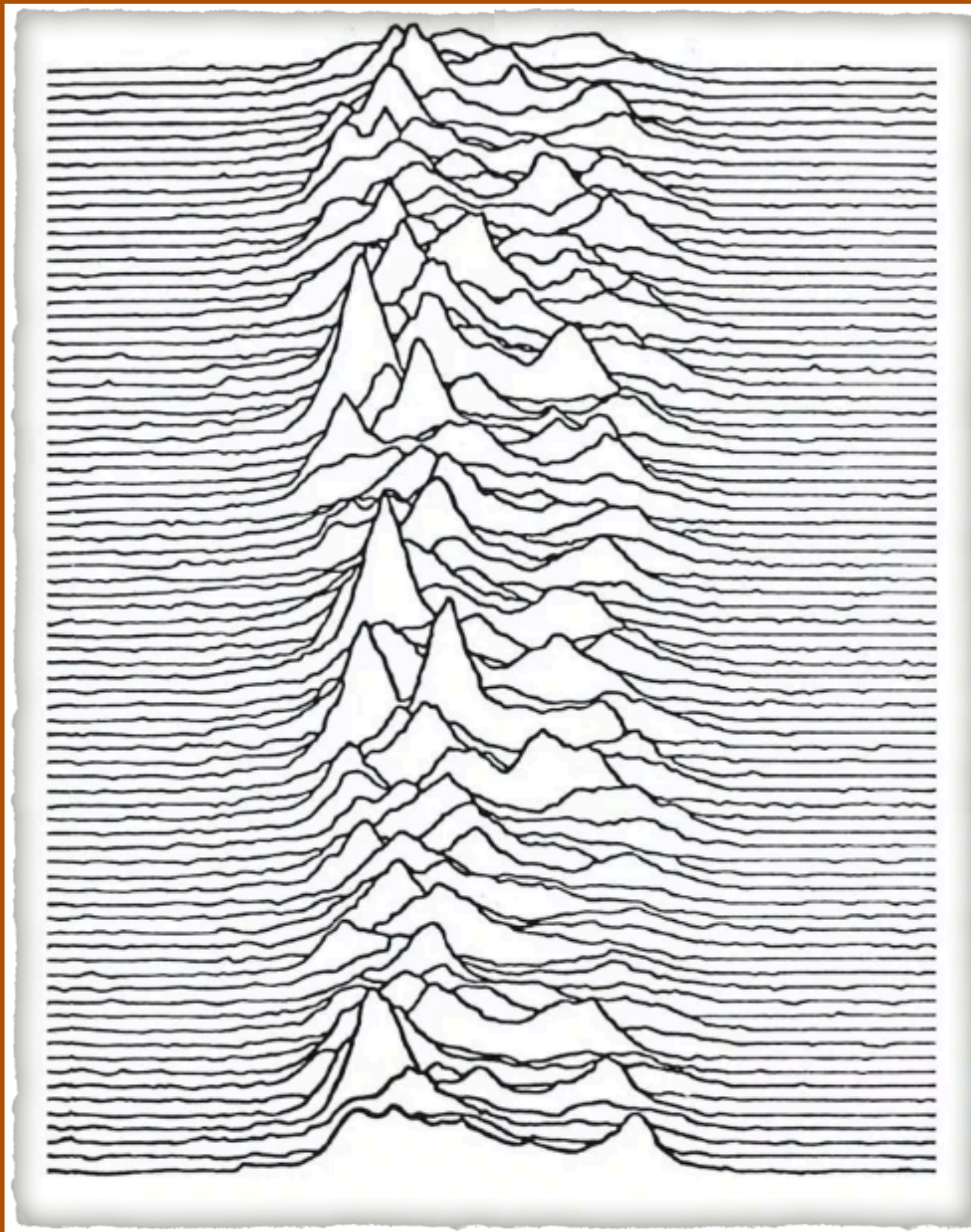


# *NASSP Pulsar lectures*



*Course layout:*

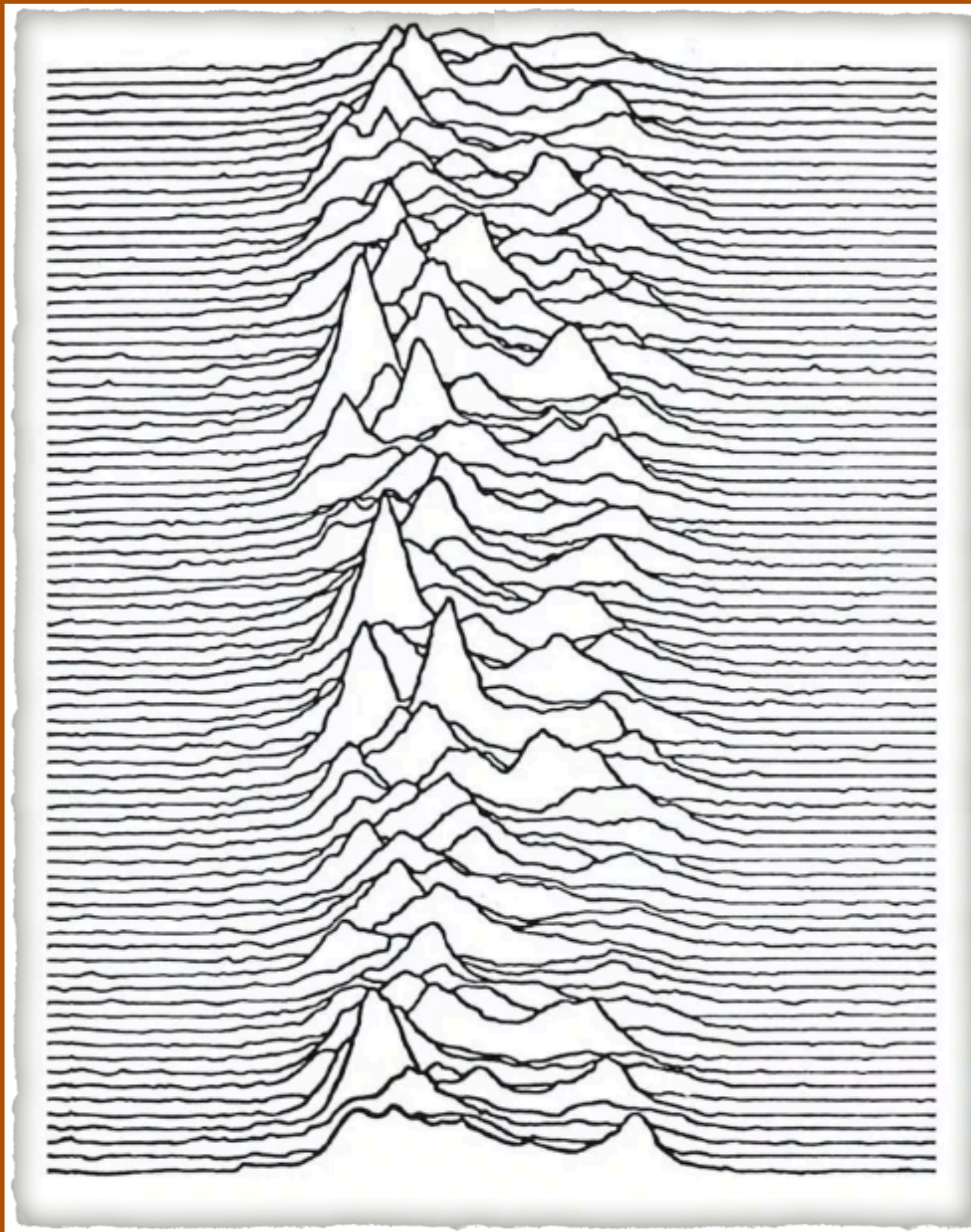
*Lecture 1: Radio pulsar  
observations*

*Lecture 2: Pulsar properties*

*Marisa Geyer, SARAO*



# *NASSP Pulsar lectures*



## *Course material*

*Much of what is discussed in these lectures come from*

*1) NRAO 'Essential Radio Astronomy' course found online at:  
<https://science.nrao.edu/opportunities/courses/era>*

*2) Handbook of Pulsar Astronomy by Lorimer and Kramer*

*Marisa Geyer, SARAO*



# Pulsar lectures: learning objectives

## Lecture 1: radio pulsar observations

- Discuss basic pulsar data characteristics: how average pulse profile shapes are formed, the frequencies they emit over, their frequency spectra.
- Understand the effect of the interstellar medium (ISM) on a broadband pulsar signal:

- Given the expression for the refractive index, show how the group velocity of the pulsar emission is effected.

$$v_g = c \mu = c \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{\nu_p}{\nu}\right)^2} \approx c \left(1 - \frac{\nu_p^2}{2\nu^2}\right)$$

- Given expressions for the refractive index and plasma frequency compute the associated delay due to the ISM across a observing frequency band (given the DM)

$$t = 4.149 \times 10^3 \text{sec} \left(\frac{\nu}{\text{MHz}}\right)^{-2} \left(\frac{\text{DM}}{\text{pc cm}^{-3}}\right) \quad \text{and} \quad t_l - t_h = 4.15 \times 10^3 \times \text{DM} \times \left[\frac{1}{\nu_l^2} - \frac{1}{\nu_h^2}\right]$$

- Explain using a diagram how to correct for the delay using incoherent dedispersion, and understand the advantage of coherent dedispersion
- Calculate the dispersion measure (DM) given pulsar profiles at different frequencies
- Be able to describe pulsar scattering and its effect
- Be able to use the pulsar sensitivity equation (modified radiometer equation) in calculations



# Pulsar lectures: learning objectives

## Lecture 2: pulsar properties

- Be able to derive and discuss the minimum density for a star spinning with period  $P$ , and compute minimum densities for a given pulsar:
$$\rho > \frac{3\pi}{P^2 G}$$
- Compute the radius of NS based on its density and mass.
- Briefly discuss the observed mass measurement distributions and its connection to the NS equation of state research
- Be able to derive the expression for the loss of rotational energy:  $\dot{E} = -\frac{4\pi^2 I \dot{P}}{P^3}$
- Compute derived quantities such as the magnetic field size or characteristic age if an expression for the magnetic dipole radiation ( $P_{\text{rad}}$ ) and  $\dot{E}$  is given. (Note you do not have to derive  $P_{\text{rad}}$ ).
- Discuss the pulsar population using a  $P$ - $\dot{P}$  diagram



A copy of the class lecture notes can be found here:

[https://github.com/marisageyer/NASSP\\_pulsar\\_lectures](https://github.com/marisageyer/NASSP_pulsar_lectures)

To make a copy in a local directory do:

```
git clone https://github.com/marisageyer/NASSP\_pulsar\_lectures
```

To update a copy of the directory you already have, go to the directory (cd NASSP\_pulsar\_lectures) and do:

```
git pull
```

Email me with any questions: [mgeyer@ska.ac.za](mailto:mgeyer@ska.ac.za)

A copy will also be available on Vula.



# Pulsar tutorial and practicals

- Go through the example in both the tutorials we did in class for exam preparation:
- Tutorial 1: The Effect of the ISM on pulsar signals: Computing and correcting dispersion measure
- Tutorial 2: Pulsar visibility - using the radiometer equation test which pulsars MeerKAT can observe (as a function of the radiometer equation parameters)

All tutorials can be found here:

[https://github.com/sbuchner/nassp\\_tutorial.git](https://github.com/sbuchner/nassp_tutorial.git)

To make a copy in a local directory do:

```
git clone https://github.com/sbuchner/nassp_tutorial
```

To update a copy of the directory you already have, go to the directory (cd nassp\_tutorial) and do:

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Email [sbuchner@ska.ac.za](mailto:sbuchner@ska.ac.za)