# Parallelization of MDAnalysis

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#### Motivation

- T(insight) = T(simulation) + T(analysis)
- pmda : 30 ★, 21 ¶ (forks)
- all MDAnalysis instances are parallelizable (courtesy @yuxuanzhuang)

#### Goals

Change AnalysisBase in a way that...

- 1. Introduces multiple job support
  - o local -- using multiprocessing?
  - o non-local -- using dask?
- 2. Does not break existing code (subclasses, dependencies, etc)
- 3. Allows customization
  - add your own execution backend
  - write your own parallelizable classes

# Sneak peak: results

```
>>> from MDAnalysis.analysis.rms import RMSD
>>> u, ref = ...
>>> % time long_run = RMSD(u, ref)
Wall time: 4 min
>>> % time long_run = RMSD(u, ref, backend='multiprocessing', n_workers=8)
Wall time: 50 sec
```

# Sneak peak: results

```
>>> from MDAnalysis.analysis.rdf import InterRDF
>>> s1, s2 = ...
>>> % time long_run = InterRDF(s1, s2)
Wall time: 1 h
>>> % time long_run = InterRDF(s1, s2, backend='multiprocessing', n_workers=8)
Wall time: 8 min
```

General AnalysisBase run() protocol:

```
def run(self,
        start=None,
        stop=None,
        step=None,
        frames=None, ...):
  # prepare frames -- check boundaries, setup reader
  self._setup_frames(self._trajectory, start=start, stop=stop, step=step, frames=frames)
  # initialize attributes with intermediate results
  self._prepare()
  # go through trajectory
  for i, ts in enumerate(self._sliced_trajectory, ...):
    self. single frame()
  # convert intermediate results into final ones
  self._conclude()
```

split-apply-combine:

- split all frames into groups
- process each group independently
- combine results

Additional methods of AnalysisBase:

- "split": \_setup\_computation\_groups()
- "apply": \_compute
- "combine": \_get\_aggregator &ResultsGroup.merge()
- housekeeping: \_configure\_backend

Additional classes: ResultsGroup

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```
>> from MDAnalysis.analysis.parallel import ResultsGroup, Results
>> group = ResultsGroup(lookup={'mass': lambda floats: np.mean(floats)}
>> obj1 = Results(mass=1)
>> obj2 = Results(mass=3)
>> group.merge([obj1, obj2])
{'mass': 2.0}
```

Additional classes: ResultsGroup

```
# skip attributes you don't want to aggregate
>>> lookup = {'mass': ResultsGroup.float_mean, 'trajectory': Trajectory}
>>> group = ResultsGroup(lookup)
>>> objects = [Results(mass=1, trajectory=None), Results(mass=3, trajectory=Trajectory(...))]
>>> group.merge(objects, require_all_aggregators=False)
{'mass': 2.0}
```

Additional classes: BackendBase

```
from MDAnalysis.parallel import BackendBase
class CustomBackend(BackendBase):
  def __init__(self, some_resource):
    self.some resource = some resource
  def apply(self,
            func: Callable[T, R],
            computations: list[T]) -> list[R]:
    results = [
      self.some_resource.do_compute(func, task)
      for task in computations]
    return results
```

Additional classes: BackendBase

```
>>> backend_instance = CustomBackend(some_resource=...)
>>> my_run = RMSD(u, ref)
>>> my_run.run(backend=backend_instance)
```

Conditions for the backend=...

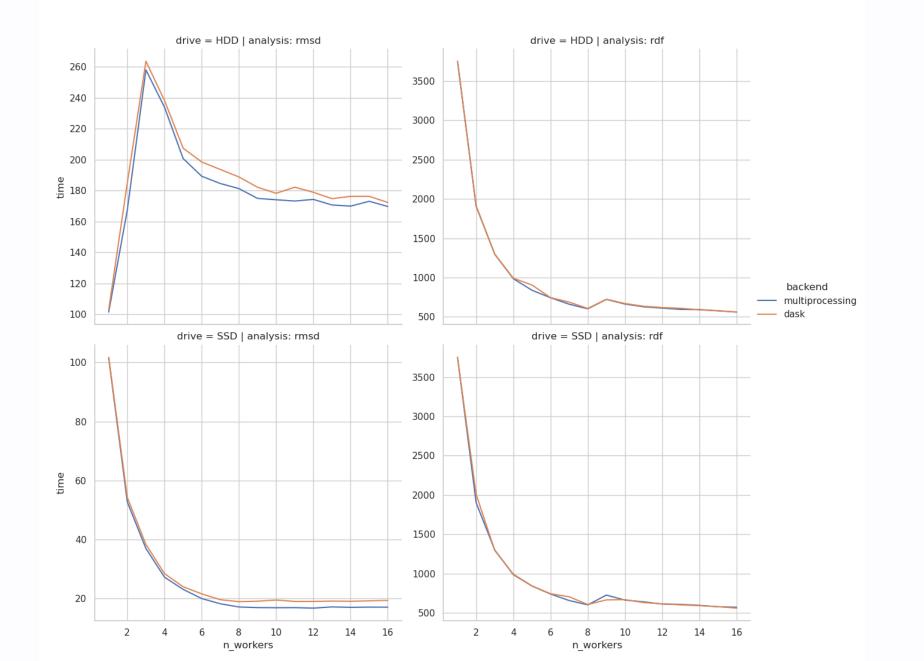
- Subclassis\_paralllizable() == True
- backend= str|BackendBase
  - if str, one of built-in backends(multiprocessing / dask)
  - if BackendBase subclass, explicitly say unsafe=True

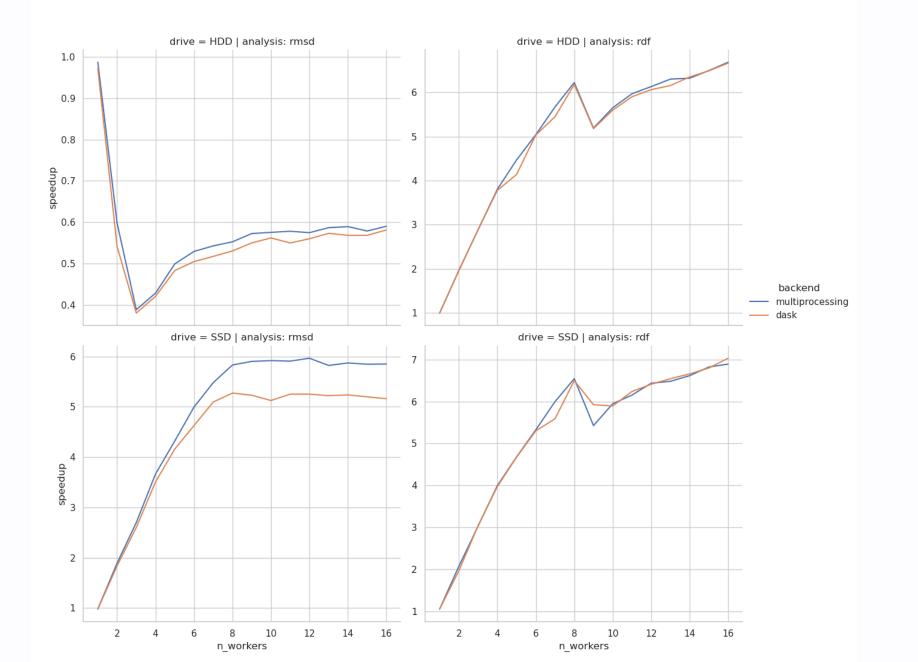
## Add to your subclass

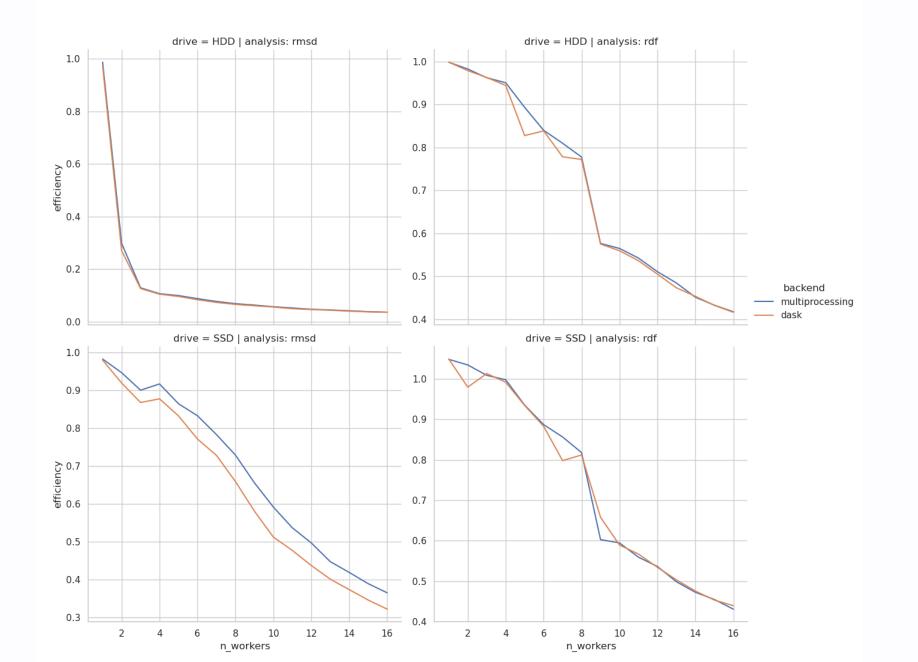
**Example: RMSD** 

```
from MDAnalysis.analysis.parallel import ResultsGroup
class RMSD(AnalysisBase):
    @classmethod
   @property
    def available_backends(cls):
        return ('serial', 'multiprocessing', 'dask',)
   @classmethod
   @property
    def is_parallelizable(self):
      return True
    def _get_aggregator(self):
      return ResultsGroup(lookup={'rmsd': ResultsGroup.ndarray_vstack})
```

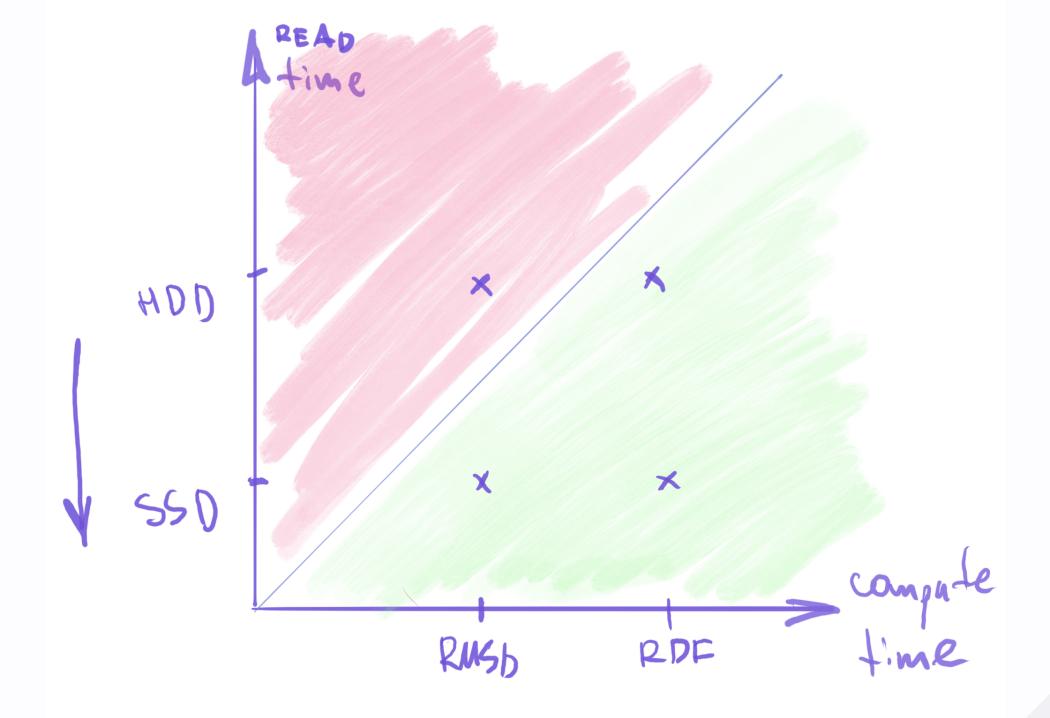
#### How fast?







#### When should I use it?



#### When should I use it?

- YourClass.is\_parallelizable() for your class
- \_single\_frame() slower than reading from disk

#### **Future features**

- soon add to all subclasses
  - o have separate issues for complicated ones?
- soon add tutorials
  - how to use parallel backends
  - how to implement your own backend subclasses

#### **Future features**

- B add cluster support
  - rebrand pmda into MDAKit
  - o focus on parallel filesystems, etc
- B add shareable memory trajectories
  - pre-load trajectory & analyze it
  - efficient for practically all subclasses
- B add AnalysisCollection (ht @PicoCentauri)
  - one frame read exactly once

# Acknowledgements

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- all contributors 😂