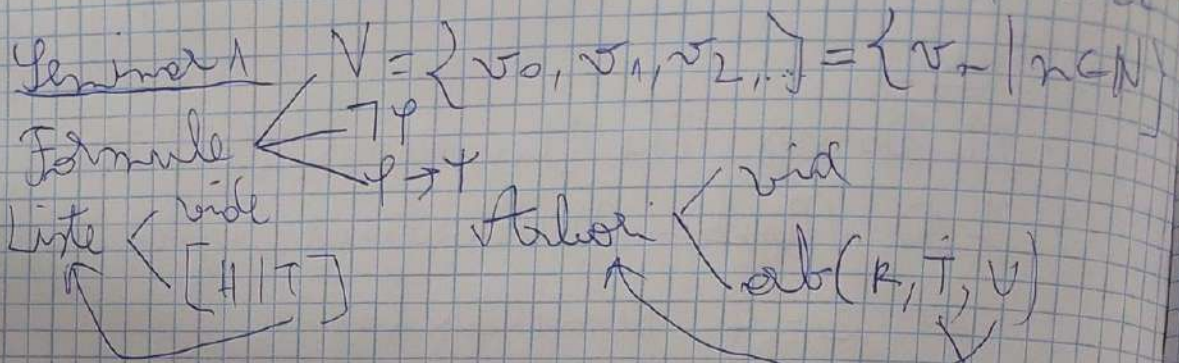


04.01.2022



$\varphi$	$\psi$	$\psi$
True	True	True

Principiu de inducție pe formule

Principiu de ind pe  $\mathbb{N}$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{I. } P(0) \\ \text{II. } \forall n (P(n) \rightarrow P(n+1)) \end{array} \Rightarrow$$

Principiu de recurență

$$\forall n \neg P(n)$$

$$\mathbb{N} \leq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A, e \in A, g: A \rightarrow A \\ \exists ! f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow A \\ e, f(0) = e \\ \forall n f(n+1) = g(n, f(n)) \end{array}$$

Ind:

- I.  $\forall v \in V. P(v)$
- II.  $\neg \varphi (P(\varphi) \rightarrow P(\neg \varphi))$
- III.  $\forall \varphi, \psi (P(\varphi) \wedge P(\psi) \rightarrow P(\varphi \rightarrow \psi))$

Rec:  $A, G_0: V \rightarrow A$

$$\Rightarrow G_1: A \rightarrow A, G_2: A \times A \rightarrow A$$

$$\exists ! F: \text{Formule} \rightarrow A$$

$$(i) \forall v \in V, F(v) = G_0(v)$$

$$(ii) \forall \varphi, F(\neg \varphi) = G_1(F(\varphi))$$

$$(iii) \forall \varphi, \psi, F(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) = G_2(F(\varphi), F(\psi))$$

Lemma

$$\{0, 1\}$$

$x$	$\neg x$
0	1
1	0

$x$	$y$	$x \rightarrow y$
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	0
1	1	1



$$\underline{\text{Th.}} \quad \forall e: V \rightarrow \{0,1\}$$

$$\exists! e^+: \text{Form} \rightarrow \{0,1\}$$

$$\text{s.t. } \tilde{\pi}: (i) \forall \alpha \in V, e^+(\alpha) = e(\alpha)$$

$$(ii) \forall \varphi, e^+(\neg \varphi) = 1 - e^+(\varphi)$$

$$(iii) \forall \varphi, \psi, e^+(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) = e^+(\varphi) \rightarrow e^+(\psi)$$

$$\underline{\text{den}} \quad A = \{0,1\}$$

$$G_0 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$G_1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$G_{\rightarrow} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$e^+ = F$$

$$e: V \rightarrow \{0,1\}$$

$$\varphi, \psi \in \text{Form}$$

$$e \models \varphi \Leftrightarrow e^+(\varphi) = 1 \quad (\text{"e satisfies } \varphi")$$

$$\models \varphi \Leftrightarrow \forall e \text{ s.t. } e \models \varphi \quad (\text{"}\varphi \text{ is tautology"})$$

$$\varphi \models \psi \Leftrightarrow \forall e \text{ s.t. } e \models \varphi \Rightarrow e \models \psi \quad (\text{if } \varphi \text{ is true, then } \psi \text{ is true})$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \forall e, e^+(\varphi) \leq e^+(\psi) \quad (\text{if } \varphi \text{ is true, then } \psi \text{ is true})$$

$$\varphi \text{ satisfiable} \Leftrightarrow \exists e \text{ s.t. } e \models \varphi$$

$$\varphi \text{ unsatisfiable} \Leftrightarrow \nexists e \text{ s.t. } e \models \varphi$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \forall e, e \not\models \varphi$$

$$\varphi \sim \psi \Leftrightarrow \forall e \text{ s.t. } [e \models \varphi \Leftrightarrow e \models \psi]$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \forall e \text{ s.t. } e^+(\varphi) = e^+(\psi)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \forall \varphi, \psi, \chi \in \text{Form}$$

$$(i) \quad \varphi \models \psi \rightarrow \varphi$$

$$(ii) \quad \varphi \models (\varphi \rightarrow \chi) \sim (\varphi \wedge \varphi) \rightarrow \chi$$

$$\forall \alpha \in \{0,1\}$$

$$\text{BOLD} \quad 1 \rightarrow \alpha$$

$$0 \rightarrow \alpha = 1$$

$$1 \wedge \alpha = \alpha$$

$$\alpha \rightarrow 1 = 1$$

$$\alpha \rightarrow 0 = \neg \alpha$$

$$0 \wedge \alpha = 0$$



Lös. (i)

$$\varphi \vdash \varphi \rightarrow \varphi$$

Es reicht aus zu zeigen  $\forall e$  wenn  $e \models \varphi$  dann  $e \models \varphi \rightarrow \varphi$   
 Für  $e$  wenn  $e \models \varphi \Rightarrow e^+(\varphi) = 1$

$$\text{Wenn } e \models \varphi \rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow e^+(\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} e^+(\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) &= e^+(\varphi) \rightarrow e^+(\varphi) \\ &= 1 \rightarrow 1 = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{0 \rightarrow 1 = 1}$$

(ii)  $\varphi \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \chi) \sim (\varphi \wedge \varphi) \rightarrow \chi$

$$\forall e \text{ wenn } e^+(\varphi \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \chi)) = e^+((\varphi \wedge \varphi) \rightarrow \chi)$$

$$\text{Für } e \in \{0, 1\}$$

$$\text{M.S.} = e^+(\varphi) \rightarrow e^+(\varphi \rightarrow \chi) = e^+(\varphi) \rightarrow e^+(\varphi \wedge \varphi) \rightarrow e^+(\chi)$$

$$\varphi \wedge \varphi = \neg(\varphi \rightarrow \neg\varphi)$$

$x/y$	$x \wedge y$
0/0	0
0/1	0
1/0	0
1/1	1

$$\forall \varphi \varphi$$

$$e^+(\varphi \wedge \varphi) = e^+(\varphi) \wedge e^+(\varphi)$$

$$\text{M.D.} = e^+(\varphi \wedge \varphi) \rightarrow e^+(\chi)$$

$$\neq e^+(\varphi) = 0$$

$$\text{M.S.} = 0 \rightarrow (e^+(\varphi) \rightarrow e^+(\chi)) = 1$$

$$\text{M.D.} = \{0 \wedge e^+(\varphi) \rightarrow e^+(\chi)\}$$

$$= 0 \rightarrow e^+(\chi) = 1$$

$$\text{II. } e^+(\varphi) = 1$$

$$\text{M.S.} = 1 \rightarrow (e^+(\varphi) \rightarrow e^+(\chi))$$

$$= 1 \rightarrow e^+(\chi)$$

$$\text{M.D.} = 1 \wedge e^+(\varphi) \rightarrow e^+(\chi)$$

$$= e^+(\varphi) \rightarrow e^+(\chi)$$

$$\text{M.S.} = \text{M.D.}$$



③ Geben Sie ein Modell an.

(i)  $\neg v_0 \rightarrow v_2$

(ii)  $v_0 \wedge v_3 \wedge \neg v_4$

$\models \varphi$  (i.e. este model pt  $\varphi$ )

Sol:

i) Wenn  $\models \neg v_0 \rightarrow v_2$

$\models \neg v_0 \rightarrow v_2$

$V = \{v_0, v_1, \dots\}$

$$e(v) := \begin{cases} 0, & v = v_0 \\ 1, & v \neq v_0 \end{cases}$$

$$e^T(v_0 \rightarrow v_2) = e^T(v_0) \rightarrow e^T(v_2) = e(v_0) \rightarrow e(v_2) = 0 \rightarrow 1 = 1$$

ii) Wenn  $\models v_0 \wedge v_3 \wedge \neg v_4 \Rightarrow e^T(v_0 \wedge v_3 \wedge \neg v_4) = 1$

$\forall v \in V \quad e(v) := \begin{cases} 0, & v = v_4 \\ 1, & \text{andere} \end{cases}$

$$\begin{aligned} e^T(v_0 \wedge v_3 \wedge \neg v_4) &= e^T(v_0) \wedge e^T(v_3) \wedge \neg e^T(v_4) \\ &= e(v_0) \wedge e(v_3) \wedge \neg e(v_4) \\ &= 1 \wedge 1 \wedge \neg 0 = 1 \end{aligned}$$

④  $\forall \varphi$

$\neg \varphi$  resot  $\Rightarrow \varphi$  tautologie

Sol:  $\neg \varphi$  resot  $\Leftrightarrow \neg \exists e \text{ so. d. } \models \neg \varphi$

$\Leftrightarrow \forall e \text{ on } e \models \neg \varphi$

$\Leftrightarrow \forall e \quad e^T(\neg \varphi) = 1$

$\Leftrightarrow \forall e \quad e^T(\neg \varphi) = 0 \quad [0, 1]$

$\Leftrightarrow \forall e \quad \neg e^T(\varphi) = 0$

$\Leftrightarrow \forall e \quad e^T(\varphi) = 1 \Leftrightarrow \varphi$  taut



⑤ Condiții de interpretare:

(a)  $\forall \varphi, \psi \in \text{Fon} \quad \varphi \wedge \psi \text{ tent} \Leftrightarrow \varphi, \psi \text{ tent}$

(b)  $\forall \varphi, \psi \in \text{Fon} \quad \varphi \vee \psi \text{ tent} \Leftrightarrow \varphi \text{ tent sau } \psi \text{ tent}$   
 $\varphi \vee \psi = \neg \varphi \rightarrow \psi$

Sol: a)  $\varphi \wedge \psi \text{ tent} \Leftrightarrow \forall e, e^+(\varphi \wedge \psi) = 1$

$\Leftrightarrow \forall e, e^+(\varphi) \wedge e^+(\psi) = 1$

$\Leftrightarrow \forall e [e^+(\varphi) = 1 \text{ si } e^+(\psi) = 1]$

$\Leftrightarrow [\forall e, e^+(\varphi) = 1] \text{ si } [\forall e, e^+(\psi) = 1]$

$\Leftrightarrow \models \varphi \text{ si } \models \psi$

b) Fals.

$\varphi = v_0$

$\psi = \neg v_0$

$\models \varphi \wedge \psi \Leftrightarrow \models v_0 \wedge \neg v_0 \Leftrightarrow \forall e, e \text{ an } e^+(v_0 \wedge \neg v_0) = 1$   
 $\Leftrightarrow \forall e, e^+(v_0) \wedge e^+(\neg v_0) = 1$

$\models \varphi \Leftrightarrow \models v_0 \Leftrightarrow \forall e, e \text{ an } e^+(v_0) = 1$   
 $\forall e, e \text{ an } e^+(\neg v_0) = 1$

Deci  $\models \varphi$

si ndog  $\models \psi$

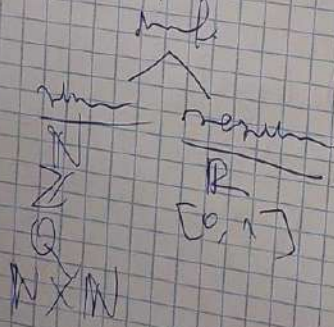
Fals. nt. cã  $e = v_0 \Rightarrow e^+(v_0) = 1$

Deci  $\models \varphi \wedge \psi$

⑥

(i) Expt. e numărabile

A. o. n. numărabilă  $\Leftrightarrow \exists f: A \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  bijectiv



N	0	1	2	3	4	...
Z	0	1	-1	2	-2	...

$\mathbb{Q} = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{N}^+$

$(m, n) \sim (m', n')$

$\Leftrightarrow m \cdot n' = m' \cdot n$

$\frac{2}{3} = (2, 3) \sim (4, 6)$

$\forall \subseteq \text{Fon}$   
 $\uparrow$   
 num



$$Q \sim S.C.R. \\ = \{(2, 3, \dots)\}$$

$$P.P. \exists f: N \rightarrow \{0, 1\} \text{ bij}$$

0	0, 3, 4, 1
1	0, 3, 1, 2, 5
2	0, 1, 2, 3, 4
3	0, 1, 2, 3, 4

$$0, 6, 2, 2, 6$$

$$Q = \text{number finite}$$

$$E_{\text{exp}} = \log(L_{\text{exp}})$$

$$= L_{\text{exp}}^0 \vee L_{\text{exp}}^1 \vee L_{\text{exp}}^2 \dots$$

$$L_{\text{exp}}^2 = L_{\text{exp}} \times L_{\text{exp}}$$

$$\sim N \times N \sim N$$

$$\text{Analogy } V \sim L_{\text{exp}} \sim N$$

$$E_{\text{exp}} \sim \{2\} \vee N \vee N \vee N \vee \dots \\ \sim N \times N \sim N$$

$$V \subseteq E_{\text{exp}} \subseteq E_{\text{exp}} \\ \uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\ \text{num} \quad \text{num} \quad \text{num}$$

$$L_{\text{exp}} = \{V, V^2, \dots\} \\ \sim \text{num}$$