

Relationships Pt II

9/12

Relationships as attributes

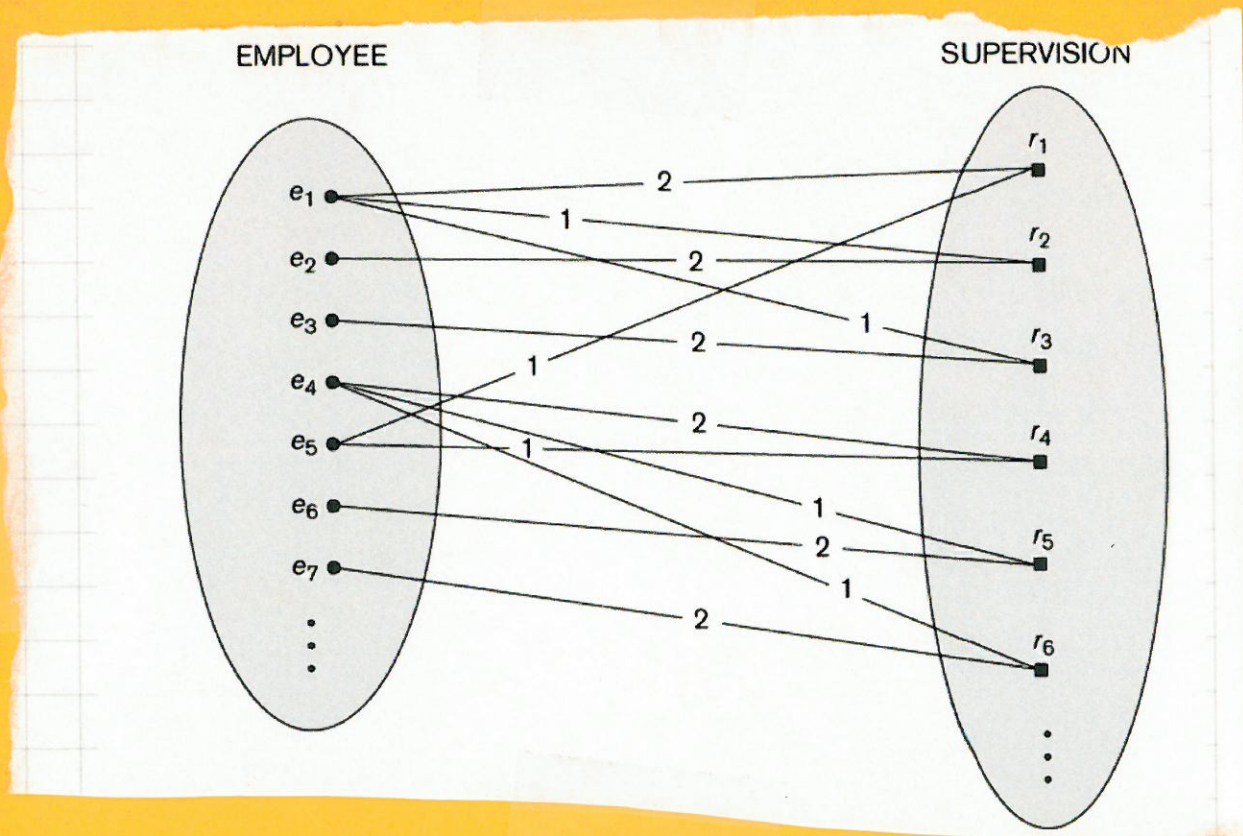
Recursive Relationships

- relationship that is self referencing
Eg. SUPERVISION

- Role names to differentiate

Supervisor
(1)

Supervisee
(2)



Constraints on relationships

cardinality ratio: max number of relationships instances an entity can participate in

Eg: WORKS_FOR

DEPARTMENT:EMPLOYEE

employee $\rightarrow 1: N$ department may have
may have 1 department N employees

possible ratios:

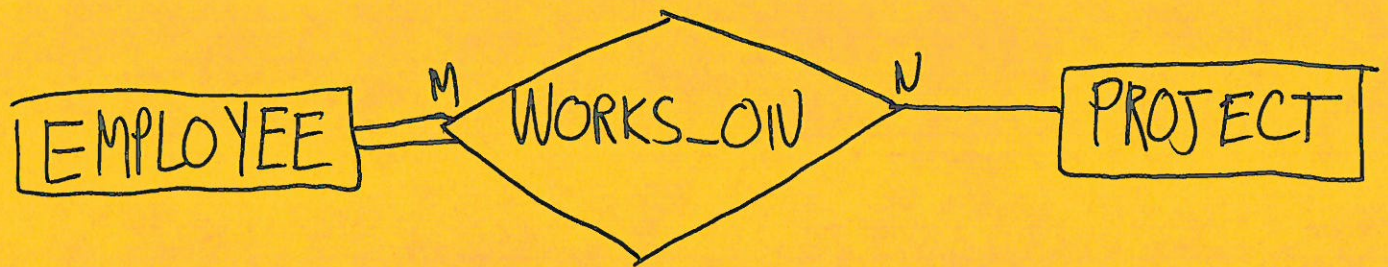
- 1:1
- 1:N
- N:1
- M:N

Participation constraints

- total: every entity must participate (e.g. works for) in relationship
- partial: some entities participate (e.g. manages)

In ER:

- total participation: double line
- partial participation: single line



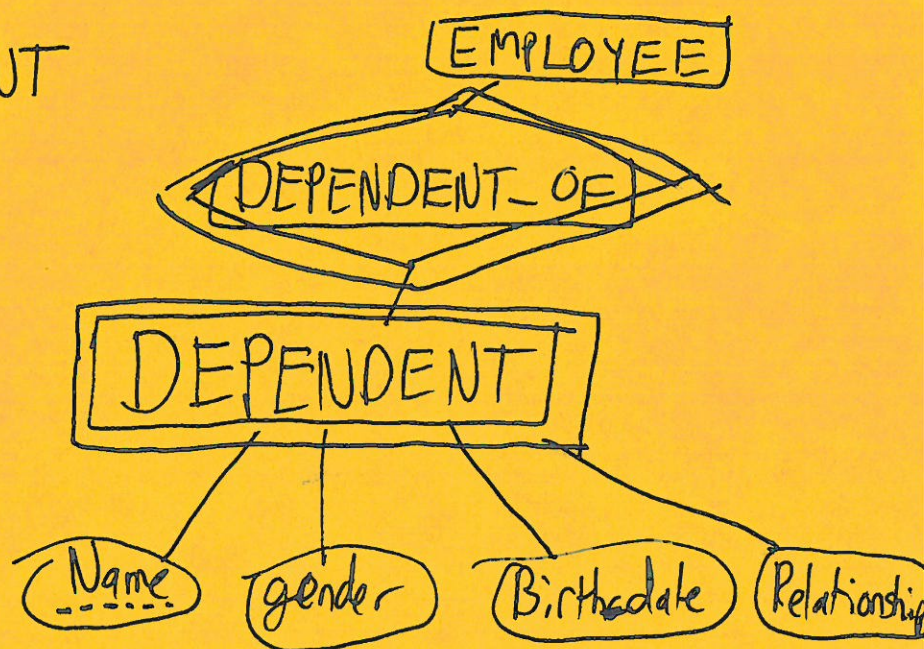
Weak Entity Types

Strong entity types: w/ key

Weak entity types: w/o a key

- identified from another entity type
- other entity is "owner"
- relationship is called identifying relationship
- always a total participation constraint w/ identifying relationship

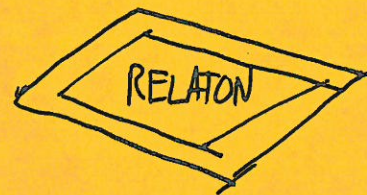
Ex DEPENDENT



partial key (discriminator): attribute
that can uniquely identify a weak
entity owned by same entity

ER diagram:

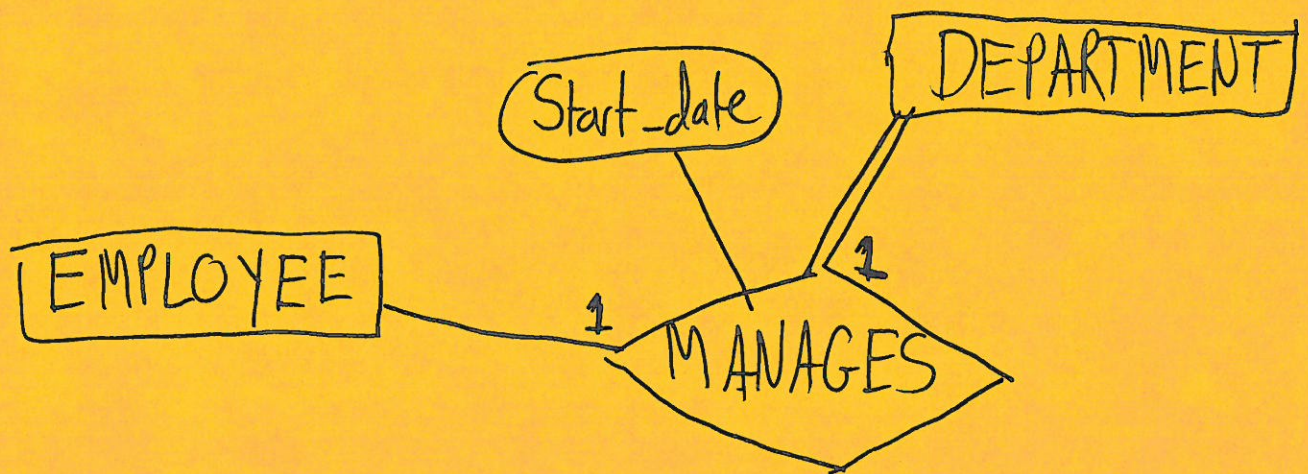
- weak entity type
- identify relationship
- partial key



Refine ER of Company DB

Manages:

- 1:1 EMPLOYEE:DEPARTMENT
- find out departments always have managers



Relationships to diagram

WORKS_FOR (DEPARTMENT & EMPLOYEE)

CONTROLS (PROJECT & DEPARTMENT)

SUPERVISION (EMPLOYEE & EMPLOYEE)

WORKS_ON (EMPLOYEE & PROJECT)

DEPENDENTS_OF (EMPLOYEE
& DEPENDENT)

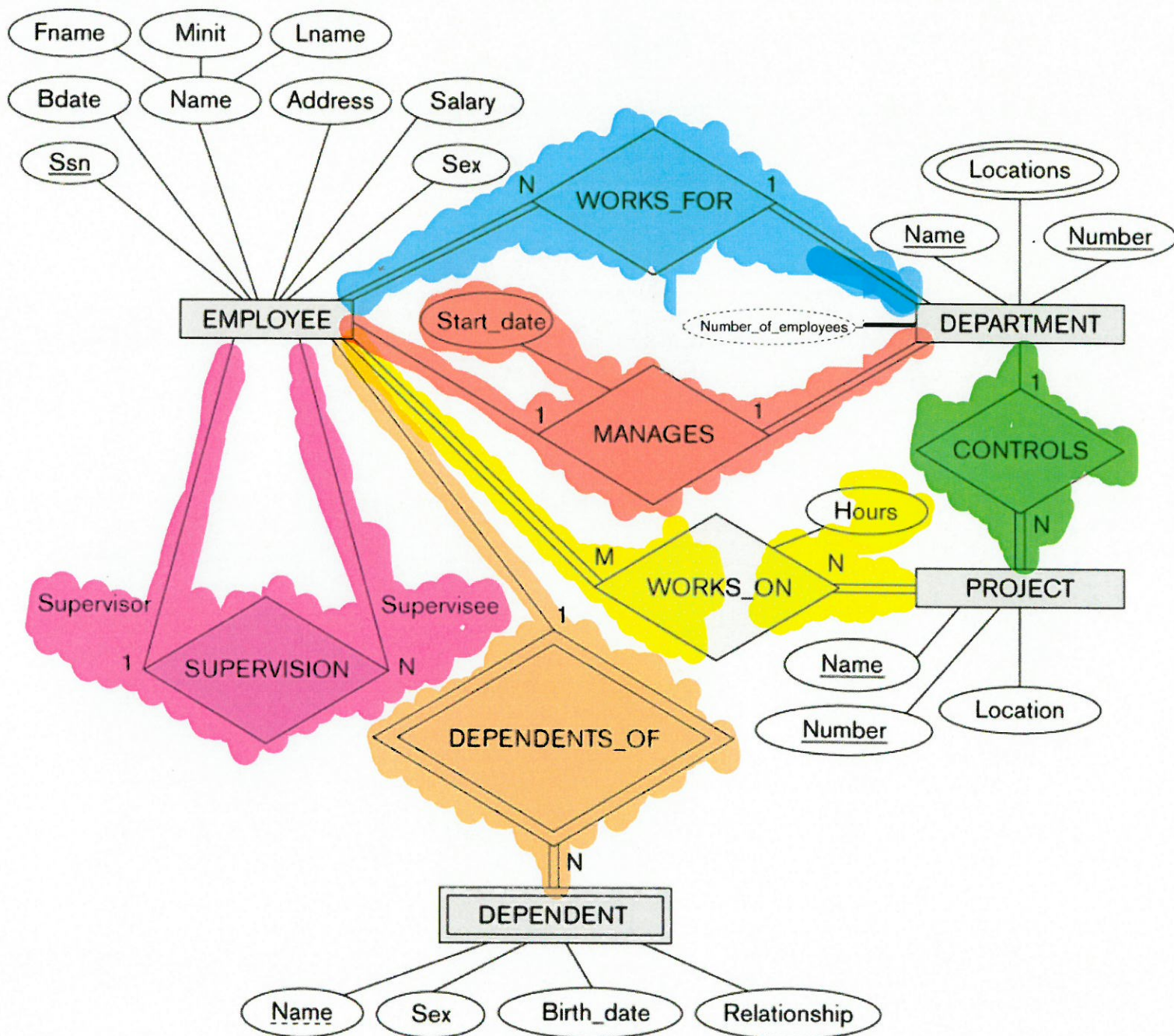
Note questions for missing info to follow up
(and make up answers)

SUPERVISION

- 1:N EMPLOYEE (supervisor):
EMPLOYEE (supervisee)

- Question: does every employee supervise
someone Ans: No ... partial participation

- Question: every employee have a supervisor?
Ans: No ... partial



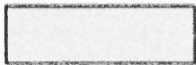
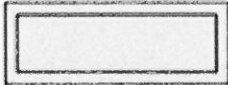
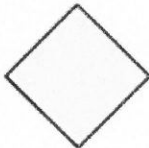
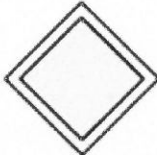



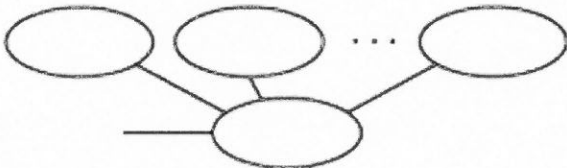

37: Summary

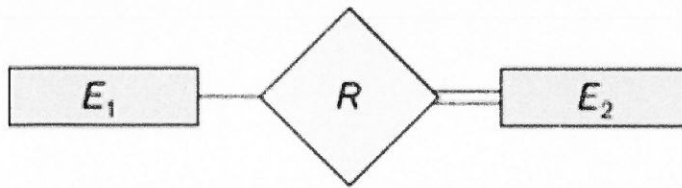
pick names that are meaningful, use consistent style

Naming (suggested by book)

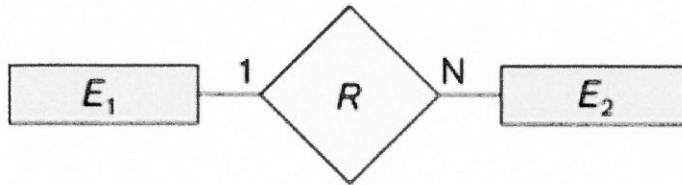
- entity types are singular
- entity and relationship types are UPPER_CASE
- attributes are Title-snake-case
- nouns for entity type names
- verbs for relationships
- nouns for attributes describing other nouns (entity types)

Notation (suggested by book, others exist as well)

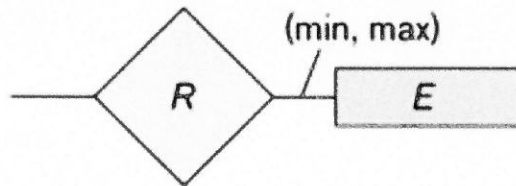
Symbol	Meaning
	Entity
	Weak Entity
	Relationship
	Identifying Relationship
	Attribute
	Key Attribute
	Multivalued Attribute
	Composite Attribute
	Derived Attribute



Total Participation of E_2 in R



Cardinality Ratio 1: N for $E_1 : E_2$ in R



Structural Constraint (min, max)
on Participation of E in R