Polynomial regression

Mark Andrews Psychology Department, Nottingham Trent University

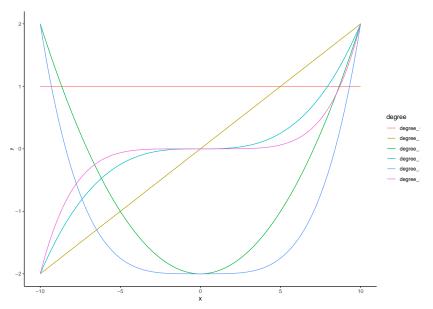
mark.andrews@ntu.ac.uk

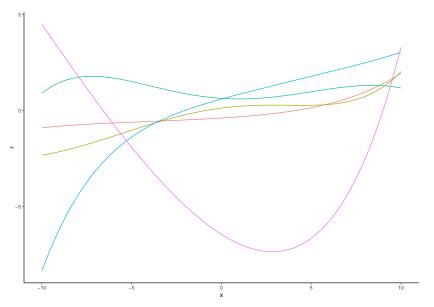
Normal polynomial regression

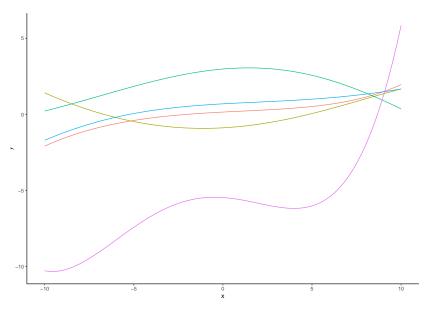
In normal polynomial regression, of degree K, with one predictor x, we have

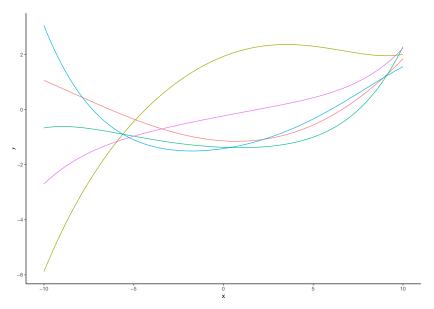
$$\begin{split} &y_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma^2), \quad \text{for } i \in 1 \dots n \\ &\mu_i = \beta_0 + \sum_{k=1}^K \beta_k x_i^k. \end{split}$$

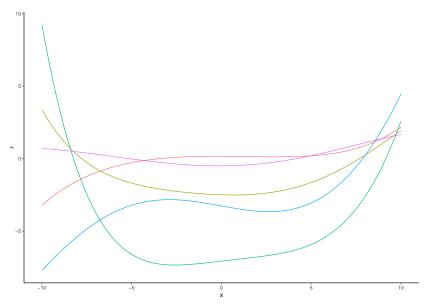
$Polynomials\ from\ degree\ 0\ to\ 5$





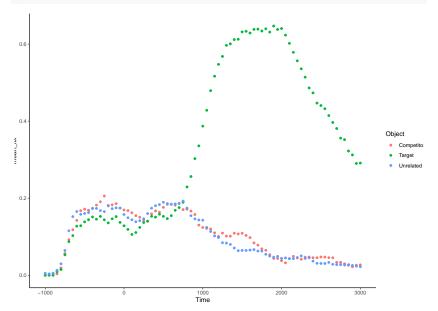






Eye tracking data

eyefix_df <- read_csv('funct_theme_pts.csv')</pre>



Polynomial regression in R

▶ Polynomial of a specified degree can be performed as follows:

$$y \sim x + I(x^2) + I(x^3)$$

but much easier as follows:

```
y ~ poly(x, degree=3, raw=T)
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