

Working with Domain Events



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In This Module

Domain Events

Two ways to handle
domain events in
code

New Requirements

Existing Functionality

Subdomain
Snack Machine

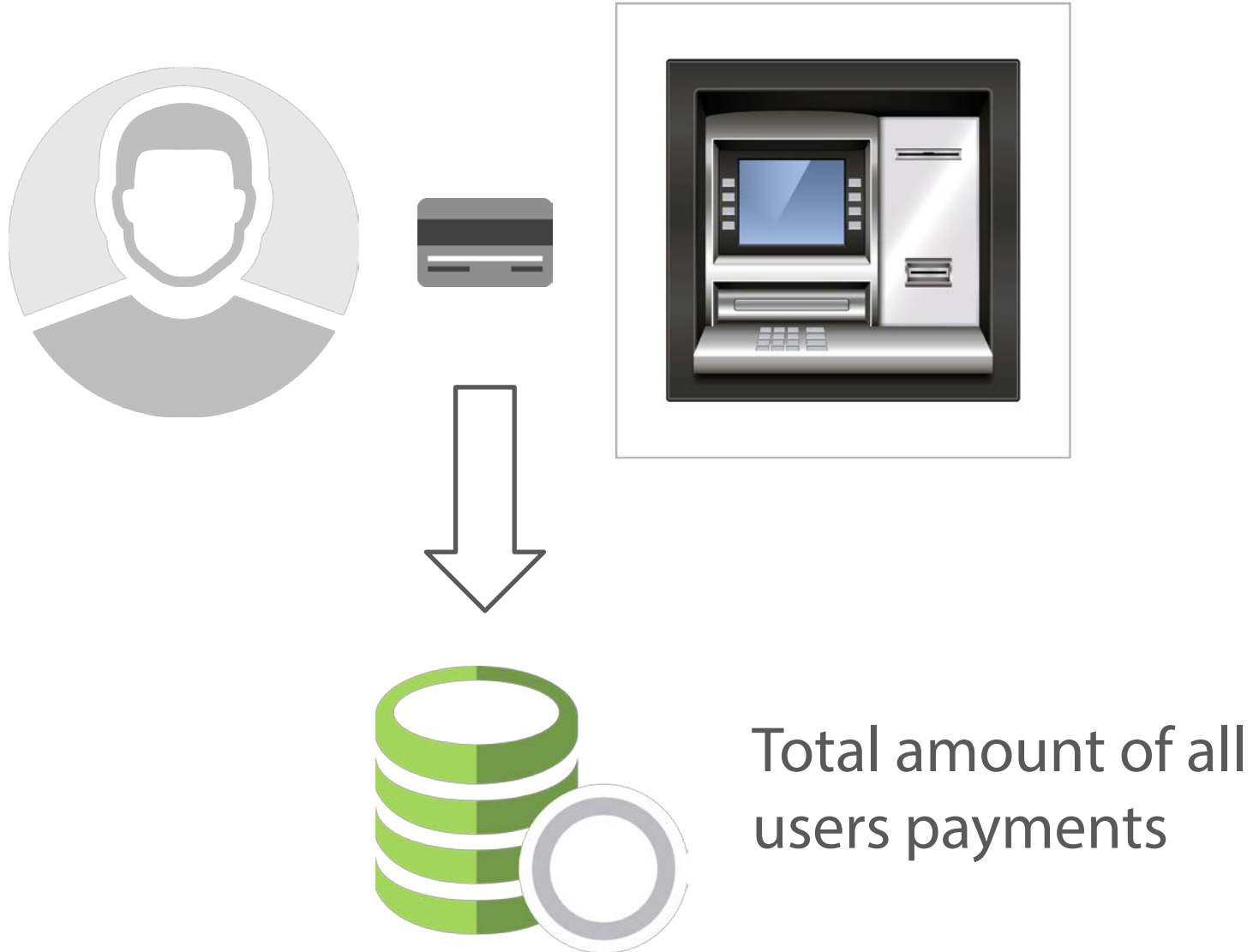
Subdomain
ATM

New Functionality

Subdomain
Device
Management

- ☐ Settling new devices
- ☐ Cash monitoring
- ☐ Tracking user payments
- ☐ Moving cash

New Requirements



New Requirements



Cash producer

\$\$

Cash consumer



Introducing a New Bounded Context

New sub-domain



New bounded context

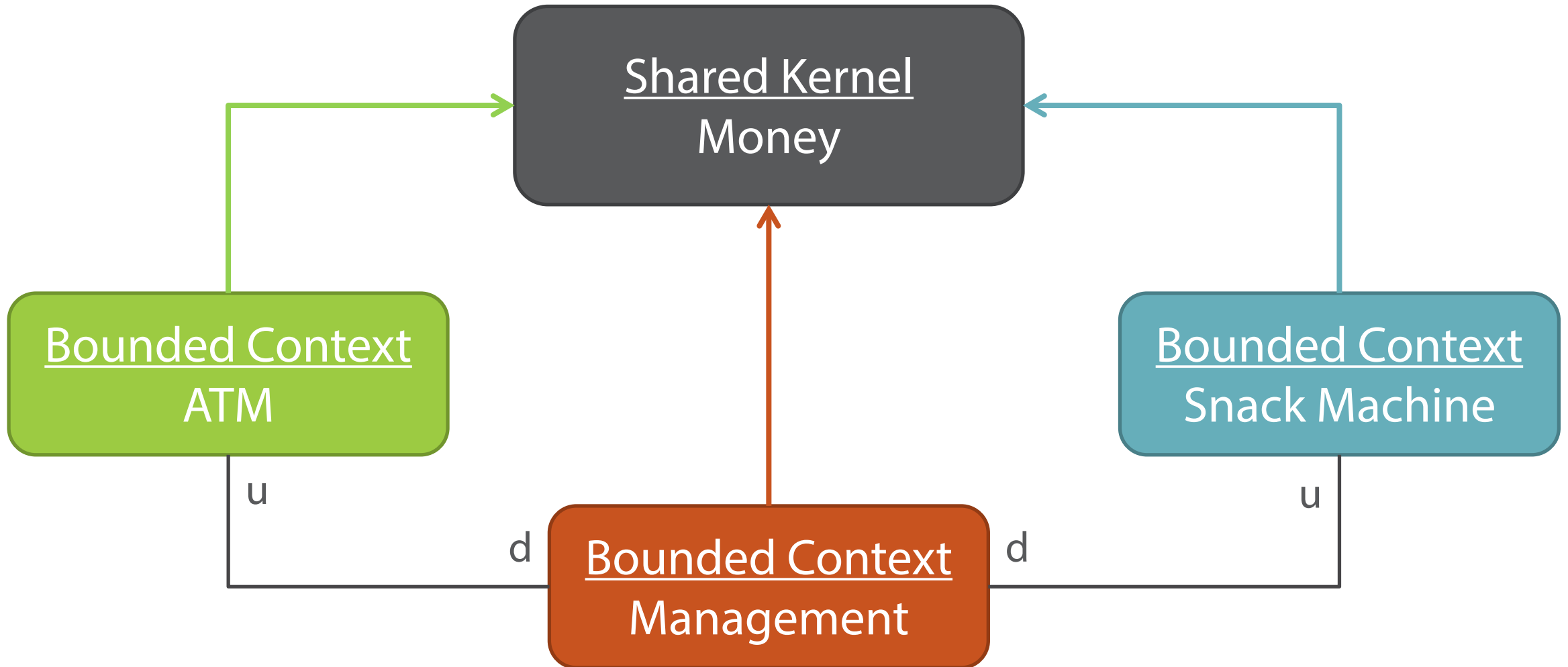


Where the payments go?

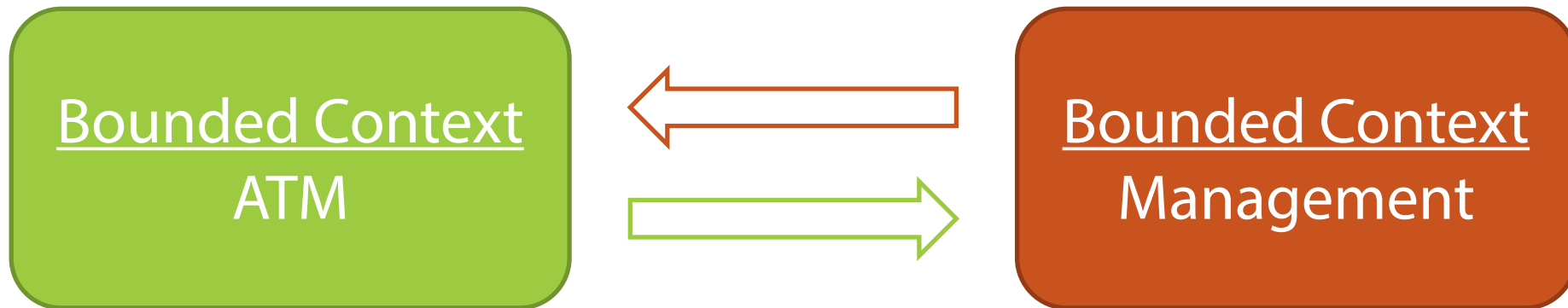


How cash flows from snack machines to ATMs?

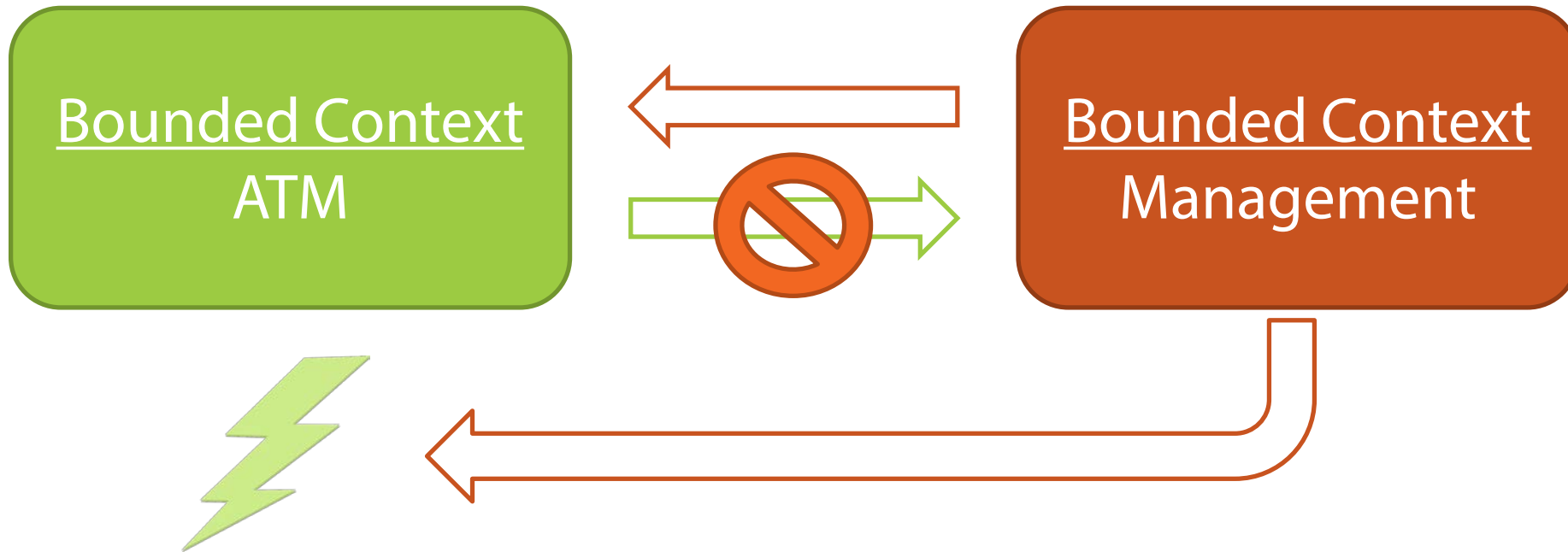
Introducing a New Bounded Context



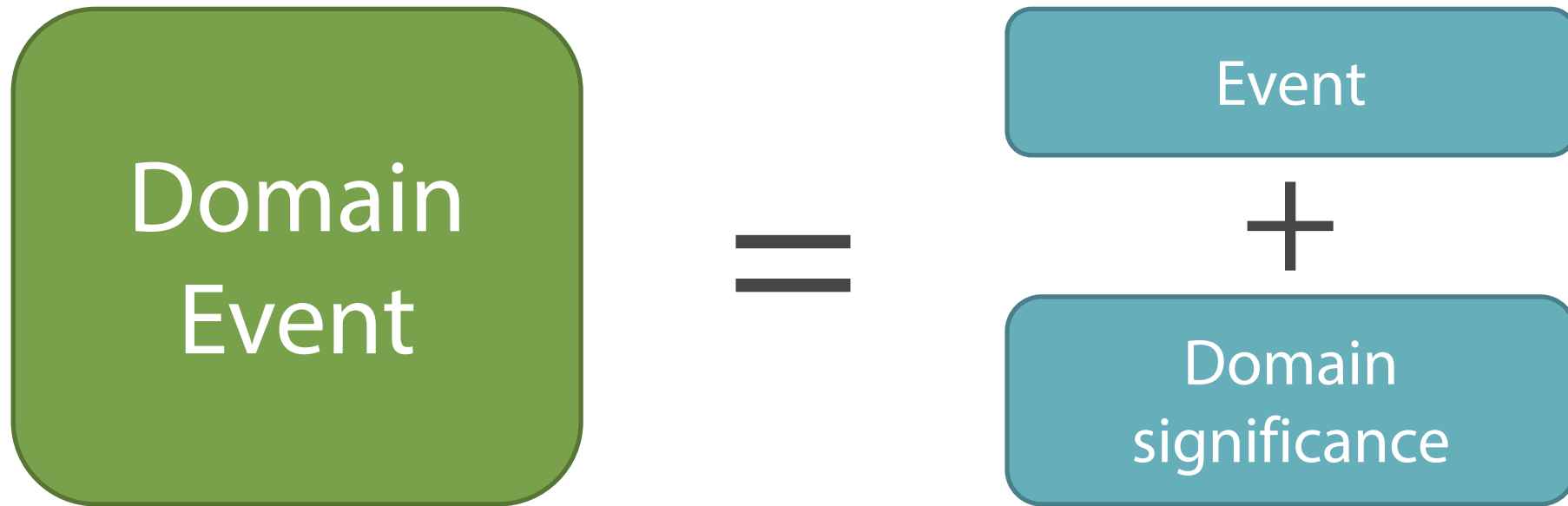
Implementation: The First Attempt



Implementation: The First Attempt



Domain Events



Domain Events

Domain Event

- ☐ Important for the domain

System Event

- ☐ Infrastructure

Button click

System event

Domain event

Domain Events



Decouple Bounded Contexts



Facilitate communication
between Bounded Contexts



Decouple entities within a
single Bounded Context

Introducing a Domain Event

Domain event definition:

```
public class BalanceChangedEvent {  
    public decimal Delta { get; private set; }  
  
    public BalanceChangedEvent(decimal delta) {  
        Delta = delta;  
    }  
}
```

Domain event generation:

```
public virtual void TakeMoney(decimal amount) {  
    if (CanTakeMoney(amount) != string.Empty)  
        throw new InvalidOperationException();  
  
    Money output = MoneyInside.Allocate(amount);  
    MoneyInside -= output;  
  
    decimal amountWithCommission = CalculateAmountWithCommission(amount);  
    MoneyCharged += amountWithCommission;  
  
    var ev = new BalanceChangedEvent(amountWithCommission);  
    // Raise the event  
}
```

Domain Events Guidelines

Naming

- Past tense
- BalanceChangedEvent

Data

- Include as little data as possible

Domain Events Guidelines

What data structures should be used to represent data in domain events?

```
public class Person : Entity
{
    public string FirstName { get; set; }
    public string LastName { get; set; }
    public string MiddleName { get; set; }
}
```

```
public class PersonChangedEvent
{
    public Person Person { get; set; }

    public PersonChangedEvent(Person person)
    {
        Person = person;
    }
}
```



Include more information than needed



Additional point of coupling

Domain Events Guidelines

Naming

- Past tense
- BalanceChangedEvent

Data

- Include as little data as possible

Domain classes

- Don't use domain classes to represent data in events
- Use primitive types instead

Domain Events Guidelines

Id of the entity or full information about it?

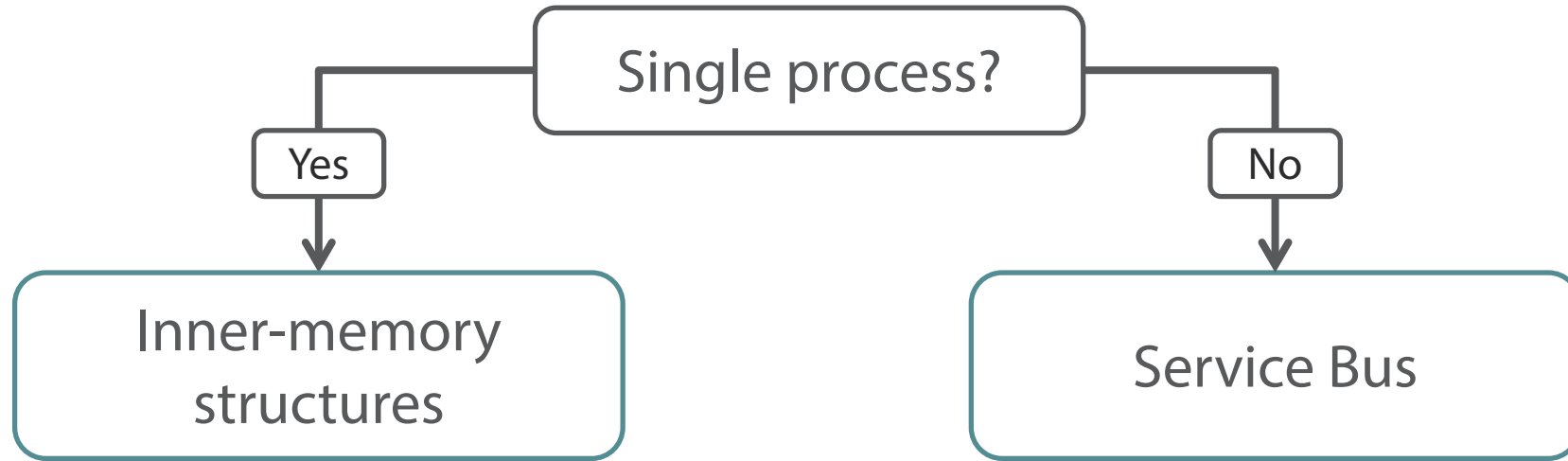
Ids

- When consuming BC knows about producing BC

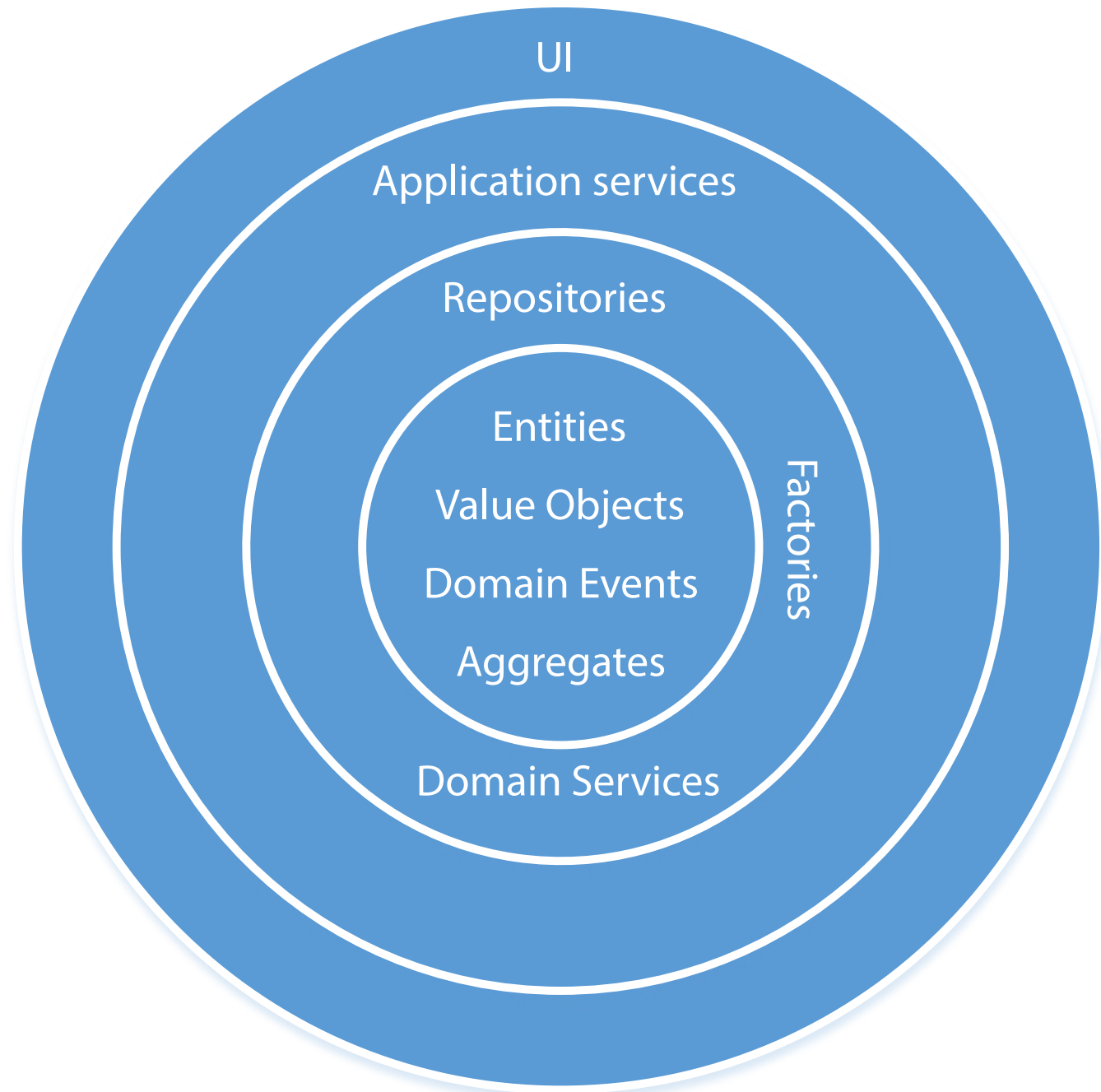
Full information

- When consuming BC doesn't know about producing BC

Physical Delivery

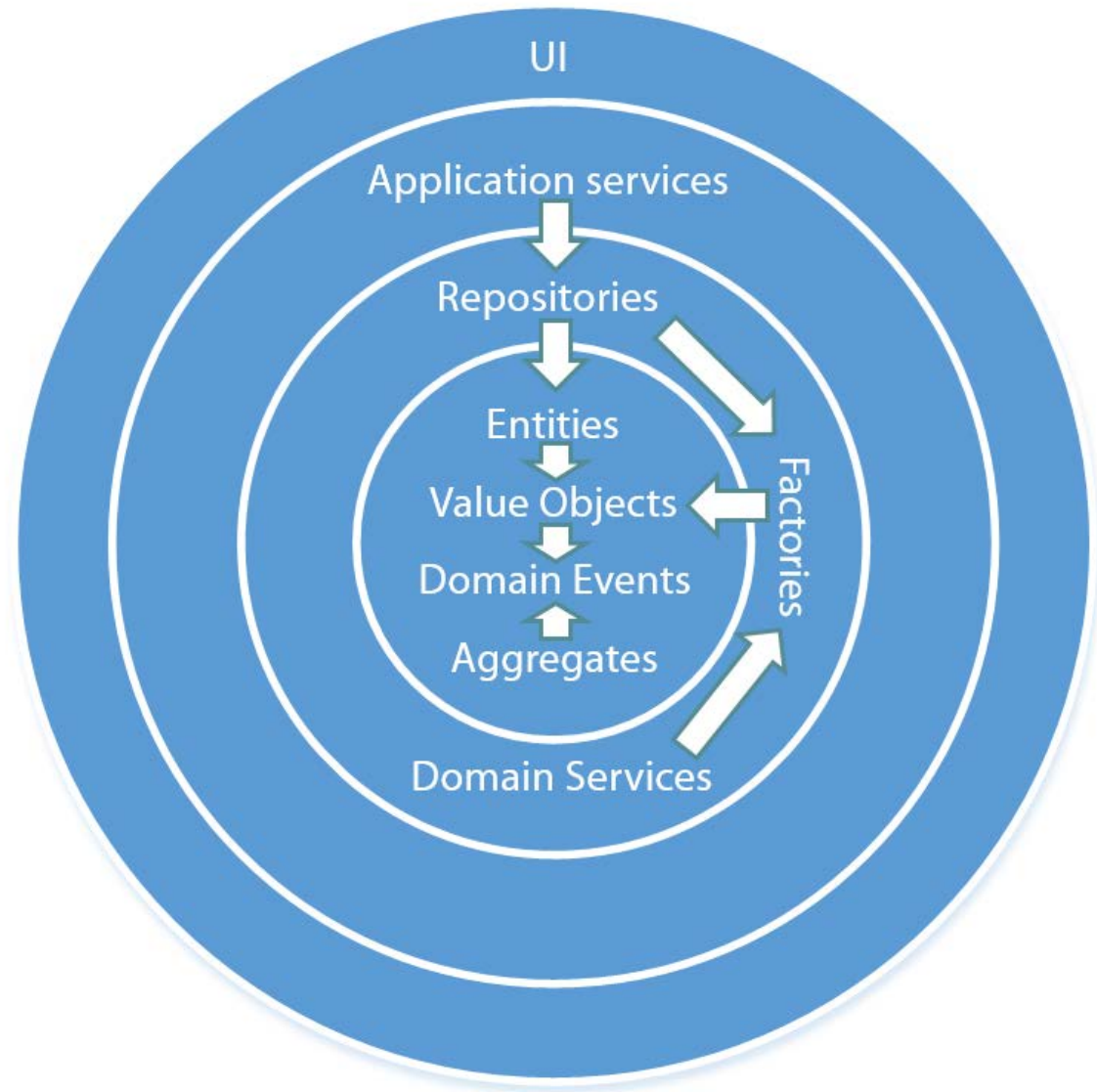


Physical delivery is orthogonal
to the notion of domain events



Recap: Classic Approach

Damages domain
model isolation



Recap: Classic Approach

```
[Fact]
public void Take_money_raises_an_event()
{
    Atm atm = new Atm();
    atm.LoadMoney(Dollar);
    BalanceChangedEvent balanceChangedEvent = null;
    DomainEvents.Register<BalanceChangedEvent>(ev => balanceChangedEvent = ev);

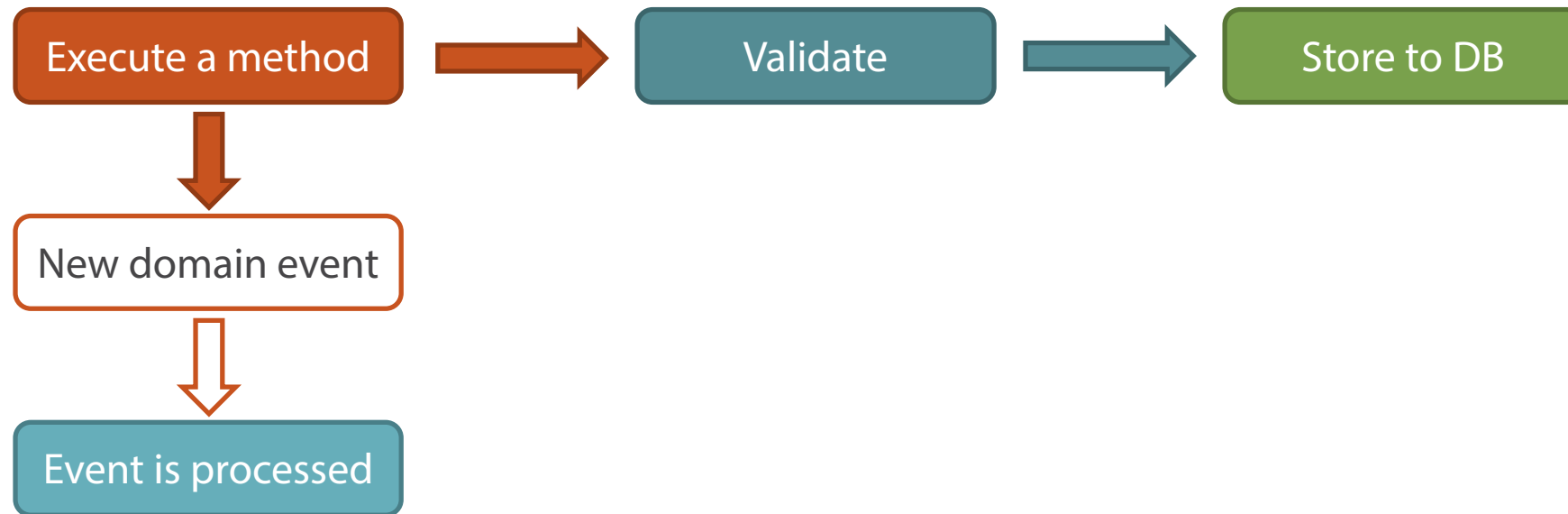
    atm.TakeMoney(1m);

    balanceChangedEvent.Should().NotBeNull();
    balanceChangedEvent.Delta.Should().Be(1.01m);
}

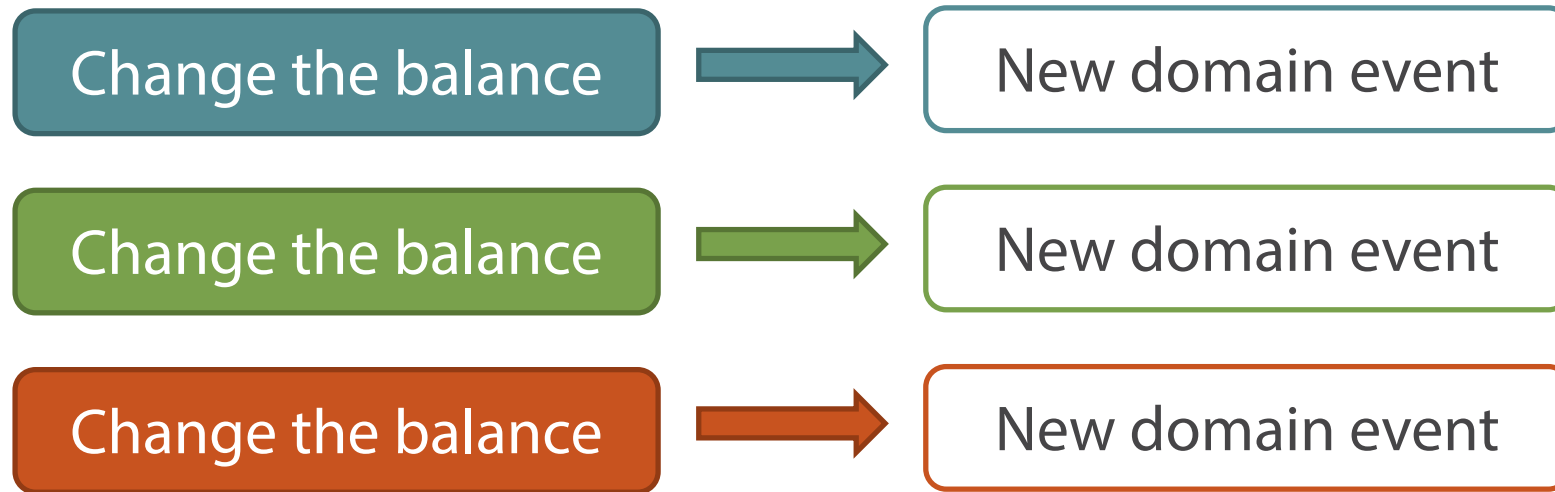
public static class DomainEvents
{
    private static Dictionary<Type, List<Delegate>> _dynamicHandlers;
    private static List<Type> _staticHandlers;
}
```

Recap: Classic Approach

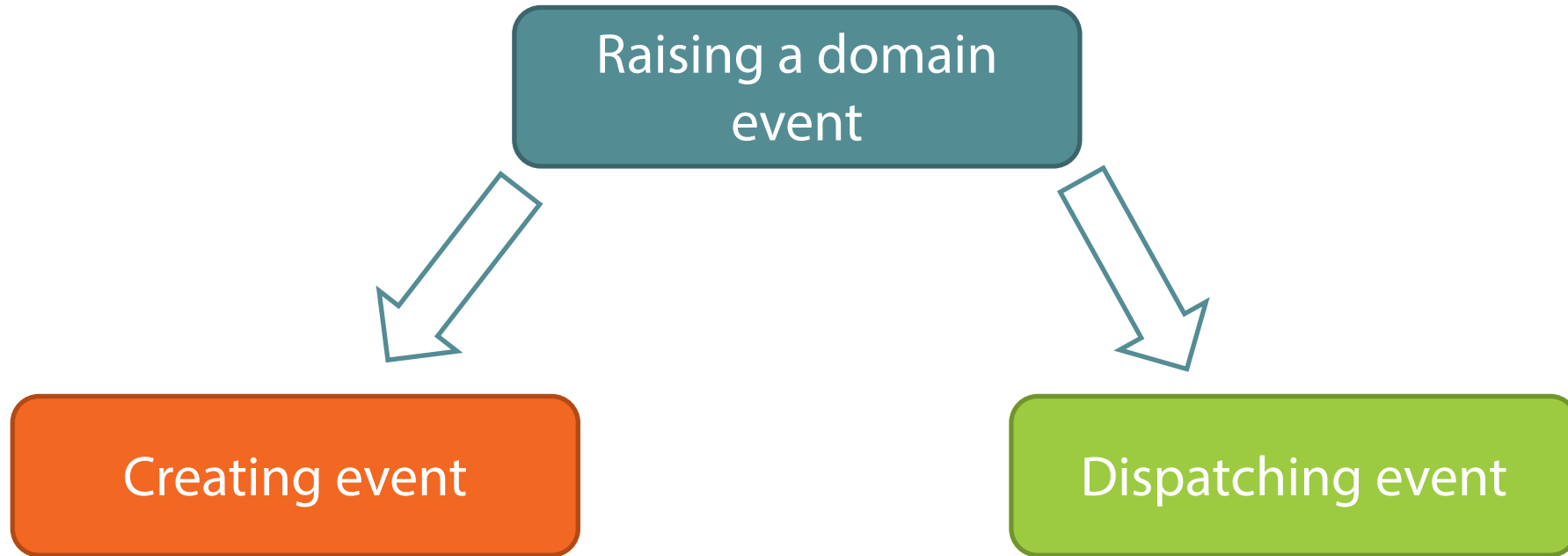
Doesn't fit into the notion of Unit of Work



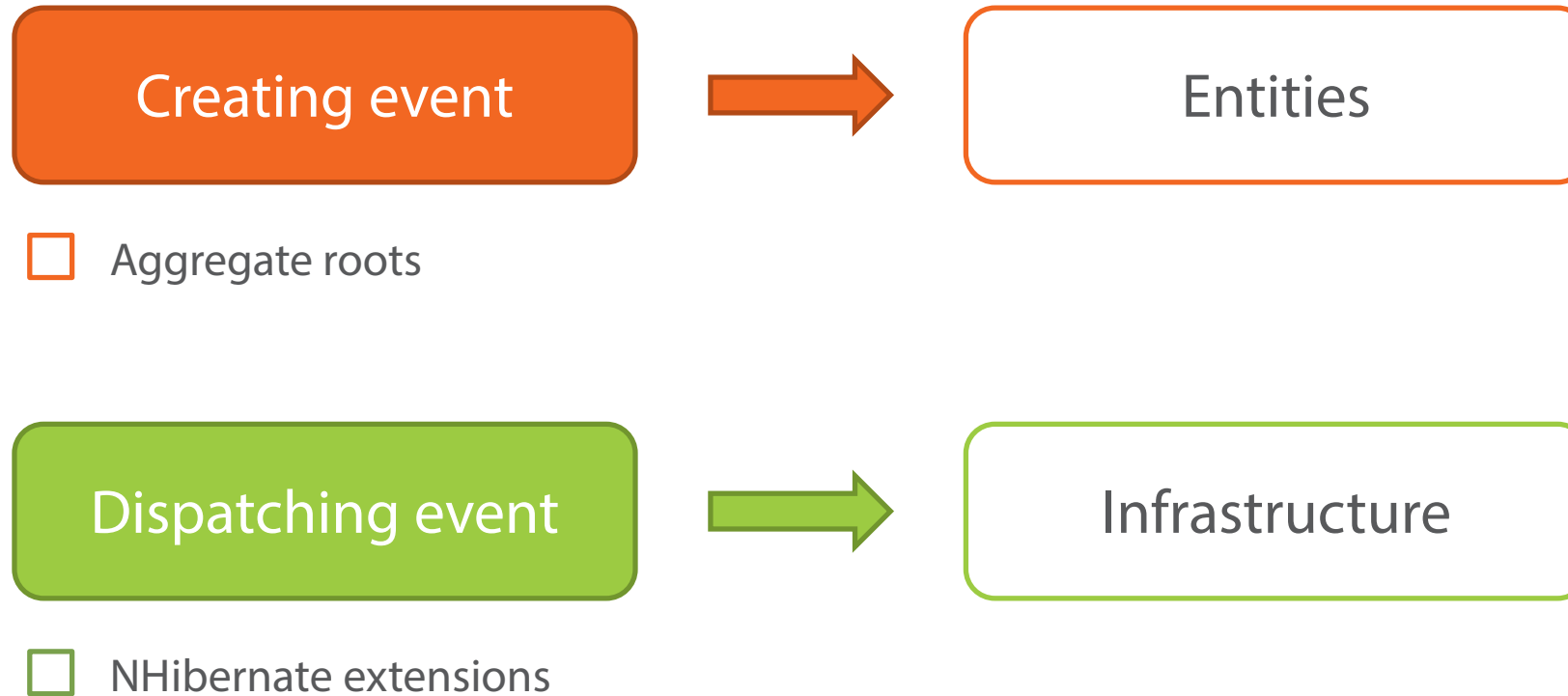
Recap: Classic Approach



A Better Approach to Handling Domain Events



Recap: a Better Approach



Summary



- Domain Events
- Best practices for defining a Domain Event
 - Naming in the past tense
 - Include as little data as possible
 - Don't include domain classes
 - Id vs full information
- Physical delivery of Domain Events is an orthogonal topic

Summary



- Two ways of handling domain events
 - Avoid use of the classic approach
- Working with lists of objects on the interface
 - Don't use domain entities to display data on the screen
- Source code: <http://bit.ly/1OxbGEA>

In the Next Module

Other DDD concepts

Further enhancements