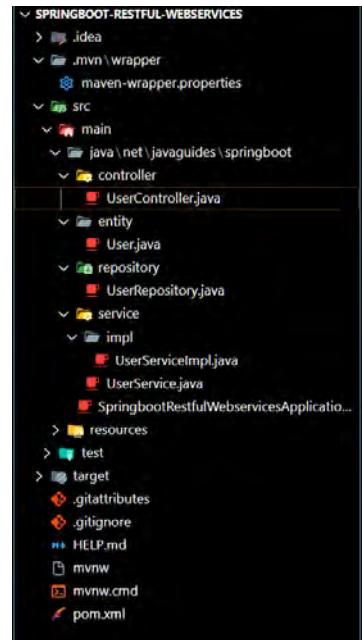


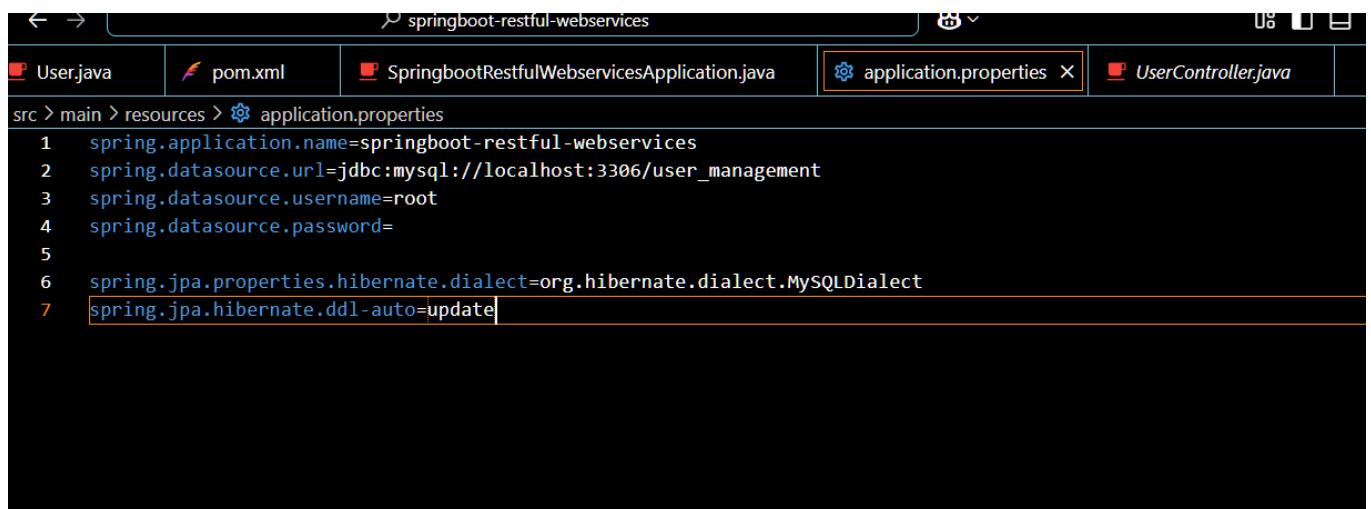
## 1. Create a Spring Boot Application and Import in IntelliJ IDEA or Eclipse or VS Code



## 2. Project Structure



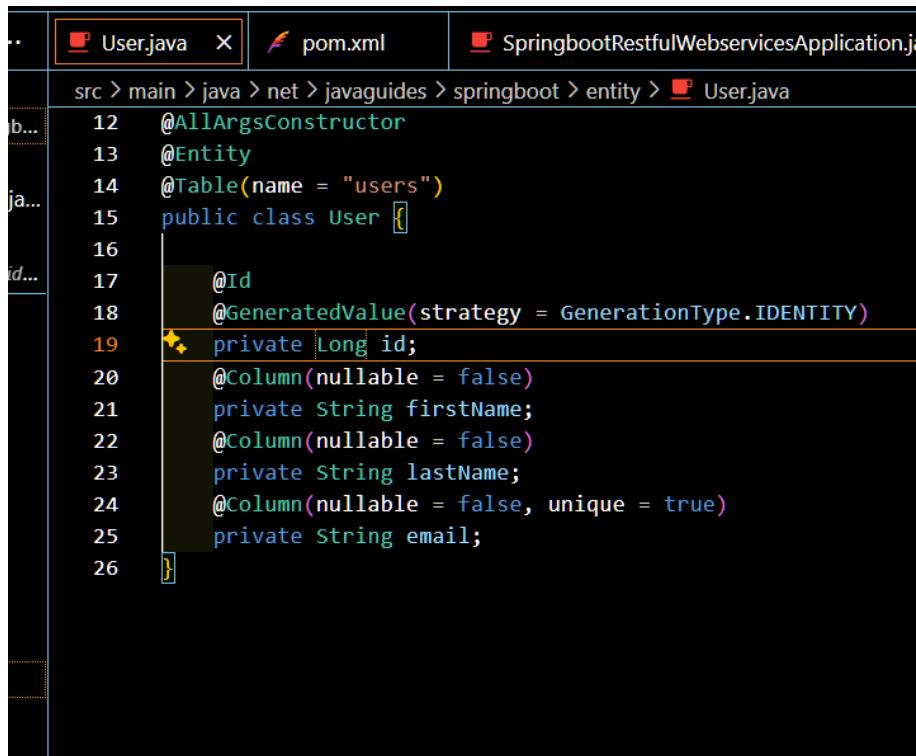
### 3. Configuring MySQL Database



The screenshot shows a code editor with the title bar "springboot-restful-webservices". The tabs at the top are "User.java", "pom.xml", "SpringbootRestfulWebservicesApplication.java", "application.properties", and "UserController.java". The "application.properties" tab is selected. The code in the editor is:

```
src > main > resources > application.properties
1 spring.application.name=springboot-restful-webservices
2 spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/user_management
3 spring.datasource.username=root
4 spring.datasource.password=
5
6 spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLDialect
7 spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
```

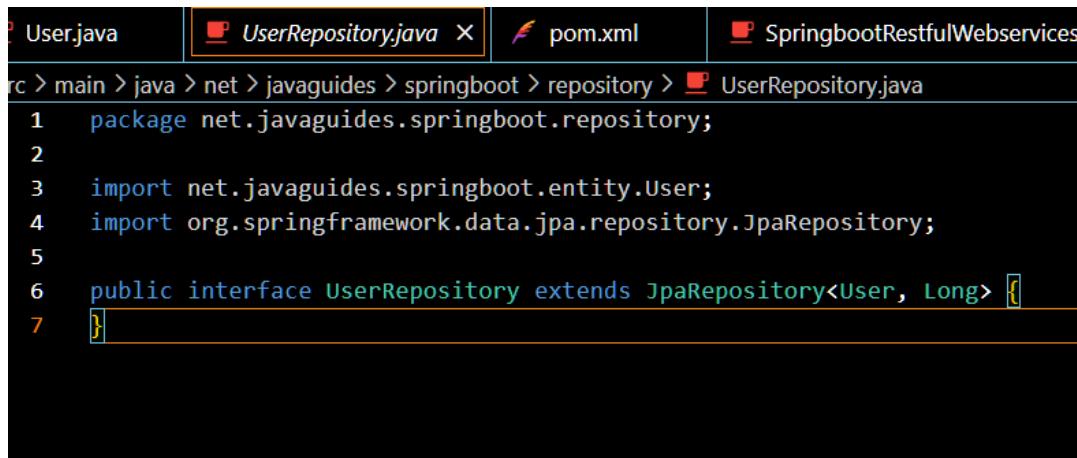
### 4. Create JPA Entity - User.java



The screenshot shows a code editor with the title bar "User.java X". The tabs at the top are "User.java", "pom.xml", and "SpringbootRestfulWebservicesApplication.java". The "User.java" tab is selected. The code in the editor is:

```
src > main > java > net > javaguides > springboot > entity > User.java
12 @AllArgsConstructor
13 @Entity
14 @Table(name = "users")
15 public class User {
16
17     @Id
18     @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
19     private Long id;
20     @Column(nullable = false)
21     private String firstName;
22     @Column(nullable = false)
23     private String lastName;
24     @Column(nullable = false, unique = true)
25     private String email;
26 }
```

## 5. Create Spring Data JPA Repository for User JPA Entity



A screenshot of a code editor showing a file structure. The tabs at the top are 'User.java', 'UserRepository.java' (which is highlighted with a red border), 'pom.xml', and 'SpringbootRestfulWebservices'. Below the tabs, the file path is shown as 'src > main > java > net > javaguides > springboot > repository > UserRepository.java'. The code itself is a Java interface for a UserRepository:

```
1 package net.javaguides.springboot.repository;
2
3 import net.javaguides.springboot.entity.User;
4 import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;
5
6 public interface UserRepository extends JpaRepository<User, Long> {
7 }
```

## 6. Service Layer Implementation



A screenshot of a code editor showing a file structure. The tabs at the top are 'User.java', 'UserRepository.java' (highlighted with a red border), 'pom.xml', and 'SpringbootRestfulWebservices'. Below the tabs, the file path is shown as 'src > main > java > net > javaguides > springboot > service > UserServiceImpl.java'. The code is a Java implementation of the UserService:

```
12 import java.util.Objects;
13 import java.util.Optional;
14
15 @Service
16 @AllArgsConstructor
17 public class UserServiceImpl implements UserService {
18
19     private UserRepository userRepository;
20
21     @Override
22     public User createUser(User user) {
23         return userRepository.save(user);
24     }
25
26     @Override
27     public User getUserById(Long userId) {
28         Optional<User> optionalUser = userRepository.findById(userId);
29         return optionalUser.get();
30     }
31
32     @Override
33     public List<User> getAllUsers() {
34         return userRepository.findAll();
35     }
36
37     @Override
38     public User updateUser(User user) {
39         User existingUser = userRepository.findById(user.getId()).get();
40         existingUser.setFirstName(user.getFirstName());
41         existingUser.setLastName(user.getLastName());
42         existingUser.setEmail(user.getEmail());
43         User updatedUser = userRepository.save(existingUser);
44         return updatedUser;
45     }
}
```

## **7. Creating UserController - Building CRUD Rest APIs7.**

### **Creating UserController - Building CRUD Rest APIs**

```
2 import lombok.AllArgsConstructor;
3 import net.javaguides.springboot.entity.User;
4 import net.javaguides.springboot.service.UserService;
5 import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
6 import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
7 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
8
9
10 import java.util.List;
11
12 @RestController
13 @AllArgsConstructor
14 @RequestMapping("api/users")
15 public class UserController {
16
17     private UserService userService;
18
19     // build create User REST API
20     @PostMapping
21     public ResponseEntity<User> createUser(@RequestBody User user){
22         User savedUser = userService.createUser(user);
23         return new ResponseEntity<>(savedUser, HttpStatus.CREATED);
24     }
25
26     // build get user by id REST API
27     // http://localhost:8080/api/users/1
28     @GetMapping("{id}")
29     public ResponseEntity<User> getUserById(@PathVariable("id") Long userId){
30         User user = userService.getUserById(userId);
31         return new ResponseEntity<>(user, HttpStatus.OK);
32     }
33
34     // Build Get All Users REST API
35     // http://localhost:8080/api/users
36     @GetMapping
37     public ResponseEntity<List<User>> getAllUsers(){
38         List<User> users = userService.getAllUsers();
```

**Now Test Spring Boot CRUD REST APIs using Postman Client**

## 1-Create User REST API

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. On the left, the sidebar displays 'Mark Siazon's Workspace' with 'My Collection' expanded, showing 'Get data' and 'Post data' items. The main workspace shows a POST request to 'http://localhost:8080/api/users'. The 'Body' tab is selected, containing the following JSON payload:

```
1  {
2    "firstName": "mark",
3    "lastName": "siazon",
4    "email": "marksiazon@gmail.com"
5 }
```

Below the request, the response status is '201 Created' with a timestamp of '91 ms' and a size of '247 B'. The response body is displayed as:

```
1  {
2    "id": 1,
3    "firstName": "mark",
4    "lastName": "siazon",
5    "email": "marksiazon@gmail.com"
6 }
```

## 2-Get Single User REST API

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. On the left, the sidebar displays 'Mark Siazon's Workspace' with 'My Collection' expanded, showing 'Get data' and 'Post data' items. The main workspace shows a GET request to 'http://localhost:8080/api/users/1'. The 'Body' tab is selected, containing the following JSON payload:

```
1  {
2    "firstName": "mark",
3    "lastName": "siazon",
4    "email": "marksiazon@gmail.com"
5 }
```

Below the request, the response status is '200 OK' with a timestamp of '19 ms' and a size of '242 B'. The response body is displayed as:

```
1  {
2    "id": 1,
3    "firstName": "mark",
4    "lastName": "siazon",
5    "email": "marksiazon@gmail.com"
6 }
```

## 3-Update User REST API

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. On the left, the sidebar displays 'Mark Siazon's Workspace' with sections for Collections, Environments, Flows, and History. Under 'My Collection', there are 'Get data' and 'Post data' items. The main workspace shows a 'PUT Post data' request. The URL is set to `http://localhost:8080/api/users/1`. The 'Body' tab is selected, showing the following JSON payload:

```
1 {
2   "firstName": "Mark Angelo",
3   "lastName": "Siazon",
4   "email": "mark.asiazon@gmail.com"
5 }
```

Below the body, the response status is 200 OK with a response time of 23 ms and a size of 251 B. The response body is shown as:

```
1 {
2   "id": 1,
3   "firstName": "Mark Angelo",
4   "lastName": "Siazon",
5   "email": "mark.asiazon@gmail.com"
6 }
```

## 4-Get All Users REST API

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. The sidebar is identical to the previous screenshot, displaying 'Mark Siazon's Workspace' with 'Get data' and 'Post data' items under 'My Collection'. The main workspace shows a 'GET Post data' request. The URL is set to `http://localhost:8080/api/users`. The 'Body' tab is selected, showing the following JSON response:

```
1 [
2   {
3     "id": 1,
4     "firstName": "Mark Angelo",
5     "lastName": "Siazon",
6     "email": "mark.asiazon@gmail.com"
7   },
8   {
9     "id": 2,
10    "firstName": "Markus",
11    "lastName": "Szn",
12    "email": "mirk.szn@gmail.com"
13  }
14 ]
```

## 5 - Delete User REST API

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. In the top navigation bar, 'Mark Siazon's Workspace' is selected. On the left sidebar, under 'My Collection', there is a 'DELETE' endpoint labeled 'Post data'. The main workspace displays a successful response from the URL `http://localhost:8080/api/users/1`. The response body contains the message 'User successfully deleted!'. The status bar at the bottom indicates a 200 OK response with a 24 ms latency.