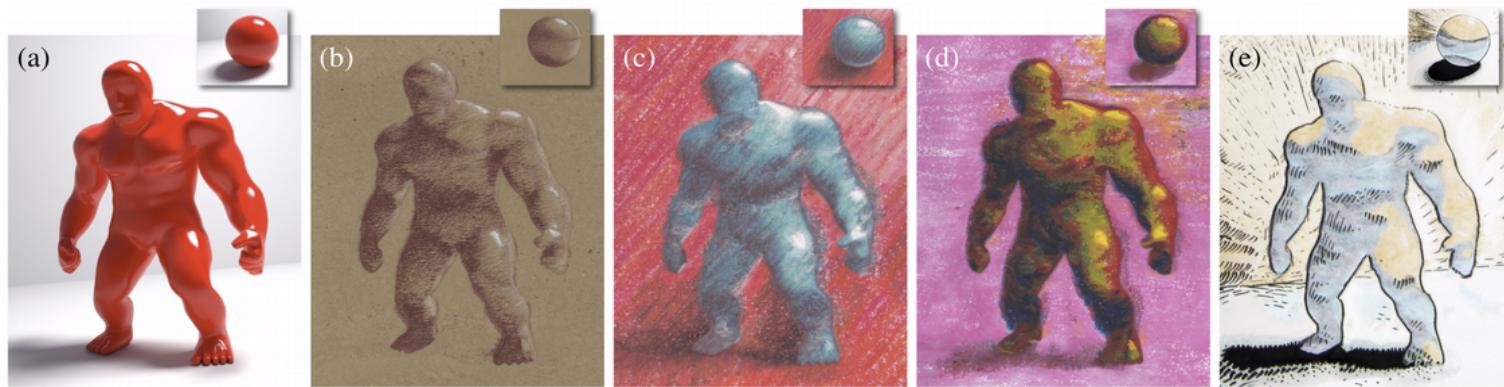




Illumination-Guided Example-Based Stylization of 3D Renderings

UE:IG3DA, Student: Mario Viti

Stylit: Illumination-Guided Example-Based Stylization of 3D Renderings

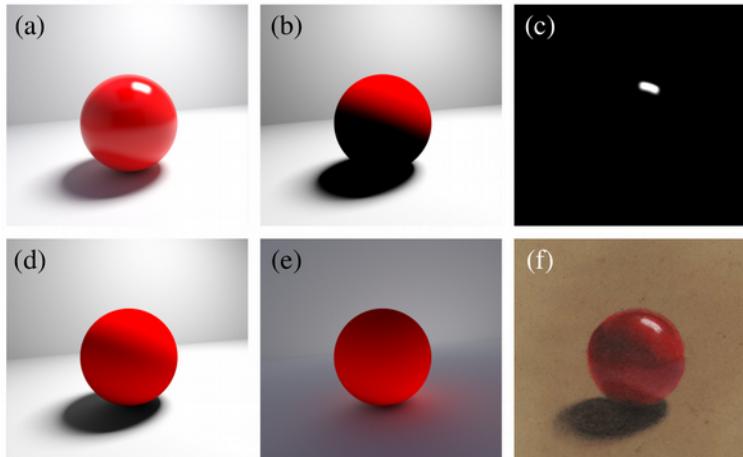


Artistic hand made style



- Self Shadow
- Cast Shadow
- Indirect reflection
- Reflection highlights
- Color
- Texture

Light Path Expressions



An example of a style exemplar with Light Path Expression images: (a) full global illumination render, (b) direct diffuse (LDE), (c) direct specular (LSE), (d) first two diffuse bounces ($LD\{1, 2\}E$), (e) diffuse interreflection ($L_* \cdot DDE$), (f) hand-drawn style image. Exemplar image © Daichi Ito.

- Separated Maps: Based on the fundamental property of “Physically plausible BRDF”

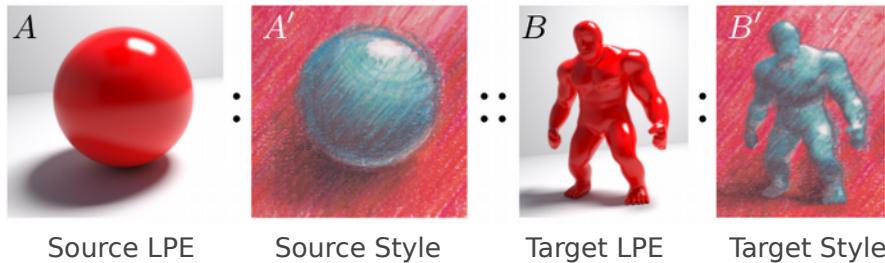
$$f(\omega_i, \omega_o) = f^d(\omega_i, \omega_o) + f^s(\omega_i, \omega_o)$$

- Multiple Bounces diffuse:

$$L_o(\omega_o) = \sum_i L_i(\omega_o) f^d(\omega_i, \omega_o) (n\omega_i)$$

- interreflection: isolated Global Illumination term of indirect lighting
Many options
(Montecarlo,Radiosity,Surfels)*

Image analogies



- Analogies are defined by a global energy
 $\mathbf{A} = [A, A']$, $\mathbf{B} = [B, B']$

$$E(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}, p, q, \mu) = \|A'(p) - B'(q)\|^2 + \mu \|A(p) - B(q)\|^2$$

- The Target result is the image \mathbf{B} that minimizes the global energy

$$\sum_{q \in \mathbf{B}} \min_{p \in \mathbf{A}} E(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}, p, q, \mu)$$

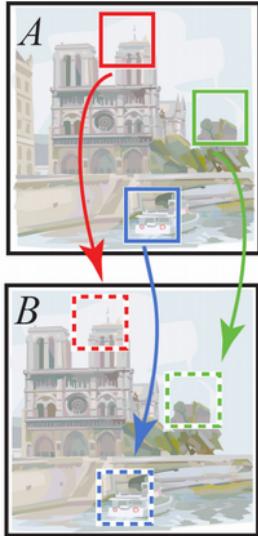
E-M optimization

input : multi-channel images $\mathbf{A} = \{A, A'\}$ and $\mathbf{B}_k = \{B, B'_k\}$
output: synthesized target image B'_{k+1}

```
for each pixel  $q \in \mathbf{B}_k$  do
     $NNF(q) = \operatorname{argmin}_{p \in \mathbf{A}} E(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}_k, p, q, \mu)$ 
for each pixel  $q \in \mathbf{B}_k$  do
     $B'_{k+1}(q) = Average(\mathbf{A}, NNF, q)$ 
```

- NNF: nearest neighbour field
(E STEP)
Assignment by averaging neighbourhood
NNF(q) (M STEP)
 B'_0 random initialization.

PATCH MATCH

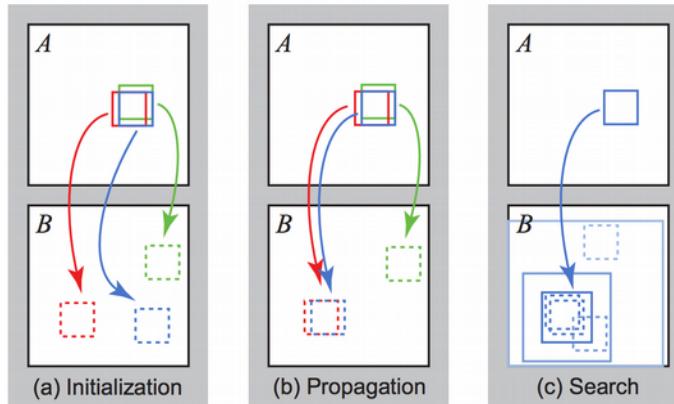


The algorithm alternates 2 main phases:

Propagation

Random search

PATCH MATCH



The algorithm alternates 2 main phases:

Propagation

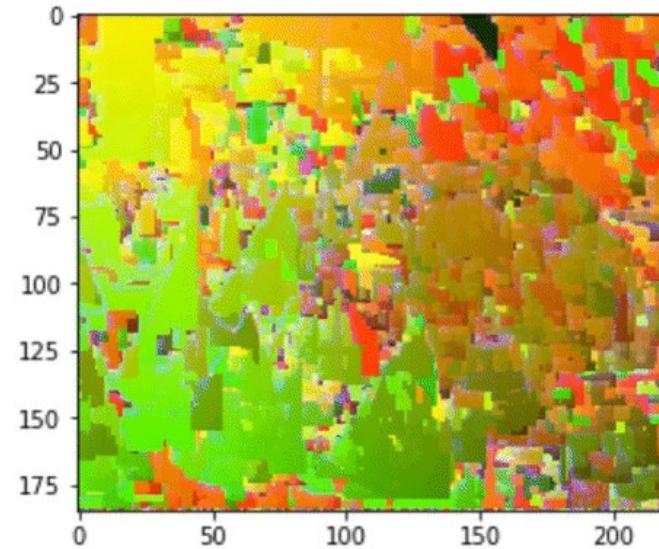
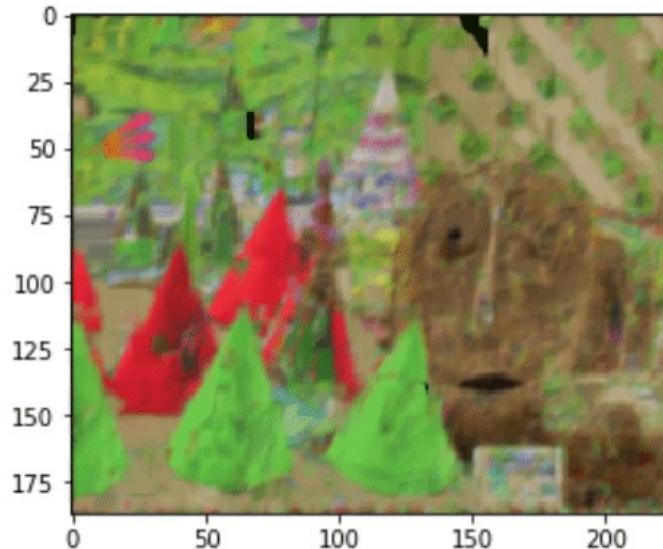
Random search

PATCH MATCH

It is used for example to estimate disparity within 2 similar image with a translational offset.



PATCH MATCH



IMPLEMENTATION

Languages/libraries:
python, c++, pybind, scipy.

5 iterations on a 180x220 image
: 1.54 +- 0.02 sec



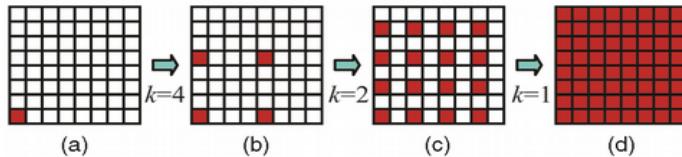
pybind11 — Seamless operability between C++11 and Python

c++ - python wrapper library:

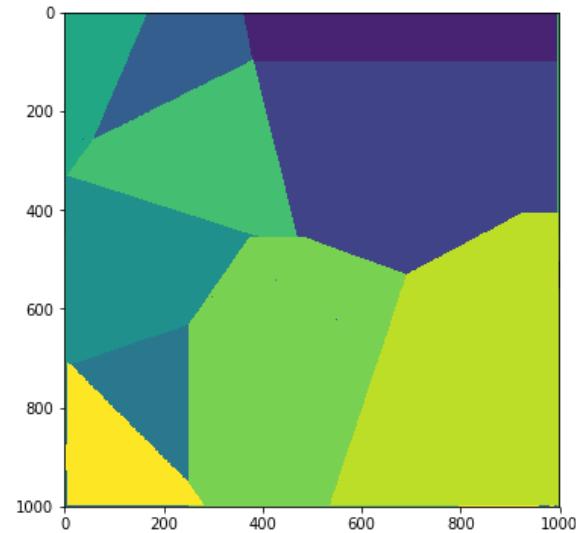
Pybind 11 hallows
communication between
python and c++ environments.

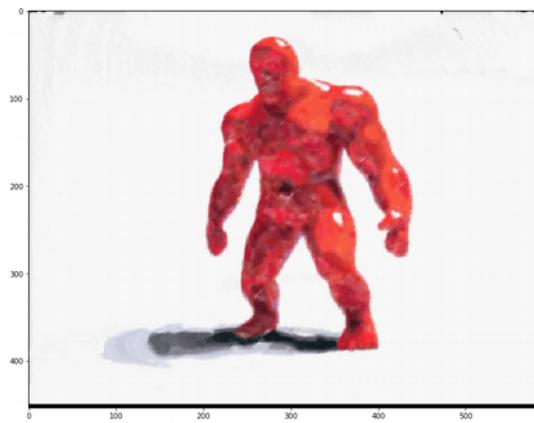
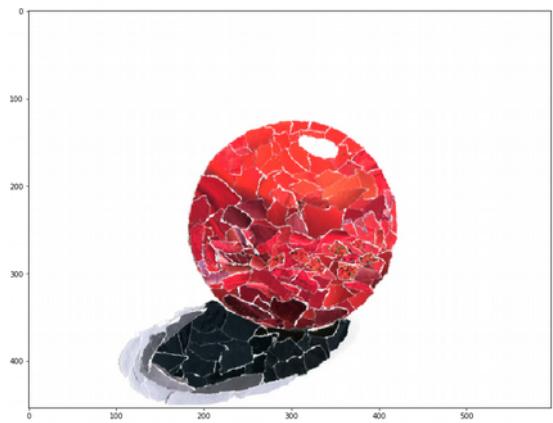
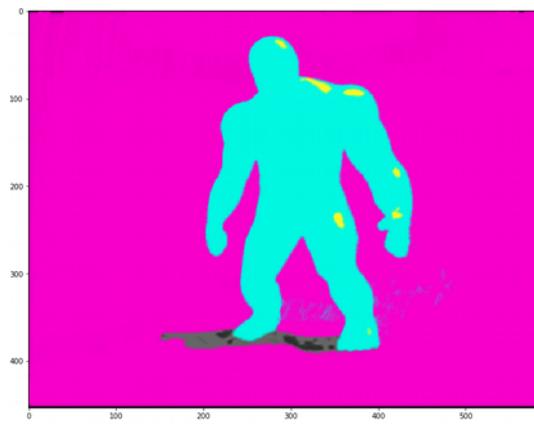
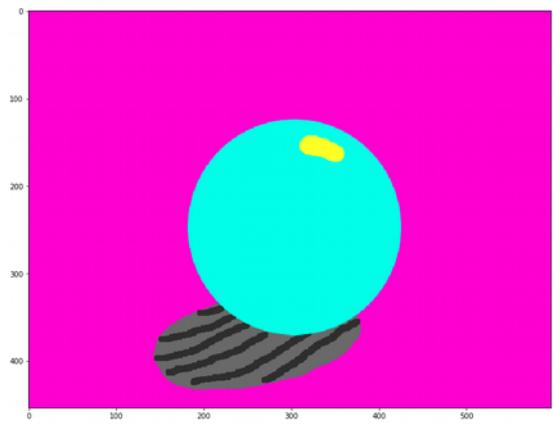
EXTENSION: JUMPING FLOOD

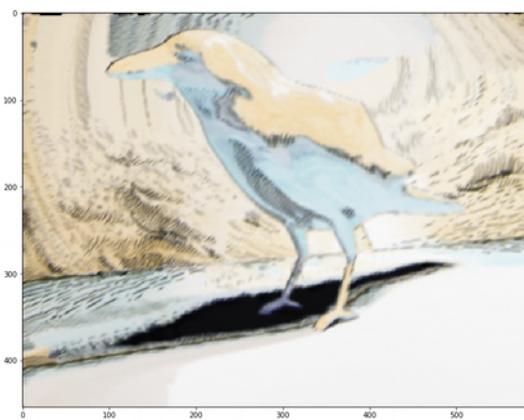
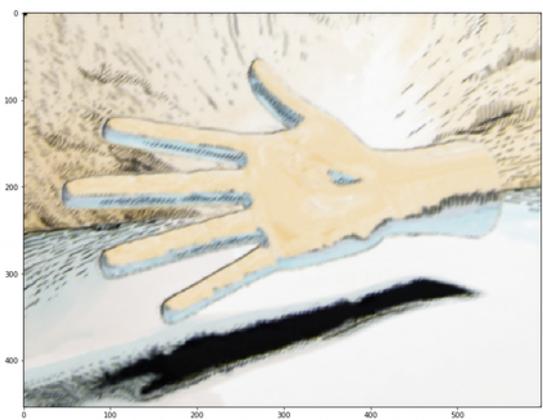
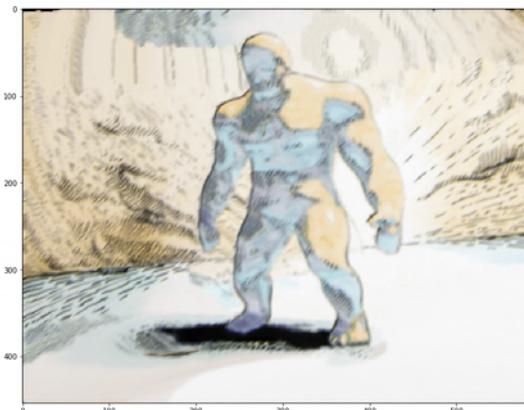
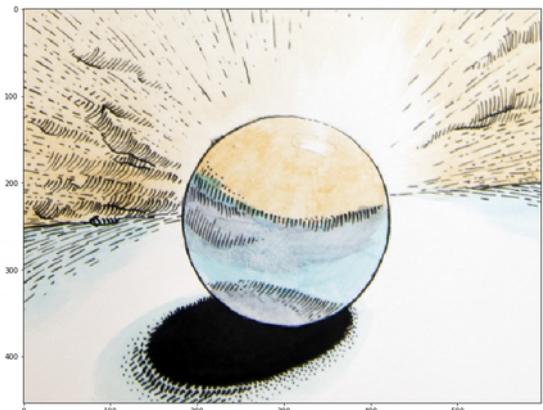
Efficient communication pattern for parallel applications.



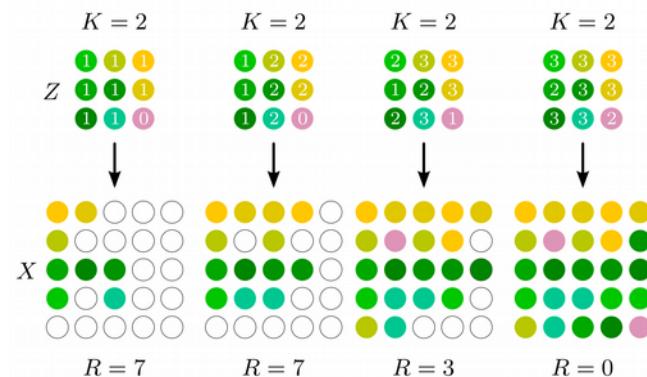
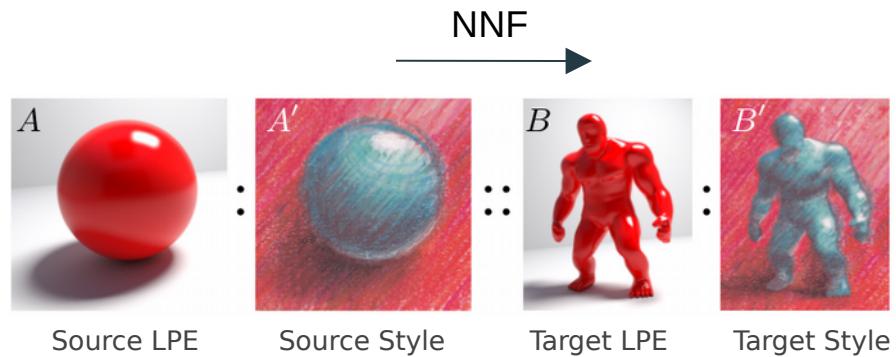
- a) seed position in red, non seed in white.
- b) the seed communicates its position in a copy grid, non seed locations reading the communication and updating to nearest seed.
- c) d) flooding occupies all the grid.





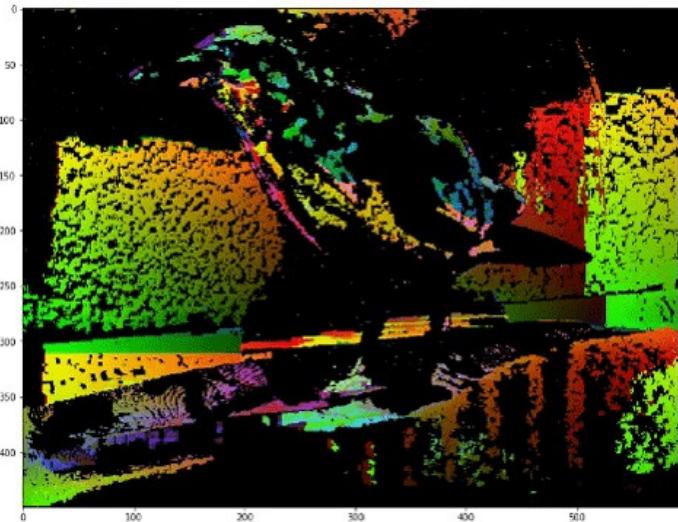


Reversed NNF

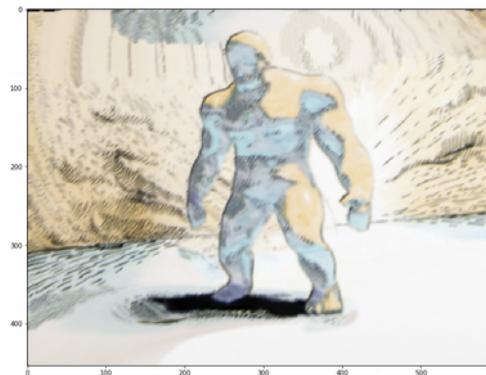
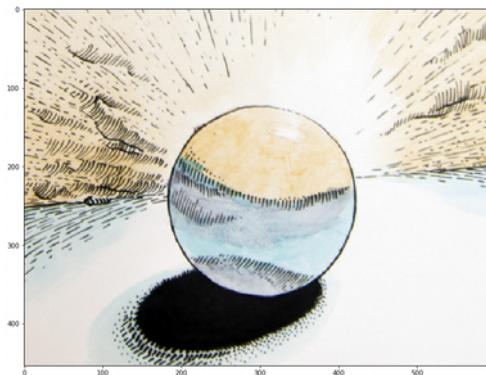


LazyFluids: Appearance Transfer for Fluid Animations [J. Fiser et al.]

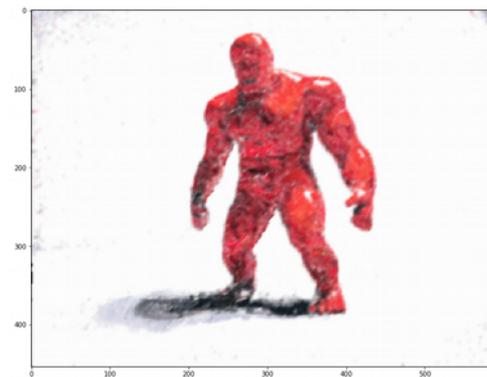
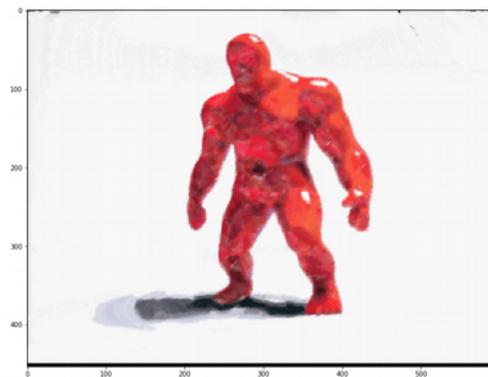
Reversed NNF



NNF vs ReversedNNF



NNF vs ReversedNNF



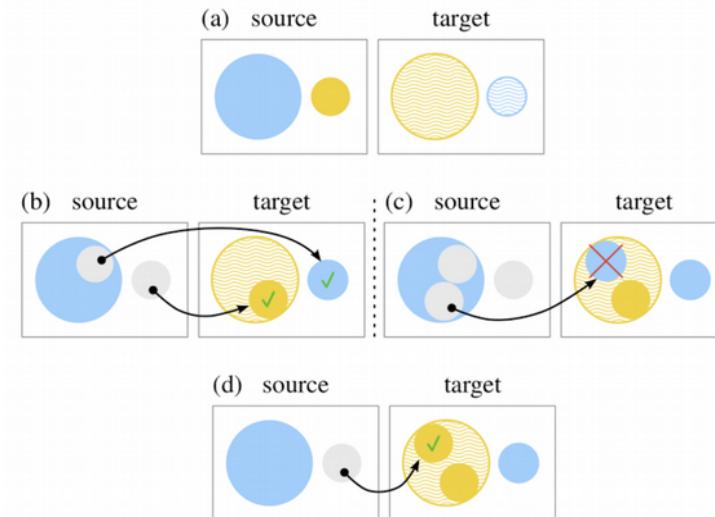
Uniform patch usage

A best matching target patch is retrieved for each source patch (b).

When scanning the source best matching location for patches in the target might be already covered.

This leads to erroneous assignments.

So one might want to reuse source patches.

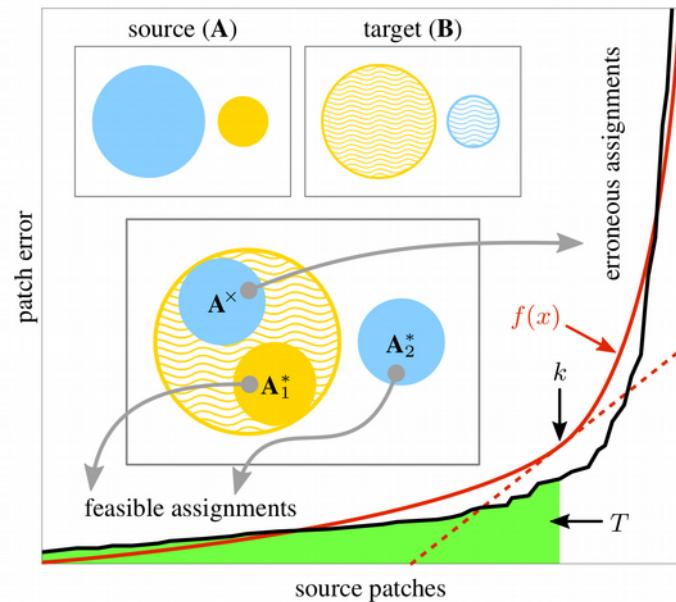


Uniform patch usage

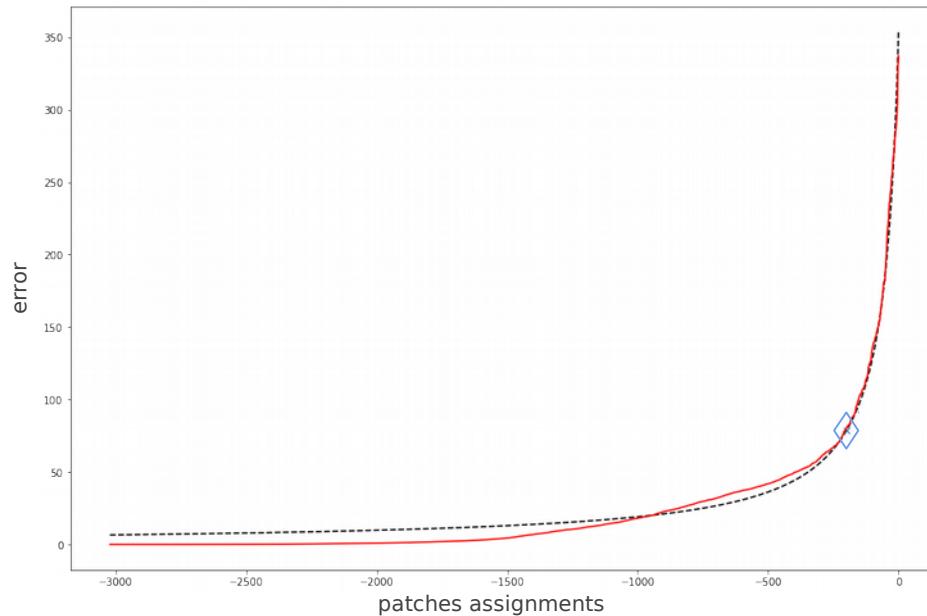
Enforce uniform patch by reversed NNF retrieval
[Jamriska Fiser et al.]

$$\sum_{p \in A^*} \min_{q \in B} E(A^*, B, p, q, \mu) < T$$

Apply this method correspond to the application of a Budget constraint on the Energy.



Assignments

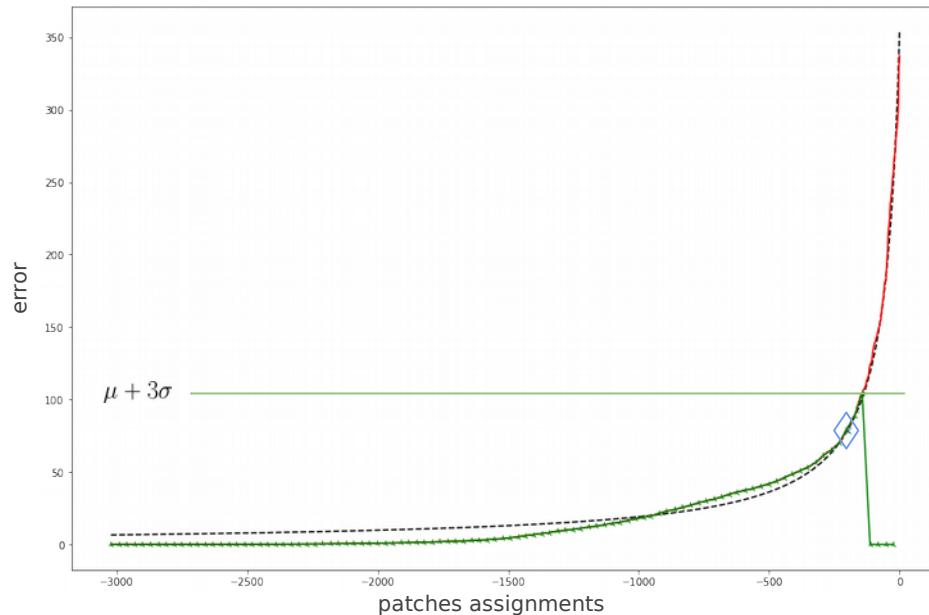


Same error is observed after reversed NNF retrieval.

COMPUTATION:

sorting
hyperbole fitting

Assignments



Statistical approximated approach.

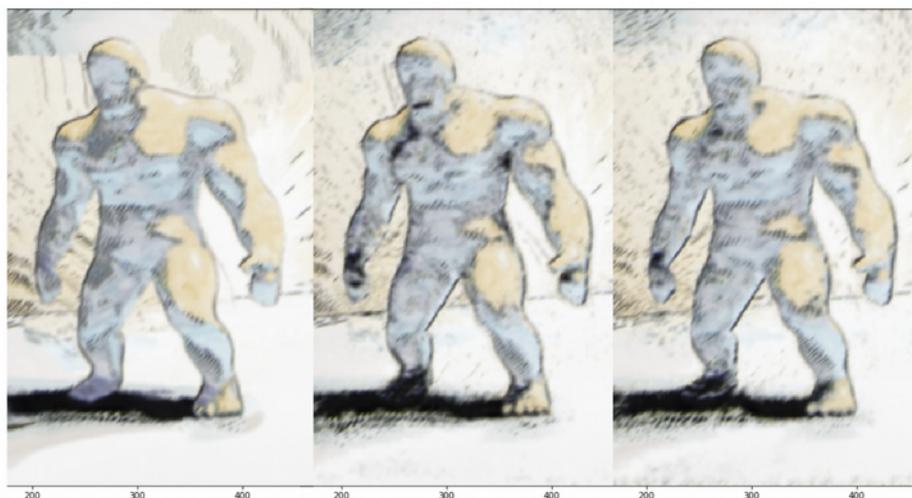
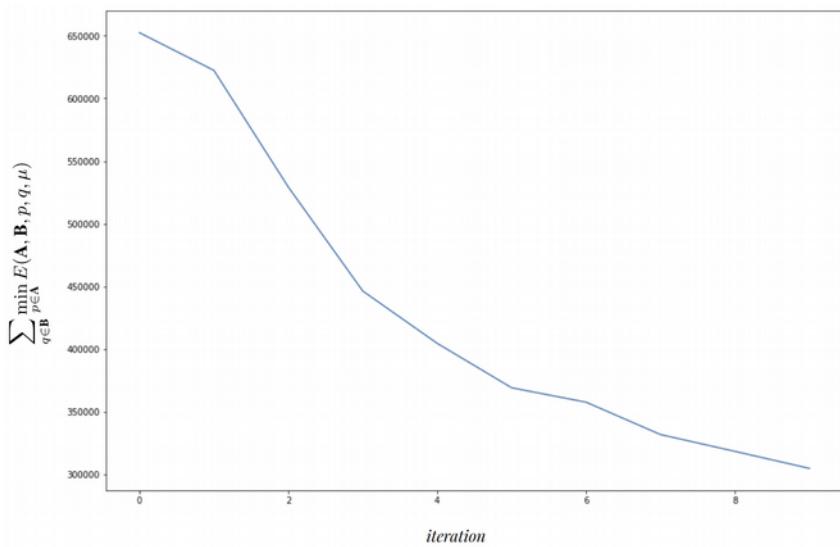
PROS:

Save computation:
no need for sorting.

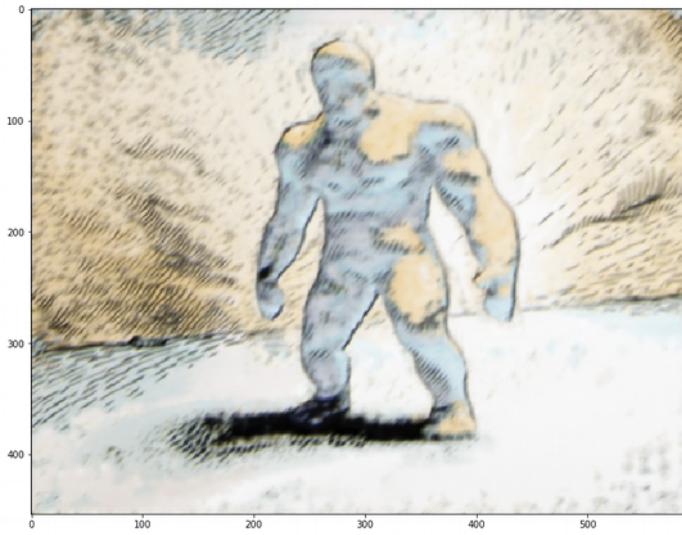
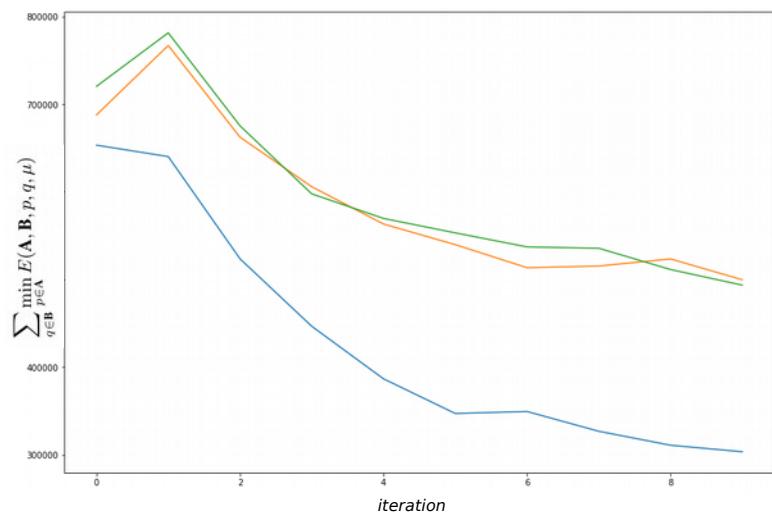
CONS:

it is approximated (biased) by
observations.

Energy minimization



EM



Thank you.

References

StyLit: illumination-guided example-based stylization of 3D renderings, [J FIŠER, O JAMRIŠKA, M LUKAC, E SHECHTMAN, P ASENTE, J LU, D SÝKORA]

PatchMatch: A Randomized Correspondence Algorithm for Structural Image Editing, [C BARNES, E SHECHTMAN, A FINKELSTEIN, D GOLDMAN]

LazyFluids: Appearance Transfer for Fluid Animations, [O JAMRIŠKA , J FIŠER , P ASENTE , J LU , E SHECHTMAN]

Jump Flooding in GPU with Applications to Voronoi Diagram and Distance Transform [G RONG, T TAN]