本地启动服务,提前验证flyway执行新增sql脚本,是否会报错的方法

1. 更新bootstrap.yml, 开启flyway

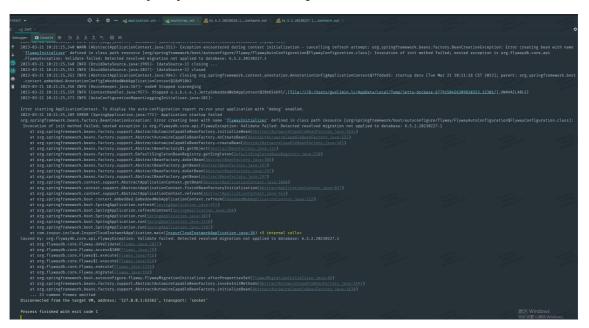
```
application.yml × // bootstrap.yml × // sou V6.5.2.20230228.1_inetwork.sql × // sou V6.5.2.20
         root: info
        org:
           hibernate:
      path: logs
      file: ${spring.application.name}.log
      enabled: true
      checkLocation: false
      locations: classpath:db/migration
      table: inetwork_schema
      validateOnMigrate: true
      cleanOnValidationError: false
      baselineOnMigrate: true
    spring:
      datasource:
         driver-class-name: com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
```

2. 更新 application.yml , 更新用户名密码为 root , incloudmanager123456a?

```
path: logs
file: ${spring.application.name}.log
spring:
application:
name: inetwork-service
datasource:
unl: jdbc:mysql://${incloud.inetwork.db.url}?characterEncoding=utf8&useSSL=false

username: root
password: incloudmanager123456a?
type: com.alibaba.druid.pool.DruidDataSource
tomcat:
initialSize: 20
minIdle: 20
maxIdle: 5000
druid:
max-active: 5000
druid:
max-active: 500
initial-size: 50
min-idle: 50
filters: start,slf4j
web-stat-filter:
enabled: true
url-pattern: /*
exclusions: "*.js,*.gif,*.jpg,*.png,*.css,/druid/*"
stat-view-servlet:
enabled: true
```

3. 本地启动服务, flyway会执行新增的sql脚本



- 4. 经测试:正常sql, sql脚本本身有问题, sql文件名有问题,都能覆盖到
- ! 注意: 验证完还原bootstrap.yml和application.yml