UNIVERSITETET I OSLO Institutt for Informatikk

Research group for Reliable Systems (PSY) Andrea Pferscher

INF 5170: Models of Concurrency

Fall 2025

Group Session 5

17.10.2025

Topic: Actors and Message Passing

Exercise 1 Implement an actor for a calculator that has two states (DUAL and SNGL). In state DUAL, it accepts messages of the following form.

- Message (from, ADD, n, m) should send back n+m to the sending actor from
- Message (from, SNGL) should switch to state SNGL

In state SNGL, it accepts messages of the following form.

- Message (from, STORE, n) should store value n in the memory of the actor
- Message (from, INC, n) should send back the sum of n and the stored value to the sending actor from
- Message (from, DUAL) should switch to state DUAL

Exercise 2 Implement an actor process for calculators as above in Go. You find the code skeleton in Listing 1.

Exercise 3 We discussed how to encode single-read futures with channels in the lecture.

- Describe in words how to encode multi-read futures with channels, in particular how to type the channel and what effect your encoding has on termiation.
- Use your encoding in Go and write a small program that uses goroutine that takes two numbers, computes their sum and sends back the results using a multi-read future (according to your encoding).

You can use the skeleton in Listing 2.

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Listing 1: A skeleton for an actor process for calculators in Go

```
package main
 2
    import "fmt"
 3
 4
 5
    type OP int
 6
    const (
             ADD OP = 0
             INC OP = 1
 9
             STORE OP = 2
10
             DUAL OP = 3
11
             \mathrm{SNGL}\ \mathrm{OP}=4
12
13
14
    type Msg struct {
15
16
             op OP
17
             p1 int
             p2 int
19
             \mathrm{ret}\ \mathrm{chan}\ \mathrm{int}
20
21
    type State \mathbf{struct}\ \{
22
             /* define state here*/
23
24
25
    func loop1(ch chan Msg, state State) {
26
27
             /* add code here*/
28
29
     /* add functions here */
30
31
    func main() {
32
             // simple test case ,write more
33
             input := make(chan Msg)
34
             go loop1(input, /* your starting state */)
35
             res := make(chan int)
36
37
             input \leftarrow Msg{STORE, 2, 0, res}
             input \leftarrow Msg{INC, 5, 0, res}
38
             fmt.Println(<-res) //should print 7
39
40
```

Listing 2: A skeleton for Exercise 3

```
package main
1
    import "fmt"
3
4
    func f(fut /* add type here*/, p1 int, p2 int) {
5
          /* add code here */
6
 7
    func main() {
9
         \mathrm{ch} := \mathrm{make}(\ / * \ \mathrm{add} \ \mathrm{type} \ \mathrm{here} \ * /\ )
10
          go f(ch, 1, 2)
11
12
     //should work for any number of reads, test with 2
13
          fmt.Println(<-ch)
14
          fmt.Println(<-ch)
15
16
```