: Network connection, OMG gaming platform, API

Use Case: In-Game chat

Primary actor: Player 1

Goal in context: Players send and receive chat messages within a game session

Preconditions: Both players are connected to the game server

Trigger: Player 1 types and sends a chat to player 2

Scenario:

1. Player 1 types a message in the chat box and sends it

- 2. Game client sends the message to the server
- 3. The server sends the message to player 2's client
- 4. The message appears on player 2's chat

Exceptions:

1. Network lag / connection loss

Priority: Medium. Not necessary to play a game, but standard in online gaming platforms.

When available: Third iteration

Frequency of use: Medium. Not all players will wish to use the chat function.

Channel to actor: OMG gaming platform

Secondary Actor: Player 2's client, server

Channels to secondary actors: Network connection, OMG gaming platform

Open issues:

1. Handling inappropriate messages

Use Case: Disconnect

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: Break the connection between the player's game client and the server, either on

purpose or due to external factors.

Preconditions: Player is connected to the server

Trigger: Player exits the multiplayer section.

Scenario:

5. Player exits the multiplayer section (either by logging out or clicking "single player") OR server detects inactivity.

6. Client sends a disconnect request to the server

7. The server acknowledges the request and removes the client from the server

8. Gaming client returns to main menu

Exceptions:

3. Lost connection with network

Priority: Medium. Important for proper online gaming management.

When available: Third iteration

Frequency of use: High. Used anytime a player ends an online gaming session

Channel to actor: OMG gaming platform

Secondary Actor: Server

Channels to secondary actors: Network connection

Open issues: Handling unexpected disconnects without data loss

Use Case: Game session completion

Primary actor: Players

Goal in context: Gaming session ends, results are recorded, and stats are updated.

Preconditions: Game session is active, one player has met victory conditions or game has ended in a draw.

Trigger: A player has won or the game has ended in a draw

Scenario:

- 1. The game logic system detects a win or a draw
- 2. The server finalizes the game state (stops accepting new moves)
- 3. Server updates rankings according to the result of the game
- 4. Server sends game completion update to player 1 and 2's clients (containing game stats)
- 5. Game over message and game stats displayed on the screens of player 1 and 2

Exceptions:

- 1. Player disconnects before completion
- 2. Server crashes before winner is declared

Priority: Essential because game must end.

When available: Third iteration

Frequency of use: High. Used anytime a game ends.

Channel to actor: OMG gaming platform

Secondary Actor: Server, leaderboard system

Channels to secondary actors: Network connection

Open issues: How should match history be saved?

Use Case: Connection error recovery

Primary actor: Game client

Goal in context: System attempts to recover from temporary connection issues to maintain game

integrity

Preconditions: Game client is actively connected to the server

Trigger: Client detects a connection failure due to network loss, server issues or timeouts

Scenario:

- 1. Client detects connection failure
- 2. Client displays an update to the player such as "reconnecting" and a loading circle
- 3. Client attempts automatic reconnection
- 4. a) If the client succeeds in reconnecting:
 - o The client requests the latest game state from the server
 - The server sends the current game state
 - Client resynchronizes with the server and gameplay resumes
 - b) Otherwise:
 - Client displays a disconnection message with options such as retrying manually to connect or quitting the game and returning to the main menu
 - If the client manages to reconnect to the server somehow, the steps in 4.a) will be taken.

Exceptions:

1. Player reconnects too late. They are notified that the session expired and are redirected to the main menu

Priority: High. Connection errors are inevitable and need to be handled

When available: Third iteration

Frequency of use: Medium. Will not happen every game, only when a connection issue occurs.

Channel to actor: client/server communication

Secondary Actor: Server, disconnected player

Channels to secondary actors: OMG gaming platform, network status messages sent to client

Open issues: how many automatic reconnect attempts should the client do before displaying a disconnection message?

Use Case: Matchmaking request processing

Primary actor: Server

Goal in context: Server handles player request for matchmaking and facilitates connection once a match is found.

Preconditions: player is logged into the game, player has selected matchmaking mode

Trigger: Game client sends a matchmaking request to the server

Scenario:

- 1. Player selects matchmaking mode and clicks "find opponent"
- 2. Game client sends matchmaking request to the server
- 3. The matchmaking system searches for a suitable match according to skill level and game type
- 4. The server sends a match confirmation request to both players who have been matched
- 5. If both players accept the match:
 - The server assigns the players to a session
 - The server notifies both player's clients to connect to the assigned game server
 - Both clients connect to the game server and the game begins

Exceptions:

1. 1 or both players reject the match. In this case, the matchmaking process begins again for both players.

Priority: Essential, must be implemented for multiplayer gaming.

When available: third iteration

Frequency of use: High. Used every time a player wishes to match with another player.

Channel to actor: game client to server communication

Secondary Actor: player, matchmaking system

Channels to secondary actors: server, player's client

Open issues: How should the server balance fair matches vs. faster matchmaking?

Use Case: Spectator mode

Primary actor: Spectator

Goal in context: Non-playing user connects to observe an ongoing game session

Preconditions: Spectator has permission to view the match. Game must be public or spectator must somehow be invited to view.

Trigger: Spectator requests to spectate a game

Scenario:

- 1. Spectator requests to join a game as an observer
- 2. Spectator's game client sends a request to the server to observe the game
- 3. The server assigns the spectator to the requested session
- 4. The client established a connection to the server
- 5. The game server streams real-time updates to the spectator's client
- 6. The spectator disconnects when the game is over or when they choose to leave.

Exceptions:

1. Network issues during spectating

Priority: Non-essential to multiplayer gaming

When available: Third iteration

Frequency of use: Used as needed by spectators. Could be high depending on the importance of the match.

Channel to actor: Via OMG gaming platform (internet required)

Secondary Actor: Game server

Channels to secondary actors: Network connection

Open issues:

- 1. If a game is public and open for spectators, should players be allowed to block a certain spectator from joining?
- 2. Should spectators have their own chat?