# CARLOS III UNIVERSITY OF MADRID HIGHER TECHNICAL SCHOOL



#### MASTER IN CYBERSECURITY

### **MASTER THESIS**

#### TARGETED EXERCISER FOR ANDROID MALWARE AND GRAYWARE

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# TARGETED EXERCISER FOR ANDROID MALWARE AND GRAYWARE

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#### **Abstract**

Nowadays each person has one or more mobile device (smartphones, tablets, wearables, etc.) with similar characteristics and performance of a personal computer. Many people use these devices to check their email or make bank transfers. For this, these devices store a lot of sensitive information that it could be very attractive to an attacker.

Mobile devices share same security troubles can be found in a conventional computer as malware hidden inside apps or users that don't use nor protect their correctly. Malware has evolved and is able to by pass protection systems and works only under certain circumstances to avoid detection. Some kind of malware is activated depends of network connection, device location, apps installed, calls received or other type of events. The purpose of this Master Thesis is to study the behavior of malware on mobile devices depending of the device context, focusing on Android operating system. It has developed a system that allows dynamic and automatic generation of many different contexts to study the behavior of Android malware in each of the different scenarios.

It has been designed a technique based on developing of a new language which defines each of the scenes and events to execute over the device to analyze the malware, in order to study their behavior depending on the characteristics of each context. In this way, it can detect the context features that makes triggering the malicious malware or greyware actions.

This Thesis focuses on analyzing all possible Android events to define a language and developing a system available to understand it and generate automatic executions to launch these events. With this system it is possible detect malware and grayware that a conventional static and dynamic analysis could not detect.

Keywords: Malware, Greyware, Android, Context, Malware detection, Dynamic analysis, Mobile device, Malware behavior

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Code Repository: <a href="https://bitbucket.org/qtangil/targetdroid">https://bitbucket.org/qtangil/targetdroid</a> [1]

#### I. Introduction

Nowadays mobile devices are very present within society and every people uses them in their personal and working life. The most popular smartphone OS is Android with a market share between 82 - 84%, for this reason Android is the platform most targeted by malware and greyware [2]. Figures 1 and 2 show the representation of the market share in the last years:

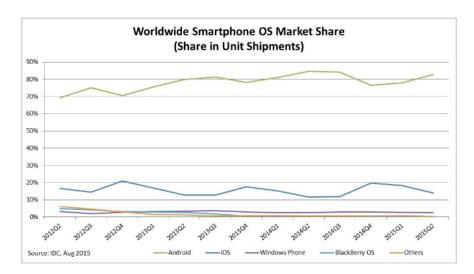


Figure 1: Worldwide Smartphobe OS Market Share Graph

Period	Android	iOS	Windows Phone	BlackBerry OS	Others
2015Q2	82.8%	13.9%	2.6%	0.3%	0.4%
2014Q2	84.8%	11.6%	2.5%	0.5%	0.7%
2013Q2	79.8%	12.9%	3.4%	2.8%	1.2%
2012Q2	69.3%	16.6%	3.1%	4.9%	6.1%

Source: IDC, Aug 2015

Figure 2: Worldwide Smartphobe OS Market Share Table

The amount of Android malware families has been incremented very significantly in recent years, it being categorized 295 different families [3]. Figure 3 show this increment in the last years:

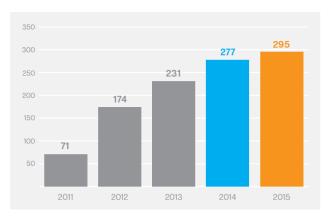


Figure 3: Android Malware Families Evolution

An importan fact is the variability of Android malware. There are thousand types of malware althought the target functionality is similar. During the last years, the variability of malware has rised considerably, reaching in 2015 the number of 13,783 types [2]. Figure 4 represents the increment of Android malware types in the last years:

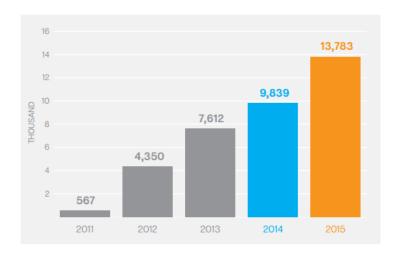


Figure 4: Android Malware Types Evolution

The powerful capabilities of mobile devices in networking, computing and sensing has increased the complexity, power and variability of malware.

This allows the malware can evolve and adopt very specific functionality. There is a type of malware that focuses on a specific victims, known as targeted malware. This type of malware focuses on user behavior using his smartphone and other factors relating to him, such as his location, the information handled or applications installed in the device.

The main advantage of targeted malware against security systems is their difficult detection. This is due to the fact that only they execute his malicious code if a concrete context is fulfilled. This situation causes the need to use a lot of resources to detect this type of malware.

In the application stores a large number of applications that must be analyzed before publication are received each day. This causes malware analysis are not made sufficiently comprehensive to detect targeted malware.

This problem can be alleviated by using dynamic analysis techniques that allow the generation of different contexts and behaviors in an agile and automatic way.

#### A. Motivation

Deficiencies in malware detection systems and strong growth of the power and complexity of malware has caused the existence of a major security threat on mobile devices. The analysis of targeted malware is a costly task, so the development of a system that will facilitate and automate the analysis can alleviate this problem existing in mobile security nowadays.

Focusing on Android system, which is one of the most affected OS by mobile malware, it has developed a system able to define and execute different behaviors and contexts, in an effective manner using a virtual sandbox.

#### B. Main contributions

This work provides the following contributions:

- 1) An analysis and study of Android system and architecture to inject different kind of events and context.
- 2) An analysis and study of targeted malware, focusing on key behaviors and contexts used to trigger the malware.
- 3) Generation of a new language to easily define a set of behaviors based on different scenarios and contexts.
- 4) An analysis and development of a new system, based on Targetdroid, capable of computing the new defined language and generate a dynamic analysis based on the contexts and behaviors.

#### C. Structure of the document

The remainder of this document is structured as follows. First, Section II presents the related work regarding Android targeted malware and Targetdroid.

Section III explains the system developed and his architecture and the analysis realized focusing in the user behavioral events.

Section IV is a case study using the language defined and the system implemented with a configurable targeted malware.

Finally, Section V presents a series of recommendations and discusses about the importance of the security measures in Android malware and the capabilities and deficiencies of the system, and Section V concludes the work.

Additionaly, three appendix are provided. Appendix A shows the User Behavior Language Schema, Appendix B lists all the events defined in the lanuage and their possible values and Appendix C shows the research planning and estimated Budget of this work.

#### II. Background and related work

The precursor knowledge of this thesis is the investigation explained in Detecting Targeted Smartphone Malware with Behavior-Triggering Stochastic Models [4]. This investigation focuses on the needle of detect targeted malware in smartphones. For this, it has developed a system called Targetdroid that transforms differents inputs in a dynamic analysis using multiple behavioral models.

This system uses models that perform different emulations of user behaviors in order to detect wich context activates the targeted malware or greyware. This system was based on Stochastic Models Triggering as Markov.

The principal problem is reproduce an appropriate set of conditions that will trigger the malicious behaviour. It is necessary execute all possible states and combinations in the worst case. In this paper, it has proposed a novel system for mining the behaviour of apps in different user-specific contexts and usage scenarios.

The target of this thesis focuses on evolving this system to accept flexible inputs and achieve a better definition of the user behavioral.

Other authors also studied the problem of detecting targeted malware such as PyTrigger [5], focusing on Personal Computers (PC), or CopperDroid that generates different behavioral profiles automatically to analyze malware [6].

PyTrigger is a dynamic malware analysis system that automatically exercises a malware binary extracting its behavioral profile even when specific user activity or input is required. To accomplish this, it developed a novel user activity record and playback framework and a new behavior extraction approach. This system uses user activity records to generate different scenarios and events.

CopperDroid reconstructs OS and high level Android specific behaviors observing and dissecting system calls and, therefore, is resistant to the multitude of alterations the Android runtime is subjected to over its life-cycle. This system automatically and accurately reconstructs events of interest that describe, not only well-known process-OS interactions (e.g., file and process creation), but also complex intra- and inter-process communications (e.g., SMS reception), whose semantics are typically contextualized through complex Android objects.

All these systems are used as basis for the thesis explained in this work and the system developed uses concepts found in these related works.

#### III. TargetDroid

This section will define the system developed that extends the functionality of Targetdroid accepting the new model defined based on the Behavioural User Language

#### A. Behavioural User Language

It has designed a language that allows the definition of user behavior using a hierarchy of scenarios, contexts and events.

This language is based on JSON text format that serving a particular structures and it is defined by the JSON scheme defined in Appendix B.

This language will be used for generating user behavior files, used as input and interpreted by the system developed to generate different dynamic analysis on a cloud (for this case an Android emulator).

The language is structured in the following artifacts:

• **Scenario**: it is a set of contexts.

• **Context**: it is a set of events.

• **Event**: atomic action performed on the cloud system.

#### Scenario

This artifact represents all possible wanted scenarios to simulate a specific user behavior. The definition of scenarios allows performing analysis in which you want to maintain context configurations.

#### **Context**

This artifact describes all possible events that can be performed during the user behavior simulation determined by a moment in time.

There are three types of different contexts:

#### • <u>Emulator configuration context (t = -1)</u>

It defines all environment properties used by the following contexts, that is to say which presents the characteristics of the emulator to be used as a sandbox for the dynamic analysis.

They are the events that will be executed in the time -1.

#### • OS configuration context (t = 0)

This context assigns the initial state of the initialized system, in other words, configures the emulated Android system at OS level.

They are the events that will be injected in the time 0 establishing an initial state in the Android OS.

#### • Execution context (t > 0)

It represents each of the events that correspond to user manipulation with the device, such as sending a message, receive a call, run an app or determinate a geolocation.

They are all the events that will be injected in times after 0.

#### **Event**

This artifact defines each of the possible actions to be performed on the system to simulate the user behavior.

It is the atomic unit in this system and includes a very different set of artifacts, such as hardware configurations or Telnet calls to emulator that allow simulate a phone call.

#### B. Architecture

This section describes the architecture of the system developed. It will explain the components and their functionality inside the system.

The next Figure describes an architecture diagram of the system developed:

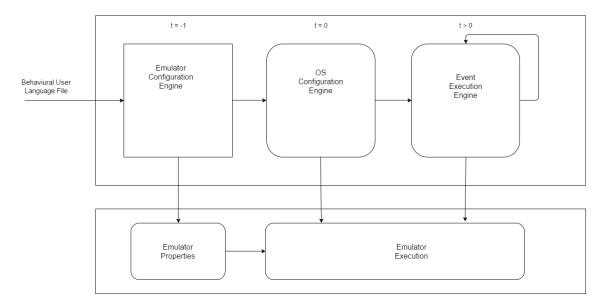


Figure 5: System Architecture

It divides the system in two principal components divided in several subcomponents:

#### TagetDroid

- Emulator Configuration Engine:
   This component generates the emulator configuration before running.
- OS Configuration Engine:
   This component generates the emulator configuration after running.
- Event Execution Engine:
   This component generates all active user behavior events.

#### Emulator

- Emulator Properties:
  - This component represents all the configuration properties to define the emulator used such as cloud before running.
- This component represents the emulator in running state, ready to listen commands from the Targetdroid system to execute events.

#### **Targetdroid**

The principal components of Targetdroid are composed by different functional modules:

#### Emulator Configuration Engine (t = -1):

There are two principal modules in this component:

- Android emulator properties file:
  - This module parse the emulator properties defines in [7].
- Command line options

There is a set of additional options to create and run the emulator by command line, such as define the sdk version, some networks options, etc.

#### • OS Configuration Engine (t = 0):

It is formed by two modules:

- o Install app module:
  - This module allows install different Android apps using adb [8].
- OS configuration event injection:

This module can send events to Android emulator to configure the initial state of the emulator. It can allow configure the next options:

- Timezone
- Power properties

#### Event Execution Engine (t > 0)

It is composed by the following modules:

o Intents:

This module parses a set of adb commands related to execute intents to generate specific events in the emulator [8]:

- Start intent
- Start service intent
- Broadcast intent
- O ADB command to event:

This module parses a set of adb commands to generate a common user events in the emulator [6]:

- Connect wifi:
- Lock screen:
- Unlock screen:
- Volume up
- Go home:
- Take screenshot:
- Start clock app
- Stop clock app
- Start wifi
- Check wifi status
- Enable wifi
- Disable wifi
- Enable mobile data
- Disable mobile data

#### o Telnet command to event:

This module uses the Telnet protocol to send commands to emulator and generate a set of events in the cloud. The events related to telnet commands are the following [10]:

- GSM events
- Power events
- Call events
- SMS events
- GEO events

#### Monkey tester:

This module allows run monkey scripts, defined previously, such as event to generate UI events during the analysis. This module uses the android tool adb to generate these kind of events.

#### **Emulator**

For this system, it has used the Android SDK mobile device emulator. It lets generate different virtual mobile devices with many configurations and interact with them using different tools, such as adb, telnet, avd manager or logcat.

The principal modules used in this system are the following:

#### • Properties.ini file:

Every AVD (Android Virtual Device) created has an unique properties file. This file describes the properties of a given virtual device configuration file. It allows configure a set of characteristics for the virtual mobile device created.

#### Command line options

When it runs an AVD by command line, there are different options to configure the emulator, such as network or system options.

#### AVD Manager

It is a tool to create and configure Android Virtual Device. This tool is used to generate every cloud with the properties defined in each scenario.

#### ADB

Android Debug Bridge is a versatile command line tool that lets you communicate with an emulator instance or connected Android-powered device. It is a client-server program that includes three components:

- A client, which sends commands. The client runs on your development machine.
   You can invoke a client from a shell by issuing an adb command. Other Android tools such as DDMS also create adb clients.
- A daemon, which runs commands on a device. The daemon runs as a background process on each emulator or device instance.
- A server, which manages communication between the client and the daemon.
   The server runs as a background process on your development machine.

#### Telnet

Telnet is an application layer protocol used on the Internet or local area networks to provide a bidirectional interactive text-oriented communication facility using a virtual terminal connection.

It is possible connect to android emulator using this protocol and send commands to control the emulator.

#### IV. Case Studies

This section presents two case studies illustrating how the User Behavioral Language and the system developed can contribute to revealing malware with targeted activation mechanisms. The malware used in these case studies are the same from *Detecting Targeted Smartphone Malware with Behavior-Triggering Stochastic Models* [4] but using the new system defined in this work.

It has used an open source malware called *Androrat* (Android Remote Access Tool or RAT) incorporating different specific triggering conditions [11].

#### Case 1: Dormant Malware/Grayware

Targeted malware is programmed to remain dormant until a specific behavior or system conditions happens. In this case, it has instrumented *Androrat* to activate the RAT component when the device is in a certain location with a battery status upper than 65%, the Wi-Fi status must be connected and the device must have back camera.

For testing purposes, we define a new User Behavior Language input file describing these conditions. For example, in this case we are not sure of the location values, and we doubt among three locations. It is necessary define three geolocation events in t > 0 choosing the possible values.

An example of file for this case is the next:

```
1.
   [
2.
            "name": "case studie_1",
3.
            "time": [
4.
5.
                     "id": -1,
6.
                     "emulator": {
7.
8.
                          "name": "case studie 1",
                          "sdk_version": "android-10",
9.
                         "port": 5554
10.
11.
                     "ini properties": {
12.
                          "camera_back": true
13.
14.
15.
                 },
16.
17.
                     "id": 0,
18.
                     "install_app": "my.app.client",
                     "telnet": {
19.
                          "power": {
20.
                              "capacity": "70",
21.
                              "present": true,
22.
```

```
23.
                                        "status": "discharging"
24.
25.
                            }
26.
                      },
27.
                            "id": 1,
"adb": [
28.
29.
30.
31.
                                        "action": "start wifi"
32.
                            ],
"telnet": {
    "geo":
33.
34.
35.
                                  "geo": {
                                        "fix": {
36.
                                              "latitude": "28.82781",
"longitude": "50.89114"
37.
38.
39.
                                        }
40.
41.
                            }
42.
                      },
43.
                            "id": 2,
"telnet": {
    "geo": {
44.
45.
46.
                                        "fix": {
47.
                                              "latitude": "22.82781",
"longitude": "52.89114"
48.
49.
50.
51.
                                  }
52.
53.
54.
                            "id": 3,
"telnet": {
55.
56.
                                  "geo": {
57.
58.
                                              "latitude": "25.82781",
"longitude": "55.89114"
59.
60.
61.
                                        }
62.
63.
                            }
64.
                      },
65.
                 ]
66.
67.]
```

For this case, it has defined an unique scenario composed by the next contexts:

Emulator Configuration Context (time = -1):
 In this context it has defined the emulator properties to use as cloud and the ini property camera\_back: true, because one of the conditions is the presence of the back camera in the device:

```
68. {
69. "id": -1,
70. "emulator": {
71. "name": "case_studie_1",
72. "sdk_version": "android-10",
73. "port": 5554
74. },
```

```
75. "ini_properties": {
76. "camera_back": true
77. }
78. },
```

OS Configuration Context (time = 0):
 In this context it has defined the app with the targeted malware in the property install\_app: my.app.client and the battery status upper than 65%:

```
79.
80.
                           "id": 0,
                           "install_app": "my.app.client",
81.
                           "telnet": {
82.
                                "power": {
83.
                                    "capacity": "70",
84.
85.
                                    "present": true,
                                    "status": "discharging"
86.
87.
                                }
                           }
88.
89.
                       },
```

Execution context (time > 0):
 In this context it has defined the wifi conection in the time 1 and the geolocations events in the times 1, 2 and 3 to check the moment when the targeted malware is activated:

```
90.
                       {
91.
                           "id": 1,
                            "adb": [
92.
93.
                                     "action": "start wifi"
94.
95.
                            ],
96.
                            "telnet": {
97.
                                "geo": {
98.
99.
                                    "fix": {
                                         "latitude": "28.82781",
100.
                                         "longitude": "50.89114"
101.
102.
                                    }
103.
                                }
                            }
104.
105.
                       },
106.
                           "id": 2,
107.
                            "telnet": {
108.
                                "geo": {
109.
                                     "fix": {
110.
                                         "latitude": "22.82781",
111.
                                         "longitude": "52.89114"
112.
113.
114.
                                }
```

```
115.
116.
                        },
117.
                            "id": 3,
118.
                            "telnet": {
119.
                                 "geo": {
120.
                                     "fix": {
121.
                                          "latitude": "25.82781",
122.
123.
                                          "longitude": "55.89114"
124.
                                     }
125.
                                 }
                            }
126.
                       },
127.
```

This example reinforces the versatility of the language developed to generate different conditions and combine them.

#### Case 2: Anti-analysis Malware

Malware usually uses different techniques to bypass system analysis to detect malicious code. These systems uses virtual sandboxes to perform the analysis rather than physical devices due to economic and efficiency factors. These sandboxes have a particular hardware configurations easy to detect and avoid for malware, such as the battery status are always the same or the network configurations are not reals.

In Android emulator, there are a default hardware configurations for instance. This configuration is checked by the malware before executing to bypass the antimalware systems. The default hardware values are represented in the next table [4]:

HW feature	Default value	
IMEI	0000000000000	
IMSI	IMSI 012345678912345	
SIM	012345678912345	
Phone Number	1-555-521-PORT (5554)	
Model Number	Sdk	
Network	Android	
Battery Status	AC on Charging 50%	
IP Address	10.0.2.X	

Table 1: Default Hardware Configuration for Android Emulator

For this case, we modified Androrat to activate de RAT component in the next cases:

- Battery status different from 50% and AC status is off.
- IMEI has the value 123456789.
- IP Addres is 192.168.111.224

We defined a new Behavioral User Language focusig in this case in the scenario level. The scenario level allows generate different sandboxes with distinct hardware configurations.

An example of file for this case is the next:

```
1. [
2. {
              "name": "case_studie_2_battery",
3.
4.
              "time": [
5.
                  {
6.
                       "id": -1,
                       "emulator": {
    "name": "case_studie_2",
7.
8.
                            "sdk_version": "android-10",
9.
                            "port": 5554
10.
                       },
11.
12.
                  },
13.
                       "id": 0,
14.
                       "install_app": "my.app.client",
15.
                       "telnet": {
16.
                            "power": {
17.
                                "capacity": "70",
18.
                                "ac": "off"
19.
20.
21.
                       }
22.
              ]
23.
24.
         },
25.
26.
              "name": "case_studie_2_IMEI",
              "time": [
27.
                {
28.
                       "id": -1,
29.
                       "emulator": {
    "name": "case_studie_2",
    "sdk_version": "android-10",
30.
31.
32.
                            "port": 5554
33.
34.
                       "imei": "123456789"
35.
36.
                  },
37.
                  {
                       "id": 0,
38.
                       "install_app": "my.app.client",
39.
40.
41.
              ]
42.
         },
43.
         {
44.
              "name": "case_studie_2_IP_ADDRESS",
              "time": [
45.
46.
                  {
                       "id": -1,
47.
                       "emulator": {
    "name": "case_studie_2",
48.
49.
                            "sdk_version": "android-10",
50.
                            "port": 5554
51.
                       },
"network": {
52.
53.
                            "IP": "192.168.111.224"
54.
55.
                       },
                  },
56.
57.
                  {
                       "id": 0,
58.
59.
                       "install_app": "my.app.client",
60.
61.
              ]
62.
63.]
```

• The first scenario named as *case\_studie\_2\_battery* defines in the time -1 the emulator properties and the time 0 the battery status with capacity from 70% and AC is off and install the app with the malware:

```
1. {
            "name": "case studie 2 battery",
2.
3.
            "time": [
4.
                {
5.
                     "id": -1,
                     "emulator": {
6.
                          "name": "case_studie_2",
7.
8.
                          "sdk_version": "android-10",
9.
                          "port": 5554
10.
                           },
11.
                       },
12.
                       {
13.
                            "install_app": "my.app.client",
14.
                           "telnet": {
15.
16.
                                "power": {
17.
                                     "capacity": "70",
                                     "ac": "off"
18.
19.
20.
                           }
21.
22.
                   ]
23.
              },
```

• The second scenario named as *case\_studie\_2\_IMEI* defines in the time -1 the emulator properties and the IMEI value to 123456789 and in the time 0 the app installation.

```
1.
       {
2.
            "name": "case studie 2 IMEI",
            "time": [
3.
4.
                {
5.
                     "id": -1,
                     "emulator": {
6.
                         "name": "case_studie_2",
7.
                         "sdk_version": "android-10",
8.
9.
                         "port": 5554
10.
                           },
                           "imei": "123456789"
11.
                       },
12.
13.
                           "id": 0,
14.
                           "install_app": "my.app.client",
15.
16.
                  ]
17.
18.
```

 The thid scenario named as case\_studie\_2\_IP\_ADDRESS defines in the time -1 the emulator properties and the IP address to 192.168.111.224 and in the time 0 the app installation:

```
1. {
2.
            "name": "case studie 2 IP ADDRESS",
3.
            "time": [
4.
                {
                     "id": -1,
5.
                     "emulator": {
6.
                          "name": "case_studie_2",
7.
8.
                          "sdk version": "android-10",
9.
                          "port": 5554
10.
                            },
                            "network": {
11.
                                "IP": "192.168.111.224"
12.
13.
                            },
14.
                       },
15.
                       {
                            "id": 0,
16.
17.
                            "install_app": "my.app.client",
18.
19.
                   ]
20.
```

With the scenarios, it is possible configurate different sandboxes in a same execution. Combining the scenarios with the different context events it is possible generate all types of user behaviors.

#### V. Discussion

In this thesis, it has analyzed many artifacts that can be used as malware triggers (callings, geolocations, hardware and network properties, etc.). There are previous systems that use the user behavior to detect malware, for example the first version of Targetdroid [4] or pBMDS [12]. These systems are based on probabilistic approach through correlating user inputs with system calls to detect anomalous activities in mobile devices. The problem in these systems is the lack of specification to generate user behaviors, since it could be necessary reproduce all the possibilities to reach some behavior.

With this work, it has defined a new method based on a language, so that the level of specification has incremented. It can choose the sequence of events between the emulated user and the emulated device on a timeline. The language allows to share contexts between different sequences to inject variable events over static contexts, that is to say you can change the hardware configuration in every scenario and inject the same user context events to focus if the malware is related to the hardware or vice versa.

This system offers a more specific method to analyze malware than the previous systems and major configuration level. But there is a problem yet, the UI/UX events. In this thesis, it has developed a monkey module allows to generate user interface events based on an input script. The problem is that the number of event combinations could be infinites, every app

have a lot of buttons, options, links and functionalities. Combining these all elements with other type of events can produce extensive analysis only for a unique application. The target malware that use user interface elements to execute their malicious functionality have more advantage than the antimalware systems.

The principal problem is the number of apps that appears every day in the different stores. It is necessary use a high performance antimalware system that do not use too many time to detect malware. But it is necessary check every kind of malware too although it is necessary spend a lot of time to perform a comprehensive analyze.

Based on the analysis and findings of this work, there are a number of recommendations for the Android antimalware community. The conventional antimalware systems need to integrate user behavioral methods to detect target malware. In this work, it proposes a new technique to detect target malware and there are other previous systems that make the same but using other kind of methods. The focus to resolve this problem would consist of developing a complete and good performance system to detect this kind of malware.

#### VI. Conclusion

Nowadays, everyone have a mobile device with a lot of sensitive data inside. For the attackers, these devices are an important target. For this reason, the malware for mobile devices are an important security problem.

The attacker have improved their techniques and have developed different kind of malware. One of this type of malicious software is the targeted malware. This only performs his malicious functionality under certain circumstances, usually related with the user behavioral. For this reasons, targeted malware is very difficult to detect using conventional antimalware methods.

With the work developed in this thesis, it has defined the basis of a system capable to detect this kind of malware defining user behavioral scenarios for Android systems. It has analyzed the principal user events that trigger the targeted malware. It has defined a language capable to transform scenario definitions to dynamic analysis in the system developed.

The creation of this system and the new language defined allows the automatization of a difficult analysis. The important trouble of this type of malware is the way of detecting it because the user behavioral is implicated. The usual analyzers do not consider the user behavioral as a factor to trigger malware and there could be a million of different behaviors.

Finally, mobile device malware is growing every year. Every few months appears new types of malware and more sophisticated. The malware analyzers must evolve to counter this important threat. This work means the appearance of a new technique to detect targeted malware in Android applications based on user behavioral manipulating mobile devices. Merging this system with traditional antimalware detectors means palliate the expansion of malware in mobile devices and forces to attackers to create new methods to bypass these security measures.

#### VII. Future Works

The work explained in this document presents the basis of a targeted malware detection for Android systems. Concretely, it envisions the following research lines:

- Integrate the system with the cloud for establish a big automatic system. This
  system could be analyze a several number of applications at same time to find
  targeted malware inside. This system could be used by the principal application
  stores.
- Integrate the system with Big Data techniques. It could be generated user behavioral patterns to create behavioral file inputs based on the results in previous analysis.
- Interpolate the user behavioral language to other systems, such as a personal computer or other mobile operative systems, to detect targeted malware.
- Incorporate new language elements to generate new user behavioral events used for new targeted malware to trigger his functionality.

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#### **Appendix A: User Behavioral Language Schema**

This appendix presents the User Behavioral Language schema defined in this thesis. It indicates the structure of the input files and the rules to define them. It uses a JSON format.

```
1.
    {
      "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
2.
      "id": "input JSON to configure a scenario and launch android events",
3.
      "type": "object",
4.
      "required": ["name", "time"],
5.
      "properties": {
6.
        "name":{
    "id": "scenario name",
7.
8.
           "type": "string"
9.
10.
        "time": {
11.
          "id": "definition of context in every execution time",
12.
          "type": "object",
13.
          "oneOf": [
14.
15.
             {
               "type": "object",
16.
               "required": ["id"],
17.
               "properties": {
18.
                 "id": {
19.
                   "id": "execution time",
20.
                   "type": "integer",
21.
                   "enum": [-1]
22.
23.
                 "emulator": {
24.
25.
                   "id": "emulator configuration params",
                   "properties": {
26.
                      "name": {
   "id": "emulator name",
27.
28.
                        "type": "string"
29.
30.
                      port": {
31.
                        "id": "emulator port",
32.
33.
                        "type": "integer'
34.
                      "sdk_version": {
35.
                       "id": "emulator android version",
36.
37.
                        "type": "string",
                        "enum":["android-8", "android-10", "android-15", "android-
38.
    16", "android-17", "android-18", "android-19", "android-20", "android-21", "android-23"]
39.
                     }
40.
                   }
41.
                 },
                 "phone": {
42.
                   "id": "phone properties",
43.
                   "type": "object",
44.
45.
                   "properties": {
46.
                      "brand": {
                        "id": "phone brand name",
47.
                        "type": "string"
48.
                     },
"device": {
    "pho"
49.
50.
51.
                        "id": "phone device name",
                       "type": "string"
52.
53.
                      "hardware": {
54.
                        "id": "phone hardware name",
55.
                        'type": string"
56.
57.
                     },
```

```
"imei": {
58.
                          "id": "phone imei",
59.
                          "type": string"
60.
61.
                        "imsi": {
62.
                          "id": "phone imsi",
"type": "string"
63.
64.
65.
                        "network provider": {
66.
67.
                          "id": "phone network provider name",
                          "type": "string"
68.
69.
                       }
70.
                     }
                  },
"network": {
    "" "net"
71.
72.
73.
                     "id": "network properties",
                     "type": "object<sup>'</sup>,
74.
                     "properties": {
75.
                       "IP": {
    "id": "phone IP",
    "ctring"
76.
77.
                          "type": "string"
78.
                       },
"DNS": {
   "id": "phone DNS server",
        " "string"
79.
80.
81.
82.
83.
                       }
84.
85.
                   },
"ini_properties":{
86.
                     "id": "properties to configurate the emulatore", "type": "object",
87.
88.
                     "properties": {
29
                       "cpu arch": {
90.
91.
                          "id": "The CPU Architecture to emulator",
                          "type": "string"
92.
93.
                        "cpu_model": {
94.
                          "id": "The CPU model (QEMU-specific string)",
95.
                          "type": "string"
96.
97.
                        "ram_size": {
98.
                          "id": "Device ram size",
"type": "integer"
99.
100.
101.
102.
                                "screen_type": {
103.
                                  "id": "Defines type of the screen",
                                  "type": "string"
104.
105.
                                "main_keys": {
106.
107.
                                  "id": "Hardware Back/Home keys",
                                  "type": "boolean"
108.
109.
110.
                                "track_ball": {
                                  "id": "Track-ball support",
111.
                                   "type": "boolean"
112.
113.
                                },
"keyboard": {
    "Wheth
114.
                                  "id": "Whether the device has a QWERTY keyboard",
115.
                                  "type": "boolean"
116.
                                },
"keyboard_lid": {
    ""bother f
117.
118.
                                  "id": "Whether the QWERTY keyboard can be opened/clos
119.
    ed",
120.
                                  "type": "boolean"
121.
122.
                                "keyboard charmap": {
```

```
"id": "Name of the system keyboard charmap file",
123.
                               "type": "string"
124.
125.
                             },
                              d_pad": {
    "id": "Whether the device has DPad keys",
126.
127.
                                "type": "boolean"
128.
129.
130.
                              'gsm_modem": {
                                "id": "phone DNS server",
131.
                               "type": "string"
132.
133.
134.
                              gps": {
                               "id": "Whether there is a GPS in the device",
"type": "boolean"
135.
136.
137.
138.
                              'battery": {
                               "id": "Whether the device can run on a battery",
139.
                               "type": "boolean"
140.
141.
                             },
142.
                              'accelerometer": {
                               "id": "Whether there is an accelerometer in the devic
143.
   e'
                                "type": "boolean"
144.
145.
146.
                              audio_input": {
147.
                                "id": "Whether the device can record audio",
                                "type": "boolean"
148.
149.
                              audio output": {
150.
                               "id": "Whether the device can play audio",
151.
                                "type": "boolean"
152.
153
                             "sd card": {
154.
155.
                                "id": "Whether the device supports insertion/removal
   of virtual SD Cards",
156.
                                "type": "boolean"
157.
                             },
                              "sd card_path": {
158.
                                "id": "SD Card image path",
159.
                               "type": "string"
160.
161.
                             },
162.
                             "cache": {
163.
                                "id": "Whether we use a /cache partition on the devic
   e",
164.
                               "type": "boolean"
165.
166.
                              "cache_path": {
                                "id": "Cache partition to use on the device",
167.
                               "type": "boolean"
168.
169.
                             },
170.
                              "cache_size": {
                                "id": "Cache partition size",
171.
                                "type": "string"
172.
                             },
"lcd_width": {
    "'CD p:
173.
174.
                               "id": "LCD pixel width",
"type": "integer"
175.
176.
177.
178.
                              "lcd height": {
                                "id": "LCD pixel height",
179.
                               "type": "integer"
180.
181.
                             },
"lcd_depth": {
182.
                               "id": "LCD color depth",
183.
                               "type": "integer"
184.
185.
                             },
```

```
"lcd density": {
186.
187.
                                                                     "id": "Abstracted LCD density",
                                                                    "type": "integer"
188.
189.
                                                               },
"lcd_backlight": {
    "'CD_backlight": {
    "'CD_backlight
190.
191.
                                                                    "id": "LCD backlight",
                                                                    "type": "boolean"
192.
193.
194.
                                                                 gpu": {
                                                                    "id": "Enable/Disable emulated OpenGLES GPU",
195.
                                                                    "type": "boolean"
196.
197.
198.
                                                                 camera_back": {
                                                                    "id": "Configures camera facing back",
199.
                                                                    "type": "string"
200.
201.
202.
                                                                 camera_front": {
                                                                    "id": "Whether the device can run on a battery",
203.
                                                                    "type": "string"
204.
205.
                                                               },
206.
                                                                "heap size": {
                                                                    "id": "Max VM application heap size",
207.
                                                                     "type": "integer"
208.
209.
                                                                 sensor_proximity": {
210.
211.
                                                                    "id": "Whether there is an proximity in the device",
                                                                    "type": "boolean"
212
213.
214.
                                                                "sensor magnetic field": {
                                                                    "id": "Provides magnetic field sensor values",
215
                                                                    "type": "boolean"
216.
217.
218.
                                                                "sensor orientation": {
                                                                    "id": "Provides orientation sensor values",
219.
                                                                    "type": "boolean"
220.
221.
                                                               },
222.
                                                                "sensor temperature": {
                                                                    "id": "Provides temperature sensor values",
223.
                                                                    "type": "boolean"
224.
225.
                                                               },
226.
                                                                "use ext4": {
227.
                                                                    "id": "Specifies which file system to use: ext4 of ya
       ffs2",
228.
                                                                    "type": "boolean"
229.
230.
                                                                "kernel_path": {
                                                                    "id": "Path to the kernel image",
231
                                                                    "type": "string"
232.
233.
234.
                                                                "kernel parameters": {
                                                                    "id": "kernel boot parameters string",
235.
                                                                    "type": "string"
236.
237.
238.
                                                                "ram disk path": {
                                                                    "id": "Path to the ramdisk image",
239.
                                                                    "type": "string"
240.
241.
                                                               },
                                                                "system_partition_path": {
242.
243.
                                                                    "id": "Path to runtime system partition image",
244.
                                                                    "type": "string"
245.
246.
                                                                "system partition init path": {
                                                                    "id": "Initial system partition image",
247.
248.
                                                                    "type": "string"
249.
                                                               },
```

```
"system_partition_size": {
250.
                                 "id": "Ideal size of system partition",
251.
                                 "type": "integer"
252.
253.
254.
                               "data partition path": {
                                 "id": "Path to data partition file",
255.
                                 "type": "string"
256.
257.
258.
                               "data partition init path": {
259.
                                 "id": "Initial data partition",
                                 "type": "boolean"
260.
261.
262.
                               "data_partition_size": {
                                 "id": "Ideal size of data partition",
263.
                                 "type": "integer"
264.
265.
266.
                               "snap_storage_path": {
                                 "id": "Path to snapshot storage",
267.
                                 "type": "string"
268.
269.
                               }
270.
                            }
271.
272.
                        }
273.
                      },
274.
                        "type": "object",
275.
                        "required": ["id"],
276.
                        "properties": {
277.
                          "id": {
    "id": "execution time",
    "type": "integer",
    "enum": [0]
278.
279.
280.
281
282.
283.
                           "install app": {
                             "id": "apks to install",
284.
                             "type": "string"
285.
286.
287.
                           "timezone": {
                             "id": "timezone for the emulator",
288.
                             "type": "string"
289.
290.
                          },
                           "telnet": {
291.
                             "id": "telnet commands",
292.
                             "type": "object",
293.
294.
                             "properties": {
                               "power": {
   "id": "power properties",
   "type": "object",
295.
296.
297.
                                  "properties": {
298.
                                    "ac": {
299.
                                     "id": "ac properties",
300.
                                      "type": { "enum": ["on", "off"] }
301.
302.
                                    'capacity": {
   "id": "capacity properties",
   "type": "integer"
303.
304.
305.
306.
307.
                                    "health": {
                                      "id": "power health properties",
308.
                                      "type": {"enum": ["unknown", "good", "overheat",
309.
    "dead", "overvoltage", "failure"] }
310.
                                   },
311.
                                    "present": {
                                      "id": "battery presence",
312.
313.
                                      "type": "boolean"
314.
                                   },
```

```
315.
                                   "status": {
                                    "id": "battery status",
316.
                                     "type": { "enum": ["unknown", "charging", "discha
317.
   rging", "not-charging",
                               "full"] }
318.
319.
                            }
320.
321.
                            }
322.
                         }
323.
                       }
324.
                     },
325.
                     {
326.
                       "type": "object",
                        "required": ["id"],
327.
                        "properties": {
328.
                         "id": {
329.
                            "id": "execution time",
330.
                            "type": "integer",
331.
                            "minimum": 1
332.
333.
                          "telnet": {
   "id": "telnet commands",
334.
335.
                            "type": "object",
336.
                            "properties": {
337.
                              "power": {
338.
                                "id": "power properties",
339.
                                "type": "object",
340.
341.
                                 "properties": {
                                   "ac": {
342.
                                    "id": "ac properties",
"type": { "enum": ["on", "off"] }
343.
344.
345
                                  },
346.
                                   "capacity": {
347.
                                     "id": "capacity properties",
                                     "type": "integer"
348.
349.
350.
                                   "health": {
                                     "id": "power health properties",
"type": {"enum": ["unknown", "good", "overheat",
351.
    "dead", "overvoltage", "failure"] }
353.
                                  },
354.
                                   "present": {
                                     "id": "battery presence",
355.
                                     "type": "boolean"
356.
357.
358.
                                   "status": {
                                     "id": "battery status",
359.
                                     "type": { "enum": ["unknown", "charging", "discha
360.
                               "full"] }
  rging", "not-charging",
361.
                                  }
362.
                                }
363.
                              },
                               gsm": {
364.
                                "id": "calling events",
365.
                                "type": "object",
366.
                                "properties": {
367.
368.
                                  "call": {
                                     "id": "call to a number",
369.
                                     "type": "string"
370.
                                  },
"accept": {
371.
372.
                                     "id": "accept a call",
373.
                                     "type": "string"
374.
375.
                                   },
376.
                                   "busy": {
377.
                                     "id": "busy a call",
```

```
"type": "string"
378.
379.
                                 },
                                 "cancel": {
380.
                                   "id": "cancell a call",
381.
                                   "type": "string"
382.
383.
                                  ˈdata": {
384.
                                   "id": "data connection status",
385.
                                   "type": { "enum": ["unregistered", "home", "roami
386.
   ng", "searching", "denied", "off", "on"] }
387.
                                 },
                                  voice": {
388.
389.
                                   "id": "voice connection status",
  "type": { "enum": ["unregistered", "home", "roaming", "searching", "denied", "off", "on"] }
390.
391.
392.
                               }
                            },
"sms": {
"id":
393.
394.
395.
                               "id": "send a sms message",
                               "type": "object",
396.
397.
                               "properties": {
                                 "number": {
398.
                                   "id": "number phone to send a sms",
399.
                                   "type": "string"
400.
                                 401.
402.
                                   "id": "message",
403
404.
                                   "type": "string"
405.
                                 },
"required": [ "number", "sms" ]
406.
                               }
407
408.
                              "geo": {
   "id": "location events",
409.
410.
                               "type": "object",
411.
412.
                               "properties": {
                                 "fix": {
   "id": "http://jsonschema.net/t1/geo/fix",
413.
414.
                                   "type": "object",
415.
                                   "properties": {
416.
                                     "longitude": {
417.
418.
                                       "id": "longitude",
                                        "type": "string"
419.
420.
421.
                                      "latitude": {
                                       "id": "latitude",
422.
                                       "type": "string"
423.
424.
425.
                                      "altitude": {
426.
                                       "id": "altitude",
                                       "type": "string"
427.
428.
                                      'required": [ "longitude", "latitude" ]
429.
430.
                                   }
                                431.
432.
433.
                                   "type": "string"
434.
435.
436.
                               }
437.
                             }
438.
                          }
                        },
"adb": {
439.
440.
441.
                           "id": "adb popular commands",
```

```
442.
                                  "type": "array",
                                  "properties": {
443.
                                    "action": {
444.
                                       "id": "adb action name",
445.
    "type": "string",
. "type": "string",
. "enum": ["connect_wifi", "lock_screen", "unlock_scree
n", "volume_up", "go_home", "take_screenshot", "start_clock_app", "stop_clock_
app", "start_wifi", "wifi_status", "enable_wifi", "disable_wifi", "enable_mobi
446.
447.
     le_data", "disable_mobile_data"]
448.
                                  }
449.
                                 }
450.
                               "intents": {
451.
                                 "id": "intents commands",
"type": "array",
452.
453.
454.
                                  "properties": {
                                    "type": {
    "id": "intent type",
455.
456.
                                       "type": "string",
"enum": ["start", "start_service", "broadcast"]
457.
458.
459.
                                    "params": {
   "id": "intent params",
460.
461.
                                       "type": "string"
462.
463.
                                    }
464.
                                 }
                              465.
466.
467.
468.
                                  "properties": {
469.
                                    "path":{
470.
                                       "id": "path to monkey script",
"type": "string"
471.
472.
473.
                                    },
                                     'package": {
474.
                                       "id": "apk package where run monkey script",
475.
                                       "type": "string"
476.
477.
478.
                                 }
479.
                              }
480.
                           }
481.
                         }
482.
                      ]
483.
                    }
484.
                 }
485.
              }
```

### **Appendix B: Events list**

This appendix presents all the events that the system accepts and their values.

## **Emulator Configuration Events**

Attribute	Type/Values	Description
emulator		
emulator.name	string	AVD name
emulator.port	integer	AVD port
emulator.sdk_version	string values: android-8 android-10 android-15 android-16 android-17 android-18 android-19 android-20 android-21 android-22 android-23	Android sdk version for AVD
phone		
phone.brand	string	Mobile device brand
phone.device	string	Mobile device model
phone.imei	string	Mobile device IMEI
phone.imsi	string	Mobile device IMSI
phone.provider	string	Mobile device provider
network		
network.IP	string	Mobile device IP
network.DNS	string	The value of <servers> must be a comma-separated list of up to 4 DNS server names or IP addresses.</servers>
ini_properties [5]		
ini_properties. cpu_arch	string	The CPU Architecture to emulator
ini_properties. cpu_model	string	The CPU model (QEMU-specific string)
ini_properties. ram_size	integer	The amount of physical RAM on the device, in megabytes.
ini_properties. screen_type	string values: touch multi-touch no-touch	Defines type of the screen.
Ini_properties. track_ball	boolean	Whether there is a trackball on the device.

ini_properties. main_keys  boolean  Whether there are hardware back/home keys on the device.tr  ini_properties keyboard  ini_properties.keyboard_lid  boolean  Whether the device has a QWERTY keyboard.  Whether the QWERTY keyboard ca be opened/closed.  ini_properties.keyboard_charmap  string  Name of the system keyboard charmap file.  ini_properties.gpad  boolean  Whether the device has DPad keys ini_properties.gps  boolean  Whether there is a GSM modem in the device.  ini_properties.battery  boolean  Whether the device can run on a battery.  ini_properties.accelerometer  boolean  Whether there is an accelerometer in the device.  ini_properties.audio_input  boolean  Whether the device can record audio.	<b>eyboard</b> b
ini_properties keyboard boolean Whether the device has a QWERTY keyboard.  ini_properties.keyboard_lid boolean Whether the QWERTY keyboard ca be opened/closed.  ini_properties.keyboard_charmap string Name of the system keyboard charmap file.  ini_properties.d_pad boolean Whether the device has DPad keys ini_properties.gsm_modem string Whether there is a GSM modem in the device.  ini_properties.gps boolean Whether there is a GPS in the device.  ini_properties.battery boolean Whether the device can run on a battery.  ini_properties.accelerometer boolean Whether there is an accelerometer in the device.  ini_properties.audio_input boolean Whether the device can record	,
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keyboard.     ini_properties.keyboard_lid   boolean   Whether the QWERTY keyboard ca be opened/closed.     ini_properties.keyboard_charmap   string   Name of the system keyboard charmap file.     ini_properties.d_pad   boolean   Whether the device has DPad keys     ini_properties.gsm_modem   string   Whether there is a GSM modem in the device.     ini_properties.gps   boolean   Whether there is a GPS in the device.     ini_properties.battery   boolean   Whether the device can run on a battery.     ini_properties.accelerometer   boolean   Whether there is an accelerometer in the device.     ini_properties.audio_input   boolean   Whether the device can record	,
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ini_properties.accelerometer boolean battery.  ini_properties.audio_input boolean Whether there is an accelerometer in the device.  Whether the device can record	atterv b
ini_properties.accelerometer     boolean     Whether there is an accelerometer in the device.       ini_properties.audio_input     boolean     Whether the device can record	•
in the device.  ini_properties.audio_input boolean Whether the device can record	celerometer
<del>-</del> ·	udio_input b
auulo.	
ini_properties.audio_output boolean Whether the device can play audio	udio_output b
ini_properties.sd_card boolean Whether the device supports	l_card b
insertion/removal of virtual SD	
Cards.	
ini_properties.sd_card_path string SD Card image path	<b>l_card_path</b> s
ini_properties.cache boolean Whether we use a /cache partition	i <b>che</b> b
on the device.	
ini_properties.cache_path string Cache partition to use on the device	i <b>che_path</b> s
Ignored if disk.cachePartition is not	
'yes'.	
ini_properties.cache_size string Cache partition size	_
ini_properties.lcd_width integer LCD pixel width.	_
ini_properties.lcd_height integer LCD pixel height.	
ini_properties.lcd_depth integer Color bit depth of emulated	<b>d_depth</b> in
framebuffer.	
ini_properties.lcd_density integer A value used to roughly describe the	
values: density of the LCD screen for	
120 automatic resource/asset selection	
160	
240 213	
320	
ini_properties.lcd_backlight boolean Enable/Disable LCD backlight	
simulation, yes-enabled, no-disabled	u_Dackiigiit D
ini_properties.gpu boolean Enable/Disable emulated OpenGLE	nu h
GPU.	, u
ini_properties.camera_back string Configures camera facing back.	mera back
Must be 'emulated' for a fake	cru_sack 3
camera, 'webcam <n>' for a web</n>	
camera, or 'none' if back camera is	
disabled.	

ini nuonouting agrees fusut	string	Configurac comora facina frant
ini_properties.camera_front	string	Configures camera facing front.  Must be 'emulated' for a fake camera, 'webcam <n>' for a web camera, or 'none' if front camera is disabled.</n>
ini_properties.heap_size	integer	The maximum heap size a Dalvik application might allocate before being killed by the system. Value is in megabytes.
ini_properties.sensor_proximity	boolean	Whether there is an proximity in the device.
<pre>ini_properties. sensor_magnetic_field</pre>	boolean	Provides magnetic field sensor values.
ini_properties. sensor_orientation	boolean	Provides orientation sensor values.
ini_properties. sensor_temperature	boolean	Provides temperature sensor values.
ini_properties. use_ext4	boolean	Specifies which file system to use: ext4 of yaffs2
ini_properties. kernel_path	string	Path to the kernel image.
ini_properties. kernel_parameters	string	Kernel boot parameters string.
ini_properties. system_partition_path	string	Path to runtime system partition image.
<pre>ini_properties. system_partition_init_path</pre>	string	Initial system partition image.
ini_properties. system_partition_size	integer	Ideal size of system partition.
ini_properties. data_partition_path	string	Path to data partition file. Cannot be empty.  Special value <temp> means using a temporary file. If disk.dataPartition.initPath is not empty, its content will be copied to the disk.dataPartition.path file at boot-time.</temp>
ini_properties. data_partition_init_path	string	Initial data partition. If not empty, its content will be copied to the disk.dataPartition.path file at boot-time.
ini_properties. data_partition_size	integer	Ideal size of data partition.
ini_properties. snap_storage_path	string	Path to a 'snapshot storage' file, where all snapshots are stored.
	2: Fmulator Configurat	·

Table 2: Emulator Configuration Events

## **OS Configuration Events**

Attribute	Type/Values	Description
install_app	string	Path to apk to install
timezone	string	Timezone used by emulated mobile device.
power		
power.ac	string values: on off	Set AC charging state to on or off.
power.capacity	integer	Set remaining battery capacity state (0-100).
power.health	string values: unknown good overheat dead overvoltage failure	Set battery health state.
power.present	boolean	Set battery presence state.
power.status	string values: unknown charging discharging not-charging full	Change battery status as specified.

Table 3: OS Configuration Events

## **Execution Context Events**

Attribute	Type/Values	Description
power		·
power.ac	string values: on off	Set AC charging state to on or off.
power.capacity	integer	Set remaining battery capacity state (0-100).
power.health	string values: unknown good overheat dead overvoltage failure	Set battery health state.
power.present	boolean	Set battery presence state.
power.status	string values: unknown charging discharging not-charging full	Change battery status as specified.
gsm		
gsm.call	string	Simulate an inbound phone call from <phonenumber>.</phonenumber>
gsm.accept	string	Accept an inbound call from <phonenumber> and change the call state "active".</phonenumber>
gsm.busy	string	Close an outbound call to <phonenumber> and change the call state to "busy".</phonenumber>
gsm.cancel	string	Terminate an inbound or outbound phone call to/from <phonenumber>.</phonenumber>
gsm.data	string values: unregistered home roaming searching denied off on	Change the state of the GPRS data connection to <state>.</state>
gsm.voice	string values: unregistered home	Change the state of the GPRS voice connection to <state>.</state>

	roaming	
	searching	
	denied	
	off	
	on	
sms		
sms.number	string	Sender phone number
		SMS message
sms.message	string	Sivis illessage
geo.fix.longitude	string	Send a simple GPS longitude to
geo.nx.iongitude	string	the emulator instance.
C. 1	.1.5	It is mandatory.
geo.fix.latitude	string	Send a simple GPS latitude to
		the emulator instance.
		It is mandatory.
geo.fix.altitude	string	Send a simple GPS alititude to
		the emulator instance.
		It is optional.
geo.nmea	string	Send an NMEA 0183 sentence
		to the emulated device, as if it
		were sent from an emulated
		GPS modem.
intents		
intents.type	string	Intent type
intents.params	string	Intent parameters
adb		
adb.action	string	Action to execute
	values:	
	connect_wifi	
	lock_screen	
	unlock_screen	
	volumen_up	
	go_home	
	take_screenshot	
	start clock app	
	stop_clock_app	
	start_wifi	
	enable_wifi	
	wifi status	
	enable mobile data	
	disable mobile data	
monkey		
monkey.path	string	Monkey script path
monkey.package	string	Package where the monkey
monkey.package	String	script will be execute
		script will be execute

Table 4: Execution Context Events

## **Appendix C: Planning and budget**

In order to comply with the regulations of MsC Thesis by Universidad Carlos III de Madrid, this appendix presents the Planning and Budget of the Thesis.

First, it is going to be presented a planning that defines this project in different tasks. It has been generated a typical Gantt chart presenting in a graphical form the duration of each phase.

The resume of the phases is shown in Table 4 with its start and end date. Gantt chart with detailed information is shown in Figure 6.

	Duration (days)	Start Date	End Date
Definition of goals	27	16/01/2016	23/02/2016
Analysis	34	01/03/2016	15/04/2016
Design	14	24/05/2016	10/06/2016
Development	16	13/06/2016	04/07/2016
Testing	4	5/07/2016	10/07/2016
Report	34	18/07/2016	1/09/2016

Table 5: Work Planning

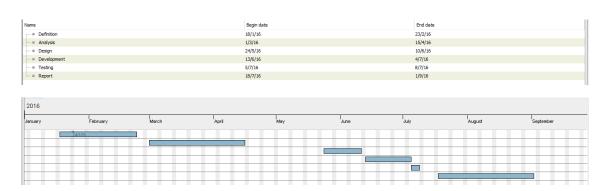


Figure 6: Work Planing Gantt Chart

Last, it is going to be presented the budget. It is broken down into various estimations by type cost:

Personal cost: 31.600 €
Hardware cost: 30 €
Software cost: 0 €
Indirect cost: 301 €
Total cost: 31.600 €

Note: VATs are included.

Concept	Time (hours)	Fees	RRHH cost
Security Engineer	500	50 €/hour	25.000 €
PhD	120	55 €/hour	6.600 €
TOTAL	31.600 €		

Table 6: Estimated Project Personal Cost

Concept	Units	Unit price	Estimated life time	Airtime (months)	Cost
Acer Aspire 5740	1	600 €	60 months	4,3	30€
TOTAL					30 €

Table7: Estimated Project Hardware Cost

Concept	Units	Unit price	Estimated life time	Airtime (months)	Cost
Ubuntu Linux	1	0€	-	4,3	0€
Sublime Text 3	1	0€	-	4,3	0€
SmartGit Hg 7.1	1	0€	-	4,3	0€
Github	1	0€	-	4,3	0€
Bitbucker	1	0€	-	4,3	0€
MiKTeX	1	0€	-	4,3	0€
TeXnic Center	1	0€	-	4,3	0€
Adobe Reader	1	0€	-	4,3	0€
Google Chrome	1	0€	-	4,3	0€
TOTAL			1		0€

Table8: Estimated Project Software Cost

Concept	Monthly price	Airtime (months)	Cost
Electricity	40 €	4,3	172 €
Internet	30 €	4,3	129€
TOTAL			301 €

Table9: Estimated Project Indirect Costs

Concept	Amount
Personal cost	31.600 €
Hardware cost	30 €
Software cost	0€
Indirect cost	301 €
TOTAL	31.931 €

Table10: Estimated Project Total Cost