

Answers to Exercises Basic CFA

```
library("lavaan")
```

Exercise 3.1

```
Health.cov <- lav_matrix_lower2full(c(
  0.77,
  0.38, 0.65,
  0.39, 0.39, 0.62,
  -0.25, -0.32, -0.27, 6.09,
  0.31, 0.29, 0.26, -0.36, 7.67,
  0.24, 0.25, 0.19, -0.18, 0.51, 1.69,
  -3.16, -3.56, -2.63, 6.09, -3.12, -4.58, 204.79,
  -0.92, -0.88, -0.72, 0.88, -1.49, -1.41, 16.53, 7.24
))
rownames(Health.cov) <- colnames(Health.cov) <-
  c("Dep1", "Dep2", "Dep3", "SocAct", "Falls", "ChronCond",
    "PhysAct", "PersMob")
```

a)

```
mod <- '
  F =~ Dep1 + Dep2 + Dep3 + SocAct
'
marker.fit <- cfa(mod, sample.cov = Health.cov, sample.nobs = 6053)
summary(marker.fit, standardized = TRUE)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6-5 ended normally after 27 iterations
##
##      Estimator                      ML
##      Optimization method          NLMINB
##      Number of free parameters      8
##
##      Number of observations          6053
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##      Test statistic                  9.620
##      Degrees of freedom              2
##      P-value (Chi-square)            0.008
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##      Information                    Expected
##      Information saturated (h1) model Structured
##      Standard errors                 Standard
##
```

```
## Latent Variables:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## F =~
##   Dep1          1.000          0.021  47.588  0.000    0.616    0.701
##   Dep2          1.005    0.021  47.588  0.000    0.619    0.768
##   Dep3          1.025    0.022  47.638  0.000    0.631    0.801
##   SocAct        -0.736    0.058 -12.793  0.000   -0.453   -0.184
##
## Variances:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
##   .Dep1          0.391    0.009  41.276  0.000    0.391    0.508
##   .Dep2          0.267    0.008  33.581  0.000    0.267    0.411
##   .Dep3          0.222    0.008  28.886  0.000    0.222    0.358
##   .SocAct        5.884    0.108  54.559  0.000    5.884    0.966
##   F              0.379    0.014  27.888  0.000    1.000    1.000

stdLV.fit <- cfa(mod, sample.cov = Health.cov, sample.nobs = 6053, std.lv=TRUE)
summary(stdLV.fit, standardized = TRUE)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6-5 ended normally after 19 iterations
##
## Estimator                      ML
## Optimization method           NLMINB
## Number of free parameters      8
##
## Number of observations         6053
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
## Test statistic                  9.620
## Degrees of freedom              2
## P-value (Chi-square)           0.008
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Information                    Expected
## Information saturated (h1) model Structured
## Standard errors                 Standard
##
## Latent Variables:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## F =~
##   Dep1          0.616    0.011  55.776  0.000    0.616    0.701
##   Dep2          0.619    0.010  61.392  0.000    0.619    0.768
##   Dep3          0.631    0.010  64.285  0.000    0.631    0.801
##   SocAct       -0.453    0.035 -12.967  0.000   -0.453   -0.184
##
## Variances:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
##   .Dep1          0.391    0.009  41.276  0.000    0.391    0.508
##   .Dep2          0.267    0.008  33.581  0.000    0.267    0.411
##   .Dep3          0.222    0.008  28.886  0.000    0.222    0.358
##   .SocAct        5.884    0.108  54.559  0.000    5.884    0.966
##   F              1.000          1.000    1.000    1.000
```

Both identification methods yield the exact same chi-square value and degrees of freedom.

- b) The authors decided to measure poor psychosocial health by means of three depression items and a measure of social activities. However, it seems that social activities is not strongly associated with the latent factor (and with the three depression items, according to the covariance matrix), so one may wonder whether these four items provide a valid model for measuring psychosocial health.