# SciML - Syllabus

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# Course Outline for Scientific Machin e Learning

- 1. Introduction to scientific machine learning:
  - (a) What is scientific machine learning?
  - (b) Why use scientific machine learning?
  - (c) Examples of scientific machine learning.
  - (d) The role of mathematics in scientific machine learning.
  - (e) The role of computer science in scientific machine learning.
- 2. Brief recall of the mathematical foundations of scientific machine learning:
  - (a) Linear algebra.
  - (b) Calculus.
  - (c) Differential equations.
  - (d) Optimization.
  - (e) Probability theory.

- 3. Machine learning techniques for scientific applications (see Basic Course for details):
  - (a) Supervised learning:
    - i. Regression.
    - ii. Classification.
  - (b) Unsupervised learning:
    - i. Clustering.
    - ii. Trees.
  - (c) Surrogate models and dimensionality reduction.
  - (d) The use of machine learning in scientific applications.
  - (e) The challenges of applying machine learning to scientific applications.
- 4. Probabilistic programming for scientific machine learning:
  - (a) Bayesian inference.
  - (b) Markov chain Monte Carlo.
  - (c) Variational inference.
  - (d) The use of probabilistic programming in scientific applications.
  - (e) The challenges of applying probabilistic programming to scientific applications.

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### 5. Automatic differentiation for scientific machine learning:

- (a) Differentiable programming with autograd and Py-Torch.
- (b) Gradients, adjoints, backpropagation and inverse problems.
- (c) Neural networks for scientific machine learning.
- (d) Physics-informed neural networks.
- (e) The use of automatic differentiation in scientific machine learning.
- (f) The challenges of applying automatic differentiation to scientific applications.

#### 6. Applications of scientific machine learning:

- (a) Fluid dynamics.
- (b) Materials science.
- (c) Biology.
- (d) Medicine.
- (e) The challenges of applying scientific machine learning to different scientific domains.

#### 7. Case studies in scientific machine learning:

- (a) Solving partial differential equations with neural networks.
- (b) Predicting protein structures with deep learning.
- (c) Diagnosing diseases with machine learning.
- (d) Epidemiology with machine learning.
- (e) The use of case studies to illustrate the power of scientific machine learning.
- (f) The challenges of applying scientific machine learning to real-world problems.
- 8. Ethics and responsible use of scientific machine learning:
  - (a) Bias in machine learning models.
  - (b) Fairness in machine learning.
  - (c) Transparency in machine learning.
  - (d) The ethical challenges of using scientific machine learning.
  - (e) The responsible use of scientific machine learning.

## 9. Project work:

- (a) Students will work on a project that applies scientific machine learning to a real-world problem.
- (b) The project will be supervised by the instructor.

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(c) The project will be presented to the class at the end of the course.

# 10. Presentation of project work:

- (a) Students will present their project work to the class.
- (b) The presentations will be an opportunity for students to share their work with the class and get feedback from the instructor and other students.

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#### References

- 1. M. Asch. *Digital Twins: from Model-Based to Data-Driven.* SIAM, 2022.
- 2. J. Nocedal, S. Wright. *Numerical Optimization*. Springer, 2006.
- 3. G. Strang. Linear Algebra and Learning from Data. Wellesley-Cambridge Press, 2019.