

# GRADR

A Quick Recap

# A Quick Recap

## Current Environment

Client currently uses Excel spreadsheets stored locally on her Windows computer.

Manually enter students and assignments for each grade. Manually save and organize files.

## Improvements

### Automation

Student list may be imported from Excel spreadsheets.

Files stored and organized automatically.

### Security

Student data and grades stored on customer's secure server.

Username and password login.

### Scalability

Client may access data from server with internet access.

Potential for web and app integration in the future.

# A Quick Recap

## Current Environment

Client currently uses Excel spreadsheets stored locally on her Windows computer.

Manually enter students and assignments for each grade. Manually save and organize files.

## Improvements

### Automation

✗ Student list may be imported from Excel spreadsheets.

Files stored and organized automatically.

### Security

Student data and grades stored on customer's secure server.

Username and password login.

### Scalability

Client may access data from server with internet access.

Potential for web and app integration in the future.

# A Quick Recap

## Current Environment

Client currently uses Excel spreadsheets stored locally on her Windows computer.

Manually enter students and assignments for each grade. Manually save and organize files.

## Improvements

### Automation

- ✗ Student list may be imported from Excel spreadsheets.
- ✓ Files stored and organized automatically.

### Security

Student data and grades stored on customer's secure server.

Username and password login.

### Scalability

Client may access data from server with internet access.

Potential for web and app integration in the future.

# A Quick Recap

## Current Environment

Client currently uses Excel spreadsheets stored locally on her Windows computer.

Manually enter students and assignments for each grade. Manually save and organize files.

## Improvements

### Automation

- ✗ Student list may be imported from Excel spreadsheets.
- ✓ Files stored and organized automatically.

### Security

- ✓ Student data and grades stored on customer's secure server.

Username and password login.

### Scalability

Client may access data from server with internet access.

Potential for web and app integration in the future.

# A Quick Recap

## Current Environment

Client currently uses Excel spreadsheets stored locally on her Windows computer.

Manually enter students and assignments for each grade. Manually save and organize files.

## Improvements

### Automation

- ✗ Student list may be imported from Excel spreadsheets.
- ✓ Files stored and organized automatically.

### Security

- ✓ Student data and grades stored on customer's secure server.
- ⚠ Username and password login.

### Scalability

Client may access data from server with internet access.

Potential for web and app integration in the future.

# A Quick Recap

## Current Environment

Client currently uses Excel spreadsheets stored locally on her Windows computer.

Manually enter students and assignments for each grade. Manually save and organize files.

## Improvements

### Automation

- ✗ Student list may be imported from Excel spreadsheets.
- ✓ Files stored and organized automatically.

### Security

- ✓ Student data and grades stored on customer's secure server.
- ⚠ Username and password login.

### Scalability

- ✓ Client may access data from server with internet access.

Potential for web and app integration in the future.

# A Quick Recap

## Current Environment

Client currently uses Excel spreadsheets stored locally on her Windows computer.

Manually enter students and assignments for each grade. Manually save and organize files.

## Improvements

### Automation

- ✗ Student list may be imported from Excel spreadsheets.
- ✓ Files stored and organized automatically.

### Security

- ✓ Student data and grades stored on customer's secure server.
- ⚠ Username and password login.

### Scalability

- ✓ Client may access data from server with internet access.
- ⚠ Potential for web and app integration in the future.

# A Quick Recap

## GUI prototype

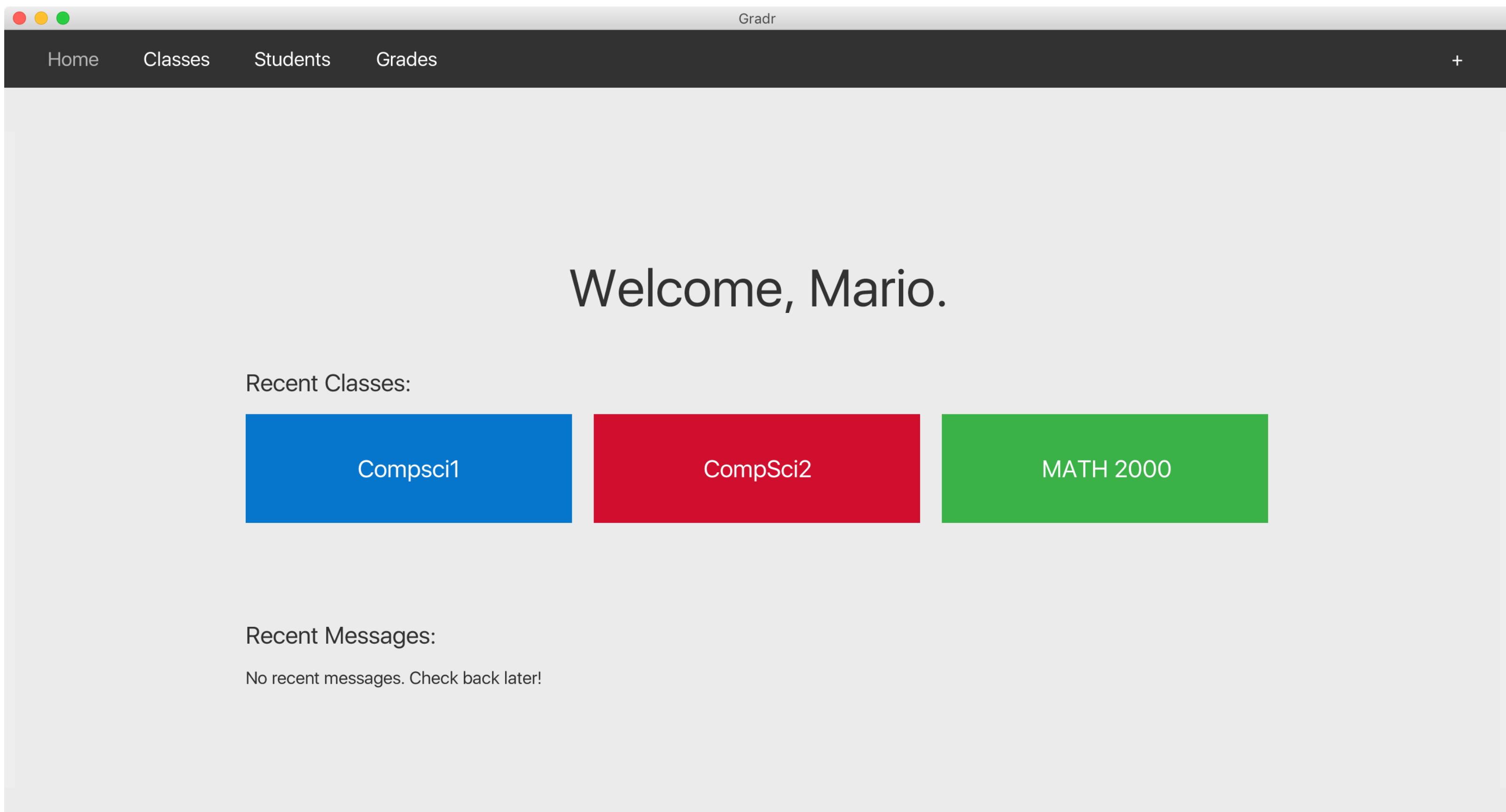
The screenshot shows a user interface for a classroom management system. At the top, there is a navigation bar with icons for Home, Classes, and Students, and two buttons on the right labeled '!' and '+'. The main area features a large welcome message 'Welcome, Christine.' Below it, there is a section titled 'Recent Classes' with three cards:

- CS1000 R01**  
Structures of Computer Science
- CS2200 R01**  
Data Structures
- CS3598 R01**  
Software Engineering

At the bottom, there is a 'Messages' section with the text: 'No updates since last login (September 22, 2016 at 6:52pm)'.

# A Quick Recap

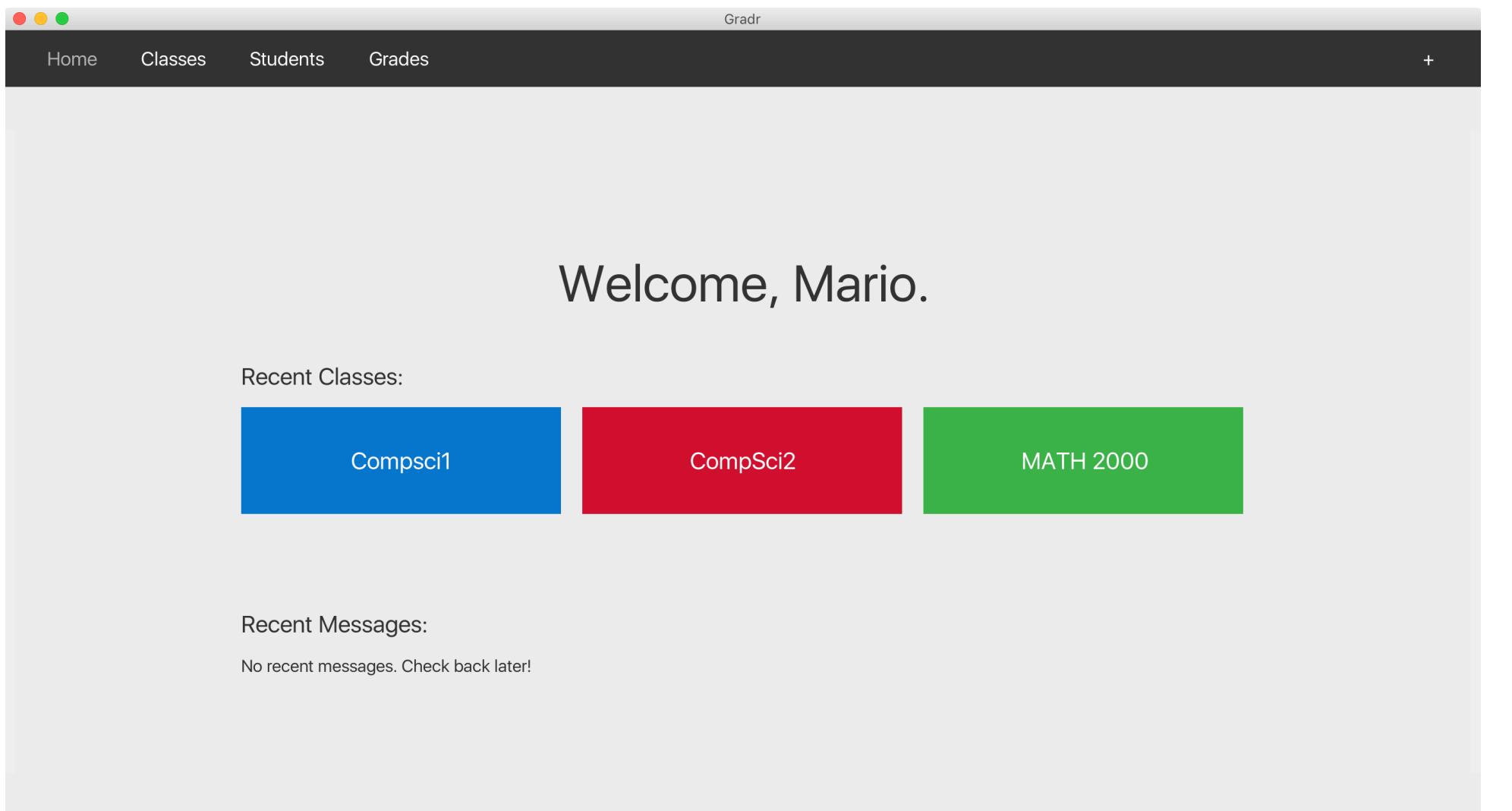
## Final GUI



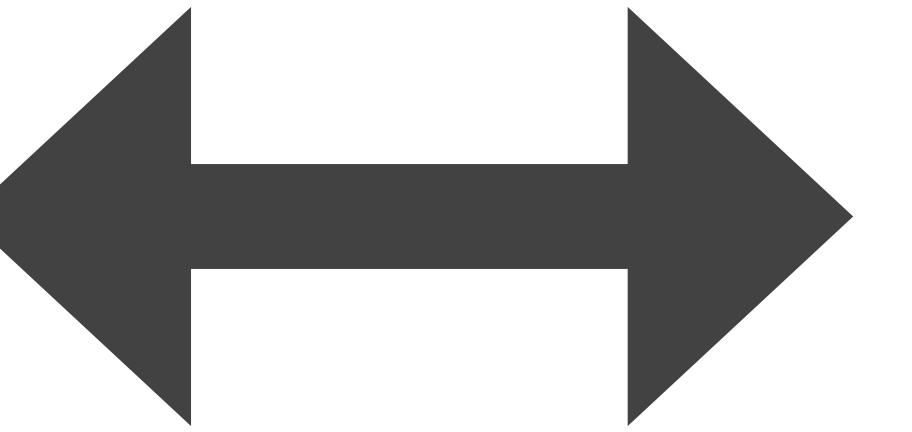
# Overview

# Overview

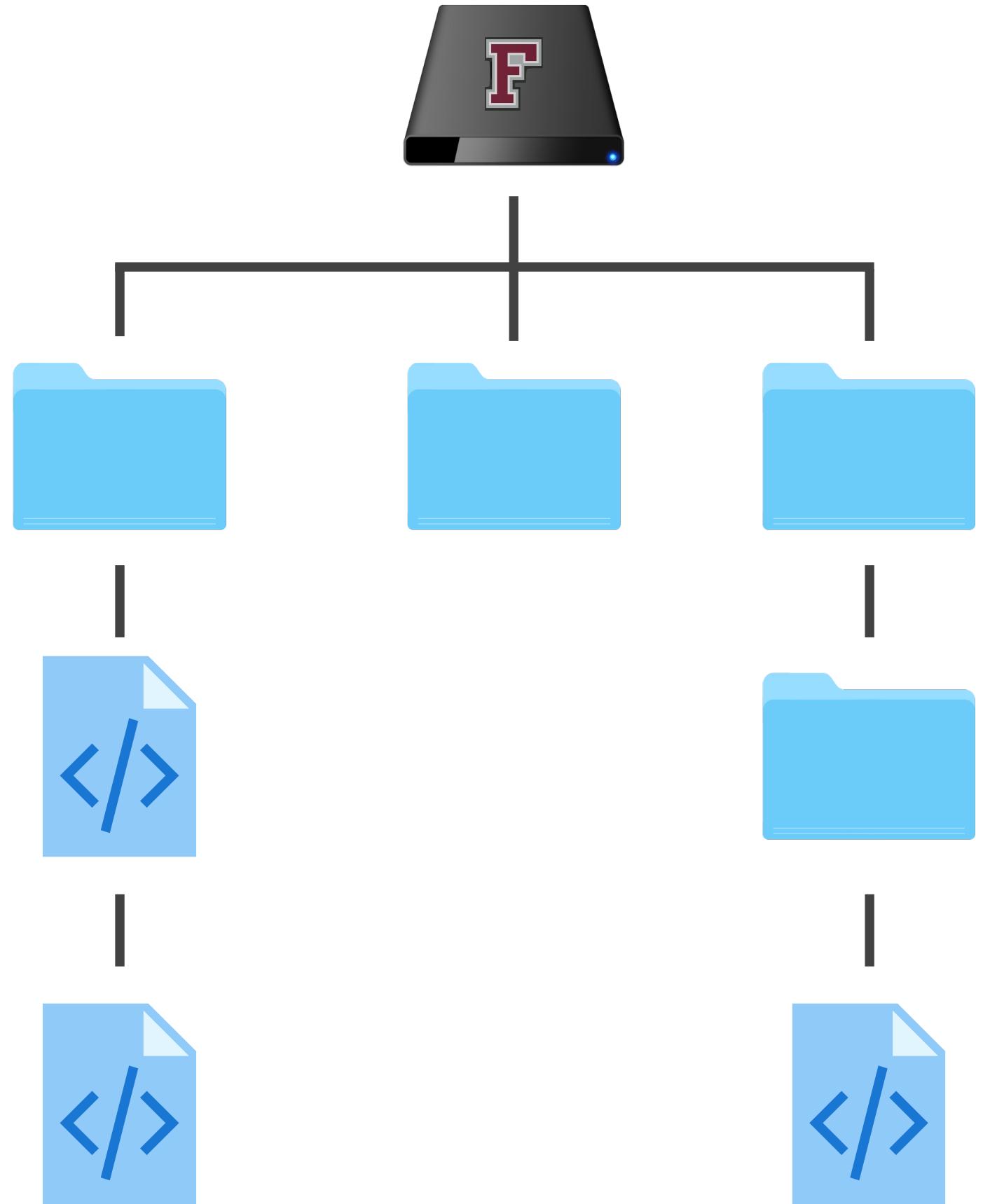
## GUI



## Logic



## File I/O



# File System

# File System

## Structure

Main “data” directory

Directory for each teacher/user, created during registration

- File containing username and password

- File specifying which classes to which the user has access

Directory for each class created

- Attendance

- Class information

- Grades

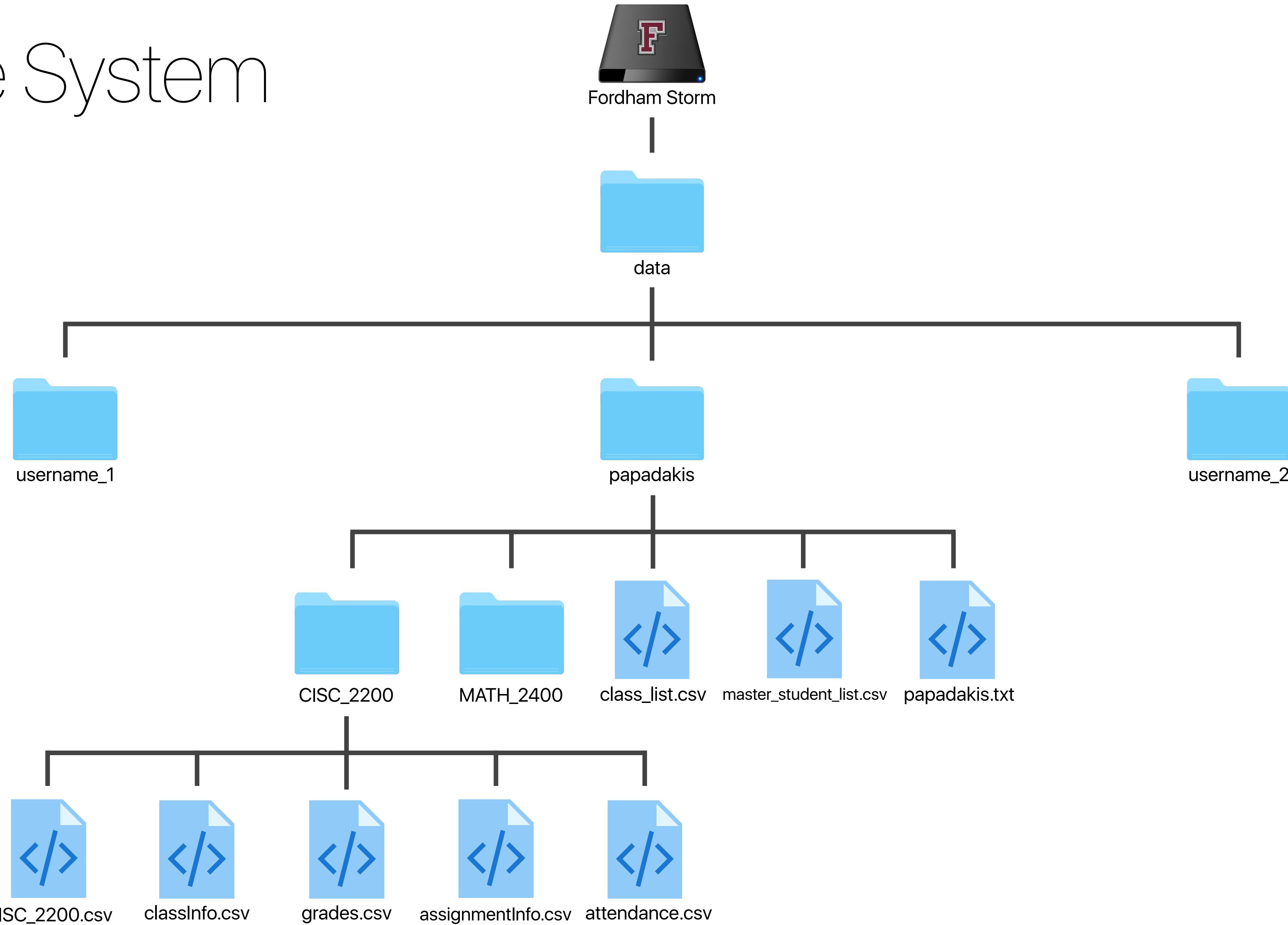
- classname.csv (containing list of information from student objects)

# File System

```
[brookecantwell@storm Mario]$ pwd  
/home/students/FALL15/brookecantwell/CISC3598/gradebook_final/data/Mario  
[brookecantwell@storm Mario]$ ls  
class_list.csv  Compsc1  CompSci2  Mario.txt  master_student_list.csv  
[brookecantwell@storm Mario]$ cat Mario.txt  
Mario  
pass  
Mario  
Merendino  
[brookecantwell@storm Mario]$ cat class_list.csv  
Compsc1  
CompSci2  
[brookecantwell@storm Mario]$ cat master_student_list.csv  
A123,Merendino,Mario,20  
A345,Cantwell,Brooke,30  
A678,Merendino,Joseph,12  
A010321,Subject,Test,30  
A9648963,Student,Newest,532  
27,Cantwell,Brooke,23  
28,Cantwell,Brooke,23  
[brookecantwell@storm Mario]$ █
```

An example of the file system created for each teacher during registration.

# File System



# File Input & Output

## FileIO class

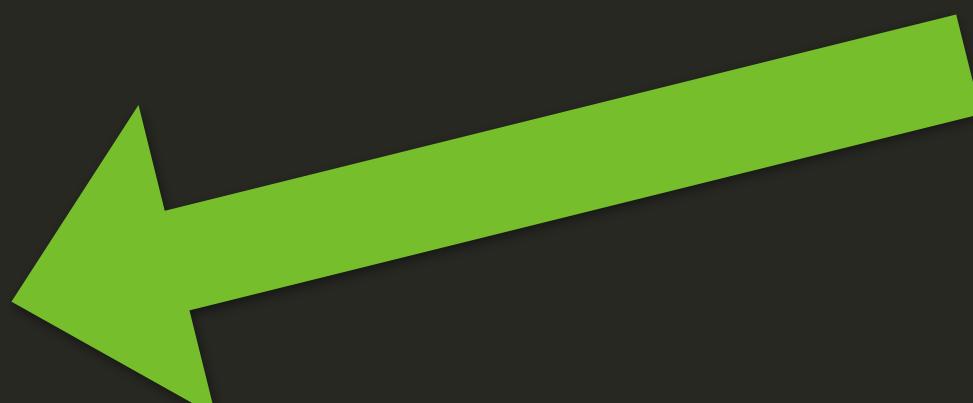
Methods for reading in and writing to files are **not** contained in the classes on which they operate.

They are aggregated into the File I/O class.

Methods are called on a fileIO object, passing the objects they operate on as arguments.

The File I/O class is composed of methods that accept objects and strings to perform input and output to the different files in the system.

```
246     // update class information when new class is selected from dropdown
247     private void update(String newClassName){
248         FileIO io = new FileIO();
249         className.setText(newClassName);
250         classroom c = new classroom();
251         c = io.getClassInfo(newClassName);
252         className.setText(c.className);
253         section.setText("Section: " +c.section);
254         semester.setText("Semester: " + c.semester);
255         meetingTime.setText("Meeting Time: " + c.meetingTime);
256         location.setText("Location " + c.location);
257         crn.setText("CRN: " + c.crn);
```



Logic

# Logic

## Major classes

The logic behind our program is built with several classes representing different objects required for the gradebook:

Classes (or classrooms)

Assignments

Students

Teachers

File input/output

# Logic

## File output

addMasterStudentList():

Verify unique student IDs  
and write to the master  
student list.

```
239     public static void addToMasterStudentList(student s) {
240         String fileName = (System.getProperty("user.dir") + "/data/" + currentTeacher.username + "/master_student_list.csv");
241
242         boolean newStudent = true;
243
244         try {
245             File outputFile = new File(fileName);
246             FileWriter fw = new FileWriter(outputFile.getAbsoluteFile( ), true);
247             BufferedWriter bw = new BufferedWriter(fw);
248
249             if(!outputFile.exists( )) {
250                 outputFile.createNewFile( );
251                 bw.write("IdNumber,First Name,Last Name, Age");
252                 bw.newLine();
253             }
254
255             List<String> tempList = new ArrayList<String>( );
256
257             tempList = readMasterStudentList(currentTeacher.username);
258
259             String search = s.idNumber;
260
261             for (String str:tempList) {
262                 if(str.trim( ).contains(search))
263                     newStudent = false;
264             }
265
266             if (newStudent == true) {
267                 bw.write(s.idNumber + ',' + s.lastName + ',' + s.firstName + ',' + s.age);
268                 bw.newLine();
269                 bw.close( );
270             }
271             else
272                 System.out.println("Not a new student");
273
274         }
275         catch (IOException ex) {
276             System.out.println(ex);
277         }
278     }
```

# Logic

## File output

appendStudent():

Add a student to the specified class file.

```
193  
194 //APPEND STUDENT, CALLED FROM ADD STUDENT  
195 public static void appendStudent(student s, String className) {  
196     String fileName = (System.getProperty("user.dir") + "/data/" + currentTeacher.username + '/' + className + '/' + className + ".csv");  
197     String gradesFileName = (System.getProperty("user.dir") + "/data/" + currentTeacher.username + '/' + className + '/' + "grades.csv");  
198  
199     try {  
200         File outputFile = new File(fileName);  
201         FileWriter fw = new FileWriter(outputFile.getAbsoluteFile(), true);  
202         BufferedWriter bw = new BufferedWriter(fw);  
203  
204         File gradesOutputFile = new File(gradesFileName);  
205         FileWriter gfw = new FileWriter(gradesOutputFile.getAbsoluteFile(), true);  
206         BufferedWriter gbw = new BufferedWriter(gfw);  
207  
208         //alert user if file doesn't exist  
209         if (!outputFile.exists()) {  
210             System.out.println("This class does not exist.");  
211  
212             bw.write("IdNumber,First Name,Last Name, Age");  
213             bw.newLine();  
214         }  
215         //if the file exists  
216         else {  
217             bw.write(s.lastName + ',' + s.firstName + ',' + s.age + ',' + s.idNumber);  
218             bw.newLine();  
219             bw.close();  
220             int amountOfGrades = amountOfAssignments(className);  
221             String zeros = new String();  
222             for (int i = 0; i < amountOfGrades; i++) {  
223                 zeros = zeros + ",0";  
224                 System.out.println(zeros);  
225             }  
226  
227             gbw.write(s.lastName + ',' + s.firstName + ',' + s.age + ',' + s.idNumber + zeros);  
228             gbw.newLine();  
229             gbw.close();  
230             addToMasterStudentList(s);  
231         }  
232     } catch (IOException ex) {  
233         System.out.println("Error opening file.");  
234     }  
235 }  
236 }
```

# Logic

## File input

readMasterStudentList():

Read master student list  
and return a list of strings  
to display.

```
258     public static List<String> readMasterStudentList(String username) {
259         String fileName = (System.getProperty("user.dir") + "/data/" + username + "/master_student_list.csv");
260         List<String> studentIDList = new ArrayList<String>();
261         String studentID;
262
263         List<String> studentLine = new ArrayList<String>();
264
265         try {
266             InputStream ips = new FileInputStream(fileName);
267             InputStreamReader ipsr = new InputStreamReader(ips);
268             BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(ipsr);
269             String line;
270             int counter = 0;
271
272             while((line = br.readLine()) != null) {
273                 String[ ] s = line.split(",");
274                 System.out.println(s[counter]);
275                 studentIDList.add(s[counter]);
276                 studentLine.add(line);
277             }
278
279             br.close();
280         } catch(IOException e) {
281             System.out.println(e);
282         }
283
284         System.out.println("User ID List");
285         for (int i = 0; i < studentIDList.size( ); i++)
286             System.out.println(studentIDList.get(i) + "\n");
287
288         return studentIDList;
289     }
290
291 }
```

GUI

# GUI

## Introduction

Designed with the user in mind, to be as intuitive as possible.

Started out as a simple terminal application.

It only allowed the user to add classes, add students, and edit some basic information.

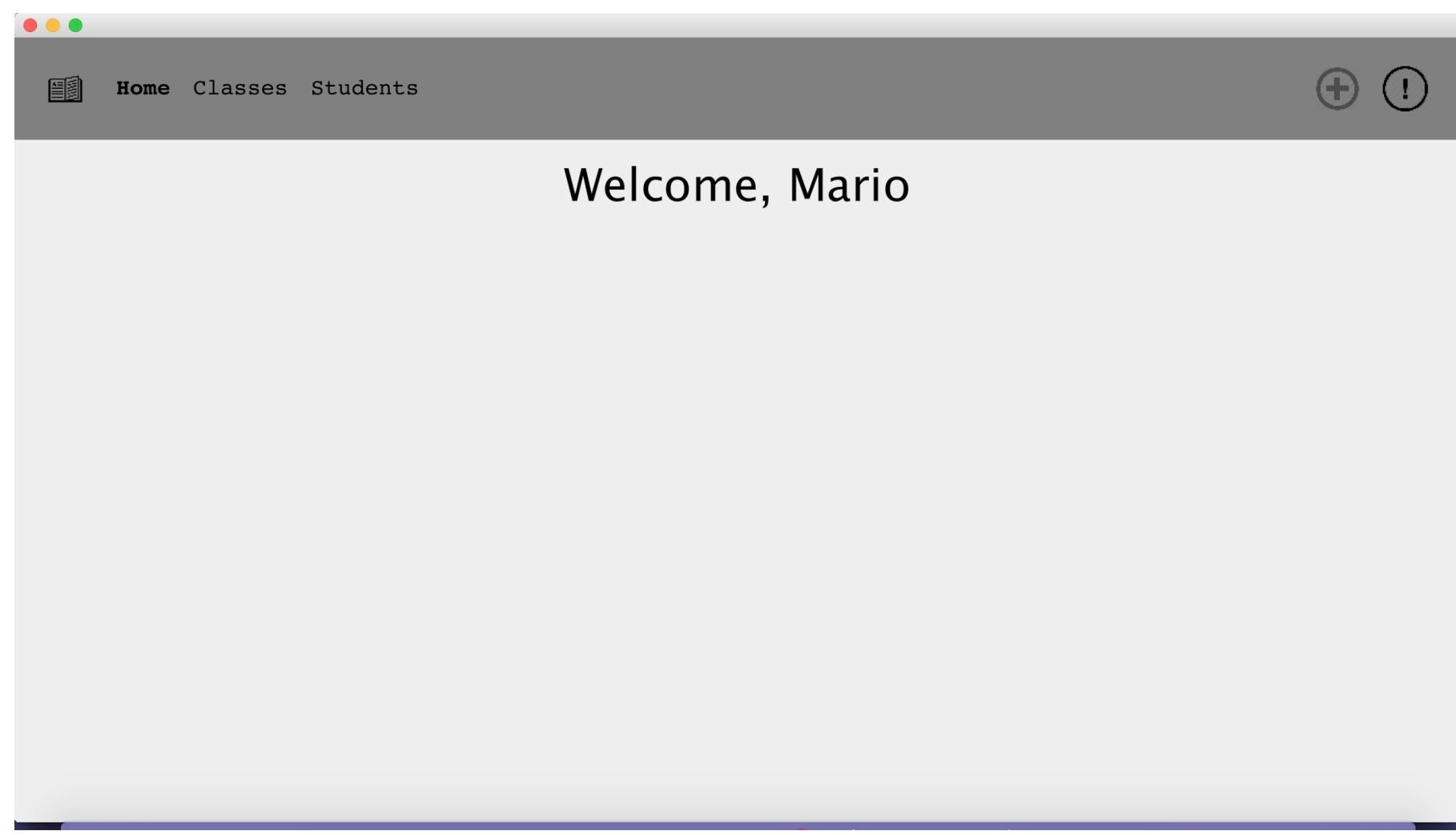
Slowly implemented a primitive GUI around the terminal application. Though ugly, it was just enough to start working on applets, frames, and buttons to work on the UI.

Added finishing touches like custom imported font and logos, located in a resources directory.

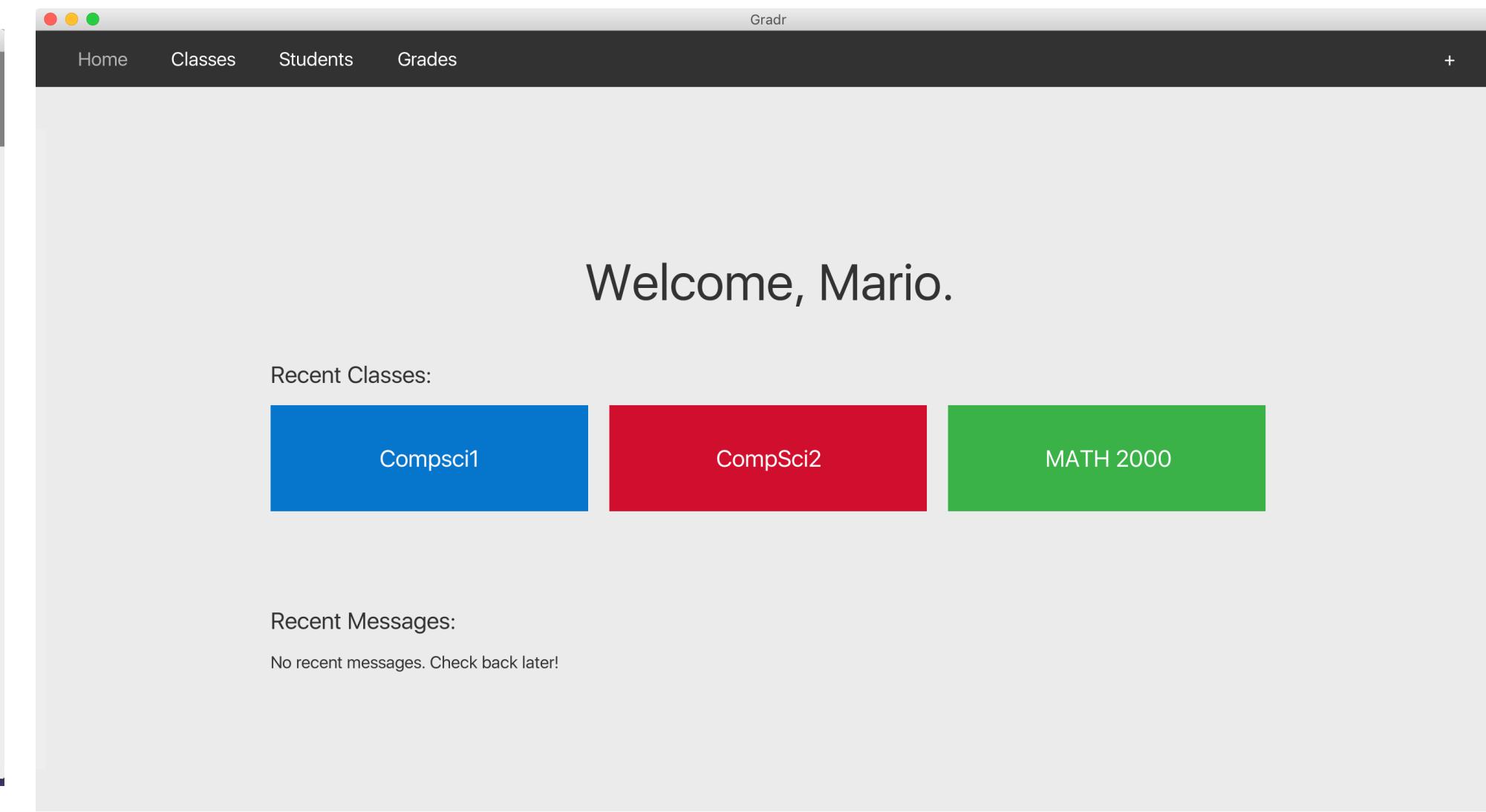
# GUI

## Evolution of the Dashboard

```
dash-5.2$ java gui  
Welcome to the gradebook  
What would you like to do?  
1)Add Class  
2)Display List of Classes  
3)Edit Class  
4)Delete Class  
0)Exit
```



October 10

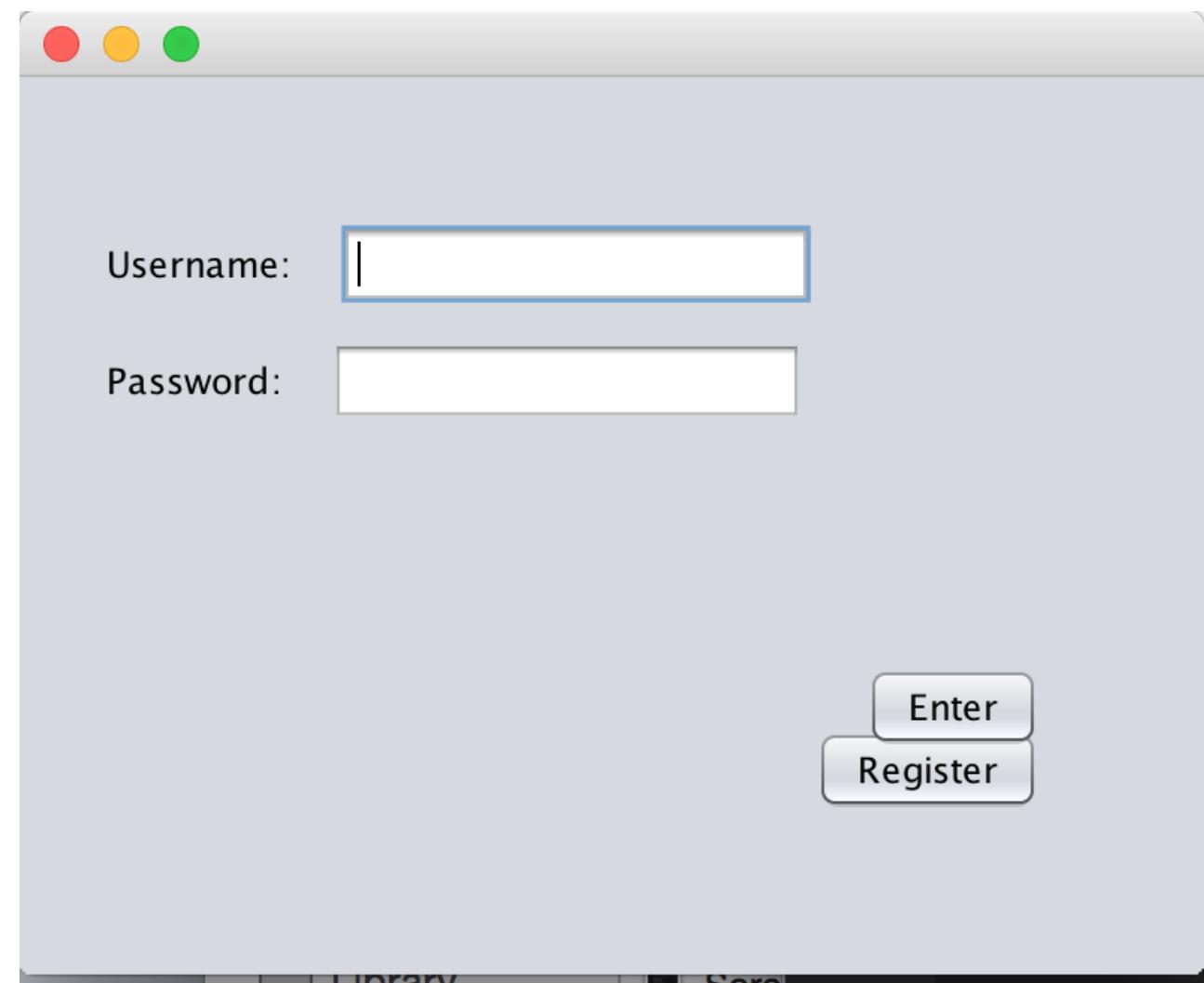


October 29

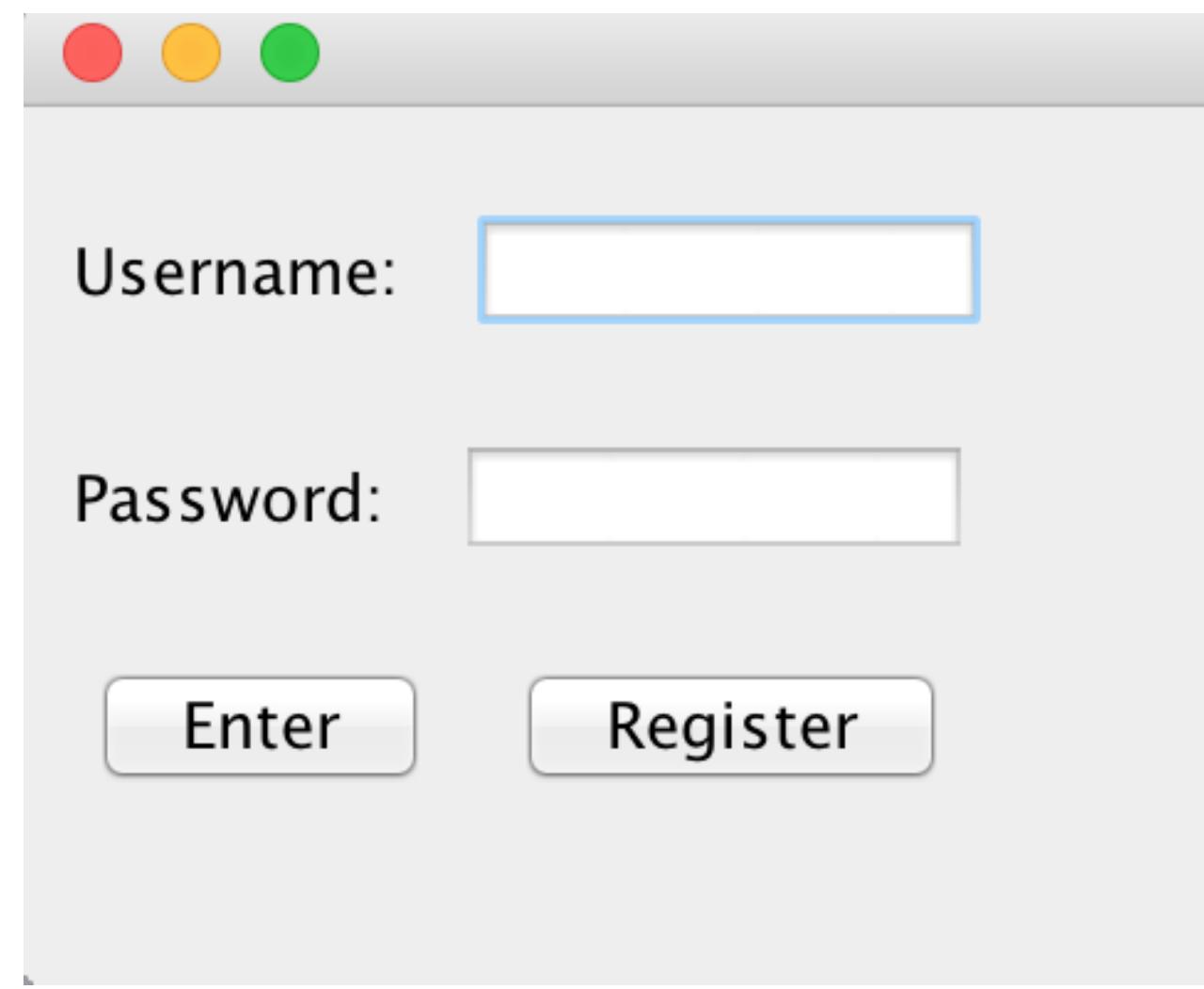
Today

# GUI

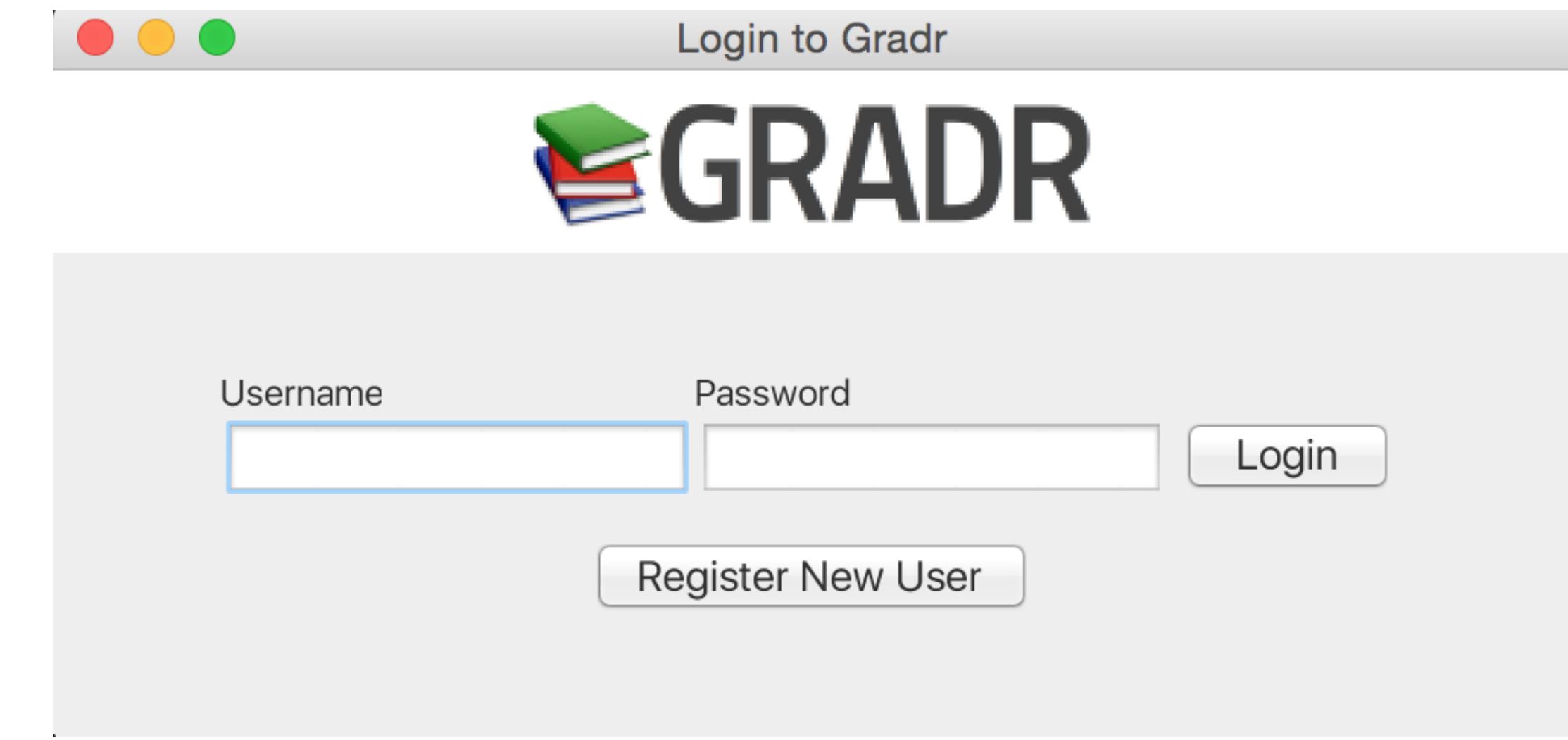
## Evolution of the login screen



October 10



October 29



Today

# GUI

## The Dashboard

The dashboard is where the GUI lives. You'll find all user functionality here.

It's not too complex; the main Dashboard is a simple Border Layout:

North contains the navigation bar.

South contains the Gradr logo.

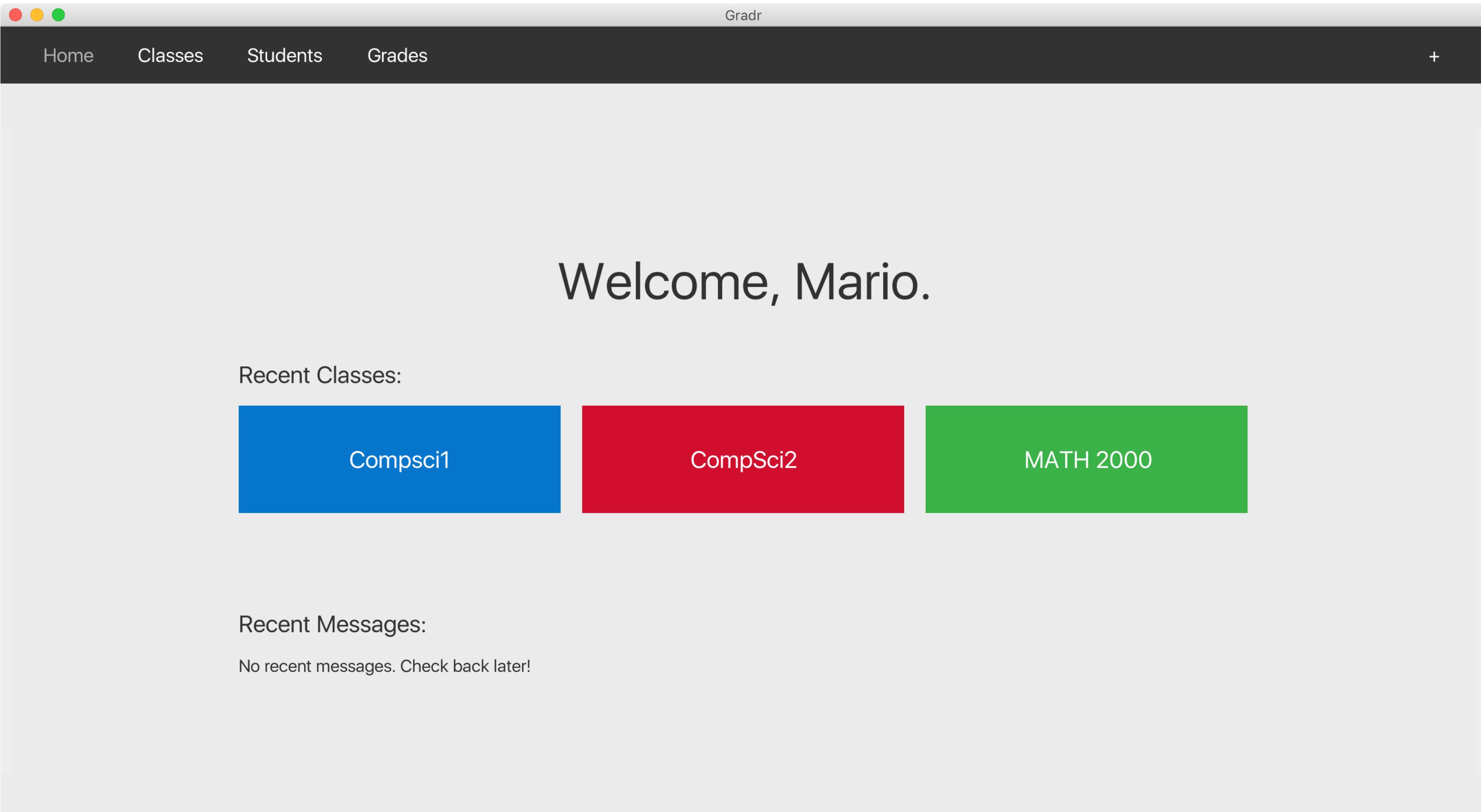
Center contains the dynamic user content.

The swapCenter(JPanel) function receives a panel to display to the user and removes the current for fast switching between pages.

# GUI

## Home page

The homepage welcomes the user with their first name, then loads a max of 3 recent classes to the Center panel. The labels are large, clickable buttons that link to the referenced Classes page.



# GUI

## swapCenter( )

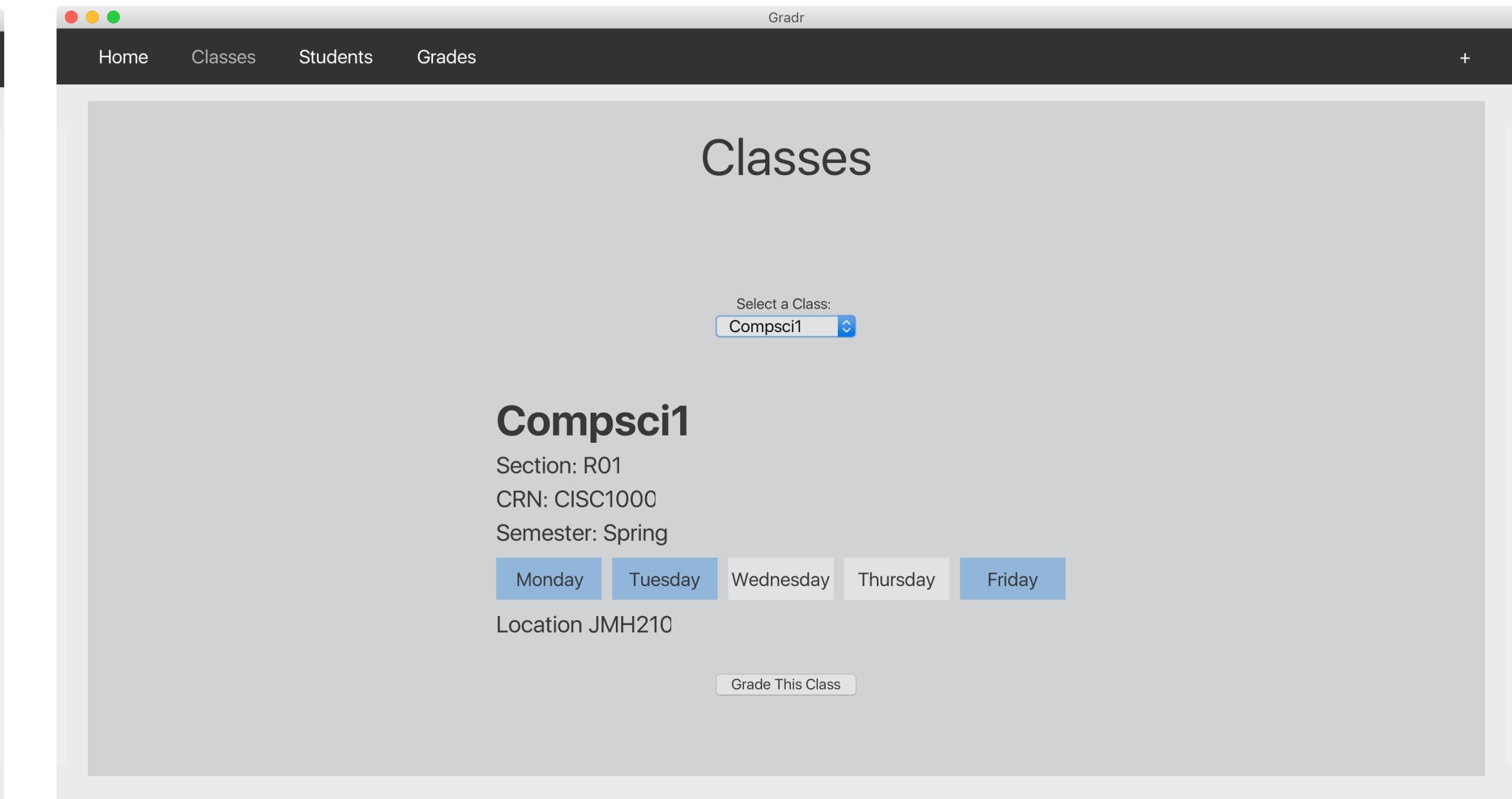
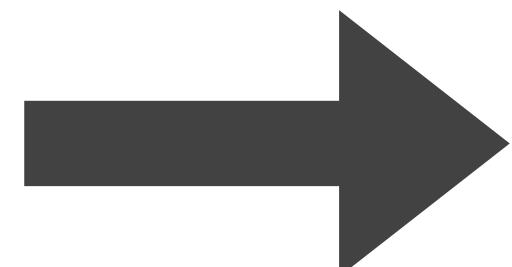
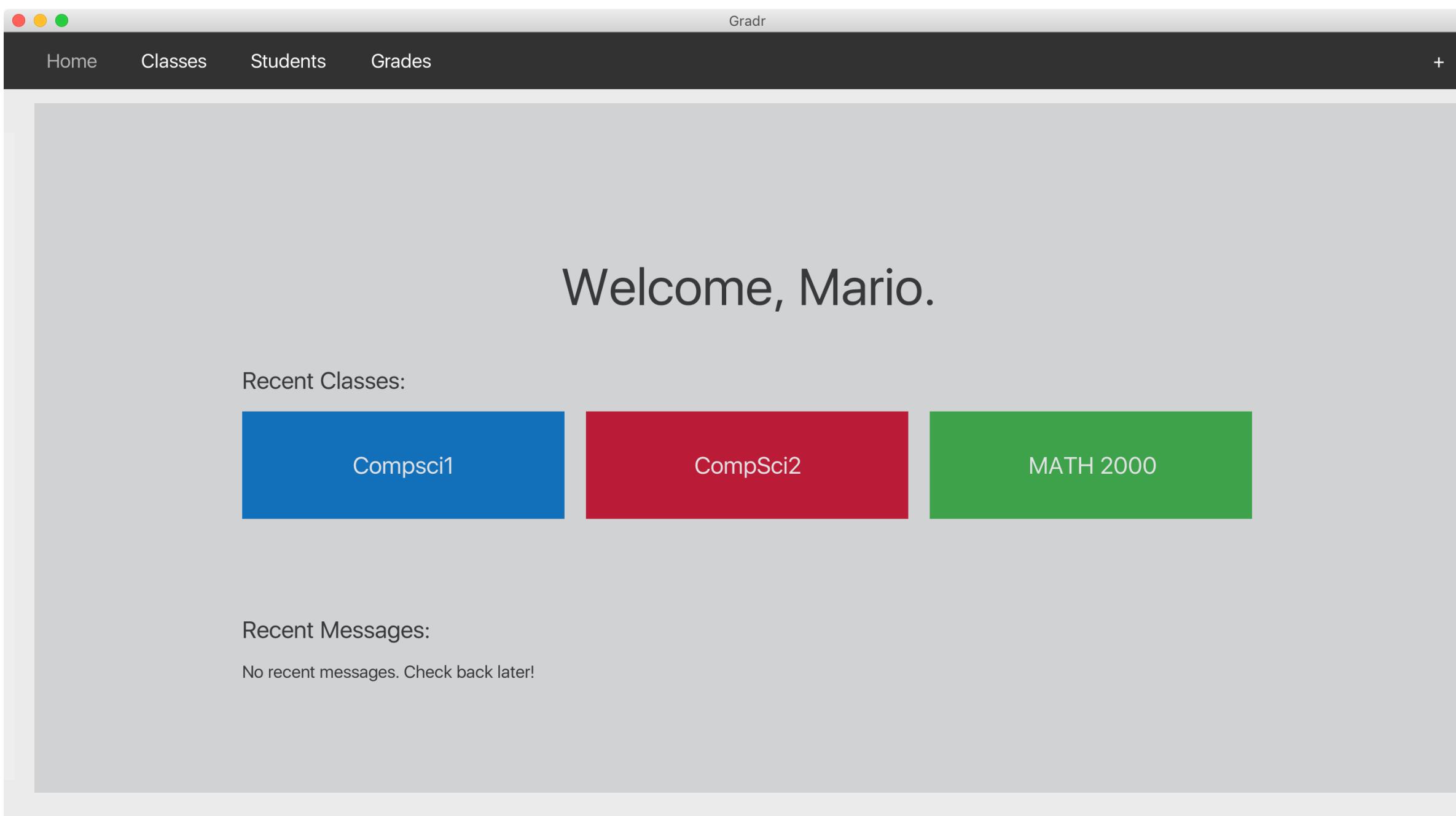
This code swaps the center panel of the Dashboard with any other JPanel, making our code **modular**, and allowing us to easily test each new JPanel as development continued.

```
433     // receives panel and swaps with the current CENTER screen
434     public void swapCenter(JPanel replacementPanel){
435         BorderLayout layout = (BorderLayout) contentPane.getLayout();
436         if (layout.getLayoutComponent(BorderLayout.CENTER) != null) {
437             contentPane.remove(layout.getLayoutComponent(BorderLayout.CENTER));
438         }
439
440         contentPane.add(replacementPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
441         contentPane.validate();
442         contentPane.repaint();
443     }
444 }
```

# GUI

## swapCenter()

The shaded area represents the JPanel being swapped when clicking CompSci1.



# GUI

## Action listeners

Each JLabel on the navigation bar has a listener which sets the clicked JLabel's font as highlighted **and** swaps the Center panel for the clicked JPanel.

```
classes.addMouseListener(new MouseAdapter() {
    @Override
    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
        home.setForeground(lightTextColor);
        students.setForeground(lightTextColor);
        classes.setForeground(lightSelectedText);
        addButton.setForeground(lightTextColor);
        grades.setForeground(lightTextColor);
        swapCenter(new Classes());
    }
});
```

# GUI

## Add page

### Add Student

Displays JTextFields that take in student information. This information is eventually compiled into a student object, then saved to the correct files via File IO commands.

### Add Class

Displays and performs same operations for class information.

The screenshot shows a Mac OS X style window titled "New Class" with the main title "Add New Class". The window contains the following fields:

- Class Name: An empty text field.
- CRN: An empty text field.
- Section: An empty text field.
- Meeting Time: A dropdown menu set to "8:30 AM".
- Meeting Days:
  - Monday: Unchecked
  - Tuesday: Unchecked
  - Wednesday: Unchecked
  - Thursday: Unchecked
  - Friday: Unchecked
- Semester: A dropdown menu set to "Fall".
- Location: An empty text field.

At the bottom are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Submit".

# GUI

## Submitting information

```
submitButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        FileIO addStudent = new FileIO();
        String className = (String)classDropDown.getSelectedItem();
        String firstName = fnameField.getText();
        String lastName = lnameField.getText();
        int age = Integer.parseInt(ageField.getText());
        String id = idField.getText();
        System.out.println(0);
        student newStudent = new student();
        newStudent.setStudentInfo(firstName, lastName, age, id);
        System.out.println(1);
        addStudent.appendStudent(newStudent, className);
        System.out.println(2);
        dispose();
    }
});
```

```
submitButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        FileIO addClass = new FileIO();
        String nameString = name.getText();
        String crnString = crn.getText();
        String sectionString = section.getText();
        String meetingTimeString = (String)meetingTime.getSelectedItem();
        String semesterString = (String)semester.getSelectedItem();
        String locationString = location.getText();

        // create list of meeting days to pass to classroom
        List<String> meetingDaysList = new ArrayList<String>();
        if(monday.isSelected()){
            meetingDaysList.add("Monday");
        }
        if(tuesday.isSelected()){
            meetingDaysList.add("Tuesday");
        }
        if(wednesday.isSelected()){
            meetingDaysList.add("Wednesday");
        }
        if(thursday.isSelected()){
            meetingDaysList.add("Thursday");
        }
        if(friday.isSelected()){
            meetingDaysList.add("Friday");
        }

        classroom newClassRoom = new classroom(nameString, crnString, semesterString,
                                                sectionString, meetingTimeString, meetingDaysList, locationString);

        newClassRoom.addClass();
        addClass.createClassInfoFile(newClassRoom);
        dispose();
    }
});
```

# GUI

## Classes page

The class page displays:

meeting times

CRN

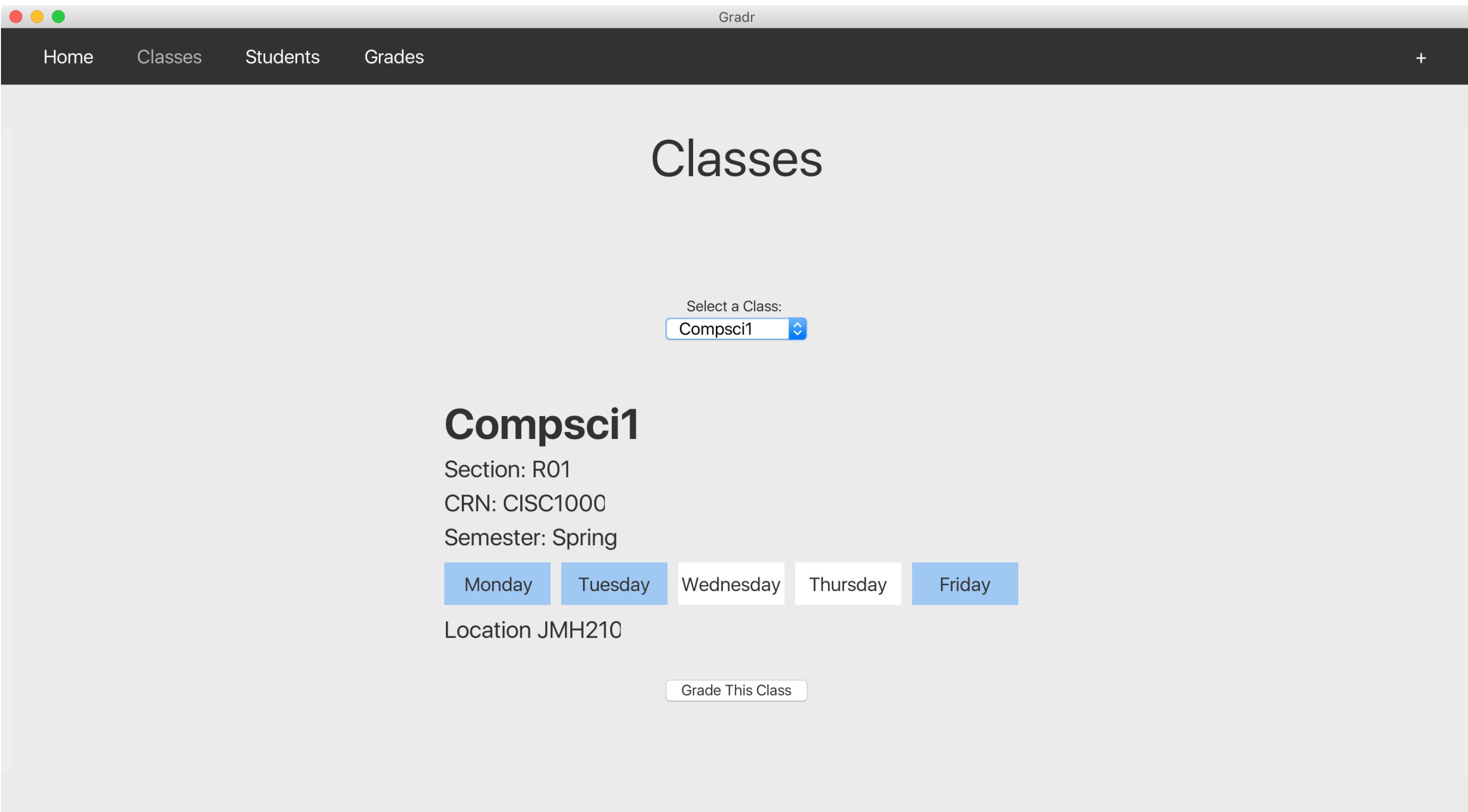
room number

The page consists of JLabels that are updated when the drop down is changed.

The update function is called when the drop down is changed and uses the File IO function `getClassInfo(className)` to get the class information required.

# GUI

## Classes page and update()



GRADR

```
247
248
249
250
251
252
253
254
255
256
257
258
259
260
261
262
263
264
265
266
267
268
269
270
271
272
273
274
275
276
277
278
279
280
281
282
283
284
285
286
287
288
289
290
291
292

private void update(String newClassName){
    FileIO io = new FileIO();
    className.setText(newClassName);
    classroom c = new classroom();
    c = io.getClassInfo(newClassName);
    className.setText(c.className);
    section.setText("Section: " + c.section);
    semester.setText("Semester: " + c.semester);
    meetingTime.setText("Meeting Time: " + c.meetingTime);
    location.setText("Location " + c.location);
    crn.setText("CRN: " + c.crn);
    String daysString = new String();
    for (int i = 0; i < c.daysOfTheWeek.size(); i++){
        daysString = daysString + c.daysOfTheWeek.get(i);
    }
    if(daysString.contains("Monday")){
        monday.setBackground(daysOfTheWeekSelected);
    } else{
        monday.setBackground(daysOfTheWeekDefault);
    }
    if(daysString.contains("Tuesday")){
        tuesday.setBackground(daysOfTheWeekSelected);
    } else{
        tuesday.setBackground(daysOfTheWeekDefault);
    }
    if(daysString.contains("Wednesday")){
        wednesday.setBackground(daysOfTheWeekSelected);
    } else{
        wednesday.setBackground(daysOfTheWeekDefault);
    }
    if(daysString.contains("Thursday")){
        thursday.setBackground(daysOfTheWeekSelected);
    } else{
        thursday.setBackground(daysOfTheWeekDefault);
    }
    if(daysString.contains("Friday")){
        friday.setBackground(daysOfTheWeekSelected);
    } else{
        friday.setBackground(daysOfTheWeekDefault);
    }
}
```

# GUI

## Data table

### DataFileDialog.java

This class is primarily used to create JTables from CSV files.

Leveraged on the Students page and the Grades Page.

The DataFileDialog class is used for determining which CSV file to load.

Key function in this class is **initVectors( )**:

Loads the appropriate CSV and turns it into a vector called data.

Vector data is easily converted into a JTable.

# GUI

## initVectors( )

Loads the appropriate CSV  
and turns it into a vector  
called data.

Vector data is easily  
converted into a JTable to  
display on Students and  
Grades pages.

```
23     public void initVectors() {  
24  
25         String aLine ;  
26         data = new Vector();  
27         columnNames = new Vector();  
28  
29         try {  
30             FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream(datafile);  
31             BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(fin));  
32             int location = 0;  
33             if (type == 'g'){  
34                 String[] parts = datafile.split("/");  
35                 for(int i = 0; i < parts.length; i++){  
36                     if(parts[i].contains("data")){  
37                         location = i + 2;  
38                     }  
39                 }  
40                 List<String> assignmentList = io.assignmentNames(parts[location]);  
41                 //int numofAssignmnets = io.amountOfAssignments(parts[7]);  
42                 columnNames.addElement("Last Name");  
43                 columnNames.addElement("First Name");  
44                 columnNames.addElement("Age");  
45                 columnNames.addElement("Id Number");  
46                 for(int i=0; i < assignmentList.size(); i++){  
47                     columnNames.addElement(assignmentList.get(i));  
48                 }  
49             }  
50             if (type == 'm'){  
51                 columnNames.addElement("Id Number");  
52                 columnNames.addElement("Last Name");  
53                 columnNames.addElement("First Name");  
54                 columnNames.addElement("Age");  
55             }  
56             if (type == 's'){  
57                 columnNames.addElement("Last Name");  
58                 columnNames.addElement("First Name");  
59                 columnNames.addElement("Age");  
60                 columnNames.addElement("Id Number");  
61             }  
62             // extract data  
63             while ((aLine = br.readLine()) != null) {  
64                 StringTokenizer st2 =  
65                 new StringTokenizer(aLine, ",");  
66                 while(st2.hasMoreTokens())  
67                     data.addElement(st2.nextToken());  
68             }  
69             br.close();
```

# GUI

## Students page

Contains three items:

- JLabels.

- Drop-down containing the class list.

- JTable to display student CSV.

Page has a Border Layout.

Utilizes DataFileTable.java to create a JTable loads the Master Student list file.

There is a listener on the drop down to change to the appropriate class list.

The listener calls the update(classname) which swaps the center panel for the requested class table.

Each student has a line in the students.csv

FirstName,LastName,FDIN,Age

# GUI

## Students page

The screenshot shows a Mac OS X style window titled "Gradr". The top menu bar includes standard OS X icons (red, yellow, green) and the title "Gradr". Below the menu is a dark navigation bar with four tabs: "Home", "Classes", "Students", and "Grades". To the right of the "Students" tab is a "+" button. The main content area is titled "Master Students List" and features a dropdown menu next to it labeled "Master Students List". Below this is a table with the following data:

Id Number	Last Name	First Name	Age
A123	Merendino	Mario	20
A345	Cantwell	Brooke	30
A678	Merendino	Joseph	12
A010321	Subject	Test	30
A9648963	Student	Newest	532
A424210	MCCBURNIE	WILLIAM	82

# GUI

## Grades page

Takes a similar approach to the Students page.

Has a Border Layout.

Southern panel contains a row of function buttons.

Listener on the drop-down will load the requested class data from the CSV file.

The listener calls the `update(classname)` function swaps the center panel with a new JTable.

The table allows the user to edit grades and save the changes with the save button.

Each student has a line in the grades.csv file.

FirstName, LastName, FDIN, Age, 0, 0, 0

# GUI

## Grades page

The screenshot shows a Mac OS X style application window titled "Gradr". The menu bar at the top includes standard OS X icons (red, yellow, green) and the title "Gradr". Below the menu bar is a dark navigation bar with four tabs: "Home", "Classes", "Students", and "Grades". To the right of the "Grades" tab is a "+" button. The main content area displays a table titled "CompSci1" with a dropdown menu showing "CompSci1". The table has 12 columns labeled: Last Name, First Name, Age, Id Number, Test1, Test2, mario, test3, test5, Test7, and Test9. The data in the table is as follows:

Last Name	First Name	Age	Id Number	Test1	Test2	mario	test3	test5	Test7	Test9
Merendino	Mario	20	A123	30	35	32	30	65	0	0
Cantwell	Brooke	30	A345	9	100	40	21	50	0	0
Merendino	Joseph	12	A678	35	100	33	43	60	0	0
Subject	Test	30	A010321	30	113	35	34	45	0	0
Student	Newest	532	A9648963	30	100	49	32	85	0	0
MCBURNIE	WILLIAM	82	A4253250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

At the bottom of the window are several buttons: "Add Assignment", "Edit Assignments", "Attendance", "Statistics", "Save", and "Cancel".

# GUI

## The Grades page save button

The save button converts the JTable to a vector, and performs the FileIO function `saveAssignments(vector, className)` to save the information to the appropriate CSV.

```
saveButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        Vector v = new Vector(currentClass.model.data);
        io.saveAssignments(v, (String)classDropDown.getSelectedItem());
        update((String)classDropDown.getSelectedItem());
    }
});
```

# GUI

## Minor panels and pages

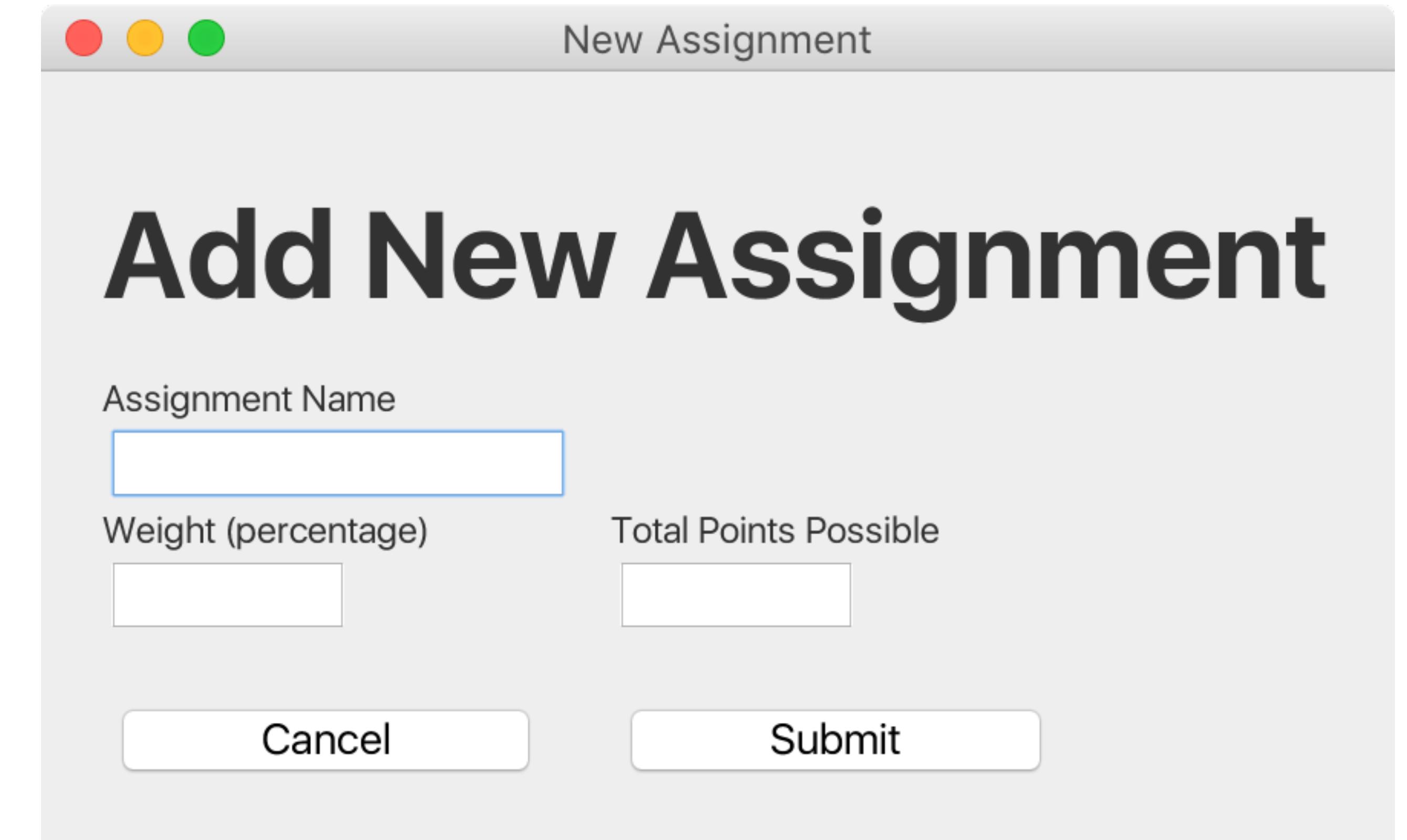
Additional user functionality:

Stats.

Attendance.

Edit assignment.

Add assignment.



# Challenges

# Challenges

## Communication

More frequent meetings in-person to stay up to date.

## Version control

Utilize tools like GitHub to manage builds and versions.  
Email was inefficient and confusing.

## Learning new styles

Different coding styles made for difficult implementation and stitching of code.

## Learning a new language

Learning a new language and using GUI for the first time delayed our launch.

Questions?



**GRADR**

Created and edited by Mario Merendino, Brooke Cantwell, and Carlo Mazzoni.

