

people

170 cm

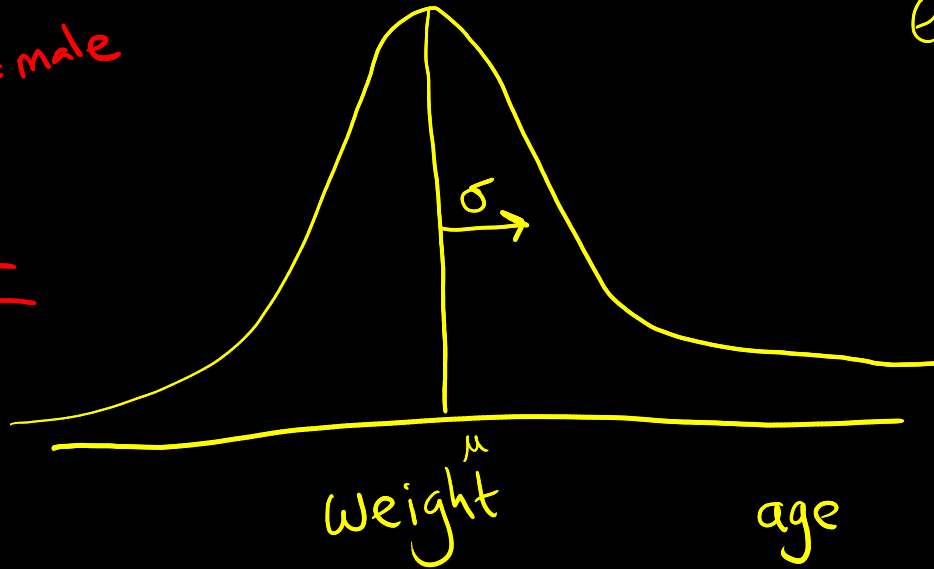
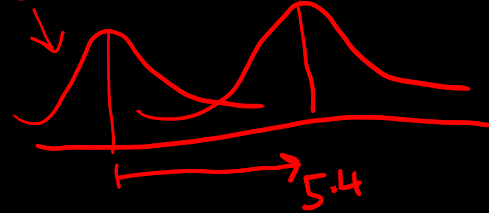
35 age

gender = female

170 cm

35 age

gender = male



if height increases by 1 cm
then μ increases
by ≈ 0.96

people .
170 cm 170 cm
35 age 35 age

people
170 cm 171 cm
36 age 35 age

$y_1, y_2, y_3, \dots, y_n$ each $y_i \in \{0, 1\}$

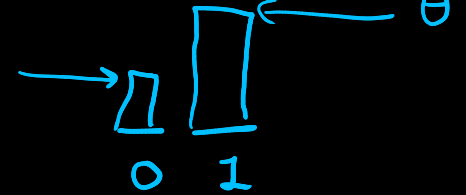
normal linear

for each i in $1, \dots, n$

$$y_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma^2)$$

$$\mu_i = \beta_0 + \sum_{k=1}^K \beta_k x_{ki}$$

Bernoulli:



$$p(x=1) = \theta$$

$$p(x=0) = 1 - \theta$$

$$\theta_i \in (0, 1)$$

$$\phi_i \in (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$y_i \sim \text{Bernoulli}(\theta_i)$$

$$\theta_i = \beta_0 + \sum_{k=1}^K \beta_k x_{ki}$$

link \rightarrow $\log\left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}\right)$ \rightarrow ϕ_i \leftarrow θ_i \leftarrow iflink

$$\phi_i = \beta_0 + \sum_{k=1}^K \beta_k x_{ki}$$

log odds $\rightarrow p$

logit (log odds)

$$\phi = \log\left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}\right)$$

inverse logit

$$\theta = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\phi}}$$

ilogit

$$\log(\text{odds})$$

↑

$$e^? = \text{odds}$$

e euler's number
 $e \approx 2.71 \dots$

$$2^{10} = 1024$$

$$\log_2(1024) = 10$$

$$10^6 = 1000000$$

$$\log_{10}(1000000) = 6$$