

# Web Application Firewall (WAF) Configuration

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## RichesReach Production Security

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**Purpose:** Edge-level protection against common attacks

**Status:**  Configured (AWS WAF + CloudFront)

**Last Updated:** 2026

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## Overview

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RichesReach uses AWS WAF (Web Application Firewall) in front of CloudFront/ALB to provide edge-level protection against common web attacks, DDoS, and bot traffic.

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## WAF Rules Configured

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### 1. Rate Limiting Rules

- **Purpose:** Prevent DDoS and brute force attacks
- **Configuration:**
  - 2000 requests per 5 minutes per IP (general)
  - 100 requests per 5 minutes per IP (auth endpoints)
  - 50 requests per 5 minutes per IP (sensitive endpoints)

### 2. AWS Managed Rules - Core Rule Set

- **Purpose:** Protection against OWASP Top 10
- **Rules:**

- SQL injection protection
- XSS protection
- CSRF protection
- Size restrictions
- HTTP method restrictions

### 3. AWS Managed Rules - Known Bad Inputs

- **Purpose:** Block known attack patterns
- **Rules:**
  - Common SQL injection patterns
  - Common XSS patterns
  - Path traversal attempts
  - Command injection attempts

### 4. AWS Managed Rules - Linux Operating System

- **Purpose:** Block OS-level attack patterns
- **Rules:**
  - Command injection
  - File system access attempts

### 5. IP Reputation Rules

- **Purpose:** Block known malicious IPs
- **Source:** AWS IP Reputation List
- **Action:** Block requests from known bad actors

### 6. Geo-Blocking (Optional)

- **Purpose:** Restrict access by geography
- **Configuration:** Allow only US, Canada, EU (if needed)
- **Status:** Not currently enabled (global access)

## 7. Bot Protection

- **Purpose:** Mitigate bot traffic
  - **Configuration:**
    - CAPTCHA challenge for suspicious traffic
    - Rate limiting for bot-like patterns
    - User-Agent validation
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## WAF Deployment

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### CloudFront Distribution

```
# Infrastructure as Code (CloudFormation/Terraform)
WAFWebACL:
  Type: AWS::WAFv2::WebACL
  Properties:
    Name: richesreach-production-waf
    Scope: CLOUDFRONT
    DefaultAction:
      Allow: {}
    Rules:
      - Name: RateLimitRule
        Priority: 1
        Statement:
          RateBasedStatement:
            Limit: 2000
            AggregateKeyType: IP
        Action:
          Block: {}
      - Name: AWSManagedRulesCommonRuleSet
        Priority: 2
        OverrideAction:
          None: {}
        Statement:
          ManagedRuleGroupStatement:
```

```
VendorName: AWS
Name: AWSManagedRulesCommonRuleSet
VisibilityConfig:
  SampledRequestsEnabled: true
  CloudWatchMetricsEnabled: true
  MetricName: CommonRuleSetMetric
```

## Application Load Balancer

```
WAFWebACLALB:
  Type: AWS::WAFv2::WebACL
  Properties:
    Name: richesreach-production-waf-alb
    Scope: REGIONAL
    DefaultAction:
      Allow: {}
    Rules:
      # Same rules as CloudFront
      - Name: RateLimitRule
        Priority: 1
      # ... (same configuration)
```

## Monitoring & Logging

### CloudWatch Metrics

**Metrics Tracked:** - AllowedRequests - Requests allowed by WAF - BlockedRequests - Requests blocked by WAF - CountedRequests - Requests counted (rate limiting) - PassedRequests - Requests that passed rules

### WAF Logs

**Log Destination:** S3 bucket (encrypted) - All requests logged - Blocked requests include reason - Rate limit triggers logged - Bot detection logged

**Retention:** 90 days

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## Incident Response

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### If WAF Blocks Legitimate Traffic

1. **Check WAF logs** in S3
2. **Identify blocked IP/pattern**
3. **Create exception rule** (if legitimate)
4. **Or whitelist IP** in rate limiting rule
5. **Monitor for 24h** to ensure no false positives

### If Attack Detected

1. **Review WAF logs** for attack pattern
  2. **Check rate limit triggers**
  3. **Review blocked IPs**
  4. **Add IP to block list** if persistent
  5. **Document in security log**
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## Testing

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### Test Rate Limiting

```
# Should be blocked after 2000 requests
for i in {1..2100}; do
  curl -s https://api.richesreach.com/health
done
# Expected: 429 Too Many Requests after limit
```

## Test SQL Injection Protection

```
# Should be blocked by WAF
curl "https://api.richesreach.com/api/users?id=1' OR '1'='1"
# Expected: 403 Forbidden (blocked by WAF)
```

## Test XSS Protection

```
# Should be blocked by WAF
curl "https://api.richesreach.com/api/search?q=<script>alert('xss')</script>"
# Expected: 403 Forbidden (blocked by WAF)
```

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## Configuration Management

**Infrastructure as Code:** - WAF rules defined in Terraform/CloudFormation - Version controlled in Git - Changes require PR review - Automated deployment via CI/CD

**Manual Changes:** - Only for emergency blocks - Must be documented - Must be added to IaC within 24h

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## Cost




**AWS WAF Pricing:** - \$1.00 per million requests - \$0.60 per million requests for CloudFront - Managed rules: \$1.00 per rule per web ACL per month




**Estimated Monthly Cost:** \$50-200 (depending on traffic)

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## Compliance

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**SOC 2:** -  WAF provides network security controls -  Logging provides audit trail -   
Rate limiting prevents DDoS

**PCI-DSS (if applicable):** -  WAF provides network segmentation -  Blocks injection attacks -  Logs all traffic

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## Next Steps

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**Planned Enhancements:** 1. Custom rules for fintech-specific patterns 2. Machine learning-based bot detection 3. Geographic restrictions (if needed) 4. Custom rate limits per endpoint

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**Last Updated:** 2026-01-XX

**Owner:** Security Team

**Next Review:** Quarterly