

# handlebars



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## Reference

### Base

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`Handlebars.compile(template, options)`

Compiles a template so it can be executed immediately.

```
var template = Handlebars.compile('{{foo}}');  
template({});
```

Supports a variety of options that alter how the template executes

- `data`: Set to false to disable `@data` tracking.
- `compat`: Set to true to enable recursive field lookup.
- `knownHelpers`: Hash containing list of helpers that are known to exist (truthy) at template execution time. Passing this allows the compiler to optimize a number of cases. Builtin helpers are automatically included in this list and may be omitted by setting that value to `false`.

- `knownHelpersOnly`: Set to true to allow further optimizations based on the known helpers list.
- `noEscape`: Set to true to not HTML escape any content.
- `strict`: Run in strict mode. In this mode, templates will throw rather than silently ignore missing fields. This has the side effect of disabling inverse operations such as `{{^foo}}{{/foo}}` unless fields are explicitly included in the source object.
- `assumeObjects`: Removes object existence checks when traversing paths. This is a subset of `strict` mode that generates optimized templates when the data inputs are known to be safe.
- `preventIndent`: By default an indented partial-call causes the output of the whole partial being indented by the same amount. This can lead to unexpected behavior when the partial writes `pre`-tags. Setting this option to `true` will disable the auto-indent feature.
- `ignoreStandalone`: Disables standalone tag removal when set to `true`. When set, blocks and partials that are on their own line will not remove the whitespace on that line.
- `explicitPartialContext`: Disables implicit context for partials. When enabled, partials that are not passed a context value will execute against an empty object.

## `Handlebars.precompile(template, options)`

Precompiles a given template so it can be sent to the client and executed without compilation.

```
var templateSpec = Handlebars.precompile('{{foo}}');
```

Supports all of the same options parameters as the `Handlebars.compile` method. Additionally may pass:

- `srcName`: Passed to generate the source map for the input file. When run in this manner, the return structure is `{code, map}` with `code` containing the template definition and `map` containing the source map.
- `destName`: Optional parameter used in conjunction with `srcName` to provide a destination file name when generating source maps.

## Handlebars.template(templateSpec)

Sets up a template that was precompiled with `Handlebars.precompile`

```
var template = Handlebars.template(templateSpec);  
template({});
```

## Handlebars.registerPartial(name, partial)

Registers partials accessible by any template in the environment.

```
Handlebars.registerPartial('foo', partial);
```

Also supports registering multiple partials at once.

```
Handlebars.registerPartial({  
  foo: partial,  
  bar: partial  
});
```

If loading the whole library, then the partials may be string values which will be compiled on demand. If only loading the runtime, then the partials must be a precompiled template that has been properly setup using the `Handlebars.template` method.

## Handlebars.unregisterPartial(name)

Unregisters a previously registered partial.

```
Handlebars.unregisterPartial('foo');
```

## **Handlebars.registerHelper(name, helper)**

Registers helpers accessible by any template in the environment.

```
Handlebars.registerHelper('foo', function() {  
  });
```

Also supports registering multiple helpers at once.

```
Handlebars.registerHelper({  
  foo: function() {  
  },  
  bar: function() {  
  }  
});
```

## **Handlebars.unregisterHelper(name)**

Unregisters a previously registered helper.

```
Handlebars.unregisterHelper('foo');
```

## **Handlebars.registerDecorator(name, helper)**

Registers a decorator accessible by any template in the environment.

```
Handlebars.registerDecorator('foo', function() {  
  });
```



Also supports registering multiple decorators at once.

```
Handlebars.registerDecorator({  
  foo: function() {  
  },  
  bar: function() {  
  }  
});
```

### **Handlebars.unregisterDecorator(name)**

Unregisters a previously registered decorator.

```
Handlebars.unregisterDecorator('foo');
```

### **Handlebars.SafeString(string)**

Prevents `string` from being escaped when the template is rendered.

```
new Handlebars.SafeString('<div>HTML Content!</div>')
```

When constructing the string that will be marked as safe, any external content should be properly escaped using the `Handlebars.escapeExpression` method to avoid potential security concerns.

### **Handlebars.escapeExpression(string)**

HTML escapes the passed string, making it safe for rendering as text within HTML content.

```
Handlebars.Utils.escapeExpression(string)
```

Replaces `&`, `<`, `>`, `"`, `'`, ```, `=` with the HTML entity equivalent value for string values. `SafeString` values are left untouched.

The output of all expressions except for triple braced expressions are passed through this method. Additionally helpers should use this method when returning HTML content via a `SafeString` instance to prevent possible code injection.

This method is aliased at `Handlebars.Utils.escapeExpression`.

### `Handlebars.createFrame(data)`

Used by block helpers to create a child data object.

```
if (options.data) {  
  var data = Handlebars.createFrame(options.data);  
  data.foo = 'bar';  
  options.data = data;  
}
```

Helpers that modify the data state should create a new frame when doing so to isolate themselves and avoid corrupting the state of any parents. Generally only one frame needs to be created per helper execution, i.e. the `each` iterator only creates one frame which is reused for all child execution.

### `Handlebars.create()`

Creates an isolated Handlebars environment.

```
var OtherHandlebars = Handlebars.create();
```

Each environment has its own helpers and partials. This is only necessary for use cases that demand distinct helpers or partials. Most use cases can use the root `Handlebars` environment directly.

Templates created for a given environment are bound to that environment. This means that templates that need to run in multiple environments will need to be recompiled or reconstructed via `Handlebars.template` for each environment. This applies to partials as well.

### `Handlebars.noConflict()`

Removes this Handlebars instance from the global space, restoring any libraries that may have been previously registered.

```
var myHandlebars = Handlebars.noConflict();
```

This allows for distinct versions of the library to be loaded into one global space without concern for potential version conflicts.

### `Handlebars.log(level, message)`

Logger utilized by the `log` helper.

May be overridden if desired.

## Utilities

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Handlebars offers a variety of utility methods that are exposed through the `Handlebars.Utils`

object.

### `Handlebars.Utils.isEmpty(value)`

Determines if a given value is empty.

```
Handlebars.Utils.isEmpty(value)
```

This is used by the native `if` and `with` helpers control their execution flow. Handlebar's definition of empty is any of:

- Array with length 0
- falsy values other than 0

Which is intended to match the [Mustache behavior](#)

### `Handlebars.Utils.extend(obj, value)`

Simple utility method to augment `obj` with all keys defined on `value`

```
Handlebars.Utils.extend(foo, {bar: true})
```

Will set the key `bar` on object `foo` with the value `true`

### `Handlebars.Utils.toString(obj)`

Generic `toString` method.



## `Handlebars.Utls.isArray(obj)`

Determines if an obj is an array.

## `Handlebars.Utls.isFunction(obj)`

Determines if an obj is a function.

## @data Variables

---

The following `@data` variables are implemented by Handlebars and its builtin helpers.

### `@root`

Initial context that the template was executed with.

```
{{#each array}}  
  {{@root.foo}}  
{{/each}}
```

Unless explicitly modified this value is consistent across all portions of the page rendering, meaning it's be used within partials where depthed parameters are unable to reference their parent template.

## @first

Set to true by the `each` helper for the first step of iteration.

```
{{#each array}}  
  {{#if @first}}  
    First!  
  {{/if}}  
{{/each}}
```

## @index

Zero-based index for the current iteration step. Set by the `each` helper.

```
{{#each array}}  
  {{@index}}  
{{/each}}
```

## @key

Key name for the current iteration step. Set by the `each` helper when iterating over objects.

```
{{#each array}}  
  {{@key}}  
{{/each}}
```

## @last

Set to true by the `each` helper for the last step of iteration.

```
{{#each array}}
  {{#if @last}}
    Last :(
  {{/if}}
{{/each}}
```

## @level

Assigned log level.

```
template({}, {data: {level: Handlebars.logger.WARN}})
```

May be set to one of `Handlebars.logger.DEBUG` , `Handlebars.logger.INFO` ,  
`Handlebars.logger.WARN` , or `Handlebars.logger.ERROR`

When set the logger will only output when the `Handlebars.logger.level` value is set to that value or more verbose. This value defaults to logging only error mode.

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